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THE DEXTER CLOCK, 1763.



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THE DEDHAM HISTORICAL REGISTER.

VOL. V.

JANUARY, 1894.

No. 1.

THE DEXTER CLOCK, 1763.

THE sun-dial, the hour-glass, and the noon-mark, now rarely seen, were familiar objects to our ancestors, and they were useful in measuring time. Clocks occasionally formed a part of the household furniture, as references to them are now and then found in inventories, but not until recent times was their use more general. They were formerly considered luxuries and were found, as a rule, in the homes of well-to-do families. They were seldom, if at all, used in churches until the present century, but the First Parish in Dedham was an exception.

As early as 1764 a clock was hung in the First Parish meeting-house, and for more than fifty years it continued to measure the minutes and hours for the minister and faithful worshipers. It appears by the Parish records, at a meeting held on Friday, July 6, 1764:—

That Samuel Dexter Esq have Liberty to employ a Workman to cut away any Part of the Breast Work of the Front Gallery in the Meeting House, in order to put up a Clock which he has purchased, & proposes to present to the Parish, which it may be necessary to cut away for that Purpose.

It was not until Friday, September 28, that further mention of the clock was made, when it was:—

Voted, unanimously, That the Thanks of the Parish be given to Samuel Dexter Esq. for a Clock, and Case for the Same which he lately made a Present of to the Parish, and is now placed in the Meeting House, for the use of said Parish; and that said Vote of Thanks be recorded.

Mr. Dexter's name first appears in the Parish records early in 1763, and he seems to have taken a leading part in the rebuilding and completion of the meeting-house in that year, now serving as moderator and at other times on important committees. He was the eldest son of Rev. Samuel Dexter, who was minister of the Church from 1724 to 1755, and was born at Dedham, on March 26, 1726. He left his home early in life and became a merchant in Boston; and after some years, either late in 1762 or early in 1763, he removed to Dedham. An interesting sketch of Mr. Dexter, read by Rev. Carlton A. Staples before the Historical Society, on February 3, 1892, may be found in the REGISTER (III, 45) for April, of that year. The following notice, taken from "The Boston-Gazette and Country Journal" for October 25, 1762, refers to his removal from Boston:—

SAMUEL DEXTER

Intending very shortly to remove out of Town, desires those to whom he is indebted to call for their Money. Those Persons in Town or Country, who have for several Years neglected to pay him, tho' often requested, must not take it amiss if their accounts are left in the hands of an Attorney, to be put in Suit at next Court.

This clock remained in use until about 1820, when the building was repaired and many changes effected; and it is not known by whom it was made or where it was bought. The face is octagonal in shape, about three feet across, and bears on the outer edge in the lower portion, the following Latin inscription:—

AB HOC MOMENTO PENDET ÆTERNITAS, 1763.

The case is made of pine, the lower part in imitation of Chinese or Japanese lacquer work, a style, it is said, popular in England during the early part of the 17th century. During many years previous to 1882 the clock was not in running order and had finally found a resting place under the belfry of the Church. In 1890, after a temporary absence of eight years, it was secured by some members of the Historical Society, who were interested in its preservation, and placed in

the Library, just back of the President's chair, for safe keeping. After it was taken away, in 1882, the missing parts in the works were supplied, and it has continued to tell time ever since. In March, 1820, at the time of some changes in the meeting-house, it was displaced by another clock referred to in the following record of a meeting of the inhabitants of the First Parish:—

The Committee appointed to repair the meeting-house in the first Parish in Dedham report in part that they received a request from the Hon. Edward Dowse and Mrs. [] Shaw that said Committee would purchase and put up a Clock at their expence, on the outside of the meeting house belonging to the first Parish in Dedham as a present from them to said Church and Parish. Your Committee thought it was their duty to comply with said request and accept the above donation and have accordingly purchased a Clock and placed it upon the meeting house at an expence to the Donors of Five Hundred Dollars.

Your Committee also Received information by Mr. Samuel Doggett that his sons Mr. John Doggett and Capt. Samuel Doggett [Jun.] of Roxbury had proposed to make a present of a Clock for the inside of the meeting house which was accepted and they have accordingly placed the Clock upon said house and your Committee received from them a letter . . [dated at Roxbury, March 20, 1820.]

Committees were chosen to wait upon these persons to thank them and to inform them that the first and second choice of pews, when they were to be let or sold, would be given respectively to the givers of the two clocks. Both time keepers are in use to-day and in good running order. The "Town Clock," so called, given by Mr. Dowse and and Mrs. Shaw, was made by Simon Willard, and bears the following inscription on the upper part of the frame work:—

SIMON—WILLARD—ROXBURY—MASS.

Another similar Town clock was placed as early as 1809 in the First Parish Church at Groton, an account of which will be found in Dr. Samuel A. Green's Groton Historical Series (Vol. I., No. XVI., p. 23).

THE SCHOOLS AND TEACHERS OF DEDHAM.

BY CARLOS SLAFTER.

(Continued from Vol. IV., page 156.)

IN 1804-5 the First Middle School had as its master, James Flint, who had graduated at Harvard in 1802. Having studied theology with Dr. Bates of Dedham, he was minister in East Bridgewater 14 years; then settled in Salem, Mass. He published many sermons; received the degree of S. T. D. in 1825; and died March 4, 1855 at the age of 75.

Sally Baker was the mistress of West Dedham in the summer of 1805. She was the youngest daughter of Eliphalet and Elizabeth (Fisher) Baker, born January 23, 1776, and died unmarried in 1850.

John W. Adams was master in Clapboardtrees (now the Fisher School) 1804-5, and 1805-6. This record is supposed to be his: "Nov. 6, 1810, John W. Adams of Medfield to Hannah Dean of Dover" (St. Paul's Ch. Records, Dedham.)

Nabby or Abigail Baker taught in Clapboardtrees six consecutive summers and one winter, 1809-10, beginning in 1804. She may have been the daughter of Daniel and Mary Baker, born Sept. 3, 1775.

Polly Newell of Stockbridge was mistress of the East School of the Third Parish in the summer of 1804, and of the Central School of the same parish in 1806. She was married to Capt. Abner Ellis April 21, 1807.

Beginning in 1806-7 Clapboardtrees, a name hereafter limited to the East District of the Third Parish, profited by the instruction of Richard Ellis, Esq., seven consecutive winters, and then again in 1820-1. This marriage record exists; "Jan. 7, 1813. Mr. Richard Ellis & Miss Abigail Ellis Dean, both of Dedham" (Ch. Rec. of First Parish.) Mr. Ellis was for many years the Town Clerk of Dedham, and two of his grandchildren now hold prominent positions as teachers in Boston Schools.

Gardner Daggett, Brown Univ. 1802, was master of the First Middle School in 1806-7. He subsequently practiced law in Providence, R. I., and was prominent in the military service of the State.

David Bates, H. C. 1807, and A. M., was Mr. Daggett's contemporary in the Second Middle District. He was the son of Zealous and Abigail Bates of Cohasset, Mass., and the brother of the Rev. Dr. Joshua Bates of Dedham.

Celia Baker, in the summer of 1807, taught in West Dedham. She was the daughter of Joseph and Monica, born Feb. 20, 1787, and married Ellis Colburn; they were published Dec. 1, 1810.

Benjamin James, who graduated at Brown University in 1805, taught in Dedham soon afterwards, probably in 1807. He became a chemist and physician in Boston; and one of his pupils informed me that his eyesight was seriously injured, if not destroyed, in a chemical experiment.

It would be interesting to see a complete account of what was done in the winter schools of this period. They often contained a few highly gifted pupils who were far in advance of their schoolmates, and were allowed to enter upon higher branches of study. A class in surveying was sometimes formed, and in many of the New England towns land was measured and boundaries were established, by men who learned to use the compass and the chain, and to calculate areas from the teachers of the winter schools. Pike's Arithmetic furnished to those who were fond of mathematics a long course of study, almost equivalent to that pursued in the Colleges. I have by me a copy of "Blair's Lectures on Rhetoric" which was used as a school-book in Dedham as early as the year 1810. Whenever a master was found to be gifted, or well equipped with learning, the more ambitious young men and women took advantage of their opportunities and formed a class in some new kind of mental culture. In this way the influence and usefulness of the instructor was increased, his power was made to produce its noblest fruits, and the community realized more fully that "the Schoolmaster was abroad."

William Leonard Marcy graduated at Brown University in 1808, and while a member of college spent one winter in Dedham as teacher of the first Middle School. His honorable political career as Governor of New York, United States Senator, Secretary of War, and of State, is so well known as to make it unnecessary to dwell upon it here. He was born in Southbridge, Mass., Dec. 12, 1786. He was an officer in the war of 1812, and is said to have captured the first prisoners and the first flag taken from the British on land in that war. He died at Ballston Spa., N. Y., July 4, 1857. The highest mountain in the State of New York bears his name and will justly perpetuate his memory.

John Howe of Roxbury was a teacher in some part of Dedham, about the year 1806. His name was given to me by one who attended his School, I think, in the first middle district. He punished small boys by piling them under his desk, where they learned to keep still for a while, so long at least as they were used as the master's footstool. Mothers finally objected to this use of their children.

Nahum Harrington, of Brown University 1807, was in charge of the First Middle School two winters, 1807-8 and 1808-9. He studied law and settled in Westborough, Mass., which he represented in the Legislature in 1832. He married Mary Fairbanks of Dedham, Jan. 4, 1816. His son was for many years Superintendent of Schools in the City of New Bedford.

Willard Ellis taught the Mill School eight weeks in 1807-8. Money was drawn from the town treasury for twenty scholars. Wages \$14 per month; board \$1.86 per week. He was the son of William and Olive, born June 12, 1785, and was married to Mary Morse of Dedham, July 1, 1810, by Rev. Thomas Thacher.

The following summer the Mill School was managed still more economically. Miss Lucretia Whiting taught nine weeks for nine dollars; and Hezekiah Whiting boarded her for one dollar per week; but in November of the same year, Rev. Joshua Bates joined Lucretia Whiting in marriage to Mr. Lemuel Babcock, Jr., of Milton. She was the daughter of Abner and Loacada Whiting, born Jan. 10, 1787.

S. 16 feet on highway; W. 14 feet on Doggett's land; N. 16 feet on Doggett's land. Witnessed by John Whiting, Joseph Lewis.

April 26, 1763, James Halsey, John Hill, and James Caldwell, a committee of the proprietors of New Boston, for £53-6-8 sell to John Lewis of Dedham, husbandman, two lots numbered 49 and 40 in the new addition in New Boston, each containing 100 acres. Lot numbered 49 is bounded W. on number 39 and 36; S. on 40 and 41; E. on 50 and 51. The lot numbered 40 is bounded S. on lot 45; W. on farm and lot 39; N. on lots 39 and 49; E. on 41. Witnessed by John Carson, Robert Jenkins.

Portion accounts of John Lewis to his children. April 20, 1759, goods delivered to daughter Margaret. Oct. 30, 1766, to son David Lewis "100 acres of land in New Boston." Oct. 30, 1766, to son Joseph Lewis, "building him a shop." Oct. 17, 1767, to son Isaac, "100 acres of land in New Boston." Nov. 8, 1771, goods to daughter Bethsheba. March 30, 1774, to son Asa Lewis, "100 acres of land in Francetown." Jan. 25, 1753, goods to daughter Mary. May 27, 1776, goods to daughter Sarah. Dec. 24, 1776, to son John.

June, 1804, Division of real estate of John Lewis, of Dedham, left by his will to be equally divided between his two sons, Abner and Paul Lewis. The half part set off to Paul Lewis is the east end or old part of the house; also the east end of the barn, or 30 feet scaffold half of the mow or bay on the north side of the line going from the floor to the west end; also an equal right in the barn floor, the other buildings remaining undivided; also the pasture on the north side of the road, called the old pasture, including the east cow-yard and garden adjoining; also one undivided half of the yard on the north side of the house as the fence now stands, called the lining yard; also one half the well; also one half of the front lot lying at the north-westerly end in front of the house, dividing line beginning at the east side at the little carrot apple-tree, so called, running to to the west side to a cherry-tree, on all other parts fenced; also the west end of the middle field, so called, with the woodland,

wife Mary Paul, who also signs; Feb. 25, 1787, by Asa Lewis, of Francestown, N. H., yeoman; Sept. 8, 1787, by Joseph Lewis, of Dedham; Feb. 9, 1788, by Isaac Lewis, of Francestown, N. H.; June 3, 1788, by David Lewis, of Francestown, N. H.; Feb. 4, 1791, by Hannah Dickerman, of Francestown, N. H.; May 28, 1792, by John Lewis, of Roxbury.

Aug. 20, 1724, Nathaniel Whiting, of Dedham, miller, in consideration of 2 acres 55 rods of land exchanged by deed bearing even date under hand of John Lewis, of Dorchester, husbandman, sells to said John Lewis 2 acres, 15 rods of land in Dorchester, bounded by land of said Nathaniel Whiting south, and by the brook on all other parts. Witnessed by Timothy Whiting, Ezra Fisher. Acknowledged Jan. 9, 1726.

March 19, 1726-7. Agreement between John Lewis, of Dorchester, husbandman, on one part, and Timothy Whiting, fuller, Nathaniel Whiting, miller, Joseph Whiting, husbandman, and Zachariah Whiting, husbandman, all of Dedham, on the other part. J. L. gives liberty for a passage $1\frac{1}{2}$ rods wide through his land, beginning at grist mill of Timothy Whiting, and so on southerly side of J. L.'s dwelling house and barn in Dorchester; on condition that T. W., N. W., J. W., and Z. W. make and maintain 50 rods of fence on the north side of this passage. The Whitings to have liberty to go 114 rods through land of J. L. until they come to land of Samuel Whiting.

July 1755, John Lewis, Jr., of Roxbury, husbandman, Margaret Lewis, of Dedham, singlewoman, William Paul of Dedham, husbandman, and Mary, his wife, appoint their father John Lewis, of Dedham, yeoman, their attorney in the settlement of the estate of their late grandfather John Hunting, of Dedham, yeoman, deceased intestate. Witnessed by Samuel Paul, Samuel Paul, Jr.

April 1, 1759, Samuel Doggett, of Dedham, housewright, for 2 shillings, 8 pence, yearly, leases for ten years to John Lewis, of Dedham, yeoman, a parcel of land in Dedham near Doggett's dwelling-house, containing 16 feet in front and 14 in depth, bounded: — E. 14 feet on land of Samuel Colburn, deceased;

S. 16 feet on highway; W. 14 feet on Doggett's land; N. 16 feet on Doggett's land. Witnessed by John Whiting, Joseph Lewis.

April 26, 1763, James Halsey, John Hill, and James Caldwell, a committee of the proprietors of New Boston, for £53-6-8 sell to John Lewis of Dedham, husbandman, two lots numbered 49 and 40 in the new addition in New Boston, each containing 100 acres. Lot numbered 49 is bounded W. on number 39 and 36; S. on 40 and 41; E. on 50 and 51. The lot numbered 40 is bounded S. on lot 45; W. on farm and lot 39; N. on lots 39 and 49; E. on 41. Witnessed by John Carson, Robert Jenkins.

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dividing line beginning on the north side at a stake one foot east of the old crab-apple tree, thence near south to a black oak spotted on the side, from that to the great pine, from that straight to the river on the north and west, stone wall and river on all other parts except a piece of meadow within said bounds, which is the lower part of the great meadow, dividing line beginning on the north side at an oak tree spotted, from that south straight to an elm tree in Deacon Joseph Whiting's meadow; also all the wood and woodland on the south side of the river belonging to said estate; also a lot of pines in the new pasture, so called; also half a pew in the meeting-house; also a leading way through the west cow-yard to the barn. Signed by Abner Lewis. Witnessed by Joseph Ellis, Abner Atherton.—Lewis Papers. Children:—

JOHN⁵, b. November 25, 1728.

MARGARET⁵, b. April 5, 1731; m. May 3, 1759, William Gay, son of Hezekiah and Elizabeth Gay of Dedham; d. Feb. 13, 1773. He b. Oct. 29, 1726; d. Aug. 20, 1795.

MARY⁵, b. March 24, 1732-3; m. Jan. 25, 1753, William Paul of Dedham; d. Nov. 18, 1791. He d. Dec. 10, 1791, aged 63.

THOMAS⁵, b. Dec. 4, 1734.

DAVID⁵, b. Aug. 31, 1736. Dedham, Feb. 21, 1758, Capt. Eliphalet Pond certifies "that in y^e Spring of y^e year 1756 Mr. John Lewis, at his own charge, hired a soldier to go into his Majesties service in y^e Crownpoint Expedition in the room of his son David, a Soldier which then belonged to my Company." Dismissed to Second Church in Francestown, N. H., Feb. 28, 1773.

17. JOSEPH⁵, b. Aug. 19, 1738; m. Molly Baker.

ABIGAIL⁵, bapt. Aug. 24, 1740; unmarried 1784.

BEULAH⁵, b. July 14, 1743.

ISAAC⁵, b. November 10, 1745.

SARAH⁵, b. November 7, 1747.

ASA⁵, b. August 24, 1750.

BATHSHEBA⁵, b. Sept. 17, 1752; m. Oct. 30, 1771, Samuel Dickerman of Milton.

ABNER⁵, b. January 27, 1756.

PAUL⁵, b. February 19, 1760; m. Eunice Worsley.

9. EBENEZER⁴, son of John (4), b. May 29, 1705, in Dorchester. Mar. Aug. 23, 1732, Hannah Colburn, dau. of Ephraim and Elizabeth (Whiting) Colburn, of Dedham. She was b. March 9, 1710-11. Births of children, recorded in Dedham, as follows:—

HANNAH⁵, b. Jan. 24, 1732-3; m. Jan. 6, 1756, Henry Glover of Dedham.

MELETIAH⁵, b. March 9, 1734-5.

TABITHA⁵, b. September 1, 1737.

ANN⁵, b. February 4, 1739-40.

EBENEZER⁵, b. May 3, 1742.

19. ANDREW⁵, b. Dec. 22, 1744; m. Sarah Lewis.

BARNABAS⁵, b. Sept. 26, 1748; d. Jan. 22, 1752.

KEZIAH⁵, b. May 21, 1753; d. Nov. 13, 1758.

NATHAN⁵, b. April 7, 1756.

10. JONATHAN⁴, son of John (4), b. Dec. 6, 1708, in Dorchester; d. Oct. 22, 1786. Mar. 1st, April 19, 1733, Hannah Hunting, dau. of John and Mary (Fisher) Hunting, of Dedham. She was b. Sept. 7, 1709; d. June 22, 1746. He mar. 2dly, Oct. 12, 1749, Abigail Everett. She d. Nov. 20, 1777.

Nov. 7, 1755, Jonathan Lewis, husbandman, gives bond, with Jonathan Metcalf, gent., and Daniel Fisher, husbandman, all of Dedham, as sureties, as guardian of his daughters, Hannah aged 13 years, and Kattern, aged about 8 years, and of his son Moses, aged about 11 years. Children by his first wife:—

JONATHAN⁵, b. March 16, 1733-4; d. Oct. 12, 1799.

KATHRON⁵, b. April 28, 1737; d. Sept. 24, 1741.

ANN⁵, b. Feb. 28, 1738-9; d. June 8, 1739.

HANNAH⁵, b. Nov. 27, 1741; d. Oct. 24, 1829; m. Dec. 17, 1762, Eliphalet Thorp of Dedham. He d. Aug. 9, 1812.

MOSES⁵, b. September 27, 1743.

CATTERN⁵, bapt. February 16, 1745-6.

By second wife:—

AARON⁵, b. July 3, 1750; m. Sept. 24, 1772, in Sharon, Sarah White of Stoughtonham.

JERUSHA⁵, b. October 25, 1752.

THOMAS⁵, b. March 1, 1755.

TIMOTHY⁵ b. March 21, 1757.

EVE⁵, b. March 15, 1759; m. June 24, 1779, Abner Bacon of Dedham; dismissed from South Church to Church of Royalston, Aug. 20, 1786.

ANN⁵, b. May 30, 1762.

11. BARACHIAH⁴, son of John (4), b. Oct. 28, 1710, in Dorchester; d. April 18, 1785, in West Roxbury. Mar. 1st, Dec. 4, 1734, Hannah Adams, dau. of George and Judith Adams, of Cambridge Farms. She was b. Feb. 9, 1714-15. Both admitted to the church in Dedham, Jan. 17, 1741-2. Births of children recorded in Roxbury. He mar. 2dly, Susanna [], who was the mother of his last child.

Will of Barachiah Lewis, of Roxbury, yeoman, dated Nov. 30, 1776; proved May 24, 1785. To wife Susanna, all the household furniture she brought at our marriage; also £3 in full of her right of dower. To eldest son Jonas, £1. To each of his five daughters, Mary, Hannah, Abigail, Submit, and Rachel, £8. To three sons, Samuel, Joshua, and Timothy, remainder of estate, real and personal, they paying the debts and legacies. Three sons Samuel, Joshua, and Timothy, to be executors. Witnessed by Henry Smith, John Henshaw, Elizabeth Smith.

May 23, 1785, Susannah Lewis, Needham, agrees to provisions of will of her late husband Barachiah Lewis.

Inventory taken May 16, 1785, by Major Ebenezer Whiting, Major George Gould, Capt. John Baker, all of Roxbury. Amount, £144-5-0. Mentions:— House, barn, homestead lot, £60; lot of pasture, woodland, meadow, £48; lot of meadow, £10.—Suffolk Wills, file 18442. Children:—

MARY⁵, b. Nov. 18, 1735; d. July 11, 1777.

JONAS⁵, b. July 12, 1737; d. young.

HANNAH⁵, b. Sept. 5, 1738; m. Nov. 30, 1769, Joshua Kingsbury; d. 1830, aged 92.

ABIGAIL⁵, b. Aug. 20, 1740; d. young.

JONAS⁵, b. Nov. 16, 1741; m. March 12, 1769, Olive Gay.

BARACHIAH⁵, b. March 28, 1743.

ABIGAIL⁵, b. April 3, 1744 ; d. Oct. 3, 1829.

REBECCA⁵, b. June 6, 1746.

SAMUEL⁵, bapt. Oct. 4, 1747 ; d. young.

SAMUEL⁵, b. March, 1749 ; d. March 9, 1832.

JOSHUA⁵, b. Oct., 1750 ; m. Sept. 26, 1776, Mary Lyon.

TIMOTHY⁵, b. Dec. 12, 1754 ; m. Aug. 7, 1785, Abigail

Whitney, widow. She d. May 24, 1808.

SUBMIT⁵, b. May 20, 1756.

RACHEL⁵, b. September 15, 1757.

12. WILLIAM⁵, son of William (5), b. Aug. 14, 1724 ; d. Nov., 1756, at Albany, where he was serving in the army as sergeant in Capt. Bacon's company. Mar. Sept. 6, 1744, Mehitable Hixson, of Stoughton.

Sept. 30, 1757, Mehitable Lewis, widow, of Stoughton, gives bonds with Jeremiah Day, of Walpole, wheelwright, and John Hixson, of Stoughton, yeoman, sureties, as administratrix of the estate of her late husband William Lewis, Jr., of Dedham, yeoman. Inventory taken Oct. 12, 1757, by Ebenezer Holmes, Ezra Morse, and William Bacon. Amount £282-2-7. Mentions:—13 acres woodland, £60-13-4 ; houselot containing 30 acres, £160 ; 2½ acres swamp, £4.

Widow's thirds set off Sept. 19, 1764, and allowed Sept. 4, 1767. She received lot of 8 acres, 1 quarter, 4 rods, bounded(?) thus:—beginning at the bars by the house, by the road to the corner N. ; by the road to the brook S. W. ; by a fence 21½ rods to a stake E. ; by a fence 15½ rods to a stake S. ; by southwest corner of house and bound first mentioned E. Another piece of 1 acre, 1 quarter, 8 rods, bounded:—9½ rods on road E. ; 22 rods on John Ellis S. ; 9½ rods on land of said deceased W. ; 22 rods on same N. Also woodland, 3 acres, 3 quarters, bounded 14 rods on Fairbanks W. ; 44 rods on Bacon N. ; 14 rods on same E. ; 42 rods on land of deceased S. Also front or southerly part of dwelling house.

Settlement April 28, 1769. William Lewis, eldest son of the deceased William Lewis, Jr., to have the remaining two thirds of the deceased's real estate, he paying £28-4-4½ to each of his

sisters, viz:— Bethiah, Mehitable, Sarah, and Mary Lewis.
Suffolk Wills, file 11613. Children:—

MARY⁶, b. March 20, 1744-5; d. May 1, 1745.

WILLIAM⁶, b. March 10, 1745-6.

BETHIAH⁶, b. Jan. 24, 1747-8; ? m. Nov. 13, 1777, Daniel
Clarke of Dedham.

MEHITABLE⁶, b. Feb. 20, 1749-50; ? m. Oct. 25, 1780,
Enoch Ellis of Walpole.

SARAH⁶, b. Oct. 28, 1752; mar. inten. Feb. 15, 1771, with
Andrew Lewis.

MARY⁶, b. Nov. 19, 1754.

SUBMIT⁶, bapt. Nov. 28, 1756; d. Aug. 26, 1757, aged
about 9 months.

13. BENJAMIN⁵, son of William (5), b. March 19, 1740-1;
d. Nov. 1, 1789. Mar. Jan. 22, 1765, Hannah Gould of
Stoughton. She d. Oct. 14, 1814, aged 68.

Will of Benjamin Lewis, of Dedham, dated Sept. 16, 1789;
proved Dec. 1, 1789. To wife Hannah, all real and personal
estate for her use so long as she remains my widow, if she
marries again to have but one third during her life. After the
above mentioned determination of estate then all the real estate
to go to my five sons, Jesse, Richard, David, Jabez, and Abner
Lewis, to be equally divided between them, Wife Hannah to be
executrix. Witnessed by John Ellis, John Ruggles, Lemuel
Ellis. Children:—

JESSE⁶, b. August 14, 1765.

RICHARD⁶, b. March 12, 1767.

DAVID⁶, b. Oct. 20, 1769; d. Oct. 16, 1794, in West Indies.

LEONARD⁶, b. Nov. 2, 1771; d. Sept. 28, 1776.

WILLIAM⁶, bapt. March 27, 1774.

JABEZ⁶ b. June 5, 1776.

ABNER⁶ b. July 1, 1778.

BENJAMIN⁶, bapt. Nov. 26, 1780; d. Oct. 17, 1782, aged 2
years.

14. NATHANIEL⁵, son of Nathaniel (6), bapt. July 4, 1736;
d. Nov. 30, 1790, in his 59th year. Mar. Jan. 29, 1754, Experi-
ence Hartshorn, dau. of Ebenezer and Rebecca (Hunting)

Hartshorn, of Dedham. She was b. Dec. 15, 1735 ; d. Jan. 4, 1830.

Feb. 1, 1791, Nathaniel Lewis and Jabez Lewis, yeomen, admitted administrators of estate of Nathaniel Lewis, late of Dedham, yeoman, with Ichabod Ellis and George Ellis, yeomen, all of Dedham, as sureties.

Inventory taken April 4, 1791, by Nathaniel Dean, James Kingsbury, George Ellis. Amount, £553-9-3. Mentions:—40 acres homestead with buildings, £200 ; 15½ acres on east side of road, £65-17-6 ; 7½ acres gate pasture, £27 ; 4 acres pine swamp, £16 ; 16¾ acres white woodlot, £60-6-0 ; 12 acres lower place, £72-18-0 ; 3½ acres old meadow ; 2¾ acres Hunting meadow, £19-5-0.

Widow's thirds set off Jan. 12, 1792, by Jesse Gay, Ichabod Ellis, Asa Fisher. One third of the dwelling-house, barn, and cider mill. Also land south of dwelling-house, bounded :—beginning at south door of dwelling-house, thence southerly to a pear tree, thence southerly to a post at the easterly end of a pair of bars, easterly on a fence to the wall, northerly on a way as far as the pear tree northerly of the house, westerly to the back door of the house. Also a piece of land called the Wight lot, lying on easterly side of the way. Also a piece of land called the upper field, with a small orchard adjoining at the north. Also a pasture at the southerly part of said farm. Also a piece of meadow called the Hunting meadow. Also 1 acre of meadow at the lower place, bounded 8 rods on the upland, and 20 rods on the meadow of Eliphalet Baker, Jr. Also one half of a pew in the meeting house.

Feb. 14, 1792, Nathaniel Lewis, eldest son of Nathaniel Lewis, late of Dedham, and Jabez Lewis, another son, with Benjamin Fairbanks and Eliphalet Fisher, as sureties, give bond. Whereas the real estate of Nathaniel Lewis deceased admits of two divisions only (exclusive of the widow's dower), the whole being valued at £368, the above Nathaniel and Jabez agree to pay £61-6-8 apiece to Joseph Lewis, Asa Lewis, Olive Dean, and Rebecca Ellis, children of the deceased. Suffolk Wills, file 19674. Children :—

LUCY⁶, b. March 23, 1758 ; d. Feb. 2, 1761.

NATHANIEL⁶, b. April 13, 1761 ; d. May 19, 1803 ; m. Jan. 6, 1785, Mary Penniman, dau. of Jacob and Sarah (Fisher) Penniman, of Dedham. She b. Sept. 21, 1764 ; d. Sept. 4, 1838.

OLIVE⁶, b. Sept. 19, 1763 ; m. Oct. 25, 1786, William Dean of Dedham.

BECKY⁶, b. Oct. 14, 1767 ; m. Jan. 20, 1791, John Ellis, Jr., of Dedham.

20. JABEZ⁶, b. Oct. 12, 1769 ; m. Catherine Pettee.

21. JOSEPH⁶, b. May 7, 1773 ; m. Sybil Morse.

ASA⁶, b. Oct. 20, 1780 ; m. Catherine Plummer.

15. JOHN⁵, son of Isaac (7), b. Dec. 15, 1736 ; d. 1788. Mar. Sept. 21, 1758, Deborah Fisher, dau. of David and Deborah Fisher. She b. Oct. 23, 1739 ; d. Feb. 28, 1829. Births of first four children recorded in Dedham, of the last three in Walpole, as follows ;—

JOHN⁶, b. Aug. 18, 1759 : m. (1) March 17, 1782, Anna Pratt of Mansfield ; m. (2) Mrs. Dotey. Lived in Whitestown, N. Y.

MARY⁶, b. Oct. 13, 1761 ; m. Feb. 9, 1784, John Morse, Jr., of Dedham ; d. May 10, 1832.

22. DAVID⁶, b. March 6, 1765 ; m. Priscilla Guild.

DEBORAH⁶, b. Aug. 4, 1767 ; m. June 15, 1789, Samuel Holmes Dean, of Dedham.

SARAH⁶, b. April 16, 1770 ; m. Jan. 29, 1789, William Bacon, of Dedham.

23. JOSEPH⁶, b. July 7, 1773 ; m. Rachel Wallace, and Lydia Crane.

OLIVER⁶, b. Feb. 28, 1778.

16. ISAAC⁵, son of Isaac (7), b. Aug. 4, 1749 ; d. May 23, 1821. Mar. April 12, 1774, Abigail Bullard, dau. of Josiah and Abigail (Lewis) Bullard, of Dedham. She b. July 23, 1751 ; d. Dec. 14, 1817. Children :—

ABIGAIL⁶, b. Feb. 27, 1775 ; m. Daniel Fisher, of North Walpole.

24. ISAAC⁶, b. Aug. 22, 1777 ; m. Susanna Ware.

25. AARON⁶, b. June 25, 1780 ; m. Mary Fales.

OLIVE⁶, b. April 14, 1786 ; m. Warren Allen, of Walpole ;
d. Nov. 10, 1861.

26. JOHN⁶, b. Aug. 13, 1789 ; m. Fanny Smith.

(To be continued.)

DEDHAM IN THE REBELLION.

BY JOSEPH HENRY LATHROP.

(Continued from Vol. IV, page 165.)

It will be remembered that at the Town meeting held May 6, 1861, it was voted, in relation to the members of the Dedham Company of Volunteers —

That the families of our citizens who have already enlisted ; or shall enlist for service under the United States, shall not want during their absence.

That every volunteer, for each day spent in elementary drill, be paid one dollar and fifty cents, from the 26th day of April last, until the Company is accepted by the State.

That each volunteer be paid ten dollars per month, in addition to the pay from government, for three months from the time of the Company's acceptance by the State.

Shortly after the meeting at which the above resolutions were passed, a call for a special Town meeting was issued, "to see if the Town will reconsider any part, or the whole, of the action taken at the meeting held on the 6th inst. in relation to volunteers," &c.

The call for this special meeting caused much indignation among many people in the village, and a number of the members of the company of volunteers either decided to withdraw their membership, or enlisted in companies from other towns. At the special meeting held May 27, 1861, it was voted : To pay the volunteers the sum of one dollar and fifty cents each, for each day spent in elementary drill, from the 26th day of April last, until the 23d day of May, 1861, but no volunteer shall receive any compensation for drilling, who has voluntarily left the Company now formed in Dedham, and also, — That all votes passed on the 6th day of May with reference to the volunteers, be reconsidered.

The action of the Town at this meeting had a very discouraging effect on the subsequent enlistments from Dedham, during the continuance of the war.

There was a very large attendance at the Town meeting held April 3, 1865, as more than an ordinary interest was felt in the questions coming up for discussion, and the reports of the Committees appointed at the March meeting to consider the articles relative to the claim of members of Co. F, 18th Mass., and that of the proposed soldiers' monument, were eagerly awaited.

At this April meeting the Committee appointed to consider Article Three of the March meeting, reported as follows:—

The Committee chosen March 6, 1865, to whom was referred the matter of the claims of the members of Co. F, of the 18th Regiment, have attended to the duty assigned them, and make the following report:

Being satisfied of the justice of the claim, the first important point for consideration is whether the town has any authority for raising money by tax to further compensate her patriotic young men who were the first to offer their services and lives to their country in the time of peril; and your Committee regret to say that, after a careful examination of the laws, and calling to their assistance legal advice, they have unanimously come to the conclusion that there is no law whereby the town can legally assess a tax for the purpose of satisfying said claim.

Your Committee might close their report at this point, but they deem it proper to state more particularly to the citizens of the town generally, and especially to the claimants in the case, the reason whereby we have come to the above conclusion. The claim is based upon the action of the town at a legally called meeting on the 6th of May, 1861, at which meeting the following votes were passed:

Voted. That every Volunteer, for each day spent in elementary drill, be paid one dollar and fifty cents from the 26th day of April last, until the Company is accepted by the State.

Voted. That each Volunteer be paid ten dollars per month in addition to the pay from Government, for three months from the time of the acceptance of the Company by the State.

Other votes were passed at this meeting, but the claim of the members of Company F is founded on these two votes. It was well understood at the time of the meeting that the town had no legal right to raise money by tax for the carrying out of these votes, but that it was only an expression of the people of the town of their willingness to do so much for their soldiers, relying entirely upon the future action of the Legislature to legalize the vote. An extra session of the Legislature was called in May, 1861, and on the 23d day of May, 1861, the following law was passed:

Chap. 222, Sec. 2. Any city or town may by vote raise money to defray any expense already incurred, or to carry out and fulfil any contract heretofore made, or in behalf of any of its inhabitants who may have enlisted as members of the volunteer militia, or who have been, or may be, called into the service of the United States; but all contracts now subsisting between any town or city and any member of the volunteer militia as such, shall terminate in ninety days from the date of such contract, or the date of enlistment, if subsequent to such contract and previous to the passage of this act.

Sec. 3. No compensation in addition to the regular pay of the Army and Navy of the United States, other than that mentioned in this act, shall be given by any town or city to any of their inhabitants who, as volunteers or otherwise, shall enlist in the service of the United States; but all contracts made with any members of the volunteer militia who have been mustered into the service of the United States for the term of three months, shall be valid during such term, and no pay shall hereafter be allowed by any town or city for the expense of drilling.

On the 27th day of May, 1861, at a legally called town meeting, it was voted to reconsider all the votes passed on the 6th of May, except that authorizing School District No. 2 to dig a well on the Great Common. The votes of May 6th relative to volunteers having all been reconsidered on the 27th of May, it would seem that no claim based on the action of May 6th could be sustained, but in addition to that the law passed May 23, 1861, expressly prohibits towns or cities from paying

anything for drilling after the passage of that act, and also from giving any compensation to volunteers in addition to the regular pay of the army and navy of the United States. The members of Co. F, 18th Regt. Mass. Volunteers, from Dedham, were paid one dollar and fifty cents for each day spent in elementary drill from the 26th day of April to the 23d day of May, 1861.

Your committee are of the opinion that no money can be legally raised by a tax for the purpose of paying the members of Co. F anything more for time spent in drilling, or the ten dollars per month in addition to the pay of the State and United States, voted May 6th, 1861, but would recommend that the Selectmen of the town be requested to petition the Legislature for leave to raise by a tax on the polls and estates of the inhabitants of the town of Dedham, a sum sufficient to pay each member of Co. F 18th Regt., who were residents of the town of Dedham at the time of enlistment into said company, and were mustered into the service of the United States, and continued in said service until honorably discharged, the sum of seventy-five dollars each.

C. C. CHURCHILL,
JOSEPH FISHER,
LYMAN SMITH, } Committee.

It was unanimously voted to accept the report, and to adopt the recommendations therein contained.

The report of the Committee on the monument question, was as follows:—

To the Inhabitants of the Town of Dedham.

Your Committee, chosen at the last March meeting to consider the subject of the erection of a soldiers' monument, at the expense of the town: Respectfully report, that in their opinion the Citizens of the town should not only acknowledge the duty, but claim the privilege of providing some appropriate and enduring memorial of the services of those soldiers who have nobly volunteered to defend their government in the hour of its peril, and freely sacrificed their lives in the cause of their Country, and that the most suitable mode of accomplishing this object is to erect a durable monument of native granite, decorated with military emblems, and provided with proper tablets for the inscription of the names, ages and date of the death of all who have died, with the names of the battle fields on which they have fallen, or the hospitals or prisons where they have died.

And your Committee think that, if consent can be obtained, Franklin Square, in Dedham Village, which is forever expressly set apart as a public enclosure, centrally situated and easy of access, is the most desirable place for such a monument.

Your committee have taken pains to procure plans and general estimates of several appropriate monuments, but as they have not decidedly and unanimously fixed upon any one as the best under all circumstances, they do not report any particular plan for the adoption of the town; but from the several estimates they have received, they are fully satisfied that a monument suitable for the purpose and creditable to the town, can be erected at an expense of from four to six thousand dollars.

Though your Committee are all desirous to see such a monument erected by the town, they consider the most appropriate time for its erection will be at the close of the present war, and they recommend to the town to limit the time to one year after the declaration of peace.

IRA CLEVELAND,
E. BURGESS,
ELIPHALET STONE,
J. N. STEVENS,
COMFORT WEATHERBEE,
EBENEZER F. GAY, } Committee.

This report was unanimously accepted, and it was voted that the same committee be continued in charge of the matter until it should be finally consummated.

At a meeting of the members of the company of enrolled militia of District No. 92, held in the Town House on the evening of March 30, 1865, Captain Samuel H. Cox presiding, George W. S. Edmands was elected First Lieutenant of the company, and Francis Marsh, Jr., Second Lieutenant. The following warrant officers were appointed: 1st Sergeant, Henry W. Weeks; sergeants, Joseph Clisshold, Frank E. Soule, Nathan O. Weeks, and Frank Carter; corporals, Edward H. Marshall, Ezra Spaulding, Munroe Chickering, George H. Gay, Henry G. Guild, John C. Higgins, H. C. Soule, and Artemas Raymond.

Of these officers, Capt. Cox, Lieut. Edmands, Sergeants H. W. Weeks, Soule and Carter had seen service in the 43d Mass. Inf., Sergeant N. O. Weeks in the 5th Mass. Inf., and Corporal Marshall in the 42d Mass. Inf. On the evening of May 5, Capt. Cox, Lieuts. Edmands and Marsh were presented with swords, sashes and belts, by the members of their commands and the citizens of the town. The ceremonies took place in Temperance Hall, which was decorated for the occasion, and John R. Bullard, Esq., made the presentation address. It was a gala occasion for the townspeople, and the festivities were kept up until midnight. As the law which called this, with other militia companies, into existence, was soon after repealed, the 92d Company had a very brief existence, and the swords were rarely drawn, even on drill.

The Spring campaign of 1865 in Virginia, was short, sharp and decisive. Commencing with the movement of the Cavalry Corps in the latter part of February, there was no rest for horse or man in this arm of the service until the surrender of the Confederate army on the 9th of April. The Union victory at Five Forks on the 1st of April, turned the Confederate right, and this was the beginning of the end. On the night of the 2d of April the Confederates withdrew their forces from Petersburg and Richmond, and the retreat commenced towards the interior of Virginia, with Lynchburg as the objective point. In this retreat the Union cavalry, led by the impetuous Sheridan, gave the enemy no rest by day or night. No opportunity was lost in destroying railroads, wagon trains or supplies, and never in the history of the Army of the Potomac was victory so ably followed up, or the cavalry used to better advantage, than in these early days of April. The Union army at this time was flushed with enthusiasm. Personal fatigue and discomforts were forgotten, and each man felt instinctively that the close of the war was near at hand. Hard marches, with some sharp fighting, was the work of the infantry of the Armies of the Potomac and the James, during these last days of the war in Virginia. Every effort was made to get in advance of Gen. Lee's army, then striving to reach Lynchburg before their retreat was cut off. Each day and long into the night, the tired

infantry kept on, striving to keep pace with the cavalry in the advance. Their efforts were crowned with success, when on the early morning of the 9th of April, near Appomattox Court House, Gen. Gordon, commanding the leading division of the Confederate army, found his way barred by a line of Union cavalry. Forming his line of battle he went forward, expecting merely a brush with the cavalry skirmishers. What was his surprise when the cavalry withdrew, and exposed the solid masses of Turner's and Foster's Divisions of infantry of the Army of the James. The action which followed was very short. With their further advance barred, with the Union troops covering their right and rear, the Confederate leaders realized that all was lost, that any more fighting was out of the question, and the same day the sword of Lee was laid in the victorious hand of Grant.

The war in Virginia was over, and the weary troops felt that their labors had not been in vain.

In the closing scenes of the war, Dedham had its representatives. At the desperate fight near High Bridge, Va., on the 6th of April, three small companies of the Fourth Mass. Cavalry, under the heroic Col. Washburn, attacked the advance cavalry of Lee's army, and fought until every officer and man of the Union cavalry was either killed, wounded or taken prisoner. The sacrifice was great, but the result accomplished was greater, for the Confederate army halted, went into position, and lost three hours of precious time. In this action, Adjutant Joseph H. Lathrop and Corporal Hubbard E. Jordan of Dedham, were taken prisoners, and finished their campaigns inside the Confederate lines at Appomattox. It was a coincidence that Jordan, the last Dedham soldier taken prisoner during the war, was a brother of Joseph M. Jordan, Co. H, 18th Mass. Infantry, killed at Gaines Mills, Va., June 27, 1862, the first Dedham man to fall in battle. At Statesburg, S. C., on the 19th of April, ten days after fighting had ceased in Virginia, Lieut. William Chickering, Jr., of the Fourth Mass. Cavalry, was wounded slightly while leading a charge. This was the last casualty among Dedham soldiers during the war.

The rejoicings over the termination of hostilities were brought suddenly to a close by the news of the assassination of President Lincoln on the evening of the 14th of April, 1865, and joy was turned into mourning. In Dedham a service of the united parishes was held in the Orthodox church at noon on the 19th of April, and Rev. Samuel B. Babcock of the Episcopal church, preached the commemorative discourse. The church was appropriately draped, and the music was adapted to the solemn occasion. All over the north, these services were held in memory of the lamented Lincoln.

The 35th Mass. Infantry, while in Fort Sedgwick during the early spring of 1865, had been under fire much of the time, and at the time of the assault on Fort Mahone, April 2, took an active part, the regiment losing three men killed and eleven wounded from the 25th of March to the 2d of April. There were no casualties in the Ded-

ham company. The 35th took part in the pursuit of the Confederate troops after the evacuation of Richmond and Petersburg, but was not actively engaged, being far to the rear, as the Ninth Corps was the last of the Union troops leaving Petersburg. A more detailed account of the movements of the 35th from this time will be given later in the history of the Dedham Company in this regiment.

On the evening of the 30th of May, a meeting was held at the Town Hall to take action in regard to a public reception to be given to the returning Dedham volunteers in the 35th, and other Massachusetts regiments. Col. Eliphalet Stone presided, and a committee consisting of Col. Stone, Edward Marshall, E. F. Gay, Eustis Baker, John H. B. Thayer, A. B. Endicott, Ellery C. Daniell, Lewis Day and John Cox, Jr., were appointed to carry out the plan. This committee worked well, quite a sum of money was subscribed, and elaborate arrangements were made to give the returning heroes a suitable reception. The past members of Co. F, of the 18th Mass. Infantry, held a meeting, and arranged to perform escort duty. Everything was pointing to a most successful celebration, when the reception of the following letter put an end to the arrangements being made:—

Camp of 35th Mass. Infantry Vols.

Near Alexandria, Va., June 7, 1865.

To the Chairman of Selectmen of Dedham, Mass.

It having been communicated to us by letters from home that it is the intention of the citizens of Dedham to make the return of Company I, 35th Mass. to Dedham, an occasion for a formal reception, I have the honor, as First Sergeant of the Company, and deputed by them for this purpose, to express to you, and through you, to all our friends in Dedham, our thanks for your thoughtfulness and kindness, and to request that no preparations be made for a reception.

It is the common feeling among the remaining members of the Company, that now that the war is over, and their services no longer needed, they be allowed to disperse quietly to their homes without further parade. They have already been exhibited at Washington, and probably will be at Boston, and they entreat you to spare them any further ceremony. Wearied of the honors, hardships, pomp and parade of war, we desire to return to our homes peacefully at last.

Yours truly,

JOHN L. SMITH,
1st Sergt. Co. I. 35th Mass.

(To be continued.)

BARNABAS METCALF AND HIS DESCENDANTS.

BY FRANK J. METCALF.

(Continued from Vol. IV, page 170.)

6. ASA⁶, son of Asa (3) and Ruth (Clark) Metcalf, was b. April 4, 1786; m. Susan Fisher of Medway. His only child, Mary C.,⁷ m. Sanford Hills of Franklin, and they had one son and one daughter. Mr. Hills is a great-great-grandson of Jabez

Hills who m. in Wrentham, Jan. 31, 1727, Martha Metcalf the dau. of Eleazer².

7. ELVIRA⁶, dau. of Asa (3) and Melia (Ware) Metcalf, was b. July 20, 1789; m. Dec. 3, 1811, Luther GOWEN. He was a son of John Newton, was b. in Franklin, Aug. 14, 1782, and m. 2dly, April 10, 1823, Polly, dau. of Major David and Mary (Lawrence) Hartshorn. She was b. April 14, 1791; d. July 23, 1866. Of John Newton, the following, taken from the History of Franklin, is of interest:—He was a ship carpenter, and also served in the British Army. At the time of the Revolutionary War he was impressed on a man-of-war and brought to America. Upon his escape to land, he set out for Dedham, and being met and asked who he was, he replied, "John, going;" and so he was—toward Franklin. Having signed deeds with the name, changed to Gowen, it clung to him and his descendants. At a later time he sought work in Charlestown. A man there threw down his silk glove on a stone, and giving John Gowen a stick and axe, asked him if he could make a ship pin without cutting the glove. He made a good pin and handed it to the man, who remarked that it was customary to stick the axe in the block when done with it. Without a word Gowen seized the axe and struck it heavily on the stone and replied, "Good day, Sir." Children of Luther and Elvira Gowen:—

ARTEMAS WARREN⁷, b. Oct. 22, 1812; m. Cynthia Ellis of Fitzwilliam, N. H., who d. April, 1883; was a farmer; had two sons and two daughters; d. Oct. 27, 1889.

GEORGE METCALF⁷, b. Aug. 10, 1816; m. Hannah Chase of Alstead, N. H., who was b. about 1819; was a farmer and sheep-raiser; had seven children, now living in South Acworth, N. H.; d. in that place Oct. 15, 1880.

CHARLES⁷, b. Dec. 2, 1819; m. at Franklin, June 10, 1841, Hannah M., dau. of William and Fanny (Moulton) Phipps, who was b. in Franklin, April 19, 1823; is a farmer, and has always lived in Franklin.

HORACE⁷, b. April 30, 1822; brought up at his uncle's, Levi Jewett's in New Hampshire; m. in 1847, Sarah M.,

dau. of Nathan and Lucy (Whiting) Cole of Franklin ;
d. Nov. 2, 1881. His widow lives in Attleboro. They
had five children, now (1893) living.

8. DANIEL⁶, son of Philip (4) and Anna (Knowlton) Metcalf, was b. at Framingham, March 4, 1791 ; m. at Sherborn, Sept. 16, 1816, Clarissa, dau. of John and Catherine Twitchell, who was b. at Sherborn, Oct. 5, 1792, and d. at Medway, April 15, 1855 ; d. at Medway, Oct. 27, 1855. Children :—

8a. EDWIN⁷ b. Sept. 21, 1817 ; m. Martha Daniels ; had three children.

8b. DANIEL⁷, b. June 13, 1819 ; m. 1st, Eliza Knowlton ; m. 2dly, Annie E. Howe ; residence, Holliston.

8c. JOHN MASON⁷, b. Jan. 8, 1821 ; m. 1st, Mary F. Bullard ; m. 2dly, Lizzie H. Bright ; d. in 1884.

WILLIAM⁷, b. Oct. 4, 1822 ; m. Sept. 10, 1852, Ellen Johnson ; d. March 4, 1863.

SARAH PERRY⁷, b. Sept. 10, 1824 ; m. Albert Wiley ; was a soldier ; now dead.

CATHERINE⁷, b. at Sherborn, Oct. 15, 1826 ; d. at Medway, April 19, 1845.

ELLEN ELIZABETH⁷, b. at Medway, Nov. 29, 1833 ; lives in Boston ; unmd.

GEORGE E.⁷ b. July 25, 1836 ; m. Lydia Boyd ; residence, Norwood.

8a. EDWIN⁷, son of Daniel (8) and Clarissa (Twitchell) Metcalf, b. at Sherborn, Sept. 21, 1817 ; m. April 29, 1841, Martha, dau. of Amos and Sally (Pierce) Daniels who d. at Millis, July 6, 1885. Children :—

EDWIN W.⁸, b. Dec. 26, 1848 ; d. Sept. 24, 1874.

SARAH JENNIE⁸, b. Nov. 18, 1852 ; m. Jan. 12, 1876, Appleton Phipps ; lived in Hopkinton. Had one child,

Harvey J.⁹, b. Feb. 18, 1880, on which day she also died.

GEORGE H.⁸, b. July 17, 1859.

8b. DANIEL⁷, son of Daniel (8) and Clarissa (Twitchell) Metcalf, b. at Sherborn, June 13, 1819 ; m. 1st, April 13, 1845, Eliza, dau. of Ebenezer and Nancy Knowlton, who d. Feb. 12, 1874, aged 48 years and 6 months. M. 2dly, Annie E. Howe,

who d. Nov. 25, 1878, aged 44 years; m. 3dly, Aug. 10, 1879, Abbie A., dau. of Caleb and Nancy (Wood) Sturtevant, who was b. Sept. 17, 1840. He is a boot blocker and lives in Holliston. Had one son:—

DWIGHT⁸, b. []; at the age of 16 he enlisted in the Civil War, was taken prisoner, exchanged and put aboard a transportation car, but what became of him his parents never knew.

8c. JOHN MASON⁷, son of Daniel (8) and Clarissa (Twitchell) Metcalf, b. at Sherborn, Jan. 8, 1821; m. 1st, May 20, 1847, at Franklin, to Mary Fisher, dau. of Elisha and Rena (Fisher) Bullard, who was b. Sept. 5, 1825, and d. Dec. 26, 1866. M. 2dly, May 1, 1867, Lizzie Hudges, dau. of Michael and Elvira Bright, who was b. March 27, 1836. He was a carpenter; d. at Franklin, May 12, 1884. Children:—

MARION CATHERINE⁸, b. July 12, 1848; d. April 3, 1852.

MARTHA FRANCES⁸, b. Oct. 23, 1853, res. Montgomery, Alabama.

MARY ANNA⁸, b. July 11, 1855; dressmaker, at Franklin.

WILLIAM PIERCE⁸, b. Sept. 29, 1865.

FRED MORVILLE, b. Aug. 27, 1877.

BERTHA MAY, b. June 19, 1881.

9. HARVEY⁸, son of Nathan (5) and Patty (Metcalf) Metcalf, was b. June 13, 1789; m. Abigail Brown, who d. March 20, 1829. "Harvey lived at Albany about 1820 with his family. He went west trading with the Indians, and no one knew what became of him. He was never heard from." So I was told by one; but Miss Cynthia Brown, sister of Harvey's wife, told me (May, 1887) that the latter received a letter saying that her husband was dead. They had only one child:—

HARRIET⁷, b. in Providence, R. I., Jan. 22, 1816; m.

Richardson Metcalf (15), her half uncle; d. Sept. 20, 1878.

10. SENA⁶, dau. of Nathan (5) and Patty (Metcalf) Metcalf, was b. Feb. 10, 1791; m. April 6, 1818, Rufus MILLER, who was b. Nov. 17, 1794; d. July 24, 1885. He was a lumber dealer and farmer. Children:—

- OLIVE MARIA⁷, b. Jan. 13, 1819; m. March 7, 1837, Stephen C. Johnson; d. Sept. 4, 1838; had one daughter. He m. 2dly, Juliana Metcalf. See No. 16.
- RACHEL LOVINA⁷, b. Jan. 12, 1822; m. Jan. 11, 1849, Jeruel B. Mitchell, who d. April 27, 1887; d. April 4, 1877; had nine children.
- JULIA ANN⁷, b. Feb. 29, 1824; m. Feb. 18, 1846, Hollis Knowlton; d. March 31, 1861; had three children.
- SARAH LUCE⁷, b. March 19, 1826; m. at Mendon, June 6, 1848, John M. Hart; d. Jan. 27, 1850; had one daughter.
- ROXEY METCALF⁷, b. July 20, 1829; m. June 6, 1850, John Mears, who d. April 18, 1877; d. Sept. 18, 1862; had one daughter.
- ALBERT⁷, b. July 11, 1831; m. Feb. 11, 1856, Celia Jane McCurdy, who d. April 26, 1875; had two children.
- GILMORE⁷, b. Sept. 11, 1833; m. Feb. 19, 1857, Eliza Jane Evans; had eight children; d. Nov. 11, 1893.
- JESSE RICHARDSON⁷, b. April 25, 1836; m. Feb. 6, 1858, Louisa Sibley Bartlett; had seven children.

11. JUNIA⁶, son of Nathan (5) and Patty (Metcalf) Metcalf, was b. July 20, 1794; m. 1st at Oxford, Mass., Sept. 5, 1821, Malinda Phillips, who was b. at Ward, now Auburn, Mass., Dec. 30, 1799, and d. at Appleton, Maine, June 19, 1869. He was m. a second time; d. at Appleton, Me., Feb. 27, 1876. He worked for a jeweller at Attleboro, then moved to Maine, at that time a part of Massachusetts, buying 160 acres of land for \$700. For a year before his marriage he lived alone in a log cabin. He was a farmer, and during the winter did a lumbering business and cooperage. Children, all born in Appleton:—

17. MARIA BALLARD⁷, b. August 23, 1822; m. Ebenezer Maddocks.
18. ALVAH⁷, b. April 12, 1824; m. 1st, Harriet Hannah Vose, 2dly, Harriet Maria Makepeace.
19. RUFUS MILLER⁷, b. Dec. 20, 1827; m. Mary Abbie Caswell.
20. NATHAN⁷, b. March 3, 1830; m. Martha Ann Collins.
21. JOHN CHAPMAN⁷, b. June 2, 1832; m. Sarah Amelia Metcalf. See No. 14.

22. EMELINE MALINDA⁷, b. March 25, 1841; m. George Metcalf Wadsworth.

12. OLIVE⁶, dau. of Nathan (5) and Patty (Metcalf) Metcalf, was b. June 26, 1797; m. Oct. 29, 1822, Seth WADSWORTH; d. June 28, 1874. He was b. in Milton, April 23, 1794; farmer and blacksmith; d. in Franklin, Jan. 4, 1883. Children, all b. in Franklin:—

23. MARY⁷, b. March 14, 1814; m. Hermon Blake Miller.

JOSEPH HAWES⁷, b. May 29, 1826; m. Abigail Lorrinda Metcalf. See No. 24.

NANCY STOWE⁷, b. Aug. 18, 1830; d. Sept. 1, 1834.

GEORGE METCALF⁷, b. March 22, 1836; m. Emeline M. Metcalf. See No. 22.

13. NATHAN⁶, son of Nathan (5) and Patty (Metcalf) Metcalf was b. March 26, 1799, in the "Red House," and lived there most of his life. He taught school for several years, and then became a furniture dealer in Boston; was an active member of the School Committee of Boston for many years; was one of the founders of the American Institute of Instruction, and for a long time one of its curators. He m. Mrs. Hepsibah Tilton, Jan. 8, 1892; d. March 19, 1892.

14. MICHAEL⁶, son of Nathan (5) and Patty (Metcalf) Metcalf was b. Aug. 12, 1802; m. 1st, May 5, 1825, Sally Clark, who was b. Oct. 2, 1802, and d. Jan. 18, 1838; m. 2dly, Sept. 5, 1838, Melia Breck, who was b. Sept. 24, 1812, and d. Aug. 30, 1849; m. 3dly, Nov. 11, 1850, Mrs. Hannah (Davis) Sunderland, widow of Clark Sunderland. She was b. Oct. 6, 1808; d. April, 1888, in Providence, R. I., at the home of her son, William Sunderland. Michael was a farmer in Franklin, but for five years kept the Medway Poor House; d. June 3, 1854. Children, all b. in Franklin:—

24. ABIGAIL LORRINDA⁷, b. Feb. 19, 1835; m. Joseph Hawes Wadsworth. See No. 12.

SARAH AMELIA⁷, b. Oct. 17, 1836; m. John Chapman Metcalf. See No. 21.

MICHAEL EDMUND⁷, b. July 15, 1839; m. June 7, 1868,

Annie C. Witherspoon. No children. Residence, Little Rock, Arkansas.

25. HARRIET ELIZA⁷, b. March 21, 1843; m. William Bates Cadmus.

MARTHA WADSWORTH⁷, b. Nov. 6, 1848; d. April 8, 1849.

15. RICHARDSON⁶, son of Nathan (5) and Abigail (Richardson) Metcalf, was b. Jan. 3, 1818; m. 1st, Aug. 9, 1841, Mary Ann Baker, who was b. Sept. 25, 1820, and d. Sept. 29, 1843; m. 2dly, Aug., 1844, Harriet Metcalf (No. 9); m. 3dly, Aug. 19, 1879, Belle H. Peavey. By wife Harriet there were three children, none of whom grew up.

16. JULIANA⁶, dau. of Nathan (5) and Abigail (Richardson) Metcalf, was b. Sept. 25, 1819; m. Nov. 4, 1839, Stephen Carlton JOHNSON, farmer at Appleton, Maine, who d. in 1887. See No. 10. Children:—

ABBIE SARAH⁷, b. Sept. 3, 1843.

ISRAEL⁷, b. March 30, 1847; d. April 9, 1852.

WILLIAM CARLTON⁷, b. March 27, 1851; m. Dec. 23, 1876, Annie Hannah Copp.

Children:—*Annie Ethel*⁸, b. October 30, 1878; *Vira Buxton*⁸, b. Oct. 11, 1879; *Carrie Tyler*⁸, b. Sept. 2, 1881; d. Dec. 23, 1881.

RICHARDSON METCALF⁷, b. March 27, 1851; m. March 5, 1881, Carrie Winter.

Children:—*Willie Huntington*⁸, b. Sept. 5, 1882; *Lottie May*⁸, b. March 12, 1884.

HARRIET LORRINDA⁷, Dec. 31, 1857; m. at Worcester, Mass., Feb. 13, 1885, Richard Warren Alley. Son, *Raymond Carlton*⁸, b. Sept. 13, 1886.

MOSES McFARLAND⁷, b. Nov. 21, 1862. Traveling salesman for the Douglas Shoe Company, of Brockton.

17. MARIA BALLARD⁷, dau. of Junia (11) and Malinda (Philips) Metcalf, was b. Aug. 23, 1822; m. Feb. 19, 1844, Ebenezer MADDOCKS, who was b. March 31, 1822; d. July, 1881.

LORRINDA⁸, b. May 13, 1844; m. Aug. 12, 1866, Jason Maddocks, her cousin; d. Sept. 18, 1887.

CHARLES⁸, b. Nov. 29, 1845; m. March 4, 1876.

AMELIA I.⁸, b. Aug. 25, 1847; m. March 17, 1870, William Hart; has three children.

ADELBERT⁸, b. March 1, 1849; d. May 3, 1851.

ELLA⁸, b. Nov. 27, 1850; m. April 27, 1871, David Maddocks, her cousin; d. June 18, 1891.

ALVAH⁸, b. May 4, 1853; d. Jan. 27, 1854.

EVERETT⁸, b. April 23, 1855; m. [].

ORIVILLE⁸, b. July 15, 1859; m. Dec. 25, 1878, James Brown; d. Nov. 24, 1881.

IDA EMELINE⁸, b. Feb. 12, 1864; d. Jan. 23, 1874.

18. ALVAH⁷, son of Junia (11) and Malinda (Phillips) Metcalf, was b. April 12, 1824; m. 1st, May 30, 1850, Harriet Hannah Vose, who was b. April 26, 1828, and d. Sept. 15, 1858; m. 2dly, Oct. 11, 1859, Harriet Maria Makepeace. He is a box-maker in Ashland; had a grist mill at one time, also did some coopering. Children:—

ALBERT ALVAH⁸, b. April 10, 1851; m. June 18, 1874, Myrtella Estella Wyman, who was b. Feb. 3, 1852. Children:—*Alvah Elroy*⁹, b. April 23, 1875; *Alice May*⁹, b. Feb. 6, 1878; *Maud Laurene*⁹, b. April 17, 1880.

GEORGE ERNEST⁸, b. June 30, 1853; m. Dec. 30, 1880, Clara Elizabeth Smith, who was b. June 9, 1861; Children:—*Mabel Ruth*⁹, b. May 25, 1882; *Emeline Olive*⁹, b. March 3, 1884; *Frederick Knight*⁹, b. Nov. 20, 1885; *Margaret Elizabeth*⁹, b. Sept. 7, 1887; d. Sept. 28, 1892.

NORA ARDELIA⁸, b. April 1, 1856; m. June 22, 1874, Alfred Seelye ROE, who was b. June 8, 1844, Children:—*Addie Estelle*⁹, b. April 6, 1875; d. Feb. 24, 1878; *Anthibel Catherine*⁹, b. Sept. 3, 1879; *Delos Metcalf*⁹, b. Jan. 8, 1883, d. May 28, 1892; *Harriet Eudora*⁹, b. June 5, 1885.

MARIELLA⁸, b. July 5, 1860; d. Sept. 14, 1861.

ARTHUR AUGUSTUS⁸, b. June 15, 1863.

WALTER HENRY⁸, b. May 1, 1865; m. Sept. 17, 1888, Jesse Gleason Burgess. Dau. *Blanche Elizabeth*⁹, b. April 3, 1890.

IDA ELDORA⁸, b. Feb. 25, 1867; m. June 1, 1892, Rev. Harvey H. Paine. Dau. *Evelyn Eldora*⁹, b. March 29, 1893; d. Aug. 14, 1893.

GERTRUDE SOPHIA⁸, } twins, b. April 28, 1869.
LILLIAN MARIA⁸, }

EUGENE EVERETT⁸, b. July 25, 1872; d. Aug. 29, 1893.

19. RUFUS MILLER⁷, son of Junia (11) and Malinda (Phillips) Metcalf, was b. Dec. 20, 1827; m. May 7, 1852, Mary Abbie Caswell, who was b. May 7, 1831; d. Dec. 2, 1859. His widow m. 2dly, Smith O. Sayles. Children:—

EDDIE⁸, died young.

SARAH⁸, died young.

GEORGE WADSWORTH⁸, b. Feb. 10, 1859; d. Jan. 13, 1879.

20. NATHAN⁷, son of Junia (11) and Malinda (Phillips) Metcalf, was b. March 3, 1830; m. Jan. 23, 1853, Martha Ann Collins, who was b. Feb. 19, 1830; d. on the Pacific Coast, March 27, 1856. His widow m. Nov. 29, 1857, Sylvanus Pond, who was b. March 22, 1822.

21. JOHN CHAPMAN⁷, son of Junia (11) and Malinda (Phillips) Metcalf, was b. June 2, 1832; m. June 5, 1859, Sarah Amelia Metcalf, who was b. Oct. 17, 1836. See No. 14. Children, all born in Ashland:—

WILBUR CHAPMAN⁸, b. June 27, 1863; d. Oct. 14, 1863.

FRANK JOHNSON⁸, b. April 4, 1865; taught school five years. Clerk in Record and Pension Division of the War Department. Injured in the Ford's Theatre disaster, June 9, 1893.

GEORGE ERNEST⁸, b. April 12, 1871.

LINDA JENETTE⁸, b. March 1, 1879.

22. EMELINE MALINDA⁷, dau. of Junia (11) and Malinda (Phillips) Metcalf, was b. March 25, 1841; m. May 26, 1861, George Metcalf WADSWORTH⁷ (see No. 12); d. Oct. 13, 1882. Children:—

ELMER METCALF⁸, b. Nov. 7, 1862; keeps dry goods store in Ashland.

ALVAH CHAPMAN⁸, b. April 19, 1867. In California.

23. MARY⁷, dau. of Seth (12) and Olive (Metcalf) Wadsworth (12), was b. March 14, 1824; m. Sept. 4, 1845 Hermon Blake MILLER, who was b. March 23, 1823. He is a blacksmith in Franklin. The father of Mr. Miller was a brother of Rufus Miller, the husband of Sena Metcalf. See No. 10. Children :—

MARY ISABEL⁸, b. Aug. 25, 1848; m. Jan. 20, 1869, George F. Wadsworth, who d. Sept. 23, 1880.

OLIVE WADSWORTH⁸, b. June 1, 1858.

GEORGE HERMON⁸, b. May 25, 1860.

ARTHUR OCELLUS⁸, } twins, b. March 2, 1863.
ALICE ORIETTA⁸, }

24. ABIGAIL LORRINDA⁷, dau. of Michael (14) and Sally (Clark) Metcalf, was b. Feb. 19, 1835; m. Sept. 10, 1857, Joseph Hawes Wadsworth⁷ (see No. 12), who was b. May 29, 1826, in Franklin, and d. Nov. 21, 1890. He was postmaster for many years at South Franklin. Children, all b. in Franklin :—

ABBIE JENETTE⁸, b. Oct. 2, 1858; m. at Providence, R. I., June 1, 1892, John Wallace Clewley.

JOSEPH FRANCIS⁸, b. April 17, 1861; d. Sept. 17, 1863.

EMMA AMELIA⁸, b. July 12, 1864; m. William Alvah Young, Nov. 24, 1892.

WILLIE LINDEN⁸, b. Dec. 5, 1867.

MARTHA ELLA⁸, b. June 2, 1869.

EVA LILLIAN⁸, b. March 29, 1877.

25. HARRIET ELIZA⁷, dau. of Michael (14) and Sally (Clark) Metcalf, was b. March 21, 1843; m. Oct. 4, 1863, William Bates Cadmus, who was b. Sept. 2, 1842. He is Freight Master on the Boston and Maine Railroad at Haverhill. Children :—

JOSIE MAY⁸, b. Jan. 16, 1868; m. Oct. 27, 1887, Elmer Ellesworth Pierce, who was b. May 15, 1863; d. Nov. 19, 1887.

There is in the library of the Dedham Historical Society, an old chest, which it is said Michael Metcalf brought with him from England to Dedham, where he was one of the first settlers. It is beautifully inlaid on the front with different woods, and is an interesting relic in the Society's collection. A lithographic copy of the Freedom of the city of Norwich, England, granted to him, will be found in the REGISTER (III., 142) for July, 1892.

EXTRACTS FROM THE AMES DIARY.

BY SARAH BRECK BAKER.

(Continued from Vol. IV, page 170.)

MARCH, 1786.

- 12 Met Dr Spring at Steven's extirpate Schirrus.
22 Curious Aurora Borealis.

APRIL.

- 23 Eight Convicts escaped from the Castle, uproar.

MAY.

- 8 Town Meeting N. Kingsberry Deputy.
26 Remov'd Obstructions in Sandy Valley Road.
28 Thaddeus Stowel buried.

JUNE.

- 3 Meadows all flooded and water still rises the 5th Day from last of the Rain owing to cursed Dams at upper falls. Flood rose 6 days.
26 Bo't 800 Rosebuds of Mr Richardson Needham at 5 Copper pr 100 which made after Grinding [rosewater?]
29 Went Boston & Charlestown over new Bridge.

AUGUST.

- 22 Committee of Common. & Senate view Charles river.

SEPTEMBER.

- 5 Digging out Mill Creek.
30 Insurrections in back Counties stop Courts of Law.

DECEMBER.

- 10 It is said the oldest person living never new so much snow on the ground so early in the year as now especially with the springs so low & swamps so dry for Dedham Mills cannot go for want of water & the Mill Creek appeared to me yesterday like a dry ditch. Tho' it is sabbath there is no meeting the roads are so block'd yet several Marketers & one Woman return from Boston with great difficulty by my House this afternoon with the assistance of a number of Dedham people.
14 Annual Thanksgiving. 20 James Stevens died of Cancer.

JANUARY, 1787.

- 19 Capt Fisher marched to Day against the Rebels.
21 Massachusetts Civil War begins. Many oppressions having been practised, Extortion and usury at 12, 20, 30, 40 & sometimes 50 pr Cent. but most common 25, now prevailing taxes called for that bear very unequally upon the people and all property accumulating with greater rapidity than ever known into a few people's hands, has occasioned great Tumults, County Conventions & Petitions to the Legislature of Massachusetts for redress, the People unsatisfied take to arms, stop the Courts of Law and under several Leaders the chief of whom is Danl Shays of Pelham greatly alarm Government which sends out a party of Horseman & after a skirmish take Job Shattuck who is said to be mortally wounded & two others who are now Prisoners in Boston Gaol, which more exasperates a large proportion of the people especially in the western parts of the State, where they have form'd into regular squadrons under Genl Shays & disregard the Act of pardon to all that return to their allegiance & take the oath before the 1 Day of 1787—wherefore the Governor J. Bowdoin collected an Army of 7000 Men volunteers & drafted from the Militia under the command of Genl. Lincoln who march about the 20 January 1787 for Worcester to suppress the Rebellion.

that was dying away of itself. For suffering disadvantages of acting without the support of civil authority and tho' grievously oppressed yet seeing the inconvenience of smarting for want of civil government Shays's party daily fell off & and all of them publicly declared they are for Government if the Courts could be suspended till the new election of Representatives as they had requested to chuse last election they would sit down peacable. Subjects of the whole Legislation whose wisdom they would rely on for redress of their grievances and which would save the enormous expense with which the people must be saddled for this Expedition & prevent the disaffection of many good Citizens much irritated at the precipitancy of government for staining their hands with human blood needlessly as they say.

24 Reported that the Rebels under Shays have mortally wounded some Gen^l Shepherds men.

25. Col Drury apprehended by Gen^l Lincoln & brought away to Boston jail.

26 M^r Curtis of Worcester halled out of his bed at midnight by Lincoln & hurried along to Boston jail, his crime is said to be writing against proceedings of Governm^t.

27 Gen. Shepard kill'd 3 & wounded others of Shays.

30 News that Shays's Men are dispers'd.

FEBRUARY.

7 News that Shays has run off to Canada.

25 Army returning home.

MARCH.

11 Geese & Ducks came from S. 13 Spring Birds come.

22 Annual Fast.

APRIL.

17 Wid of Isaac Whiting buried. 20 Great fire Boston.

23 The river being very low and no rain preceeding the water rose daily by reason of Eliots Dam.

JUNE.

1 My Highway wk 18s 6 at 4s a Man a day, & my Joe work'd 3 days.

8 Settled with Heirs of my Father, Released my Right to Fisher Ames for 500 dollars & strip of Land.

14 Rebecca Harris went away with Winslow Warren.

AUGUST.

30 Rebecca Harris & Patty from Malden here.

SEPTEMBER.

30 New Constitution of Government of the United States published, & seems agreeable to every body as yet, for all know we have lost millions for want of an head sole.

OCTOBER.

31 Stephen Fales buried. Isaac Eaton taxes State Tax 4. 15. 10 & County 1. 3. 3. 2. $\frac{1}{2}$ Specie $\frac{1}{2}$ Army Notes payable in 1786 $\frac{1}{2}$ Hondy's Indents issued by Nath^l Appleton Esq^r May 18, 1787 Ira Draper substitute of Is. Eaton Presented Parish Tax £0. 11. 1. 3 And Octob 31 spard s^d Draper all the above Taxes & took his rec^t.

MAY, 1788.

4 John Willson died 86. 30 Frenchman died at Tim Gays

JUNE.

26 Bo't 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ y^{ds} Cloth for Coat & Jerker 30s y^d.

(To be continued.)

THE FISHER FAMILY.

BY PHILIP ADSIT FISHER.

Of San Francisco, Cal.

(Continued from Vol. IV, page 107.)

29. EZEKIEL⁵, fifth son of Eleazer (16) and Mary (Avery) Fisher, b. in Dedham, Oct. 12, 1712; and d. in Stoughton, July 12, 1793; buried in Canton Corners Cemetery. He settled early on Spring Lane in Stoughton, now Canton. M. 1st, by Rev. Samuel Dunbar, Oct. 17, 1739, Susanna, daughter of Ensign George and Sarah () Wadsworth, who was b. in Stoughton, March 26, 1721, and d. there, Feb. 26, 1774. He m. 2dly, July 8, 1778, Experience, widow of Josiah Blackman, of Stoughton, and daughter of Jeremiah and Deborah () Fuller, who was b. in Sharon, June 29, 1739; d. in Gardiner, Maine, June 14, 1823, aged 84. Their children were:—

47. NATHANIEL⁶, b. Sept. 29, 1740; m. Hannah Baker, April 22, 1763.

SARAH⁶, b. Feb. 16, 1742; d. Aug. 19, 1744.

SUSANNA⁶, b. Dec. 26, 1744; m. Henry Bailey, May 4, 1775; d. Aug. 3, 1831.

RUTH⁶, b. Sept. 15, 1746; m. Israel Bailey, April 12, 1770; d. Oct. 26, 1819.

48. EZEKIEL, Jr.⁶, b. Aug. 5, 1748; m. 1st, Sarah May, and 2dly, Anna Horton.

MARY⁶, b. July 8, 1750; d. Oct. 20, 1767.

ABIGAIL⁶, b. Aug. 18, 1752; m. Elijah Gill, of Stoughton; d. Oct. 26, 1842.

49. LEMUEL⁶, b. Dec. 8, 1754; m. Anna Billings, June 1, 1780.

HANNAH⁶, b. Jan. 30, 1757; m. Joseph Smith, Sept. 21, 1780.

SARAH⁶, b. March 24, 1759; m. Beria Ingraham, Oct. 31, 1780; d. Aug. 18, 1818.

EUNICE⁶, b. Feb. 3, 1764; m. Asa Williams, Sept. 16, 1784; d. June 6, 1832.

REBECCA⁶ (by second wife), b. March 29, 1783; m. Jesse Tucker (published March 16, 1806).

30. TIMOTHY⁵, sixth son of Eleazer (16) and Mary (Avery) Fisher, b. at Dedham, Aug. 18, 1714; m. at Medway, Dec. 11, 1739, Thankful, daughter of Ebenezer and Mary (Partridge) Daniell, who was b. at Medway, July 3, 1715. He resided in Stoughton; "died in His Majts Service in ye Intend Expedition against Crown Point Novbr ye 29th 1[756]." His widow m. 2dly, at Stoughton, Oct. 30, 1758, David Stone, cordwainer, of Easton. Their children were:—

JEREMIAH⁶, b. Sept. 23, 1740; d. Oct. 29, 1740.

SIMEON⁶, b. Feb. 20, 1741; died young.

LEVI⁶, b. Feb. 2, 1743.

TIMOTHY⁶, b. July 1, 1746.

REUBEN⁶, b. July 21, 1748; d. Nov. 1754.

REBECCA⁶, b. Jan. 31, 1750.

EBENEZER⁶, b. Jan. 31, 1754.

31. BENJAMIN⁵, son of Eleazer (16) and Mary (Avery) Fisher, b. in Dedham, May, 1721; m. in Dedham, Aug. 11, 1742, Sarah, daughter of William and Rachel (Newcomb) Everett, who was b. in Dedham, June 7, 1718. He joined the South Parish Church, March 14, 1742, and d. Jan. 18, 1777, aged 55. His wid. Sarah, d. Aug. 2, 1795, aged 77. Children:—

BENJAMIN⁶, b. May 23, 1743; m. at Walpole, Feb. 9, 1769, Mary Robbins of Walpole. He d. "at Ticonderoga about the last of August, 1776." Children:

*Cynthia*⁷, b. Jan. 18, 1771; *Luther*⁷, b. Dec. 5, 1772; d.

Feb. 20, 1778; *Susey*⁷, bapt. Jan. 5, 1777; m. David Andrews, May 25, 1797; d. June 30, 1841.

50. ASA⁶, b. April 30, 1745; m. Elizabeth Draper.

51. ELIPHALET⁶, b. June 8, 1747; m. 1st, Judith Bullard; m. 2dly, Relief Blake.

SARAH⁶, b. May 24, 1749; m. Abel Allen of Walpole, Nov. 28, 1771.

52. JESSE⁶, b. July 7, 1751; m. Lois Metcalf, Oct. 31, 1775.

SIBYL⁶, bapt. Sept. 23, 1753; m. Icabod Fisher (67), of Princeton, Dec. 6, 1770.

53. MOSES⁶, bapt. June 30, 1755; m. Louisa Thorp, Feb. 19, 1784.

AARON⁶, b. Jan. 16, 1758.

JOHN⁶, bapt. March 23, 1760 ; d. July 6, 1773.

32. JEREMIAH⁵, son of Captain Daniel (17) and Mary (Fuller) Fisher, was b. in Dedham, June 10, 1679, and d. there March 13, 1766, aged 86. He m. at Dedham, Dec. 16, 1702, Deborah, daughter of John and Mary (Colburn) Richards, who was b. July 1, 1679, and d. March 14, 1769, aged 89 years. Both joined the Dedham Church, Sept. 20, 1724. "Inherited and occupied the homestead in Dedham; Captain of Militia, Justice of the Peace, Selectman, and Town Clerk six years, which are unmistakeable evidence of his standing with his fellow townsmen." Children were :—

54. JEREMIAH⁶, b. Sept. 23, 1704 ; m. Elizabeth Cook, Oct. 29, 1731.

NATHANIEL⁶, b. Sept. 21, 1708 ; d. July 21, 1715.

55. DANIEL⁶, b. Oct. 16, 1713 ; m. Elizabeth Weeks, March 6, 1750.

MARY⁶, b. May 13, 1717 ; m. Jeremiah Dean, May 13, 1741.

DEBORAH⁶, b. Oct. 30, 1723 ; m. 1st, Dr. Nathaniel Ames, Oct. 30, 1742, as his second wife. "Her distinguished husband dying of a fever, July 11, 1764, leaving her a widow in her 41st year. She remained such in successful charge of the fashionable hotel, left by her husband, until her marriage with Richard Woodward," July 23, 1772. "Three of her four sons, and a step-son (Peter Woodward), and a son-in-law graduated at Harvard College. To her efforts has traditionally been attributed such results." She d. Nov. 10, 1817, aged 94.—Richards Gen., p. 124 ; Briggs's Almanacs of Nathaniel Ames, pp. 28 and 43.

33. DANIEL⁵, second son of Captain Daniel (17), and Mary (Fuller) Fisher, b. in Dedham, Jan. 7, 1682 ; m. Nov. 25, 1703, Esther, daughter of Captain Joshua (12) and Esther (Wiswall) Fisher, who was b. Feb. 27, 1682. He d. at Dedham in 1758. Their children were :—

ESTHER⁶, b. Dec. 7, 1704 ; m. Benjamin Fairbanks.

RUTH⁶, b. June 10, 1706 ; m. Robert Allen, March 4, 1739.

ABIGAIL⁶, b. March, 1707; m. John Metcalf.
 DANIEL⁶, b. Nov. 18, 1710; d. in 1735. He was a farmer;
 res. Walpole.
 MARY⁶, b. Oct. 24, 1714; d. Dec. 3, 1714.
 JOSHUA⁶, b. May 1, 1716; d. young.
 56. NATHANIEL⁶, b. Feb. 15, 1718; m. Elizabeth Clapp, May
 26, 1747:
 EBENEZER⁶, b. Jan. 19, 1723; d. young.
 HANNAH⁶, b. [] 24, 1724; d. young.

(To be continued.)

DOVER RECORDS.

BY CHARLES HUNT SMITH.

(Continued from Vol. IV., page 46.)

BIRTHS.

Moses Draper, born July 24, 1815.
 Aaron Draper, born June 17, 1818.
 Mary Draper, born June 22, 1819.
 Lucy Draper, born April —, 1822.
 Lydia Draper, born July 15, 1824.
 The above five children are those of Aaron Baker and Betsey, his
 wife.
 Charlotte Kingman Sanger, born Aug. 17, 1822.
 John White Sanger, born March 15, 1824.
 The above are a son and daughter of Rev. Ralph Sanger and Char-
 lotte, his wife.
 Sarah Messenger Miller, born Oct. 8, 1821.
 George Lewis Miller, born Feb. 16, 1824.
 A son and daughter of Aaron F. Miller and Ann, his wife.
 Mary Ann Cleveland, born Nov. 5, 1810.
 A daughter of George Cleveland.
 Ann Gennett Battell, born Sept. 17, 1817.
 Munroe Lafayette Battell, born Feb. 23, 1824.
 A son and daughter of Sherman and Hitty Battell, his wife.
 Fisher Ames Harding, born Jan. 23, 1811.
 Julia Anne Harding, born Feb. 21, 1812.
 John Battelle Harding, born Aug. 10, 1814.
 Sons and daughter of John Harding and Julia, his wife.
 Daniel Jones Whiting, born Sept. 1, 1823.
 A son of Jona. and Lucy Whiting.
 Francis Howe Guy, a son of Benj'n Guy and Sarah, his wife, born
 Dec. 14, 1825.
 Rebecca Hartshorn Morse, born Feb. 24, 1812.
 Alexander Hamilton Morse, born Jan. 26, 1825.
 A son and daughter of Capt. Charles Morse and Lucy, his wife.
 Lydia James Battle, born Feb. 23, 1824.
 A daughter of Capt Rufus Battle and Lydia, his wife.

(To be continued.)

DESCENDANTS OF ENSIGN THOMAS FULLER.
OF DEDHAM.

BY FRANCIS H. FULLER, OF LINCOLN, MAINE.

(Continued from Vol. IV, page 162.)

7. JOHN³, son of John (2) and Judith (Gay) Fuller, b. Nov. 19, 1677; m. Bethiah, dau. of John and Experience (Lealand) Colburn, b. Feb. 28, 1686-7, and lived in Roxbury, until 1733, when he conveyed his homestead to Ebenezer Whiting. See Suffolk Deeds, Lib. 47, fol. 182. He was one of the founders of the Second Church of Roxbury, in 1711. See Drake's Roxbury, page 448. No further trace than the following can be found of this family. Children:—

EXPERIENCE, b. Jan. 2, 1708. Intentions of marriage were entered at Boston, Aug. 2, 1792, between Thomas Phillips of Boston and Experience Fuller of Roxbury.

JOHN, b. April 24, 1711; d. Nov. 3, 1711.

BETHIA, b. March 17, 1713.

JOHN, b. Dec. 21, 1717.

MARY, b. March 4, 1722.

8 THOMAS³, son of John (2) and Judith (Gay) Fuller, b. Nov. 19, 1681; m. 1st, Mary, dau. of Amos and Mary (Ellis) Fisher, b. Aug. 21, 1682, d. May 12, 1752. He m. 2dly, May 24, 1753, Mrs. Hannah, (d. Sept. 14, 1768), widow of Jeremiah Woodcock, mother of Mrs. Hannah Kingsbury, who married John Fuller, (16). Hannah Kingsbury, the daughter of Hannah by her first husband, married Thomas Fuller of Newton, and resided in Needham. Thomas (8) was one of the petitioners for the incorporation of Needham, in 1710. He was a farmer and lived in what is now known as the Howe House, on Great Plain avenue, in that town. It was built by him before June 22, 1708, when his father conveyed to him (Suffolk Deeds, Lib. 25, fol. 65) "Two acres of land near North Hill upon which said Thomas Fuller's house and barn now stand." Mr. Charles C. Greenwood, of Needham, has in his possession an unrecorded deed from John and Abigail (Fisher) Baker, dated 1708, of what was then and is now called Baker's Field. In this deed

Thomas is described as the son of "ye Reverend John Fuller." He d. March 23, 1767. Children:—

16. JOHN, b. March 14, 1708 ; m. Mrs. Hannah Kingsbury.

RICHARD, b. July 1, 1710 ; living in 1762. See Suffolk Deeds, Lib. 107, fol. 57. Not mentioned in his father's will, which was executed July 19, 1763.

THOMAS, b. Jan. 14, 1714 ; m. Oct. 16, 1766, Lydia Metcalf. She d. April 12, 1792. He d. without issue. [N. E. Hist. Gen. Reg., (VI, 175,) for April, 1852.]

MARY, b. Oct. 20, 1716 ; m. May 22, 1740, Deacon John Fisher. She d. before July 19, 1763.

JUDITH, b. Dec. 4, 1719 ; m. John Mills, Nov. 23, 1738. She d. in 1800.—See *Columbian Minerva* for March, 1800.

ESTHER, b. Jan. 14, 1723–4. She is not mentioned again in Needham records or in her father's will [Suffolk Wills Lib. 65, fol. 587]. Esther Fuller married at Willington, Conn., Dec. 31, 1747, Elisha Fuller, son of David Fuller, of Rehoboth, who moved to Coventry, Conn., in 1713, where Elisha was born April 23, 1720. It has been supposed that it was Rev. Daniel's (13) daughter Esther who married Elisha, and as Elisha's wife died in 1808, aged 84, it might have been either of them. The writer is unable to tell which it was, although he believes it was Esther, daughter of Thomas, but states the evidence as it comes to him. He bases his opinion upon the reliability of Mr. Stephen Palmer Fuller's records [see Daniel (13)], and upon the fact that she had a sister living at Killingly ; that Rev. Daniel was her father's cousin ; that she might have been in Conn. visiting her sister, and have gone to Willington to visit Rev. Daniel's family and have been married by him. Her being married out of Massachusetts would account for her marriage not being recorded at Needham. The strong point against this is that she is not mentioned in her father's will. It is quite certain that it was one of them, as it is improbable that there were three Esther Fullers born in 1724.

ELIZABETH, b. Jan. 19, 1728–9 ; m. Hezekiah Gay, Nov. 27, 1746, and removed to Killingly, Conn. [N. E. Hist. Gen. Reg. (XXXIII, 52) for Jan., 1879.]

9. CAPT. ROBERT³, son of John (2) and Judith (Gay) Fuller, b. Aug. 11, 1685; m. 1st, Mary Parker, who d. March 7, 1718; m. 2dly, Sarah Mills, July 6, 1721. He d. March 3, 1769. She d. Nov. 5, 1765. He was one of the petitioners for the incorporation of Needham in 1710; Selectman, Town Clerk or Treasurer of that town for more than twenty-five years. He was Captain of a company in His Majesty's service, which marched into Boston Sept. 23, 1747, and was paid for five days' service. He resided upon the Burrill Farm, which is now the summer residence of Miss Annie Clark, in Wellesley. "At a general meeting of the Inhabitants of Needham, March 10, 1711-12, it was voted to "retain the services of Rev. Mr. Oakes to preach ye Gospell if we can retain ye house of Robert Fuller to meet in upon ye Lord's day for a year," and on Oct. 29, 1712, it was "Voted yt ye Town should giue Robart Fuller 12 pence a weeke for his House Rent a year and roome in his Barn for to lay hay for to keep the reuuet Mr. Deming's Cattell and that Robart Fuller should provide a conveinent studdy for Mr. Deming in Casse that Robart Fuller should want his littell roome in ye spring of ye year." Children:—

17. ROBERT, b. June 16, 1714; m. Sarah Eaton.

MARY, b. Aug. 17, 1717; m. Ebenezer Ware; and d. Sept. 6, 1804. [N. E. H. & G. Reg., XLI, 46.]

SARAH, b. April 10, 1722.

HANNAH, b. Oct. 14, 1726. Sarah and Hannah are not again mentioned in Needham records.

ABIGAIL, b. April 8, 1730; m. Eliphalet Kingsbury. She d. June 23, 1788.

It is impossible to print more of the Fuller Family in this number of the REGISTER; but a continuation of about twelve pages will appear in April.

(To be continued.)

CONNECTICUT CORNER, DEDHAM, BEFORE 1810.

BY CALVIN GUILD.

THE following is a sketch of the relative position of the buildings and occupants of Connecticut Corner. The length of street comprised

in this plan is about one quarter of a mile, and runs from southwest to northeast, commencing with the first house at the southeast and ending with the last building on the northeast. The first house erected in this part of the Upper Village is supposed to have been built by Isaac Whiting for his own use, and afterwards was willed, with considerable other property, to his three sons, Nathaniel, Fisher and Calvin, and his wife Rebecca; he also gave three or four small gifts to his grandchildren. The first use Calvin Whiting made of his newly acquired property was to dispose of a large portion of the land. He then entered into partnership with Eli Parsons, a tin-ware worker, supposed to have come from Connecticut, for the manufacture of tin ware. Workmen skilled in this trade came with Mr. Parsons from that state with tools, tin carts and all else necessary for successfully carrying on the business. This created a necessity for many other kinds of trade. The coming of these men gave the Upper Village its name of Connecticut Corner. They, Whiting and Parsons, taking in one Barnabas Langdon as a partner, engaged in speculations of various kinds. Mr. Whiting, an ingenious inventor, obtained several patents for his inventions, and furnished all or a part of the necessary funds.

An amusing story is told of Mr. Whiting. The law required attendance on church service at least twice a year. Mr. Whiting was very careful to obey the law, always being present two services; all other Sabbaths he spent in his mill studying out his inventions. He had been busy all one week trying to get a certain motion in one of his machines, and was still at work on it when the Sabbath came. He went to meeting, and, as usual, fell asleep; he dreamed out the motion, jumped up, threw out his arms, and shouted, "I've got it."

He also entered into partnership with Samuel Lowder for the working of wool. They caused a dam to be built at the outlet of the Fisher ice pond, now so called, and by a conduit conveyed the water to a water-wheel on low ground in the rear of the Lowder house. They erected a suitable building over the wheel and filled it with machinery for carding wool. Mr. Whiting then made improvements on the machinery, and the partners obtained patents for the same; but the expenses of his patents, machinery, etc., were so great that his property was nearly all used up. Mr. Whiting also engaged, to some extent, in the grocery business. The two columns below give the names of persons on both sides of High street, showing the relative location of the houses within the distance mentioned above, starting at the southerly point.

Nathaniel Whiting.				
Richard Webb, shoemaker.				
Calvin Whiting.		Rev. Ebenezer Wight.		
Samuel Lowder.	Joseph Wight, farmer.	John Baker, }	Fred Day.	
		wheelwright, }		
and tin shop. }				
<i>Lowder Street.</i>		<i>Haven Street.</i>		
Jason Messinger's blacksmith shop.		A shop.	E. Hunnewell.	
		Ebenezer and Charles Hunnewell's houses and carriage shop.		
		{ Jason Messinger, Reuben Newell, grocer, and later Jesse Clapp.		
Calvin Guild.		Amasa Guild, and blacksmith shop.		
Mr. Guild's hatter's shop.		Eliphalet Baker, carpenter.		
Paul Fisher, carpenter.		Martin Bates, and blacksmith shop.		
		Josiah Fisher, machinist.		
		School House.		
		Town Poor House.		

The house on Haven street owned by Fred Day was used in the War of 1812 as a barrack by the militia. Mr. Calvin Guild's house was moved in 1800 from the land of Edward Dowse near Reuben Guild's. Many oxen and horses were used in moving it, which required two day's time. The frame is of large oak timber. Eliphalet Baker, on his return from the south, where he spent some time at his trade, built his house after a southern style, it is said, with the front door in the corner nearest the street. Mr. Amasa Guild followed Mr. Baker's plan in the construction of his house. The schoolhouse stood very near the present site.

NEEDHAM BRANCH OF THE TOLMAN FAMILY.

COMPILED BY ANNA MARIA (TOLMAN) PICKFORD.

Lynn, Mass.

THE name Tolman was originally "le Tollere" or "le Toller," then "Toleman" and "Tolman," meaning they who took the King's levy. There is a tradition that the family was of German origin, and settled early in England. The earliest record of

the name, that I have found, is of a "Sir Thomas Tolman grand Almoner to Egbert, first king of the united Saxons, A. D. 825." I have also seen it stated that "Sir Thomas Tolman, head of Tolman family, was of North Lincolnshire, England. His nephew was a favorite of Charles I." "Sir Thomas Tolman commanded a regiment of Puritans at Marston Moor in 1644."

It is claimed by members of the family that the following is a description of the coat of arms:—"Sa. a martlet ar. betw. three ducal crowns or. Crest—Two arms in armour enbowed, wielding a battle axe, all ppi." A partial record of the family may be found in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register (Vol. XIV., pp. 247—260) for July, 1860, and in the history of Thomaston, Maine.

1. THOMAS TOLMAN¹, was born in England, undoubtedly in Salcomb Regis, Devonshire, two miles northeast of Sedmouth, in 1608, as the parish records of that place state that "Thomas Tolman (son of Thomas) was baptised, December 9, 1608." It is also recorded that Thomas Tolman died there and was buried August 24, 1632; and he was probably father of the above. Mr. Tolman sailed from Plymouth, England, on March 20, 1630, in the "Mary and John," Capt. Squeb, arrived at Nantucket on May 30 following, and settled in Dorchester, Mass., in 1635. He married 1st, Sarah [], and 2dly, Katharine [], who died on Nov. 7, 1677. He was made freeman May 31, 1640; was Selectman in 1661, and died June 18, 1690, in his 82d year. He was buried, probably, in the old cemetery at Upham's Corner, Dorchester, in the oldest part, where the graves at that time were covered with stones to prevent the ravages of the wolves. He owned a large tract of land westerly of Neponset Bridge, and lands which are now included in the bounds of Sharon, Stoughton and Canton, extending in length about seven miles. His house stood on the north side of Pine Neck Creek, over which the turnpike road passes, about a quarter of a mile from the bridge. He was one of the signers of the covenant of the First Church in Dorchester, made in 1636, and his name is mentioned many times not only on the church record but on the earliest town records of that place. The first record of the town

states that, "It is ordered that Goodman Tolman's house be appointed for the receiving any goods that shall be brought in whereof the owner is not known."

(To be continued.)

REPLY.

1. In reply to Query No. 8 very little can be said, as nearly every one who was connected with the societies is dead or far removed from all knowledge of them. It is recollected that Rev. E. Burgess, soon after his settlement over the First Congregational Church and Society began his work of labor and love by calling together the young people and assisting them to form a society for the study of the sacred Scriptures. To make the study more useful and interesting, a library was formed of such books as would be adapted to that purpose. The books were preserved with great care in a book-case made for them. The meetings were held the first or second Monday evening of each month, some time in the new chapel connected with the new meeting-house, afterwards in the one at East Dedham. They were continued for a long time, until circumstances rendered it advisable for them to be dissolved. The dates of the formation or dissolution of the societies are uncertain, as the records cannot now be found, excepting a book containing some minutes relating to the Young Men's Society, which was formed Oct. 22, 1821. At a meeting of this society held on May 15, 1826, a committee was chosen "to solicit and receive donations to establish a Library." A few books are still preserved, but they contain no dates.

The following is taken from Dr. Burgess's fortieth anniversary sermon ; —

Much labor has been expended on the youthful and changing population in our manufacturing villages, in the eastern parts of our town. No work of mine was more gratefully accepted, or richly rewarded, or has so died out of the memory of the living. Scores of sermons did I preach in schoolhouses and dining halls at East Dedham and Readville, and the Bible classes were long sustained. Hundreds of evenings, dark and cold, were devoted to these services; and my obligation to Mr. and Mrs. Frederic A. Taft, Mrs. Wentworth and others now living, for their assistance, can never be forgotten. As a result, more than one hundred were added to this church.

CALVIN GUILD.

1970



W. Clark Minister,
of
Christ Church
Dedham

UOFM

woman in years ; and that the estate hath lately been appraised by persons upon oath at between £700 and £800 sterling—a handsome bequest, as Dr. Miller rightly observes, from one who was only a private sentinel in the provincial troops in the summer preceding and died in the expedition against Crown Point.

The land for the Stoughton church was given by one of the people, Jonathan Kenny, and was deeded in 1754 “to the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, and to its successors forever, for a situation of a church for the worship of God according to the laws and usages of the Church of England and for a cemetery or burial place for the dead.” This church was building from 1754 to 1757. It stood on the east side of the road leading from Ponkapoag to Canton Corner, nearly opposite the present residence of Mr. Thomas Bailey Aldrich. The church in Dedham was begun in 1758, and was opened for worship on the first Sunday after Easter, 1761. It was a plain building, 40 by 30 feet, without pews or permanent furniture. It stood in Church Street, near the corner of Court Street, diagonally opposite the present St. Paul’s Church. It was called Christ Church. In these churches Dr. Miller officiated at intervals until his death in 1763. He was succeeded at Braintree by the Rev. Edward Winslow, who continued the services at Stoughton and Dedham. In his report for 1765 the number of families connected with the former was about twenty, with eighteen communicants. In Dedham there were ten families and eleven communicants. Service was held once a month except in very bad winter weather. The two congregations were often able to unite when the service was held in either church, so that they practically had worship nearly every other Sunday. The distance of a few miles which lay between them was not thought a long journey in those days.

But in 1767 a resident lay-reader took charge of these churches. This was Mr. William Clark, son of the Rev. Peter Clark, Congregational minister at Danvers, and a graduate of Harvard in 1759. The following is an account, in his own words, of the beginning of his work in Dedham and Stoughton :

In the year 1767, I was called to officiate among them as a Reader and a candidate for Holy Orders, where I continued to the middle of October, 1768, when I sailed for England, in which time I saw the great need they had of a resident minister—their unanimous importunity prevailed with me to pass by better offers. I collected money for my expenses to England from my own little patrimonial estate, with which I paid the whole expense of my voyage and residence in London, without a farthing's assistance except the Royal Bounty and one *moidure* from a person unknown. In London, being the winter season, I was obliged to stay just five months, when, soon after my ordination, I was seized with the small-pox and brought to death's door (which was very distressing as well as very expensive to me). I recovered and returned home in June, 1769. The whole expense of my voyage being about £80 of my personal property, and though my people received me kindly, I soon found I had all the malevolence of fanatical bigotry to encounter, and indeed a young man must have much courage who enters on a new mission in this country.

On his return from England Mr. Clark took up his residence in Dedham, where he seems to have been much respected. "He bore an amiable character, both in regard to his piety and his abilities," but he was deaf, and not very strong in bodily health. He married Mary, daughter of Timothy Richards of Dedham, September 15, 1770.

In the S. P. G. report for 1770 occurs the following :—

The Society have received information from the Rev. Wm. Clarke, missionary at Stoughton and Dedham, of his safe arrival and kind reception from the people. He officiates twice every Sunday in the Churches of these places alternately, and on other days as occasion serves. He finds 25 families belonging to his two churches. Several moderate dissenters constantly come to Church, and several Indians, descendants of the ancient inhabitants of the country who have heretofore led dissolute lives, frequently attend and behave devoutly. His communicants are 33, all serious, good livers, to whom he administers once a month.

But Mr. Clark labored under great difficulties, which proved in the end to be too much for him. In Stoughton, especially, the church people, few and weak as they were, quarreled much

among themselves. Mr. Clark changed his own residence to Stoughton, hoping to mend matters by living among the disaffected ones, but this seems to have failed and he afterwards returned to Dedham. In 1774 he wrote to the Society in England that "those of the Stoughton people who are well disposed towards him, promise to attend his ministry in Dedham as often as they possibly can, but that it is not practicable for him to resume his duty at Stoughton, the church doors being shut against him." It would seem that he at last succeeded in subduing the rebellious element in Stoughton, and that he also extended his ministry to Bridgewater, for in the report for 1776 occurs the following: "Mr. Clarke officiates once a month at Stoughton, and continues his usual attendance at Bridgewater." In the parish register we find that on St. Barnabas day, 1776, the members of the Stoughton parish met and elected John Spare and Henry Crane wardens until the next Easter.

But a new difficulty arose about holding service in the two churches. Those were troublous days in the state, and Mr. Clark fell under the suspicion of his neighbours in Dedham as an ardent royalist. "I pray that God may open the eyes of an infatuated and deluded people," he says, "before it be too late, that they may see how nearly their happiness is connected with a subjection to the king and parliament of Great Britain." Before 1778 the S. P. G. in England had received word from Mr. Winslow of Braintree, that "he and Mr. Clarke of Dedham had determined to shut up their churches if they were required to pray for the present rulers." By this time, however, the churches were already closed by outside compulsion. The Dedham church was used for a military store house during the war, and all its services were suspended. The last record of the Dedham parish made by Mr. Clark is as follows:—

The generality of the brethren being together in a time of persecution and when drove from public worship in the church, Timothy Richards and Joshua Kingsbury were chosen wardens for the present year, Joshua Kingsbury also clerk. Easter Sunday, March 30, 1777.

It is said that, after this, services were held in the house of Timothy Richards. Before long, however, Mr. Clark was arrested, and being taken before the revolutionary tribunal in Boston was required to acknowledge the independence of the colonies. This he refused to do, saying that it was "contrary to the sentiment he had of his duty to his King, his country, and his God." In August, 1777, he was sent to the guard ship in Boston harbor, where he lay imprisoned for about ten weeks. He was then released, and in the autumn of 1778 was allowed to go to England. He lived there until 1786. In all these years his name appeared on the S. P. G. lists as still in receipt of his annual stipend of £20, although, as the report says in 1785, "his infirmities of body render him incapable of any service." His health had not been improved in the course of his "many annoyances and sufferings." His first wife had died in 1778. In 1786 he came to Nova Scotia, married again, and returned to the United States, taking up his residence in Quincy. But he never officiated again at Dedham or Stoughton. He died in 1815, and the following epitaph may still be read on his tomb in Quincy:—

IN MEMORIAM.

Reverendi Gulielmi Clark, cujus
 cineres sub hoc lapide sunt depositi,
 olim quibusdam annis apud Dedham
 Ministri Episcopalis, at pro annis pluribus
 ab officio sacerdotali per corporis infirmitates
 exclusi. Molestias varias et dolores per
 vitam sustinuit, providentiae divinae
 submissus et in spe ad vitam eternam
 resurrectionis beatae obit, Nov. die iv
 A. D. MDCCCXV Aet. LXXV
 Abi Viator, Disce vivere, Disce pati,
 Disce mori! In Christo mea vita latet
 mea gloria Christus, et illius tandem
 potestate omnipotente resurgam.

Mr. Clark was the only clergyman of the English Church who lived in Dedham before the Revolution. There is a considerable collection of manuscript sermons which were preached by him in his two churches, with the dates affixed; and the records of his various baptisms, funerals, etc. still remain, in his own handwriting, in the oldest parish register of St. Paul's, Dedham. One book as well as one minister served for both parishes. These records show that, after the Revolution, an attempt was made to revive the church in Stoughton.

At a meeting of the members of the Episcopal Church in Stoughton, April 21, 1783, the following officers were chosen: Messrs. Henry Crane and John Spare, wardens; Joseph Aspinwall, clerk. Voted, that the members of this church put themselves under the care of Rev. Samuel Parker, of Boston, and ask him to officiate at this church as often as his convenience permit, and administer the ordinances of the gospel to us.

On Wednesday, July 2, 1783, Rev. Mr. Parker accepted our choice and preached at Trinity Church, Stoughton, and publickly baptised the following children: Fanny, daughter of Fisher Kingsbury, by Chloe Kenny, his wife; and James, Mehitabel, and Peggy, children of John Spare, by Elizabeth Barber, his wife.

How often service was held after this is not known, but in 1784 the Stoughton church was formally incorporated into the new diocese and it was represented by a delegate (Joseph Aspinwall) in the second convention of the Diocese, in 1785. The church stood empty and desolate for several years and then it was dismembered. The framework was moved across the fields and made into a dwelling-house, which was burned in 1874. Available portions of the building, probably the pews, pulpit, &c., were used in the rebuilding of the church in Dedham. This parish had been much more fortunate. Services were resumed in Dedham soon after the war, and various clergymen took the duty temporarily until 1792, when the Rev. William Montague became the rector (1792-1821). The church of 1758 had never been fully completed. In 1797 it was moved to Franklin square and rebuilt. In this church, which was consecrated by Bishop Bass in 1798, a pew was set apart for the

use of the Stoughton people when they were able to attend the service, and was known as "the Stoughton pew." This pew in St. Paul's, Dedham, was all the outward memorial that remained of the old church at Ponkapoag, except the bible and prayer book, in folio, which were sent to the Stoughton church by the S. P. G. and are now in the Diocesan Library. The printed reports and manuscript records and sermons of the missionary also still bear witness to many years of worship and faithful work in this parish before its life ceased.

In 1876, among the centennial observances in Canton, there was held "a Memorial service of the old English Church," in the Unitarian meeting-house near Canton Corner. About the same time the Selectmen of Canton had an inscription cut on the gate-post of the ancient churchyard, which still remains with its graves undisturbed,—"Here stood y^e old English Church, 1754-1796."

[There are now three chapels of the Episcopal Church in what was originally the town of Stoughton. In 1884 a mission was begun in the principal village of Canton, about two miles from the old churchyard. This mission (which is called Trinity Church, Canton) is prosperous and numbers about 60 communicants. A year or two later, a mission was also started in Stoughton village, which is called Trinity Church, Stoughton. It numbers 25 communicants. Both of these churches have obtained centrally-located lots of land on which they hope to build in the near future. At present the services are held in hired halls. During the last year a considerable estate near the village of Stoughton was purchased for the country home of the House of Mercy, an institution under the charge of the Episcopal Church. There is a chapel in connection with this institution where regular services are held. It was the first official act of Bishop Lawrence to consecrate the buildings of this House of Mercy. The services in all three of these places are under the charge of the Rev. George Walker, as missionary of the Diocesan Board of Missions. He resides in Canton not far from the old Stoughton home of the Rev. William Clark.]

2020



W. Colburn

statue of Warren Colburn, as the first great benefactor of the common schools, would stand where by right it should stand, in front of the State House in Boston, and where, it may reasonably be hoped, it will, when the remodelled State House is erected.

During the childhood of Warren Colburn the narrow circumstances of the family caused his father to remove to the Clapboardtrees district, and subsequently to Milford, Uxbridge, Pawtucket, Canton and Walpole. At this last residence, the son attained manhood and started out for himself in the world by working at Plymouth as a machinist. Thence, he went to Easton in the same employment at a small factory then at that village; there, by night study and other intervals that offered,

was taught, and was translated into European tongues. In twenty-five years its sale in America had reached 100,000 copies annually, while half that number were disposed of in Great Britain. After twenty years' constant use of it, Mr. George B. Emerson, first Head Master of the English High School, at Boston, said it was the most valuable school book ever produced in this country; and his successor, who occupied the post forty years, called the work not only the best in this country, but in the world. Had merit and valuable service been preferred to prominence in political strife, the

This cut of Mr. Colburn appears in the REGISTER by the kind permission of Messrs. Houghton, Mifflin & Co., publishers of Colburn's Arithmetic, in the last issue of which work it forms the frontispiece. The original of the half-tone engraving is a lithograph owned by Mrs. F. O. C. Darley, of Claymont, Delaware, a daughter of Mr. Colburn.

he began to fit for college, under the instruction of Rev. Mr. Richmond, of Stoughton. In 1817 he entered, and in 1820 he was graduated, at Harvard College. He was the senior member of the class, among whom were Rev. Dr. William H. Furness, of Philadelphia, Rev. Dr. Ezra Stiles Gannett, of Boston, Rev. Dr. Edward B. Hall, of Providence, Gov. Charles Paine, of Vermont, Rev. Dr. Alexander Young, of Boston, and Dr. Augustus Peirce, author of the once famous "Rebelliad." After graduation, Mr. Colburn taught with success a private school in Boston, while he prepared his little Arithmetic for the press. In this position he became acquainted with Mr. Patrick Tracy Jackson, the eminent Boston merchant who, with his brother-in-law, Mr. Francis Cabot Lowell, introduced the power loom among American cotton factories. Mr. Jackson recognized in Mr. Colburn the union of business qualities with scientific attainment he had been looking for, and he offered the school master the superintendency of the Boston Manufacturing Company, at Waltham. Mr. Colburn accepted and removed to Waltham in 1823; when, feeling settled in business, he married. The next year he was called to the superintendency of the Merrimac Company, in Lowell, and in that position passed the remainder of his life. His early death in 1833 caused an exhibition of sincere and wide spread sorrow.

As a citizen of Lowell, Mr. Colburn served as a member of the School Committee, organized a Teachers' Association and was actively engaged in every step in the establishment of the public schools in that, then new, town. In this committee originated the system which has resulted in the perfected graded schools of to-day. With strong opposition, it carried the abolition of the old district school, where children of all ages were gathered in one room, and established primary and grammar schools. In a few years, a high school was added by this same committee. Annually the committee prepared a report to the town of the progress of the schools, which was printed and distributed among the citizens. These pioneer steps have been followed throughout the State and so demonstrated their value

that the policy of Massachusetts may be considered settled. It may and must improve; for, thanks to Warren Colburn, the district school has passed away.

Mr. Colburn was a promoter, and served as curator of the Middlesex County Lyceum, designed to extend to the community the benefits of public lectures of an instructive character, equivalent to the Rumford course at Harvard College. He, himself, lectured upon light, electricity, hydraulics, astronomy, natural history, the eye, etc., introducing to his audiences the wonders of the telescope, the microscope, the magic lantern and other illustrations of the benefit of lenses, explaining and making familiar the phenomena of the seasons, of thunder and lightning, of heat, etc. He was a Vice-President of the Lowell Institution for Savings, a fellow of the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, and, for several years, one of the Examining Committee at Harvard College. As a christian, he filled the office of church warden of St. Anne's, Lowell, and occasionally conducted public worship as a lay-reader. In the midst of this busy life, Mr. Colburn was attacked with a fever, and died peacefully and calmly on the 13th of September, 1833. In personal appearance Warren Colburn was a gentleman of a stature a little less than six feet and of a well proportioned figure. He was modest and unobtrusive and attracted friends by the simplicity of his manners, the sincerity of his character and the kindness of his uniform deportment.

In lineage, he was a descendant of Nathaniel Colburn (1637) of Dedham, of whose present descendants, dwelling at Dedham, a well considered and valuable genealogy appeared in the REGISTER for July, 1891. We continue the genealogy from page 10 of that number, beginning with the eldest son of Ephraim (4) and Elizabeth (Whiting) Colburn.

4a. SAMUEL⁴ (*Ephraim³ Samuel² Nathaniel¹*) Colburn was born at Dedham, 6 March, 1714; m. 2 July, 1740, Mary Fairbanks, b. 6 June, 1724, daughter of Benjamin and Abigail () Fairbanks, of Dedham. She died 10 December, 1750, and Samuel married 2dly, 21 June, 1751, Mercy Dean,

b. 27 Sept., 1726, daughter of Ebenezer and Judith ()
Dean, of Dedham. She died at Milford 13 October, 1801, and
Samuel 18 October, 1804. Children :—

MARY, b. 4 Feb. 1741–2, by first wife ; d. 16 April, 1742.
SAMUEL, b. 3 April, 1743 ; m. 3 Feb., 1770, Mehitable,
b. 20 Feb., 1750, dau. of William and Mehitable (Hixon)
Lewis, of Dedham.

THOMAS, b. 13 June, 1744 ; d. 25 October, 1750.

ABNER, b. 28 Feb., 1746 ; m. 10 December, 1772, Azubah
Gay, b. 21 November, 1753, dau. of Timothy and Azu-
bah (Thorp) Gay of Dedham.

ICHABOD, b. 23 June, 1750 ; d. 11 August, 1753.

LEWIS, b. 5 Jan., 1752, by second wife ; m. 26 August,
1773, Mary, b. 5 Feb., 1754, dau. of Samuel and Mary
(Sturges) Onion of Dedham ; d. 1 June, 1843.

THOMAS, b. 28 Feb., 1753 ; m. Rebecca Gay ; d. 17 March,
1826.

MARY, b. 28 July, 1754 ; m. 16 Dec., 1779, Oliver Ellis.

MERCY, b. 13 Jan., 1756 ; m. 5 Sept., 1776, Ebenezer
Smith.

SOLOMON, b. 22 Oct., 1757.

REBECCA, b. 19 July, 1759 ; m. 13 July, 1780, John
Richards.

JOEL, b. 4 Feb., 1761 ; d. 9 July, 1762.

OLIVE, b. 2 Nov., 1764 ; d. 15 July, 1840.

CHARLOTTE, b. 20 Jan., 1767 ; m. 28 July, 1785, Thaddeus
Gay.

4b. RICHARD, b. 14 April 1768 ; d. 14 Dec., 1836.

Anonym, b. same date ; d. 14 April, 1768.

4b. RICHARD⁵, son of Samuel (4a) and Mercy (Dean)
Colburn was born at Dedham, 14 April, 1768 ; m. at Boston,
13 April, 1792, Joanna, b. 1 March, 1773, dau. of Joseph and
Mary (Fairbanks) Eaton, of Dedham. They dwelt at Ded-
ham for a few years, and the eldest two children were born
there. In 1798, having purchased a farm of Dea. Enoch Adams
at Milford, he removed their little family and his aged parents
to that town. There his parents died, and, in 1806, he sold the

farm to Ira Cleveland, by whose name the place has been since generally known. His subsequent life was spent at several places, chiefly at Walpole. Mr. Colburn died 14 Dec., 1836.

Children :—

4c. WARREN, b. 1 March, 1793; d. 13 September, 1833.

ROXA, b. 10 Dec., 1794; m. Elijah Thompson, of Walpole.

NANCY, b. 19 May, 1799; m. 21 May, 1817, David Cook, b. Tiverton, R. I., 6 Sept., 1795, son of George and Hannah (Gray) Cook; d. Lebanon, Tenn., 17 Nov., 1876. He d. at same place, 17 June, 1878.

LEONARD, b. 31 Dec., 1801.

JOANNA, b. 21 June, 1804; m. Lyman Park, of Charlton.

ELIZABETH, b. 25 Feb., 1808; m. 1 April, 1830, Ezra Keyes, of Dover.

4d. JOSEPH EATON, b. 29 March, 1812; d. 5 March, 1840.

4e. SAMUEL RICHARD, b. 3 Nov., 1815. Residence, Norwich, Ct.

4c. WARREN⁶, son of Richard and Joanna (Eaton) Colburn; was b. at Dedham, 1 March, 1793; m. 28 August, 1823, Temperance C., b. at Brewer, Maine, Oct., 1799, dau. of Gideon and Temperance (Kenny) Horton. They dwelt at Waltham and Lowell. After her husband's death Mrs. Colburn resided at Cambridge. Mr. Colburn died at Lowell 13 September, 1833, and Mrs. Colburn at Cambridge in April, 1870. Children :—

4f. WARREN, b. 18 August, 1824; d. 15 Sept., 1879.

JAMES CARTER, b. [] 1826; d. Dec., 1832.

MARY ANN, b. [] 1827; d. 14 Dec., 1850.

JANE GREEN, b. 9 Feb., 1829; m. 20 Oct., 1859, Felix O. C. Darley. Residence, Claymont, Delaware.

JAMES HENRY, b. April, 1831; d. in infancy.

SARAH HORTON, b. July, 1832; m. 1862, Dr. Edward B. Dalton; d. August, 1869.

THEODORE EDSON, b. 21 April, 1834 (A. B., Harv., 1854); d. 5 July, 1889.

4d. JOSEPH EATON⁶, son of Richard and Joanna (Eaton) Colburn, was born at Walpole, 29 March, 1812; m. at Lowell, 22 Sept., 1833, Ann W. Kimball. He was a teacher in public

schools; d. 5 March, 1840, and his widow, 20 Nov., 1856.
Children:—

ALVIRA ANN, b. 11 February, 1835; m. George Chapman;
d. July, 1854.

HENRY JOSEPH, b. 22 February, 1838. Res., Toledo, O.

4e. SAMUEL RICHARD⁶, son of Richard and Joanna (Eaton) Colburn, was b. at Walpole, 3 Nov., 1815; m. at Lowell, 1st, 14 Sept., 1836, Achsah Warren, who died soon; and 2dly, 10 March, 1840, Caroline Burt, b. at Tewksbury, 26 March, 1815, dau. of Thomas and Hannah (Kidder) Burt.

Mr. Colburn was educated at the Lancaster Academy, under the instruction of James Gordon Carter, A. M. (H. C., 1820), the classmate and life long friend of his brother Warren. Afterward he learned the machinist's trade in the machine shop of the Merrimac corporation in Lowell, where his brother was resident agent. Following this, at the age of twenty years, he had the making and charge, while running, of the watch clocks, invented by his brother, in all the corporation factories at Lowell. While resident in that city, Mr. Colburn belonged to the Mechanics Phalanx, and Merrimack Engine Company, No. 4. When the Western Railroad (now the Boston and Albany) was building he was employed at the Swamp Locks Machine Co., where he worked upon, and took out upon the road the first two engines run over the Western Railroad, about two weeks in advance of its formal opening.

Mr. Colburn was an engineer on this road about seven years. After a severe illness, he left there and went to Cambridge, where he made for Elias Howe the working model of the first sewing machine, which is now at the Patent Office at Washington. After this he was engineer on the Boston and Worcester Railroad; then foreman in the locomotive department of that road; and subsequently he had charge of the "setting up" department of the locomotive works at Lawrence, Mass., where his last work was the setting up of a 300 horse power, low pressure stationary engine for Merrifield of Worcester. Mr. Colburn removed to Norwich, Conn., and entered the employ of

the Norwich and Worcester Railroad, in 1855, as Superintendent of Motive Power, in which capacity he remained until 1883. In 1885, Mr. Colburn was elected on the Republican ticket, City Treasurer of Norwich, Conn., which office he held for several years. Mr. and Mrs. Colburn reside on Grove Street, in that city. Since he has left Lowell he has written his name without the "Samuel," Child:—

CAROLINE EUGENIE¹, b. 4 Nov., 1843; m. 19 Oct., 1870,
John D. Benson. They reside at Norwich, Conn.

4f. WARREN⁷, son of Warren (4c) and Temperance C. (Horton) Colburn, was born at Waltham, 18 August, 1824; m. 19 June, 1850, Lavinia Curtiss Parmalee, b. at Stockbridge, N. Y., 4 Dec., 1827, dau. of Capt. Horace and Lavinia (Munn) Parmalee, of Syracuse, N. Y. They dwelt at Toledo, O. Mr. Colburn died at Saratoga Springs, 15 Sept., 1879. Mrs. Colburn still resides at Toledo. Mr. Colburn's early instruction was obtained in the public schools of Lowell, and completed, after the death of his father, at Rev. Dr. Muhlenburg's school at Flushing, L. I. His aptitude in mathematics was manifested at an early age, so that his earliest business consisted in the preparation of a series of insurance tables and computations as an actuary.

From this employment he took position on the engineering staff, engaged in the construction of the Fitchburg Railroad. He was, successively, First Assistant Engineer of the Cheshire (N. H.) Railroad; Chief Engineer of the Ashuelot (N. H.) Railroad; Chief Engineer of the Rochester, Lockport and Niagara Falls (N. Y.) Railroad; General Manager of the New York Central Railroad; Chief Engineer of the Lake Erie, Wabash and St. Louis Railroad; Chief Engineer of the Decatur and East St. Louis (Ill.) Railroad, and President of the Lafayette, Bloomington and Mississippi (Ill.) Railroad. In 1871, Mr. Colburn took vacation and made a tour of Europe. On his return, he became Vice-President and Manager of the Wabash System of Railways.

Mr. Colburn was one of the brightest civil engineers this

country ever produced. His sagacity fully anticipated and appreciated the possibilities of the future. The plans and details of locomotives, passenger cars and other equipments for the Wabash lines were furnished by him; and the fact that they are still in service, is an evidence of the foresight of their designer, who was fully a quarter of a century in advance of his own time.

Personally, Mr. Colburn was healthful and unusually vigorous in his constitution. Tall, broad-shouldered, muscular, his was an imposing presence, with features finely cut, a face lighted with a clear, bright eye, and pervaded with a youthful enthusiasm, animation, intelligence and intensity of purpose. A wide circle of friends, from the seaboard to the west, loved him, and still cherish and preserve his memory. Child:—

WARREN, b. 19 Jan., 1852; d. August, 1856.

THE SCHOOLS AND TEACHERS OF DEDHAM.

BY CARLOS SLAFTER.

(Continued from page 7.)

THE next summer, 1809, the Second Middle School was taught by Chloe Morse, the sister of Rev. Abner Morse, the genealogist, and the aunt of the Hon. Elijah Adams Morse, now a Representative in Congress.

About 1809 James B. Dorrance, Brown Univ., 1809, for a few weeks only, taught the First Middle School. Afterwards he was a well-known capitalist at Providence, R. I.

He was succeeded by Titus Strong, who had been a writer in the office of Horatio Townsend, Esq., Clerk of Courts. He was a fine elocutionist and interested his school in speaking and composition. For a time he edited the Norfolk Repository. Finding some church books in Mr. Townsend's office he was induced by their perusal to study for the ministry, and was ordained deacon in 1814, and in 1815 became the Rector of St.

James's Church; Greenfield, Mass. He taught several terms, one as late as 1813-14. Among the Intentions of Marriage in Dedham is the following: "Mr. Titus Strong and Miss Hannah Dwight; both of Dedham, June 24, 1808." Dr. Strong ranked high among the clergy of the Diocese of Massachusetts, and by his numerous publications was widely influential.

We find Edward Rawson teaching the West Dedham School (now Colburn) 1809-10; but we are unable to give any facts of his antecedent or subsequent history, except that he probably died at Woonsocket, R. I., June, 1833.

Ansel French taught the Mill School, fourteen weeks, 1809-10. I find his name nowhere else in Dedham records, or any other.

In the summer of 1810 Nabby Dean had the Colburn School under her care; and in 1812 that which is now styled the Fisher School received her instructions. She may have been the daughter of David and Mary, born Dec. 17, 1778.

Harriot Wilson taught the Mill School three summers, 1810, 1812, and 1817. The first summer she received precisely \$1.45 a week. We hope they made it \$1.50 afterwards.

In 1809 Sybil Mudge was school mistress in the Second Middle, or Upper Village district. No other fact of her history has been recorded.

Joseph Onion began to teach school in the Second Middle district in 1810. He had charge of the Clapboardtrees School in 1814 and 1815, and of the Westfield School in 1820-1, 1825-6 and 1826-7. He was born July 3, 1786, married Phelinda Bills, Dec. 25, 1816. He was a descendant of Robert Onion, one of the early settlers of Dedham, and always resided in this town, where he died Feb. 15, 1866, leaving five children, the oldest of whom is Capt. Henry Onion.

Daniel Armsby was schoolmaster two winters in West Dedham, 1810-11, and 1811-12. Other facts relating to him have been sought in vain.

Mrs. Hannah Richards, summer of 1811, was teaching in West Dedham. Was she the wife of Moses Richards who died in 1827, aged 42?

A Mr. Gould was the teacher of the Mill School 3 months, 1810-11; but nothing more definite is found.

The Clapboardtrees (now Fisher) School had two teachers in the summer of 1811, Roxa and Mary Whiting. The first was the daughter of Abner and Loaccada, born Jan. 29, 1789, and married Capt. Aaron Baker Nov. 4, 1812. She died Feb. 29, 1852, at the age of 63. The second was the daughter of Paul and Mary, born Oct. 18, 1793. Other facts concerning her are wanting.

Thaddeus Whiting, whose history, previous or subsequent, we have not been able to trace, taught the Westfield (now Burgess) School in the winter of 1811-12.

Fanny Bacon taught in West Dedham, 1812.

Shiah Battle, so his name appears in the only record I find, was master in the same school 1812-13.

The Mill School was taught by Luther Paul in the winter of 1812-13. He was the son of Ebenezer and Abigail, born in Dedham July 5, 1793, and became a resident in Newton, where he spent his days in agricultural pursuits.

The teacher in Westfield District, 1812, was Abigail Bullard, of whom we are able to give no very definite information. She was probably a sister of Willard Bullard, and a native of the district.

About 1813, Amos (?) Cotting taught the Second Middle School, and afterwards became an Episcopal clergyman. His father at that time lived on the spot where Mr. Albert Hale's house now stands.

Mrs. Richard Ellis was in charge of the Clapboardtrees School, summer of 1813. She married Mr. Ellis the winter before, when he was the schoolmaster, and seems to have taken his school as well as his house under her care. And yet she lived more than a hundred years, and died in Canton, Mass., Dec. 26, 1889.—See REGISTER, Vol. I, page 72.

Before 1800 Private Schools began to be maintained in Dedham village. The following obituary notice refers to one who was instrumental in giving such schools their good reputations:

"1814. Feb. 3. Died Mrs. Elizabeth Cranch, *Æ.* 60. for many years an eminent teacher of a Young Ladies' Academy."

Capt. Elijah Tucker of Milton made a good record as a teacher in Dedham. He began at Low Plain in 1814, continued in the Clapboardtrees, 1816-17, 1818-19; in East Street, 1826-7; again in Clapboardtrees, 1827-8 and 1828-9. He lived to be over ninety years of age.

Eliza Newell was evidently an excellent teacher, as she was entrusted with the care of the West Dedham children four long summers of 20 or more weeks in 1813, 14, 15, 16 and 17. She also taught the winter school of 1815-16.

Abigail Bigelow taught the Summer School in Westfield District, 1813.

Pliny Whitney taught at West Dedham in the winter of 1813-14.

Rufus Mills, of Needham, began to teach in the Westfield District, 1812-13, and continued in the Mill School, 1813-14 and 1815-16. He was the son of Samuel and Esther (Kingsbury) Mills, born May 10, 1792. He married in 1821, Sarah Eames, daughter of Rev. Stephen Palmer. He learned the printer's art in the office of the Dedham Gazette, when Judge Metcalf was editor. The Needham Chronicle of July 27, 1878, says: "In some respects he was a remarkable man, well preserved, companionable and courteous. And although the snows of four score years and ten had passed over his head, yet from his erect carriage and active movements, as he passed through our streets less than a year ago, it was hard to convince one unacquainted with him, that he was more than sixty, so remarkably did he bear his age." He died in July, 1878.

Justin W. Clark and Avery Rawson carried through the winter school in West Dedham, 1814-15; the former six, and the latter ten weeks. Of neither can we give any further information.

We find Deborah Dean teaching the Clapboardtrees School in 1814. We suppose she was the daughter of Samuel H. and Deborah, born Jan. 20, 1790; and that she married Samuel A.

Gerould of Keene, N. H., May 3, 1820. Such is the record of Rev. William Cogswell.

Joanna Whiting was mistress in the Mill School, 1814.

Samuel Fairbanks was master there, 1814-15. He may have been from Newton; and if so, was probably married by Mr. Cogswell to Miss Hannah Jackson, April 16, 1818.

If mistakes are made in respect to the teachers of this period, it will not be because the records are over-abundant. Also the aged persons who could give trustworthy information, died several years ago, so the reader must not be too exacting.

Fanny Baker was paid for teaching nine weeks in West Dedham, 1815.

Colburn Ellis was teaching in Westfield District in 1814-5 and 1818-9. He was the son of George and Molly, born Feb. 6, 1792, and married Lucy Ellis, of Walpole, March 11, 1815. Spent his life in West Dedham.

In the summer of 1815 the mistress of the Westfield School was Nancy Dana, of Watertown(?) In the year 1827 she became the wife of John Burrage, Jr., of Quincy.

Samuel M. Worcester, D. D., of Salem, while a member of Harvard College, from which he graduated in 1822, taught the Centre School one winter. I write this on the authority of the late Miss Elizabeth Skillings, who attended his school. He was a tutor and professor in Amherst College, and Pastor of the Tabernacle Church in Salem, Mass., from 1834 to 1860. He died in Salem, Aug. 16, 1866.

Frank Battelle taught in Mill Village, 1816-17; and Emory Fisher, in West Dedham the same winter. Of neither am I able to enlarge the record.

Clapboardtrees had Mrs. Fisher Starr for school-mistress summer of 1816. Who was Mrs. Fisher Starr? This record of publishment is found: "Mr. Fisher Starr of Dedham and Miss Hannah Soper of Milton, Aug. 26, 1814." He was the son of Samuel and Elizabeth, born Sept. 10, 1789.

(To be continued.)

EXTRACTS FROM THE AMES DIARY.

BY SARAH BRECK BAKER.

(Continued from page 33.)

JANUARY, 1789.

31 furious snow storm more than any this winter Little business, reading Gibbon's History & others.

MARCH.

21 N. Weatherby's w. buried.
27 Old wid Bullard & Tho' How dead.

JUNE.

10 heavy rain. 11 Meadows flooded. 12 rain steady 60 hours.
14 Vast Flood on Meadows still rising
16 Flood still rising this morning my corn & potatoes under water.
begins to fall.

20 I lent Dr Bullard my horse to go with Aaron Fuller & others, to the falls to persuade Eliot or Bixby to pull away some of the plank at their 2 Dams that the great flood may quickly go off from our Meadows or we shall have no hay next winter. But they did not succeed for water so high & breaking over the Dams they could not effect it—Bixby told Dr Bullard we might try and experiment with the Dams.

Mr Bill called John Gay & Oliv Smith to witness that Mr T. L. Halsey had no right to the fence round my woodlot before she signed her Deed to him of his Lot joining mine 12 may, 1779 for that I had bought & paid her for it.

23 Sunday men went broke hole Lewis's Dam.

JULY.

6 Two Camels here, exhibited at 9^d sight

SEPTEMBER.

2 Needham people rous'd at last to move the dams.
9 went falls, Eliot to remove and sell to morrow morn.
But Bixby put down the dam again
24 Genl Training vast concourse People.
30 water still rises on the Meadows some hay & grass still remains there under water & some of my Corn Potatoes & Cabbages surrounded with water and tho Eliot removed the Dam Bixby put it in again & keeps up the waters.

NOVEMBER.

4 went Boston with Betsy Attend^d., Medical Society Bot Surtout
26 Thanks^g thro' U^d States.

JANUARY, 1790.

7. went Genl Heaths J. Lowel's &c
13 Hon Peter Pennyman took Bill, to clear Charles river
23 Charles river fish Bill presented Court. About the 22^d of January the long expected Bill for clearing Charles river that fish may pass up from the sea was presented to Court upon the suggestion of Sam. Breck & Dr W^m Eustis two of the Boston Members that it would spoil Eliots important Manufacture of Snuff it was permitted to be read but Committed to Danl Whiting Esq^r from Sherborn (one of the former Com^{ee} that reported it might conflict with the Mills) & Davis of Plymouth
28 Appeared before the Committee, *Davis was changed* & the other two are, Major Reed of Roxbury, & Nathan Tyler of Uxbridge. We had but little talk on the matter & adjourned the hearing to Friday the 5th of Feb. ensuing. Eliot has presented a Counter petition in behalf of Mills against fish with 80 signers. James Morse & I had much discourse with many members of Court & Eliot.

NEEDHAM BRANCH OF THE TOLMAN FAMILY.

COMPILED BY ANNA MARIA (TOLMAN) PICKFORD.

Lynn, Mass.

(Continued from page 44.)

A copy of the will of Thomas Tolman is here given :—

In the name of God Amen : The twentieth-fift of ye Third moneth in the yeare of our Lord one thousand six hundred eighty-eight, I Thomas Tolman Seni^r of Dorchester in the Collony of the Massachusetts in New England being now through the great Goodness & Mercy of God praised be his name, entred into the Eightyeth yeare of my Age, but of good & sound memory & waiting dayly for my great chang, which I trust & beleive shall through the electing love of God & the Redeeming Grace of Christ, my only Lord & Saviour be most welcome & happy to mee. I Do make constitute & Declare this my last will & Testament in manner & forme following : Revokeing & hereby makeing voyd all former & other will & wills by me at any time made ; And first of all my will is that my body be decently buried (if God permit) by the care of my Executors hereafter named. Next I Doe will that all my just debts to every man be duely & speedily paid. Item unto my eldest son Thomas Tolman I give & confirme my present Dwelling house & barne to be his with the halfe Acre of land it stands upon as all the Land Meadow & Upland that I gave him at his marriage & that his Deede make mention of. Moreover that six acres w^c I bought since his Marriage, of Jonathan Birch to him his heirs & assigns forever : Provided always & it is my will & appointment, That he my son Thomas he, his heirs Execut^{rs} Administ^{rs} shall & do pay as followeth ; that is to say, to my Daughter Sarah Leadbetter the sume of fifteen pounds, & to my Daughter Rebekah Tucker, the like sume of fifteen pounds, in good current country pay at such reasonable price as it may pass between man & man, only my will is that my Daughter Rebekah be first paid ; because she may need it most. Also my will is that my son Thomas pay the sum of Fifteen pounds to the children of my Daughter Ruth Ryall Deceased in silver or at money price, if money be not to be had & to his sister Hannah Lyon let be paid six pound & ten shillings in silver

or at silver price, the legacies to my Daughter Ruth Rials children & to my Daughter Hannah Lyon I will that these two legacies be paid at two paym^t ye first paym^t to be two yeares after my Decease & the other paym^t foure yeares after my Decease & all the other legacies before mentioned I will that they be paid in foure years after my Decease. viz the first yeare one Quarter part & the second another quarter part & ye third yeare another quarter part, & the fourth yeare I will that the whole be fully paid & discharged, so that all be paid in ye space of four yeares after my decease.

Item I give my son Thomas my great club axe.

Item unto my son John Tolman I give & confirm all the Meadow & upland that his deeds from me make mention of, to be his with the buildings that is thereon, to be to him his heirs & assigns forever PROVIDED likewise that he my son John his heirs Execut^{rs} or Administ^{rs} shall and do pay or cause to be paid in like current reasonable pay as abovesaid the summes following: viz^t unto my Daughter Mary Collens the summe of Twenty pounds & to my Daughter Hannah Lyon the summe of Ten pound & my meaning & will is that these legacies abovesaid shall be paid the one half of each of them within or at two yeares end & the other halfe at the end of four yeares after my decease. Also my wearing apparel I give unto my two sons woolen & linnen Equally to be divided between them. But I will that my son John shall have my Iron Hoopes & boxes that may be upon my wheels that shall be left: for I have given my son Thomas a new sett of Iron Hoopes heretofore; & to my Daughter Hannah Lion I give my best bed I usually lye upon with the best paire of Sheets & the best furniture belonging to it & bedstead & to my Daughter Rebecca Tucker my second best bed with ye second best appurtenances thereto belonging And I will that she my Daughter Rebecca shall have my lesser kittle of Brass & Hannah my Daughter the biggest. As for my pewter my will is that my Daughter Mary shall have one of the biggest pewter platters, & Sarah Leadbetter the other biggest, & Hannah my Daughter the third best Rebecca my daughter the fourth, & the rest of my moveable household stuff to be lovingly divided between my three Daughters, Sarah Hannah & Rebecca, & an old brass pott I give to my son John & my part of the Iron barr or crow & I make & constitute my two sons Thomas & John to my Execut^{rs} And further my will is that there be no demanding of any Debt that any of my children thinke I owe

any of them or if any paper be found what I have done for them be all quitt, this I write that peace & love may be continued amongst my Dear children Only if I dy before James Tucker pay me Ten pounds in money of New England, that then my will is that he the said James Tucker shall pay or cause to be paid to Isaac Ryalls two eldest Daughters Ruth & Mary five pound a peice in current money of New England, if it be to be had, if not then to pay in currant pay at money price as indifferent men shall judge, if you cannot agree amongst yourselves & my will is yt ye said James Tucker Doing thus shall have up his bond of Eighteen pound that I lent him & the remainder of what he borrowed I give to his wife. Rebecca my Daughter in part of her portion, beside what I have already specified & this I ordain as my last will & Testament.

In witness whereof I have sett to my hand & seale this 29 of Octo. 1688.

THOMAS TOLMAN senier & a Seale

Signed sealed & declared in presence of us

Peter Thatcher 29-8-88

& John Danforth 5-9-88

James Blake

Present

The Hon^{ble} Simon Bradstreet Esq^r Gov^r

Isaac Addington }
 & } Esq^{rs} Assist^{ts}
 John Smith }

John Tolman the other Execut^r

renounced his Execut^rship

February 5th 1690, Thomas Tolman jun^r the nominated Execut^r presented this will for probate. M^r Peter Thatcher, M^r John Danforth & M^r James Blake made oath that they were present & did see Thomas Tolman sen^r Seale & heard him publish this Instrum^t to be his last will & Testam^t & that when he so did he was of a disposing mind to their understanding.

Attest (being present) Joseph Webb cler.

The inventory of his estate was taken on July 23, 1690, by John Breck and John Minot; amount £325.15. Among the items are 8 acres of land without the "great lotts" fenced, £32; 26 acres of land within fence, £100; 6 acres of salt marsh £42; dwelling house, barn and orchard, £100. February 13, 1690-1

Thomas Tolman deposed. Will presented for probate by Thomas Tolman Feb. 5, 1690-1. John Tolman the other Executor renounced his executorship, when Messrs. Thacher, Danforth & Blake deposed. (Suffolk Wills, Lib. 8, fol. 41.) Children of Thomas Tolman all born in Dorchester:—

2. THOMAS², (*Thomas*¹), b. in 1634; m. Elizabeth Johnson, Nov. 4, 1664.

RUTH², bapt. Dec. 7, 1644; m. Isaac Royal, a carpenter. The contract for building the First Church in Dorchester was given to him. "The work of ye Meeting-house was undertaken by Mr. Isaac Royal & performed, I think for £200." (Blake's Annals of Dorchester.) He owned what was called the Dolbeare Place. She died May 1, 1681. He was made freeman in 1690: m. secondly Waitstill [] who died a widow, Nov. 29, 1732.

MARY², bapt. May 20, 1651; m. [] Collins, of Lynn. The New Eng. Hist. and Gen. Register says "Two eldest daughters of Thomas Tolman" were "Ruth and Mary."

HANNAH², b. July 27, 1638; m. first, George Lyon, Dec. 14, 1661. He d. Oct. 26, 1684(?) She m. secondly, William Blake. "Mrs. Hannah (Tolman) Lyon, married William Blake, November 22, 1693." He died Sept. 26, 1694. She died Aug. 4, 1729. "This year (1729), Aug. 4th Died Hannah ye widow of William Blake, formerly ye wife of George Lion, in ye 91st year of her age" (Blake's Annals of Dorchester.) February 17, 1724-5 (Suffolk Deeds, Fol. 38, fol. 135), "Hannah Blake of Dorchester, widow, for the parental love and affection I bear to my well beloved son Thomas Lion," conveys to him, "All my right and interest in the tenth lot on the 12 divisions in Dorchester and other parcels of land, which was the estate of my father Thomas Tolman of said Dorchester." According to Stoughton Town Records, "Hannah, dau. of Thomas and Sarah Tolman, was born in Dorchester July 27, 1642, and the following is found in the Dorchester Town Records, "Hannah, daughter of Thomas Tolman, baptised April 20, 1640."

She was dismissed from the Dorchester to Milton Church, Aug. 28, 1681.

JOHN², b. [] 1642; m. first in Lynn, Elizabeth Collins, Nov. 30, 1666. She was b. in Boston, April 8, 1648; d. Oct. 7, 1690. He married secondly, widow Mary Paul, June 15, 1692, who died Aug. 15, 1720. He died Jan. 1, 1724-5, aged 83 years; was one of the selectmen of Dorchester for the years 1693, 94 and 95; made freeman in 1678.

REBECCA², bapt. April 6, 1647; m. James Tucker.

SARAH², b. [] m. Henry Leadbetter of Dorchester, March 18, 1659. "Henry Leadbetter was married by Major Atherton 18 (1 mo $\frac{1}{2}$) to Sarah (Tolman)." (Canton Records.) He died April 20, 1722.

2. THOMAS (*Thomas*¹), was b. in 1634; m. Elizabeth daughter of Richard Johnson, Nov. 4, 1664. "Tho. Tolman and Elizabeth Johnson m. 4: 9 m 1664 in Lynn."—Lynn Records. She was born in Lynn, [] 1638, and died Dec. 14, 1720, aged 82. In the old cemetery at Upham's Corner, Dorchester, there is a grave-stone bearing the following inscription:

Here lies ye Body
O Elizabeth Tolman
Widow of Thomas
Tolman Aged 82
Yeares Died Dec^r
14th 1720.

Richard Johnson bequeathed "To my two daughters Abigail Collins and Elizabeth Tolman five pounds per p^{ce} and to each of their now being children twenty five shillings per pece to bee paid them after the decease of my wife if she leaves estate to doe it" 27. 9. 66. (Essex County Probate.)

Thomas Tolman was made freeman in 1678 and with his wife joined the Church at Dorchester, May 17, 1764. His house stood about 100 feet from Ashmont Street, on Tolman's Lane, and was probably built for him by his father. He died Sept. 12, 1718, aged 84; buried in Upham's Corner, Dorchester. The following is a copy of his will (Suffolk Probate, Lib. 21, fol. 56):

The last Will and Testament of Thomas Tolman Sen^r of Dorchester in the County of Suffolk in her Majesties Territories of New England Wheelwright made the first day of June Anno Dominie One Thousand Seven hundred and eleven. And I do hereby Revoke all former Wills whatsoever. First I commit my Soul unto God my Maker, and to Jesus Christ my Redeemer by whom I hope to be saved and my Body I commit to the earth from whence it was taken to be decently buried by my two sons herein after named. And as for my worldly Estate which God hath graciously lent me I Dispose of them in manner and form as followeth. Imprimis I give and bequeath unto my son, Thomas Tolman or to his heirs, thirty pounds to be paid him by his two Brothers, Samuel and Daniel Tolman, within three years after my decease ; also, I give unto him six score acres of Land lying beyond Punkapog, being the Eleventh Lott, as it is Recorded in the Town Book, besides thirty five pounds, which he has already received I give him a share in the Outland that is undivided, that I have in Dorchester. Also, unto my son Thomas's seven children, ten shillings apiece, Excepting only Thomas, the eldest of them, to whom I give twenty shillings to be paid three years after myself and Wifes decease. I give unto my son, Samuel Tolman, my House and Barn and Orchard and Land thereunto adjoining, that is butted and bounded on the east, with a Stone Wall. on the North, with the Land of Samuel Jones, Southerly, with Widow Trott's Land, on the West and North West, with the Land of Isaac Royals. I give unto him, also, nine acres of Land lying in a place called the first Division, which land was formerly Cap^t Forsters, bounded Easterly, with Widow Trotts Land, Westerly, with Land of Maj^r Robert Spurs, Northerly, with land of James Trotts, and Southerly with land that was Nathaniel Wiots. Also, I give unto him, half that piece of Pasture land lying adjoining to the Stone Wall on the East of my Home lot, already mentioned, on the East, bounded with his brother Daniels House, Northerly, with Samuel Jones's Land, Southerly, with Widow Trotts land. I give unto him four acres of Land, lying in a place called the Great Lots, which Lot was formerly Burches, bounded Easterly, with Thomas Pearces land, Westerly, with his Brother Daniels Orchard, on the North, with John Tolmans land, on the South, with a Fence that stands against his brother Daniels Land. I give unto my son, Daniel Tolman, the other half of that Pasture land which belongs to and lyeth with the same that I

have given his Brother Samuel, bounded with the above said Stone Wall on the North, which Wall is the bounds between the aforesaid Samuel Jonese's land and my two sons, Samuel and Daniel, and also the aforesaid Widow Trotts Land on the South, and on the East wth the House and Land that I have given to my son Daniel, which Pasture Land, Samuel and Daniel, shall have between them. I give also unto my son, Daniel, the Land lying on the East side of his Dwelling House, being bounded on the East with the Town Highway, on the South and part on the North, with the Land of Thomas Pierce, and partly on the North, with the Land above mentioned, that I have given to my son, Samuel, and on the West, partly with Widow Trotts land. I give unto my son, Daniel, also, the Orchard that was my Father Tolmans, lying partly on the west of the said Land, adjoining to an Orchard also on the North and East, on the West, with the House and Barn and Land which I have given to him already, in a Deed of Gift, as aforesaid. I give also unto my two sons, Samuel and Daniel, ten acres of upland, lying near a Salt Creek and a Neck called Pine Neck and also adjoining to a piece of Salt Meadow on the East, belonging to Edward Forster and Isaac Humphrhys Meadow, on the North, North East, and Westerly, against the Upland of John Pearce, on the South, with Samuel Jouse's meadow, my son Daniels Meadow, and Daniel Allens Meadow. I give unto Samuel and Daniel, four acres of Salt Meadow, be it more or less, lying in the Township of Milton, which Meadow I bought of Anthony Culiver, bounded Westerly and Southerly, wth a Salt Creek, on the North and East, with the Meadow that is partly my son, Samuels and partly Josiah Puffers, or that was formerly Crains meadow. I give unto Samuel and Daniel four acres of salt meadow in Dorchester, near adjoining to John Minots Land, or to a fence that now stands in the South part of it, and Isaac Hows Meadow, on the West, and Daniel Allins Meadow on the same; the ten acres of Upland above mentioned, that I have given them already, and the Meadow that was Mr Stoughtons, on the East, also, unto my two sons, Samuel and Daniel share, with their brother Thomas, in all the undivided Land I have in or belonging to the Township of Dorchester. Unto my daughter, Mary Cranes Children; first, I give unto her Eldest son, twenty shillings; and to the Rest of her Children, ten shillings apiece, which shall be paid them by my sons, Samuel and Daniel, three years after mine and my Wifes decease, each of them paying two pounds ten.

shillings apiece in money or Country pay. I give unto my daughter, Mary Crane, ten pounds, besides the fifty pounds she hath already received, which ten pounds shall be paid within two years after my decease, paying five pounds a year. I give unto my Wife, all my Moveable Estate, viz^t. my Household Stuff and Cattle and also my Negro Man. My will is, that after my decease, two of my sons, Samuel and Daniel, shall see that all the Debts and Legacies above mentioned and also my Funeral Charges or Expenses be cleared and discharged. My will is, that if my Wife have not sufficient and comfortable livelyhood out of all that I have given her of my moveable estate, she then shall have full power to sell any part of the Land that I have given to my sons, Samuel and Daniel. My Will is, that the work that my sons, Samuel and Daniel have done about fencing the Land above named, before my decease, shall be acquitted. Also, that my son, Samuel, shall repair the house and barn for his mother, if there be need, after my decease. My Will is, that Samuel and Daniel, shall not hinder each other from a free passage over their lands with a Cart, in the way y^t I have been wont to go in. Also, that Samuel shall have a free passage to his Lot, commonly called. Burches Lot, with a Cart, if need be ; also, they shall carefully shut or put up barrs or gates after them, so that they do not damage to each other. In this will I have Indeavoured, according to my Capacity, to do that which is right among my Children, but and if any of them dislike what I have given them, so far as so make difference and contention among the rest of them, my will is, that either of them that shall so offend shall forfeit one half of all that I have given them, which half shall be equally divided amongst the rest of my children. My will is, that my Wife be sole executrix of this my last will and tēstament.

THOMAS TOLMAN.

Signed Sealed and Delivered
in presence of us, Samuel Jones, John Pierce, James Trott.

Addition to the above Will.—I, Thomas Tolman, beqeath to my beloved wife, Elizabeth, my Mansion House and Barn, Gardens & Orchard adjoyning, the Meadow Land by the well, four acres of Salt Meadow by Dan : Allens, sufficient pasture for three Cows, and an house in the Pasture by Thomas Pearces, to her sole use and improvement during her Widowhood. My cattle I intend and comprehend in the Moveables given her, and power to dispose of the same,

and of my Man Servant, either by Sale, Testament or Deed of Gift to whom she will. Whereas I have given a Share to my son, Thomas, in my Undivided Lands, my Intent is, that it be a Single Share only. Sept. 8, 1718.

THOMAS TOLMAN, S^r

[In presence of witnesses above mentioned.]

Inventory of the estate of Thomas Tolman prized May 22, 1725 by Joseph Hewins, John Nixon, William Crane. Amount £497-11-6, Mary Tolman Admin^r deposed.

Children :—

3. THOMAS^s, (*Thomas^s, Thomas¹*) ; m. Experience [].

MARY^s, b. Nov. 26, 1671. "Mary ye daughter of Thomas Tolman baptized 31 (3) 1674 her father and mother being lately admitted & ther same being baptized formerly at Linn by virtue of fathers covenant" (Dorchester Church Records.) She married Ebenezer Crane, December 13, 1689. "Ebenezer Crane b. Aug. 6, 1665, m. Nov. 13, 1689, Mary, dau. of Thomas Jr. and Elizabeth (Johnson) Tolman and a grand-daughter of the Thomas Tolman, senior, who came from England in 1635 and was one of the first settlers of Dorchester: both her father and grand-father were prominent and influential citizens of Dorchester when she was b. Nov. 26, 1671." (Genealogy of the Crane Family.)

SAMUEL^s, b. June 11, 1676 ; m. Experience, daughter of Desire Clap, Nov. 21, 1704. She was b. Nov. 30, 1683 ; d. April 9, 1726. He married, secondly, Patience Humphreys, March 13, 1728 ; and died May 18, 1738. About 1695 his father built for him a house in Tolman's Lane, near Washington Street. This house descended to his son Aquila, and to his grandson Increase.

DANIEL^s, b. May 1, 1679 : m. Sarah Humphreys, April 16, 1708. He d. April 30, 1761. She d. June 14, 1774 aged, 88. He owned four houses as appears by his inventory. One was at the water-side, on land now owned by heirs of Joseph Tolman. Another given by him to his son Daniel was on the corner of Ashmont Street and Dorchester Avenue ; the old well still remains in front of

this house. The third house he gave to his son Jonas. The fourth, he gave to his son, Ebenezer; it is still standing on Adams Street.

(*To be continued.*)

DEDHAM IN THE REBELLION.

BY JOSEPH HENRY LATHROP.

(*Continued from page 22.*)

THE record of Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry, the second company for three years service, from Dedham, is as follows:—Early in July, 1862, President Lincoln called for 300,000 troops, and the quota of Dedham under this call was sixty-nine men. At a "War meeting" held on the 10th of July, an enlistment roll was started, and a number of names were placed upon it; more were added during the month, particularly after the Town meeting held on July 21. About this time authority was given by the Commonwealth, for the towns of Dedham, Needham, Medfield and Dover, to raise a full Company, with the right to elect its own officers. On the 24th of July, the Company, then incomplete, elected John Lathrop, captain, and John Cox, Jr., second lieutenant, leaving the first lieutenantcy open for the other towns.

At a later election in the Company, Capt. Lathrop declining the position, and Mr. Cox being found to be physically unable to accept, Sidney Willard, of Boston, was elected captain, John Lathrop, first lieutenant, and William Hill, second lieutenant. Late in July the first instalment of the recruits, under command of Lieut. Hill, went into camp at Lynnfield, and within two weeks the rest of the men reported for duty, becoming known as Company I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry. The Company was composed of first class material; the men were in the prime of life, with an average age of twenty-six years. Of the 101 officers and men, Dedham furnished 67, Weston 16, Needham 10, Dover 3, Lincoln 2, Boston, Walpole and Freetown 1 each. The occupations of the men were, farmers 19, laborers 16, cabinet makers 11, mechanics 7, carpenters 5, clerks 4, spinners 4, teamsters 4, students 3, lawyers 2, carvers 2, varnishers 2, blacksmiths 2, weavers 2, mason, engineer, wheelwright, shoemaker, paper maker, cooper, hatter, printer, moulder, hostler, straw-presser, painter, tailor, tin-smith, railroad employee, ink-maker, machinist and shoe-dresser, 1 each.

The Company was mustered into the United States service on the 16th of August, and from that time its history is that of the regiment. The 35th was armed and equipped on the 20th, and two days later left Massachusetts, totally unprepared for active service, so far as drill

was concerned. The regiment reached Washington on the 24th, and passing through the city, marched out to Arlington Heights, being assigned to the defences of Washington. Here it was engaged in building earthworks and on picket duty, and here the first battalion drills of the regiment took place. On the 27th, Capt. Willard was promoted major, Lieut. Lathrop was commissioned captain, Lieut. Hill, first lieutenant, and second Lieut. Albert A. Pope, of Brookline, was assigned to the Company.

Early in September the 35th was assigned to the Second Brigade, Second Division, Ninth Army Corps. On the 6th of September, the regiment left camp, marched through Washington into Maryland, joining the brigade to which it had been assigned, on the 8th. From this time until the 14th, the army was on the march. On the 14th of September the regiment received its baptism of fire at South Mountain, Md., losing one officer and five men killed, three officers and sixteen men wounded. Here Col. Wild was severely wounded. The losses in Co. I, were in wounded, First. Lieut. William Hill, Sergeant Henry W. Tisdale, Privates Clinton Bagley and Geo. F. Whiting. Whiting died on the 7th of October from the effects of his wound.

Three days after the action at South Mountain, the 35th was again in battle at Antietam. Here the regiment crossed the famous Antietam bridge under a heavy fire, carried and held a very important position on the heights beyond, only falling back when its ammunition was exhausted. Here Lieut. Col. Carruth was wounded, and the regiment lost three officers and sixty-nine men killed, twelve officers and one hundred and fifty-eight men wounded. Thus in less than four weeks from the time it left Massachusetts, the regiment had lost two hundred and sixty-seven officers and men in killed and wounded. More than half of its officers had been disabled.

At Antietam the Dedham company lost as follows: killed or mortally wounded—Corporal Edward E. Hatton, Privates Ralph A. Jones, Charles H. Sulkoski, Nathan C. Treadwell, (died October 25) Patrick Walsh, Joseph P. White, (died September 19); wounded—Corporals Elijah W. Bonnemort, Edmund Davis, Samuel S. Wheeler, Privates John L. Ayer, Fisher A. Cleaveland, Peter Curran, Moses W. Downes, Alfred R. Ellis, Patrick Holland, Conrad Rausch, Joseph Smith and Robert White.

On the 19th the troops passed through Sharpsburg, and after marching a few miles beyond, went into bivouac, remaining until the 26th. On this date the 35th changed its position and went into camp. Here the regiment remained for nearly two weeks, working steadily at drill. On the 7th of October the troops departed, crossed the mountains and went into camp at Pleasant Valley, near Maryland Heights. Here the brigade remained until Oct. 27th, when the march was resumed, and the army crossed the Potomac River, at Berlin, Md., into Virginia. The Maryland campaign had left but about four hundred officers and men for duty in the 35th. On the 28th the

troops were at Lovettsville, Va., resumed the march on the 29th and proceeded about eight miles; 30th, to Wheatland, where the regiment remained until Nov. 2d. On this date it marched about fifteen miles to near Bloomfield; 3d, passed through Bloomfield and camped; 4th, marched about six miles and camped near Upperville, passing through this town on the 5th, and camped near Piedmont; 6th, marched fifteen miles to near Orleans. On the 7th it had a long march through the snow, and on the 8th was on the march to Amissville. During the night of the 9th the 35th marched to Jefferson. Early in the morning of the 12th, the brigade fell back, crossing the Rappahannock River to White Sulphur Springs. On the 13th the regiment crossed the river on a reconnoissance, and spent the night, returning the next day. On the 15th the 35th was in support of batteries engaged at White Sulphur Springs, but without loss. That night it was on picket at Lawson's Ford. On the 16th the regiment rejoined the brigade at Fayetteville, and after a severe march reached Warrenton Junction. For the next three days, in a pouring rain, the troops were on the march, and on the 19th the brigade reached Falmouth, opposite Fredericksburg. In this vicinity the troops remained until Dec. 4th, when the 35th was sent a few miles down the river to support a battery. Early on the morning of the 11th, the regiment was ordered to rejoin the brigade, and late in the afternoon was sent back to the battery. On arrival at this point orders were received to report to the brigade, and during the night it was ordered back to the battery again. Such were some of the aggravations of a soldier's life!

On the morning of the 12th, the regiment crossed the Rappahannock River on pontoons, and rejoined the brigade at Fredericksburg. During the morning of Dec. 13th, the brigade moved into the city, and early in the afternoon, passing through Fredericksburg, took part in the attack on Marye's Heights, just outside the city. In this disastrous action the 35th lost two officers and eight men killed, and sixty men wounded. Major Willard was mortally wounded, and died the next day. In three successive engagements the regiment had lost all its field officers. The losses in Company I were: killed, First Lieut. William Hill, Corporal John E. McKew, Private George C. Bunker; wounded, First Sergeant Andrew Floyd, Privates Daniel H. Adams, Isaac Collier, George W. Folsom, Henry C. Green, Michael Rafferty, William C. Stimpson, Jr., David Sullivan, Jr., and William M. Titcomb. This company furnished more than one-sixth of the entire casualties in the regiment.

The brigade remained in and near the city until midnight of the 15th, and the 35th had an arduous tour of picket duty. Early in the morning of the 16th the brigade crossed the river to its former camp at Falmouth. Here the 35th was sent again to its old position in the rear of the battery down the river. On the 18th the regiment returned to the brigade. Here the 35th remained in camp during the winter, doing some picket duty, and sharing the inactivity of soldier life.

in winter quarters. Jan. 5, 1863, Private Fred. A. Hews, of Company I, died at Washington, D. C.

On the 9th of February, 1863, the brigade took cars from Falmouth to Acquia Creek, and went on transports for Newport News, arriving on the 11th. Here it remained in camp for about six weeks. On the 13th of March, Capt. Lathrop, who had been dangerously ill with malarial fever for some days previous, was sent to a hospital in Philadelphia, and was never able to rejoin the company. At this camp, Sergeant David K. Hall and Corporal John G. Dymond, both of Co. I, died of fever.

On the 26th of March the Ninth Corps, under Gen. Burnside, took transports for Baltimore, and started for the Department of the Ohio, to the command of which Gen. Burnside had been assigned. Passing through Maryland, Pennsylvania and Ohio, the brigade arrived on March 30, at Covington, Ky. The Second Division of the Ninth Corps, to which the 35th Mass. belonged, was now assigned to duty in Eastern Kentucky. On the 1st of April the brigade marched to Paris; 3d, to Mount Sterling, where it remained for some days; 17th, to Winchester, where the troops had a rest until early in May. On the 4th of May the brigade began the march to the south side of the Kentucky river, finally reaching Lancaster on the 10th, and remaining at that place until the 23d. On this date the brigade left Lancaster for Crab Orchard, reaching that town on the evening of the 25th, and during the night marched to Stanford, twelve miles away. Here the troops went into camp.

On the 3d of June the 35th started for Nicholasville, arriving on the afternoon of the 4th, after a long march. Here the troops took cars, and reached Cincinnati, Ohio, the next morning. On the 5th and 6th of June they were passing through Ohio, Indiana and Illinois, reaching Cairo, Ill., on the morning of the 7th. On the 8th they went on board transports, and for the next few days were steaming down the Mississippi River, stopping at Memphis, Tenn., and at Helena, Ark., finally reaching Young's Point, La., on the 14th of June. On the 16th went on transports and up the Yazoo river to Haines Bluff, Miss., landing on the 17th, and marched inland about five miles to Milldale. Here they remained in camp until the 29th, then marched to Oak Ridge, eight miles away. On the 4th of July, the troops received news of the surrender of Vicksburg, and that evening started on the march to intercept the Confederate Army under Gen. Johnston. The Ninth Corps at this time formed a part of Gen. Sherman's Army. For the next few days the 35th was on the march toward Jackson, Miss., and on the 10th was in line of battle near that city. On the 11th, Private George W. Folsom of Co. I, was wounded, while the regiment was supporting the 2d Michigan Infantry. On the 12th the 35th was on the skirmish line, being relieved on the 13th. On the 16th the regiment was again on the skirmish line. Early in the morning of the 17th, Jackson was evacu-

ated, and the 35th Mass. had the honor of being the first Union troops to enter the city, the national flag of the regiment being the first Union colors raised over the State House in Jackson. Here the 35th captured 157 prisoners. The object for which the Ninth Corps had been sent southwest now having been accomplished, the Corps started on the 20th of July to return to Kentucky. On the 23d, the 35th arrived at its old camp at Milldale, and remained until early in August. Here Private David Phalan of Co. I, died of disease on July 30th. On the 6th of August the regiment marched to Haines Bluff, and went on board a steamer, reaching Memphis, Tenn., on the 9th, and Cairo, Ill., on the early morning of the 12th. Late that afternoon it took cars for Cincinnati, arriving on the 14th, and passing through the city, crossed the river to Covington, Ky., the same day. At Memphis, Private John H. Birch of Co. I, died of disease August 15th, and the same day Private Samuel G. Wright of Co. I, died on board of a steamer on the Mississippi River. On reaching Covington the 35th numbered six officers and two hundred and twenty-five men. The heat and hardships of the Mississippi campaign had been terrific, and the members of the regiment long felt the effects. On the 18th of August the 35th was detailed to guard a wagon train to Hickman's Bridge. From this time until the 25th the regiment was on the march with the train, making from ten to thirty miles a day. On the 25th, the 35th passed through Nicholasville, and shortly after parted from the wagon train, and went into camp, being the first of the brigade to arrive. Here the troops remained until early in September, enjoying a well deserved rest after their hard campaign.

On the 9th of Sept. the 35th started again on the march, reaching Crab Orchard on the 11th and went into camp. On the 2d of October, the regiment, now reduced by sickness and details, to about one hundred and fifty men and a few officers, took its place in the column for the march over the mountains into Tennessee. On the 14th the troops passed the dividing line into Tennessee, and on the 19th reached Knoxville. This march of 140 miles over rough roads had been a hard one for the men, but the air was bracing, and provisions were in abundance. On the 23d the 35th went on cars to Loudon, some thirty miles distant, and remained until the 29th, when it marched six miles to Lenoir's Station, and went into camp. Early on the morning of Nov. 15, the regiment started toward Loudon, where the enemy had appeared in force. Here the 35th had for a time the arduous position of rear guard to the army, and the troops were hurried back toward Knoxville, twenty-four miles away, the enemy pursuing closely. On the 15th and 16th the 35th lost several men, among them Corporal Charles H. Ellis of Company I, who was taken prisoner near Campbell's Station on the 15th. Ellis died in captivity at Belle Isle, Va., Feb. 17, 1864. After an arduous night's march on the 16th, the tired troops entered Knoxville early on the

morning of the 17th of November, and the division marched through the city, took position, and at once commenced to throw up earth-works and defences. From this time until December 5th, the Union troops were shut up in Knoxville, closely besieged by the Confederates under the command of Gen. Longstreet. During the siege the 35th was often under fire, but suffered slight loss. On the 23d of November, Private William Henzy of Co. I, was killed in a night sortie from the works. The approach of the army under Gen. Sherman caused Gen. Longstreet to raise the siege, and the Confederate troops retreated during the night of the 4th of December. The next day Gen. Sherman entered the city.

On the 7th, a portion of the Ninth Corps started in pursuit of the enemy, and were on the march for three days. On the 9th the troops went into bivouac, and remained until the 15th, when they fell back towards Blains Cross Roads. Here they went into line of battle, expecting an attack. On the 19th the 35th went into camp near Blains Cross Roads, the enemy having left their front. At this place the regiment remained until Jan. 16, 1864, suffering great privations from an insufficient supply of food and clothing. From this time for several days, the troops did more or less marching over rough roads. On the 24th the 35th went into camp near Lyons Mill. At this time the regiment had for duty nine officers and one hundred and fifty men. On the 24th of February the Ninth Corps again started in pursuit of the enemy, reaching Morristown on the 28th. On March 2d, the troops fell back to a position at Mossy Creek. Here they remained until the 12th, when the march was resumed, reaching Morristown on the 13th. On the 17th the Ninth Corps started on the long march over the mountains, reaching Knoxville on the 19th, where the troops had a rest. Resuming the march on the 21st, the dividing line between Tennessee and Kentucky was crossed on the 25th, and on the 1st of April the Corps reached Nicholasville, Ky. In these eleven days it had marched about two hundred miles over the roughest and muddiest of mountain roads. At Nicholasville on the 2d, cars were taken for Covington, where the troops arrived on the morning of the 3d, and in the afternoon, crossing the river, took cars at Cincinnati for the Army of the Potomac, arriving at Annapolis, Md., on the 7th. For more than a year the 35th had done arduous service with the Western Armies.

At Annapolis the Ninth Corps was reorganized, and the 35th Mass. Infantry was assigned to the First Brigade, First Division of the Corps. On the 23d of April the Ninth Corps started on the march, passing through Washington on the 25th, going into camp near Alexandria, Va., and joining the Army of the Potomac. On the 27th the march was resumed to Fairfax Court House; 28th, to Bristoe; 29th, to Warrenton Junction; 30th, to Bealton Station, and encamped. Here the troops remained until the 5th of May, when they crossed the Rapidan river at Ely's Ford. Here the 35th was

detached from the brigade and guarded wagon trains, thus escaping the disastrous battles of the Wilderness, where its brigade lost very heavily in officers and men. At this time the 35th numbered thirteen officers and two hundred and eighty-five men for duty. On the 17th of May the regiment was relieved from duty with the wagons, and joined the brigade near Spottsylvania. The next day the 35th lost in action five men killed, two officers and fifteen men wounded, among them Private Henry C. Green of Co. I. On the 24th, at the North Anna River, the regiment lost six men wounded, and eight taken prisoners. Here the Dedham Company lost Sergeant Henry W. Tisdale taken prisoner, Corporal Elijah W. Bonnemort, Privates Moses W. Downes and Florian Matz wounded. On the 26th the 35th was detailed for the Engineer Corps of the First Division. This detail lasted until the 1st of September, and subjected the men to double duty, as the regiment not only did its share of marching and fighting with the brigade, but also, as engineers, builded bridges, repaired roads, cut trees, made fortifications and did other duties of a similar nature. At Cold Harbor on May 31, the regiment was under fire, losing two men wounded; June 1, two men wounded, one of whom, Henry C. Green, belonged to Co. I. On the 2d, Corporal Ferd Steiner of Co. I, was wounded, and on the 5th three men were wounded, one of whom, Private N. M. Ilsley, was from Co. I. From this time until the 15th, the regiment was incessantly busy, either in marching, or building roads and fortifications.

On the morning of the 15th of June the Ninth Corps arrived at the James River, and the 35th was soon hard at work building rafts and the approaches to the pontoon bridge. That evening the Corps crossed to the south side of the river and continued the march through the night. On the afternoon of the 16th it arrived within two miles of Petersburg, and the next day took part in the assault on the city. On the 20th, the 35th went into camp in rear of the earthworks, where it remained until the middle of August. With the hard labor in building forts, throwing up earthworks, making gabions, etc., together with the constant exposure to the fire of the enemy, life was far from pleasant to the troops at this time. Casualties in the regiment were constantly occurring, both among officers and men. On the night of July 4th, Private George T. Tucker, of Co. I, was killed. On the 30th of July the 35th took part in the battle of the "Crater" losing one officer and eleven men killed, two officers and thirty-two men wounded—nearly one third of the regiment. Here Privates Michael Colbert and Perez F. Fearing, of Co. I, were killed, and Sergeant Hiram W. Shufeldt wounded. On the 14th of August the regiment left its old position at the front, joined the brigade, and moved about four miles to the left. On the 19th the brigade was actively engaged near the Weldon railroad, the 35th losing two officers and five men killed, twenty-five men wounded, and five taken prisoners. In the Dedham company Corporal Charles D. Force was wounded, and

Private Henry A. Tucker was taken prisoner. Here, as at the Crater, the regiment lost one half of its officers, and for the second time came out of battle under command of a lieutenant. The 35th at this time had but three lieutenants and but about one hundred men for duty. About the 1st of September, the losses in the First Division of the Ninth Corps had been so severe, that the remaining troops were transferred to the other divisions. By this change the 35th was assigned to the First Brigade, Second Division of the Corps. Shortly after this, 385 French and German substitutes were sent out as recruits for the 35th Mass. Not a man could speak English, but they were assigned to the different companies, and the officers endeavored to make soldiers out of them as speedily as possible. The regiment was now in camp, and remained until towards the latter part of September, when another attempt was made on the Weldon railroad. On the 30th of September, in action at Poplar Spring Church, the 35th was badly used up, losing ten men killed, three officers and twelve men wounded, two officers and about one hundred and sixty men taken prisoners. Here the Dedham company lost Corporal Wm. C. Stimpson, Jr., and Private Frederick Metzger, killed, Alfred R. Ellis wounded, and Sergeant Henry C. Green, Corporal John Hogan, Privates Daniel H. Adams, Henry Fisher, Francis Lucas, John Monneghan, John W. Schuack, and William J. Wallace taken prisoners. Lucas and Schuack both died in prison at Salisbury, N. C., a few months later. After this engagement the regiment was engaged in constructing defences, picket duty, etc. On the 2d of October the 35th was under fire for a short time, and several men were wounded. From this time until late in the month the men were behind entrenchments. On the 27th of Oct. another movement towards Hatcher's Run was made. The Division to which the 35th was attached moved out a few miles, threw up a line of works, remained there all night and returned to the old camps the next day. Here the troops remained for some weeks. On the 29th of November the division marched to the right, and went into winter quarters in the rear of Fort Sedgwick, not far from the scene of the battle of the "Crater" in July. On the 10th of December the 35th, with other troops, started out towards the Nottaway River, and returned the next day, after a march of some forty miles.

(To be continued.)

DESCENDANTS OF ENSIGN THOMAS FULLER, OF DEDHAM.

BY FRANCIS H. FULLER, OF LINCOLN, MAINE.

(Continued from page 40.)

- 10. HEZEKIAH³**, son of John (2) and Judith (Gay) Fuller, b. Aug. 5, 1687; m. Feb. 26, 1718-19, Elizabeth, dau. of Amos

and Mary (Ellis) Fisher; d. July 8, 1756. She d. Sept. 23, 1783. He was a farmer and inherited his father's homestead, where Mr. William Farnsworth now resides, corner of High and Westfield streets, Dedham. The old house built by his father was standing until 1884, when it was removed to make way for the house now standing upon the lot. Some of the wainscoting was transferred from the old house to the lower hall of the new one. In Dr. Danforth P. Wight's "Wight Family" (p. 99), it is said that Hezekiah (10) "was, with one exception, the largest landholder in Dedham from the settlement of the town until the present time" (1840). Children:—

ELIZABETH, b. June 7, 1720; m. June 3, 1746, Jonathan Metcalf; d. May 14, 1765. He d. Feb. 15, 1788. (N. E. Hist. & Gen. Reg. vii, 176, for April, 1852.)

18. HEZEKIAH, b. Dec. 9, 1721; m. Anna Draper.

MARY, b. Jan. 9, 1727; m. Feb. 12, 1756, Deacon Joseph Whiting; d. April 11, 1811. He was b. 1729; d. 1806.

JUDITH, b. June 1, 1735; d. Feb. 3, 1815, unm.

11. THOMAS³, son of Thomas (6) and Esther (Fisher) Fuller, b. at Dedham, Feb. 28, 1689; m. March 26, 1719, Mehitabel, dau. of Thomas and Mehitabel Herring, b. Oct. 18, 1697; he d. at Willington, Conn., Oct. 17, 1754. He was a weaver and resided at Needham until 1732, when he sold, April 18, of that year, his homestead of "forty acres of land near Natick upon a plain called Natick Plain," and removed to Willington, Conn., where his brother, Rev. Daniel (13), was settled over the Congregational Church. He purchased a large estate at Willington, a part of which was set off from Ashford. In his will, probated at Hartford, he mentions sons, David and Solomon, and daughters, Mehitabel, *Esther* and Sarah. Probably Sarah was the widow of his son Thomas. The following items from the Church records of Needham are of interest:—

Mar. 26, 1732. Daniel and Thomas, sons, and Mehitabel and Esther, daus. of Thomas Fuller and Mehitabel, his wife, our sister baptized. June 4, 1732 Sister Mehitabel Fuller was dismissed and

recommended unto the Church of Christ in Willington in Conn. Their children, b. at Needham, were :—

MEHITABEL, b. April 20, 1720.

DANIEL, b. March 9, 1722; d. Aug. 8, 1746.

19. ESTHER, b. Jan. 24, 1723-4; m. Elisha Fuller.

Needham records say—"Esther, dau. of Thomas and Mary Fuller, b. Jan. 24, 1723-4," which it seems must be an error; and that the reference to her, under Thomas (8) in the January REGISTER, should have been left out. No further record of such an Esther is found.

THOMAS, b. Nov. 4, 1727; m. March 17, 1748, Sarah Fuller; d. June 29, 1750, leaving a dau. Sarah, b. Jan. 11, 1749.

JOSIAH, } twins b. April, 1731; d. the same year.
KEZIAH, }

Ch. b. at Willington :—

20. DAVID, b. July 2, 1733; m. Mary Antizel.

21. SOLOMON, b. March 28, 1736; m. Elizabeth Stevens.

12. JEREMIAH,³ son of Thomas (6) and Esther (Fisher) Fuller, b. Nov. 2, 1696; m. 1st, at Needham, July 16, 1724, Hannah, dau. of Josiah and Hannah (Fisher) Newell, b. at Dedham, May 30, 1703, and d. July 11, 1745; m. 2dly, Deborah Withington of Dorchester, May 27, 1746; he d. suddenly, at Sharon, May 13, 1772. He was a deacon, and the first clerk of the Second Precinct of Stoughton. He weighed about 400 pounds. His widow, Deborah, m. Joseph H. Hewins, Oct. 6, 1772. Children :—

HANNAH, b. []; m. Isaiah Tolman, Sept 12, 1745.

JEREMIAH, b. Feb. 24, 1727; d. April 19, 1730.

JOSIAH, b. Feb. 24, 1728-9; d. Feb. 24, 1733-4.

JEREMIAH, b. June 2, 1731; d. Nov. 25, 1737.

THOMAS, b. March 16, 1733; d. Dec. 28, 1737.

JOSIAH, b. March 16, 1733; d. Jan. 5, 1736.

ESTHER, b. April 18, 1734; d. Nov. 22, 1737.

SETH, b. June 14, 1737; d. Feb. 2, 1741.

EXPERIENCE, b. June 30, 1739; m. Josiah Blackman, of Stoughton. She m. 2dly, Ezekiel Fisher, of Canton, July 8, 1778.

MARY, b. Sept. 10, 1740 ; m. Noah Woodward, of Stoughton, Sept. 27, 1764.

REBECCA, b. March 22, 1741-2 ; m. Philip Withington, Oct. 19, 1762.

22. LEMUEL, b. July 25, 1744 ; m. Ruth Tisdale.

DEBORAH, b. March 28, 1747 ; m. Ebenezer White, May 16, 1771.

13. REV. DANIEL³, son of Thomas (6) and Esther (Fisher) Fuller, b. April 20, 1699. Graduated at Yale in 1721. (See Dexter's Yale Biographies, pp. 251, 252.) Preached at Windsor and Wethersfield, and was settled over the Congregational Church at Willington, Conn., in 1728, and remained there until his death, Dec. 6, 1758. In his will, dated Dec. 2, 1758, he mentions sons, Daniel, Jonathan and Samuel ; and daughters, Abigail Nye, Lucy, Mary and Alice. The omission of Esther's name is additional proof, if any were needed, of Esther's death, as stated. He was a leading and popular man in the ministry. He m. 1st, Aug. 7, 1723, Lucy, dau. of Jonathan and Abigail (Crafts) Goodrich, b. at Wethersfield, Sept. 9, 1699. She d. July 21, 1739. This is in accordance with the records, except the date of death, at Wethersfield, and page 35 of "The Goodrich Family in America," although on the next page it is stated that "Lucenia, dau. of William and Mary Ann Goodrich, b. June 23, 1717, m. Aug. 8, 1732, Rev. Daniel Fuller of Willington." It is possible, but not probable, that he married a fifteen years old girl. The compiler has made some search for the facts, and is informed by the Town Clerk of Wethersfield that there is no mention in the town records of Lucenia, dau. of William Goodrich. Rev. Daniel, m. Oct. 26, 1742, Mary Edgerton of Norwich. She d. Feb. 22, 1784, aged 71 years. It is said that during the Rebellion some one of his descendants sold nearly 1,000 lbs. of Rev. Daniel's letters, sermons and other papers, for paper rags. Children :—

ESTHER, b. Oct. 24, 1724. Stephen Palmer Fuller has left a record as follows :—"Stone near centre of Dedham burying ground, Esther Fuller dau. of Rev. Daniel Fuller of Willington, Conn. She died May 29, 1743 in y^e 19-

year of her age." He also says in a letter dated Oct. 28, 1847 that the "graves of Thomas (6) and his wife Esther are near the centre of Dedham burying ground, with stones in good preservation." The grave stones of Esther and Thomas and his wife are not to be found now. [See Thomas (11), for account of Esther who married Elisha Fuller.]

LUCY, b. Dec. 3, 1726; d. young.

ABIGAIL, b. Feb. 23, 1729; m. [] Nye.

23. DANIEL, b. March 12, 1732; m. Lois Nye.

24. JONATHAN, b. May 24, 1735; m. Mehitabel Storrs.

REBECCA, b. Sept. 21, 1738; d. Jan. 21, 1738-9.

LUCY, b. July 12, 1744.

MARY, b. Feb. 6, 1747; m. Joseph Hunt of Columbia, Conn.

SAMUEL, b. Dec. 2, 1749.

ALICE, b. Dec. 17, 1751.

14. AMOS³, son of Thomas (6) and Esther (Fisher) Fuller, b. May 11, 1701; m. Esther, dau. of Eleazer and Rebecca () Kingsbury. She was b. Sept. 16, 1711, in what is now Needham; but as Needham was not incorporated until Nov. of the same year, her birth was recorded at Dedham. They were married at Needham, Feb. 4, 1729-30, and resided at Dedham, probably, with his father, whose homestead he inherited (Suffolk Wills, Lib. 31, fol. 379), until about May 29, 1733 (his father died April 23 of the same year), when his brother David (15) of Dedham, conveyed to him (Amos of Needham) (Suffolk Deeds, Lib. 100, fol. 258) "All my lands in Needham at a place called Mill Swamp, with all the Edifices and Buildings that are upon them as they are given to me by my father in his last Will and Testament." He was taxed as a resident in Dedham in 1732, and was chosen to one of the minor town offices, and not taxed there in 1733. There is no recorded transfer by Amos of the homestead of his father, which was the homestead of Thomas (1) as well, but as Amos's first child was born at Dedham, and all his other children at Needham, and David's first one was born at Needham and all the others at Dedham, it is probable that they exchanged places very soon after their father died.

Amos was active in the affairs of the town. He held the office of Selectman, at Needham, eleven years, and was Representative to the General Court five years. He d. Nov. 12, 1771.

Children: —

- 25. AMOS, b. at Dedham, March 9, 1732; m. Sarah Kingsbury.
- 26. EBENEZER, b. Nov. 15, 1734; m. Meribah Smith.
- 27. SAMUEL, b. Sept. 16, 1737; m. Annatje J. Hall.
- 28. JOSIAH, b. March 7, 1740; m. Abigail Whiting.
JEREMIAH, b. Oct. 2, 1743; d. Sept. 13, 1766.
- 29. ELEAZER, b. May 3, 1746; m. Mary Richards.
- 30. SOLOMON, b. Oct. 23, 1749; m. Mary Colburn.
- 31. ASA, b. Sept. 20, 1752; m. Meletiah Metcalf.

15. CAPT. DAVID,³ son of Thomas (6) and Esther (Fisher) Fuller, b. March 26, 1704; m. March 1, 1730, Elizabeth, dau. of William and Rachel (Newcomb) Everett. She was b. at Dedham, Sept. 3, 1709, and d. Feb. 1, 1800. He d. June 23, 1777. He was Selectman of Dedham several years, and a soldier in the Louisburg expedition and in the French and Indian War. In 1762 the town of Dedham voted to build a Powder House on the great rock in Aaron Fuller's land, and chose a committee to build it. Nothing more was done about it until 1765, when Deacon Nathl. Kingsbury and Capt. David Fuller were added to the committee. The old Powder House is one of the landmarks of Dedham, and as more than two-thirds of its cost was paid to Capt. David Fuller, for "labor, material and board of the workmen," it may be said that he built it. An excellent view of this old landmark is in the REGISTER for July, 1893. He resided for a time after his marriage at Needham, where his first son was born. He was first taxed at Needham in 1730. In 1732 he was chosen Surveyor of Highways, and in 1733 he was taxed in Dedham as a resident. The place bequeathed to him by his father he conveyed to his brother Amos (14) soon after his father's decease. He probably resided upon the homestead of Thomas (1), which he bequeathed to his son Eliphalet. Children, all except David, born at Dedham:—

- 32. DAVID, b. at Needham, Dec. 6, 1731; m. Elizabeth Dean.
THOMAS, b. May 29, 1734; d. unm. Nov. 16, 1775.

33. AARON, b. Oct. 27, 1737 ; m. Abigail Farrington.
ELIZABETH, b. July 14, 1741 ; m. April 20, 1773, Luke
Trott, of Dorchester.
34. ELIPHALET, b. Aug. 11, 1744 ; m. Lydia Parker.
SARAH, b. Oct. 27, 1749 : m. Nov. 14, 1771, Benjamin Far-
rington, of Dedham. He. d. March 2, 1825, aged 79
years. She d. Nov. 24, 1826.

16. JOHN^t, son of Thomas (8) and Mary (Fisher) Fuller,
b. at Needham, March 14, 1708 ; m. July 13, 1747, Hannah, dau.
of John and Hannah () Woodcock, and widow of Hezekiah
Kingsbury. They resided in Needham, and had one son:—

35. JOHN, b. Aug. [], 1748 ; m. Marcy Kingsbury.

17. LIEUT. ROBERT^t, son of Robert (9) and Mary (Parker)
Fuller, b. at Needham, June 6, 1714 ; m. () 1735, Sarah,
dau. of William and Mary (Starr) Eaton, b. at Dedham, Aug.
24, 1713. William Eaton resided on Dedham Island, on the farm
now occupied by Mrs. Hannah Fuller, and which was conveyed
to Capt. Aaron Fuller by William Eaton, in 1761 (Suffolk
Deeds, Lib. 160, fol. 180). Lieut. Robert Fuller resided at
Needham, in what is now known as the Greenwood House, which
he built in 1735. He was in his father's company which marched
into Boston in 1747. He was Town Clerk of Needham twenty-
seven years, and Selectman nineteen years. Their children, all
born at Needham, were:—

SARAH, b. March 24, 1736 ; m. Dec. 9, 1762, Moses Kings-
bury.

36. ROBERT, b. May 31, 1740 ; m. Mary Kingsbury.

MARY, b. March 10, 1743 ; d. May 4, same year.

37. WILLIAM, b. March 10, 1743 ; m. Sarah Hunting.

MOSES, b. April 26, 1748 ; d. Feb. 14, 1749.

38. MOSES, b. April 29, 1750 ; m. Elizabeth Newell.

MARY, b. March 5, 1756 ; m. Dec. 24, 1778, John Slack.

18. HEZEKIAH^t, son of Hezekiah (10) and Elizabeth
(Fisher) Fuller, b. Dec. 9, 1721 ; m. Dec. 28, 1760, Anna
Draper ; d. Feb. 3, 1776. A soldier in the French and Indian
War, he organized a company of exempt veterans, and marched
for Lexington on Paul Revere's alarm. He resided on the home-

stead of his father, upon the lot now owned by Mr. William Farnsworth. They had:—

ANN, b. Oct. 11, 1761; m. April 15, 1779, Joseph Onion; d. Nov. 22, 1835.

CATHERINE, b. July 12, 1764; m. 1785, Rev. Ebenezer Wight. See "The Wights" (1890), page 44, and "The Wight Family" (1848), page 103. Intention of marriage was entered at Dedham, in Nov., 1783, between her and Rev. Thomas Thacher. She went to his house to see to its preparation for her, and accidentally soiled her dress with paint, for which the Rev. Thomas scolded her so severely that she, rather than risk worse treatment after marriage, broke her engagement with him.

ELIZABETH, b. Jan. 3, 1766; m. July 29, 1785, Calvin Whiting. He was b. June 20, 1762, and d. Jan. 14, 1840. She d. June 27, 1844.

19. ESTHER⁴, dau. of Thomas (11) and Mehitabel (Herring) Fuller, b. at Needham, Jan. 24, 1723-4; m. at Willington, Conn., Dec. 31, 1747, Elisha, son of David Fuller of Rehoboth (who removed to Coventry, Conn., in 1713), b. April 23, 1720, thus uniting the Dedham and Rehoboth lines. He d. Sept. 23, 1804, and she d. Oct. 9, 1808, aged 84. They were interred at Moose Meadow (in Willington), Conn., where their gravestones still stand. They resided on a part of the land which Thomas (11) purchased in 1732, in that part of Willington set off from Ashford. Their descendants had the pewter dishes which were once Mehitabel Herring's. The record of baptism of children of Thomas (11), and the fact that Thomas (11) mentions a dau. Esther in his will, together with the other facts mentioned, should remove all doubt as to the identity of Elisha Fuller's wife. They had:—

MEHITABEL, b. March 7, 1749.

JOHN, b. April 10, 1751; d. July 18, 1753.

39. JOHN, b. July 2, 1753; m. Azubah Vinton.

ABNER, b. Nov. 22, 1759; d. young.

20. DAVID⁴, son of Thomas (11) and Mehitabel (Herring)

Fuller, b. at Willington, Conn., July 2, 1733; m. Dec. 9, 1753, Mary Antizel. He d. June 23, 1771. Children:—

DAVID, b. Oct. 2, 1754; m. July 20, 1783, Eunice Main.

THANKFUL, b. July, 1757.

MARY, b. Jan. 22, 1760.

21. SOLOMON⁴, son of Thomas (11) and Mehitabel (Herring) Fuller, b. at Willington, March 28, 1736; m. Jan. 31, 1761, Elizabeth Stevens. They had:—

SOLOMON, b. Jan. 3, 1762.

THOMAS, b. Nov. 16, 1763.

MARY, b. Sept. 25, 1765.

DARIUS, b. Feb. 3, 1768.

ZENAS, b. Jan. 10, 1771.

22. LEMUEL⁴, son of Jeremiah (12) and Hannah (Newell) Fuller, b. July 25, 1744, d. Sept. 5, 1815; m. March 12, 1767, Ruth Tisdale. She d. April 22, 1775. He m. 2dly Hannah Billings of Stoughton. She d. Sept. 5, 1835, aged 91 years. He was a farmer and resided on the Fuller homestead in Sharon. His children were:—

40. JEREMIAH, b. Nov. 13, 1767; m. Polly Drake.

41. EBENEZER, b. May 15, 1769; m. Esther Johnson.

HANNAH, b. April 27, 1771; d. Nov. 8, 1853; m. March 20, 1791, Reuben Harlow.

DANIEL, b. March 6, 1773; d. Aug. 20, 1773.

RUTH, b. Sept. 13, 1774; m. Dec. 15, 1796, Isaac Leonard.

ABIGAIL, b. June 26, 1776; d. unm. Dec. 24, 1855.

42. LEMUEL, b. May 10, 1778; m. Bathsheba Ford.

DANIEL, b. July 13, 1780; d. unm. Aug. 14, 1859.

LOIS, b. July 27, 1782; d. Nov. 6, 1782.

ADAM, b. March 22, 1784; d. unm. Oct. 19, 1861.

JOSIAH, b. Aug. 31, 1786; d. unm. at Havana, Cuba, Aug. 3, 1808.

23. DANIEL⁴, son of Rev. Daniel (13) and Lucy (Goodrich) Fuller, b. at Willington, Conn., March 12, 1732; m. July 17, 1755, Lois Nye. They had:—

REBECCA, b. March 31, 1756.

DORISS, b. May 24, 1757.

ABIGAIL, b. Feb. 13, 1760.

LOIS, b. Dec. 7, 1761.

ANNIE, b. Feb. 10, 1764.

MARY, b. Feb. 16, 1766.

ALICE, b. Feb. 19, 1768.

DANIEL, b. July 30, 1772.

24. DR. JONATHAN⁴, son of Rev. Daniel (13) and Lucy (Goodrich) Fuller, b. May 24, 1735, in Willington, Conn.; m. 1st Mehitabel, dau. of Dr. Cordial Storrs, of Mansfield, Conn., Feb. 8, 1757. She d. May 31, 1759. He m. 2dly, Syble, dau. of Rev. Joseph Meacham of Coventry, Conn. She d. Aug. 17, 1811. He d. May 22, 1817. He was a physician, "being early destined for the profession of medicine, he was favored with more than an ordinary preliminary education under the instruction of his father, read medicine under Dr. Lawrence, a practitioner of eminence. He located in Mansfield, Conn., 1756, where he actively and successfully devoted himself to his profession for more than half a century." He was deacon of the church in Mansfield for a long period, and was universally regarded not only as a good physician, but as a very useful, honest and exemplary man, worthy of every one's esteem and imitation. Their children were:—

ESTHER, b. May 31, 1759; m. Daniel Crane of Mansfield.

MEHITABEL, b. Feb. 26, 1762; m. Rev. Jonathan Sanford and removed to Amenia, N. Y., where she died 1826.

JONATHAN, b. Aug. 17, 1763; Graduate of Yale College, 1783; m. Anna May. He d. 1786, at Preston, Conn., where he was settled over the Congregational Church. No issue.

JERUSHA, b. June 30, 1766; m. Eliphas Hibbard. She d. at Ashford, Conn., 1833.

EUNICE, b. July 1, 1769; m. March 19, 1795, Abner Woodward; d. March 7, 1842. He d. Jan. 28, 1840, aged 80. They resided at Ashford, Conn., where both died.

LUCY, b. Aug. 31, 1775; d. May 17, 1776.

DANIEL, b. March 16, 1778; m. Sarah Wilkinson, and d. at Schenectady in 1849, leaving an only dau., who m.

[] Boynton, and resided at Albany. Graduate of Yale College, 1798.

Lucy, b. March 16, 1778 ; m. Abner Goodell, and resided at Mansfield, Conn.

(To be continued.)

NEEDHAM EPITAPHS;

WITH NOTES.

BY CHARLES CURTIS GREENWOOD.

(Continued from Vol. IV., page 130.)

Mr. Samuel C. Shedd, died Dec. 15, 1837 Æt. 22

Our Little Henry.

Aged 5 years, 9 mos.

He was too pure to dwell mid sin,

So Jesus took him Home with him.

In memory of Miss Sally Kingsbury Dau. of James and Sally Kingsbury who died Sept. 25, 1838. Æt. 31.

She was a believer in the Christian Religion.

Caroline E. E. Bird only daughter of George & Eliza N. Bird died April 29th 1839 aged 10 years.

The conflict's o'er,

To God again his last best gift is given,

And now my child beholds forever more,

His face in Heaven.

To meet thee there, here with thy
dust repose

Is all the joy, thy anguish'd mother knows.

In memory of Catharine Cecelia, daughter of Chauncy & Charlotte Hartung who died Dec. 4, 1843 aged 5 years.

This lovely bud so young, so fair,

Called hence by early doom,

Just came to show how sweet a flower,

In Paradise might bloom.

GRAVESTONE. *East face.*

George Fisher died Nov. 13, 1845 aged 80.

Elizabeth his wife died Aug. 12, 1844, aged 77.

In a full age, like a shock of corn

Come in in his season.

George N. Fisher their son died Nov. 1, 1835, aged 44. (b. Aug. 10, 1791.)

Betsey W. Fisher their daughter died Oct 5, 1799. Aged 4 years.

West face.

Leonard Battelle died March 25, 1841 aged 45.

Ellen L. died Feb. 14, 1845, aged 14

Francis E. died May 9, 1845 aged 2 yrs, 8 mo

Mary Fisher, wife of Leonard Battelle died Dec. 20, 1871 aged 74.

In Memory of M. Elizabeth Battelle. She died Dec. 14, 1844, aged 20 years.

Blessed are the pure in heart for they shall see God.

George Fisher was b. Nov. 27, 1765, son of Nathaniel and Hannah (Willard) Fisher; Selectman, 1803, 1804, 1816, 1818, 1819; Representative, 1830. Elizabeth, his wife, was b. in Dedham, June 6, 1767, dau. of Abner and Meletiah Ellis; m. George Fisher, Jan. 1, 1789. Leonard was b. in Dover, Sept. 27, 1795, son of Jonathan and Mercy Battelle, m. Dec. 5, 1822, Mary, dau. of George and Elizabeth (Ellis) Fisher, who was b. Nov. 27, 1797. Ellen L., their dau., was b. in Boston, March 5, 1831; and Francis E., their son, was b. Sept. 17, 1841. According to the family record, the date of death of Francis is 1844, and it is stated that 1845 is an error of the engraver.

MONUMENT. *South face.*

Luther Gay died Oct. 1, 1821. Æt. 36 yrs.
 Adah Gay wife of Luther Gay Died July 30, 1802. Æt. 60 yrs.
 Mary G. Gay died Mar. 18, 1816. Æt. 1 yr.

North face.

Betsey C. Gay wife of Henry H. Kinsell died June 8, 1845 aged 28 years.

Luther Gay was b. Aug. 16, 1785, son of Jonathan and Mary (Goodenow) Gay; m., March 18, 1810, Adah, dau. of Joshua and Hannah (Clarke) Brown, who was b. Sept. 10, 1792. Mary G., their dau., was b. March 4, 1815. Betsey C., their dau., was b. Feb. 5, 1817; m. Henry H. Kinsell, April 17, 1842.

(To be continued.)

SARA (ELLWYN) METCALF.

BY MARTIN METCALF,

of Battle Creek, Michigan.

As is well known to genealogists of New England, persistent efforts have been made without avail these many years to find the family record and birth place of "Sara," first wife of Michael Metcalf, 1636-7, and mother of all his children. During the past few years the writer has been on a "still hunt" for the hiding place of the obstinate *Sara*, resulting in success, as the following extracts from old Parish Register books will show. The reason why record searchers have hitherto failed appears from the mis-reading of Michael's old letters and records, wherein *Heigham*, a suburb of Norwich, has been confounded with Raynham or Waynham. The records as now found on the Parish Record of Heigham, St. Bartholomew, are as follows:—

Michael Medcalfe, & Sara Ellwyn married y^t 13 day of October 1616.

1593. Sara Ellwin, ye Daughter of Thomas Ellwin and Elizabeth, his wife, was Baptized y^t xvii day of June.

Other records still extant in Norfolk County, of the Ellwyns and Ellwins, as well as Michael's, "license to go beyond the sea to inhabitt," seem to prove that the figure 3 of transcript of birth, or *baptism* rather, should be 8; and that Sara was baptized 17 June 1598, instead of 1593. The Ellwyns are still living in that vicinity, and are earlier close connections of the line of Nappa Metcalfe's, in at least two family intermarriages. Calling one William Ellwyn, of Heigham, first, we find as follows:—

WILLIAM ELLWYN¹; wife not given; had son Thomas.

THOMAS², b. 1566; m. Elizabeth []; d. 1648.

Children:—

MARTHA³, b. June, 1593; m. Lawrence Marsh; d. 1667.

WILLIAM³, b. 1595; m. Elizabeth [] (b. 1600, d. 1666, aged 66); d. 1755, aged 60. Children:—

Augustine⁴, b. 1631; d. 1666, aged 35.

Alice⁴, b. []; m. Edward Carver; d. 1679.

Mary⁴, b. []; m. Daniel Reeve; d. 1668.

William⁴, b. 1640; m. Elizabeth []; d. 1686.

Children:—Thomas⁵, b. 1674, d. 1676; Elizabeth, b. 1678, d. 1679.

SARA³, b. 17 June, 1598; m. Oct. 13, 1616, MICHAEL METCALFE.

NOTES AND QUERIES.

NOTES.

1. REV. WILLIAM CLARK.—The oil painting of Mr. Clark, from which the heliotype frontispiece of this number of the REGISTER was made, is owned by St. Paul's Church, Dedham. The name of the artist is not given, but the following inscription is found on the back of the wooden frame upon which the canvas is stretched: "By M^r [illegible] Aldersgate Street London, March, 1779."

2. JONATHAN FAIRBANKS.—There is on file at the State House, (Mass. Archives, Vol. xxx, page 200) a petition to the Governor and Council, signed by Jonathan Fairbanks, and dated April 19, 1676, asking them to give him possession of an Indian girl, about twelve years of age, then at Deer Island. A copy of the paper will be found

in the Fairbanks Genealogy, by Lorenzo Sayles Fairbanks, which will soon be published.

3. CONNECTICUT CORNER.—I was much interested in the communication by Calvin Guild in the January REGISTER (pages 40-42) concerning Connecticut Corner; and I wish to say a few words about the same locality. In 1818, when I lived there, the next house north of Martin Bates's blacksmith shop was occupied by Giles Richards, a machinist and inventor. He had several children; one of his daughters married Mr. Amos Lawrence of the firm of A. & A. Lawrence. There were boarding with him at that time, two boys from the South (North Carolina, I believe) named Edward and John Winslow, who were playmates of mine. John afterward went into the United States Navy and was commander of the steamer Kearsarge when she captured the Alabama.

GEORGE PENNIMAN.

4. ABIGAIL EVERETT.—In the January number of the REGISTER (page 11) it is stated in the article on the Lewis Family by Frederick L. Gay that Jonathan⁴ Lewis (b. in Dorchester, Dec. 6, 1708, d. Oct. 22, 1786), son of John, married for his second wife Abigail Everett. Thinking that some of the readers of the magazine might like to know more about this Abigail Everett, I give herewith a short sketch of her earlier life. This marriage to Mr. Lewis was also *her* second marriage. She was born Abigail Clap, April, 1724, daughter of Thomas and Hannah Clap, of Dedham; was married on March 21, 1745, in Walpole, to Peter⁴ Everett, son of William⁸ and Rachel (Newcomb) Everett, who was born April 22, 1721, and died on March 19, 1747-48, in the 27th year of his age. By this marriage there were two children; Abigail⁶, b. Sept. 4, 1745, bapt. Second Church, Sept. 8, and Peter⁵, born April 5, 1747, bapt. same church, April 26, who became a victualler in Roxbury and died there on Nov. 25, 1804. Peter⁴ and Abigail, his wife, owned the covenant at the Second Church on August 25, 1745. He was buried in the South Parish Cemetery. His widow was appointed administratrix of the estate on Oct. 4, 1748, but it was not distributed until 1763. By the second marriage on both sides it resulted in three sets of children being brought up in one family.

EDWARD F. EVERETT.

QUERIES.

1. I should like to have any information concerning Hezekiah¹, Thomas², or Timothy³ Broad, their children or ancestors, or any facts connected with their history; also names and dates which are missing in the Tolman Genealogy.

MRS. C. J. PICKFORD,
31 Green Street, Lynn, Mass.

2. Where did Cyrus Metcalf, of Auburn, Maine, get the name of his son, *Joseph ELWYN Metcalf*, born there Sept. 28, 1846?

MARTIN METCALF.

few, but agitation through the newspaper was continual, so that by slow degrees the confidence of the general public was enlisted.

In 1827 the Massachusetts Legislature authorized the appointment of a Board of Commissioners to cause surveys to be made of the most practicable routes for a railroad from Boston to the Hudson River, at or near Albany. The next Legislature went further and appointed a Board of Directors of Internal Improvements, consisting of twelve members, and appropriating money to pay for the expense of surveys and plans, and under this Board a route was surveyed from Boston to the Hudson and three routes from Boston to Providence, with recommendation to the Legislature that the work on two roads should begin at once, at the expense of the Commonwealth. These suggestions were not acted upon, but in 1830 the Boston and Lowell Railroad was incorporated, and in 1831 the Boston and Providence and the Boston and Worcester, and all three began the work of construction.

The Boston and Worcester was partially opened in April, 1834, and locomotive engines were introduced for the first time in New England. The Boston and Providence was opened in part in June, 1834. The first locomotives used were imported from England, but a Boston paper under date of July 31, 1834, says: "The first locomotive built in New England has lately been completed by Mr. Bouton at the Mill Dam Foundry near Boston for the Boston and Worcester Railroad, called the Yankee and copied from an English locomotive imported by the Boston and Lowell Railroad. It differs little from Robert Stevenson's Meteor, works with ease, rapidity and power, makes steam rapidly and is perfectly manageable. The Yankee carried forty-two tons from Boston to Needham, twelve and one half miles, has run a mile in less than two minutes and once with cars in two minutes and three seconds. She went on the road July 1st." When one knows that the latest patterns of locomotive freight engines, built in 1894, weigh 100 tons, with tender weighing 50 tons, and are capable of hauling a train of fifty loaded freight cars, one can soon realize the enormous stride in mechanical

engineering and in the development of the locomotive, in sixty years.

Owing to the fact that there were but two New-England stockholders in the Boston and Providence, and those two Messrs. Kingsley and Revere, residents of Canton, it may readily be seen why the route surveyed through Dedham was surrendered for that through Canton and Sharon; and the disappointment of Dedham people was genuine when the determination of the directors became known. At once public sentiment expressed itself in favor of a branch road and the active promoters of this new enterprise succeeded in securing the sympathy of the engineers and contractors of the new road, who were resident in Dedham during its construction.

When the work of building the Boston and Providence road was nearing completion, a meeting of citizens in Dedham was called to consider the matter of building a branch railroad, at which meeting Messrs. George Dixon and Samuel Swett were appointed to confer with the railroad directors and to take such action as they might deem expedient. At first they met with a discouraging reception, but at the close of the conference the president and directors held a brief consultation and then announced that if the Dedham people would give the land the company would build the road. Within three days the land-owners were consulted, their terms ascertained, a few gifts of land were received and the sum of nineteen hundred and thirty-three dollars, sufficient to pay for whatever more land was required. The subscription papers, preserved among the documents of the Dedham Historical Society, pledges the necessary amount of money on condition that the branch railroad be constructed the present year, and the papers bear date of June 30, 1834. Such was the interest manifested to secure the road that a bill for a charter was at once passed through both houses of the Legislature. The road was completed the first week in December, and later in the month the event was duly celebrated in Dedham with a collation to which were bidden as guests the officers of the road.

The coaches used on this railroad were built like stage

...

coaches, with two compartments instead of one, and wide enough to accommodate four persons on a seat. These coaches were drawn to and from Boston by horses driven by Thomas Brown. One year later a new arrangement was made and the coaches were drawn to the junction at Readville by horses and there attached to steam trains from Providence. Some years later the road again used horses instead of steam, for a time; the station in Dedham having been consumed by fire Jan. 30, 1837, horses were used the entire distance with a change of fresh horses at the Toll Gate, now Forest Hills.

Of the men who built the road or worked in the service of the railroad before 1843, probably few are now alive; among the early employes still in service are two men who reside in Dedham. Abner Alden, station agent at Dedham, entered the service of the Boston and Providence Railroad April 1, 1840, as conductor, and has been in active service ever since. In 1843 Mr. Alden resigned his position as conductor to become station agent, but no tickets were sold at Dedham until 1848.

Moses Boyd entered the road's service in 1843, taking the position of conductor, brakeman and baggage-master of the Dedham train. The engineer of his train at that time was David Standish. Two trips to Boston were made daily, and the train consisted of a small four-wheeled locomotive and two small box-like cars carrying about fifty passengers each. The brakes were clumsy affairs, the brake-shoe was of wood, and applied with the feet instead of with the hands. Mr. Boyd was the first conductor to run a train over the West Roxbury branch, which was built in 1847. For forty-one years the engineer of his train was the late James H. Prince of Dedham, and in their long and faithful career no passenger was injured through any negligence on their part.

David L. Davis of Readville was road-master from Boston as far as Canton, and his term of service was identical with the existence of the Boston and Providence.

The pencil sketch which has been reproduced to serve as a frontispiece for this number of the REGISTER has recently become the property of the Dedham Historical Society, a gift.

1837

from Dr. Henry P. Quincy. The drawing was made by N. Vautin, an English artist who worked and taught in Boston, where his name first appears in the Directory of 1840. It represents a scene which many persons who were patrons of the Boston and Providence in earlier days will readily recognize; the first station at Roxbury at the Tremont Street crossing is here shown, with the high ledge on the west side of the track, through which it was necessary to make a cut in order to lay the track. In the distance, beyond the marsh which extended to the Worcester crossing from the Providence shops at Roxbury, the faint outline of Beacon Hill surmounted by the State House, is just visible. The railroad crossed a bridge about where Chickering station is to-day, and quite a long bridge between the Worcester crossing and the Boston station. A large pile of rock lay for many years on the east side of the track at Roxbury, but the date of its removal is unknown to the writer.

The business of the Boston and Providence steadily increased until it passed under the management of the Old Colony Railroad in 1889, and then under that of the New York, New Haven and Hartford, in July, 1893; and the traditions and customs of the old Boston and Providence are fast becoming, like its name, a thing of the past.

ROBERT RECORD'S ARITHMETIC, 1630.

BY MARTHA ABBY SMITH.

In the Library of the Dedham Historical Society is a rare old book, which is perhaps quite as interesting to the student of to-day as it was two or three centuries ago to the school boy for whom it was written. This book is an Arithmetic in three parts, the first two written by Robert Record about the middle of the sixteenth century, and the third part added later by John Mellis.

Robert Record was a mathematician and physician, born in Pembrokeshire about 1500, and studied at Oxford, where he afterward taught. He received the degree of M. D. at Cam-

bridge, and was physician to Edward VI. and Queen Mary. He published several works on mathematics, one of which, entitled "The Ground of Arts, Teaching the work and practice of Arithmetic," passed through several editions, and a copy of this work, printed in London in 1654, is in the Library of the Boston Athenaeum. He died about 1558. Record is said to have invented the sign of equality, but the sign does not appear in this Arithmetic.

A study of this old volume reveals much that is quaint and interesting, though the methods used in teaching the subject seem cumbersome and difficult. The first two parts are printed in black letter, adding a little to the difficulty of reading, and much to the antique appearance of the book. The children of those days, if they had lessons in spelling, might well be encouraged to say "double e" and "double o," for each of these combinations is represented by a single character. The lessons are in the form of a dialogue between Master and Scholar, who were evidently on the best of terms with each other.

The first preface is addressed to the King's Majesty, then follows a preface to the Loving Readers, ending with these words:—

I will say no more, but let every man judge as he shall see cause. And thus for this time I will stay my Pen, committing you all to that true fountain of perfect number, which wrought the whole world by number and measure: He is Trinity in Unity, and Glory, Amen.

The Table of Contents contains some subjects not found in modern Arithmetics, such as The Golden Rule, The Backer Rule of Three, Duplation, Triplation, Mediation, The Rule of Alligation, The Rule of Falshood, The Reducing of Pawnes of Geans, and others equally mystifying. The dialogue first treats of the "Commodities of Arithmeticke," which are set forth in part as follows:—

Master. Wherefore in all great works are Clerks so much desired? Wherefore are Auditors so richly fed? What causeth Geometricians so highly to be inhaunced? Why are Astronomers so greatly advanced? Because that by number such things they finde, which else would far excell mans minde.

Scholar. Verily, Sir, if it be so, that these men by numbring, their cunning do attain, at whose great works most men doe wonder, then I see well I was much deceived, and numbring is a more cunning thing then I took it to be.

Master. If number were so vile a thing as you did esteem it, then need it not to be used so much in mens communication. Exclude number and answer to this question: How many yeares old are you?

Scholar. Mum.

Master. How many dayes in a weeke? How many weekes in a year? What lands hath your Father? How many men doth hee keep? How long is it since you came from him to me?

Scholar. Mum.

Master. So that if number want, you answer all by mummies: How many miles to London?

Scholar. A poak full of plums.

Master. Why, thus you may see, what rule number beareth, and that if number be lacking it maketh men dumb, so that to most questions they must answer mum.

Scholar. This is the cause sir, that I judged it so vile, because it is so common in talking every while: Nor plenty is not dainty, as the common saying is.

Rhymes are not infrequent, but are apparently made unconsciously, being printed as solid prose. The scholar's enthusiasm and his admiration for his master and the master's modesty are often expressed :—

Scholar. I to your authority my wit doe subdue, whatsoever you say, I take it for true.

Master. That is too much, and meet for no man to be believed in all things, without shewing of reason. Though I might of my scholar some credence require, yet except I shew reason, I doe it not desire. But now sith you are so earnestly set this Art to attaine, best it is to omit no time, lest some other passion coole this great heat, and then you leave off before you see the end.

Scholar. Though many there be so unconstant of mind, that flitter and turn with every winde, which often begin, and never come to the end, I am none of that sort as I trust you partly know. For by my good will what I once begin, till I have it fully ended, I would never blin.

Master. So have I found you hitherto indeed, and I trust you will increase, rather then goe backe. For better it were never to assay, then to shrink and fly in the mid way: But I trust you will not doe so; therefore tell me briefly: What call you the Science that you desire so greatly.

Scholar. Why sir, you know.

Master. That maketh no matter, I would heare whether you know, and therefore I aske you. For great rebuke it were to have studied a Science, and yet cannot tell how it is named.

Scholar. Some call it Arsemetrick, and some Augrime.

That this edition of the book was published about 1630 is shown by a list of the values of coins "this present year 1630," and also by the following example in Multiplication:—

Master. But first, for your further instruction in this exercise of Multiplication, I will with one example try your cunning, and so make an end: And the question is this. I would know how many daies it is since the Nativity of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ, unto this year 1630. Which to performe, you must multiply this present year 1630 by the daies in one whole year, which are 365.

In teaching Numeration the Master incidentally expresses his opinion of Frenchmen as follows:—

Master. Now then take heed, those certain values every figure representeth when it is alone written without other figures joyned to him. And also when it is in the first place, though many other doe follow: as for example, this figure 9 is ix, standing now alone.

Scholar. How is he alone, and standeth in the middle of so many letters?

Master. The letters are none of his fellows. For if you were in France in the middle of a thousand Frenchmen, if there were no English man with you, you would reckon your self to be alone.

When the four fundamental processes have been taught, the Master arouses the enthusiasm of the Scholar by showing how useful is the art:—

Master. And here will I make an end of Division, (saving that I doe request you to exercise your self well herein by many summes, till you have attained some expertness therein.)

For the reasons & conclusions thereof are so many, and so available for all sorts of men whatsoever; that if I should speak of the

infinite uses thereof, I should rather lack words than matter. And therefore recommending it to your judgement hereafter, upon your further travell into the Art, I will here end this Treatise, representing unto you one example, or simple question of Division and Multiplication, in stead of many, which is this.

There are foure brass Peeces: The first of them at a shot spendeth 9 pounds of powder, the second spendeth 5 pounds, the third 4 pounds, and the fourth 2 pounds. They are all appointed against the battery of a Hold, and there is allowed by the Master Gunner, 700 pounds of powder to be spent by these four Peeces, in this assault. The question is twofold. The first, how many shot each Peece shall justly make about with this 700 pounds of powder? And lastly, how many pounds of powder ought justly to be allowed to each Peece for his true proportion?

Scholar. Why Sir, you make me smile, to beare me in hand, that these two demands may be simply resolved be Multiplication and Division.

Master. Truely that they may, and that you may by and by work your self with a little labour.

Some of the examples are interesting apart from their mathematical purpose, in showing what it cost to live and travel in those days: —

If you pay for your board for three moneths sixteen shillings, how much shall you pay for eight moneths?

Twelve weeks journeying cost me 14 French Crownes at 6 shillings the peece, how many pounds is that in one year?

The Golden Rule of Three is well named *Golden*, for it is the most valuable of all rules, being made to solve all kinds of problems. Six questions are finally given, followed by this introduction to the next rule: —

Of all which questions, I omit the work of purpose, that you shall whet your wit thereby at convenient leisure, to clime each branch, and gather the fruit of them, and doe mind now, before we make an end of this Rule, to give you some instructions of the backer Rule of three, whose order is quite contrary to this that you have learned.

The backer Rule is illustrated by some examples which may have been more intelligible to the scholar to whom they were given than they seem at this day; for instance: —

I did lend my friend $\frac{3}{4}$ of a Porteguisse, seven Moneths upon promise that he should do as much for me againe; and when I should borrow of him he could lend me but $\frac{1}{2}$ of a Porteguisse: now I demand how long time I must keep his money in just recompence of my loane, accounting 13 Months in the year?

The Rule of Fellowship follows, with a few interesting, but seemingly impossible, examples, one of which is this:—

There are 450 crownes to be divided between three men, so that the first man must have $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$, the second man $\frac{1}{3}$ and $\frac{1}{4}$; the third man shall have $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{3}$.

Scholar. I marvell that any man should be so overseen, to propose that question as a thing possible, sith $\frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{3} \frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{4} \frac{1}{3}$, doe make $1\frac{1}{3}$, that is almost double the whole summe.

Then comes the Rule of Alligation, with its complicated tying together of numbers, followed by the Rule of Falshood, thus introduced:—

Now will I briefly also teach you the Rule of Falshood, which beareth his name, not for that it teacheth any fraud or falshood, but for that by false numbers taken at all adventures, it teacheth how to find those true numbers you seek for. * * * * *

And therefore I sometimes being merry with my friends, and talking of such questions, do call unto them such Children or idiots, as hapned to be in the place, and so take their answer, declaring that I would make them solve those questions, that seemed so doubtfull.

And indeed I did answer to the question, and work the Triall thereof also by those answers which they happened at all adventures to make: which numbers seeing they be taken as manifest false, therefore is this Rule called the Rule of false Positions, and for briefness, The Rule of Falshood: which Rule for readiness of remembrance, I have comprised in the few verses following, in form of an obscure Riddle.

Ghess at this work as hap doth lead,
By chance to truth you may proceed,
And first work by the question,
Although no truth therein be done.
Such falshood is so good a ground,
That truth by it will soon be found,
From many bate too many moe,
From too few take too few also:

With too much joyn too few again:
 To too few adde too many plain:
 In cross wise multiply contrary kind,
 And all truth by falshood for to find.

Following this "obscure Riddle" is an "Exposition of the Rule" scarcely less obscure, and this subject brings the first two parts to a close. The titlepage of the third part explains its character:—

The third Part, or, Addition to this Booke, Entreateth of briefe Rules, called Rules of Practise, of Rare, pleasant and commodious effects abridged into a briefer method then hitherto hath been published. With divers other necessary Rules, Tables, and Questions, not onely profitable for Merchants, but also for Gentlemen, and all other Occupiers whatsoever, as by the Contents of this Booke may appear. Set forth by John Mellis, School-master

Mr. Mellis begins with Rules of Practice, and after a few pages of explanation he reaches a climax, saying:—

But (loving Reader) after I have touched the even or aliquot parts of a pound that falleth out in pence and shillings, I will deliver two new Rules that shall drown this common order quite and clean: wherein shall be comprehended in one line or working both of even and odde parts of shillings under 20. without regard whether it be an aliquot, or not an aliquot part; which two Rules (when they come in place) I commit to thy friendly judgement in working.

Some of the questions in this part have a mysterious sound, but the Golden Rule of Three is proved to be sufficient in solving even such mysteries as this:—

At 16 pound the 100 Suttle, what shall 895 pound Suttle be worth, in giving 4 pound weight upon every 100. for Treat?

Mr. Mellis evidently had only his contemporaries in mind when he wrote this book, for how could posterity take advantage of this generous offer?

Other necessary brief Rules there are for the finding of Treats or casting up Chests of Sugar, &c. which for that it is a myserie, I omit: if any lack instruction that way, they shall find me ready to pleasure them.

Again we find examples interesting in ways not strictly

mathematical. Thus, we may learn something of the luxurious dress of students from this question:—

A Student hath bought $3\frac{1}{2}$ yards of broad Cloth at 7 quarters broad, to make a Gown, and should line the same throughout with Lamb at a foot square each skin, the question is now, how many skins he ought to have.

That lawyers could afford to indulge in some things beyond the necessities of life is made evident, though just what this article of luxury may have been is not so clear. This is the statement:—

A Lawyer hath a rich piece of seeling come home which is 24 foot and 3 inches long, and 7 foot and $2\frac{1}{2}$ inches high: the Joyner is to be paid by the yard square: the question is, how many yards this containeth.

Some of the subjects considered in this Third Part are Loans and Interest, Tares and Allowances, Loss and Gain, Weights and Measures, Sports and Pastimes, Extraction of Roots, and Barter. Under the last named subject are given seven rules for various complications of trade. It is to be hoped that the conditions of trade are generally less complex now than they were two or three centuries ago, for it would puzzle some of our brightest merchants to answer such questions as these:—

Two barter: The one hath Kerseyes at 14 pounds the piece ready money; but in barter he will have 18 pounds: and yet he will have the $\frac{1}{3}$ part of his overprice in ready money. And the other hath Ginger at eight groats the pound to sell for ready money. The question is, how he ought to deliver the Ginger by the pound in barter to save himself harmlesse, and make the barter equall.

A Venetian hath in London 100 pieces of Silke, to put away for ready money at 3 li. the piece. But in barter he delivered them for 4 li. the piece, taking Wools of a Fellmonger at 7 li. 10 s. the C. weight, which was worth no more but six pounds the C. ready money. The question is now, what Wools payeth for the Silks, and which of them winneth or loseth by the barter.

The boys who enjoyed the privilege of Michael Metcalf's instruction in Dedham more than two centuries ago, doubtless left his care with their minds fully enlightened on all the sub-

jects discussed in this Arithmetic, since this identical copy is said to have been used by Mr. Metcalf. As for the girls, they were for a time spared this severe mental strain by not being allowed to attend the school at all. Perhaps by the time they were admitted to school privileges, something easier was prepared, better suited to their capacity.

NEEDHAM BRANCH OF THE TOLMAN FAMILY.

COMPILED BY ANNA MARIA (TOLMAN) PICKFORD.

Lynn, Mass.

(Continued from page 76.)

3. THOMAS,³ (*Thomas*,² *Thomas*¹), b. []; m. [] Experience []; d. Nov. 6, 1738. She was b. [], 1663; d. May 15, 1762. Mr. Tolman settled as early as 1713 in the Dorchester new grant, which in 1726 became the town of Stoughton. His farm was in that part of the new grant which is now the town of Canton. The town records of Stoughton show that all his children came with him to his new home, except Nathaniel. He and his wife were members of Mr. Dunbar's Church, called "The Church," and afterward the "First Church in Stoughton," now in Canton. He was received into full communion Aug. 5, 1722. Mr. Dunbar wrote in the original Church records that "November 6, 1738, Thomas Tolman, our aged brother, fell down dead at his work."—And again, "March 14, 1746, the aged widow Tolman gave £5 to the Church."

"Experience Tolman Widow to Thomas Tolman Late of Stoughton Deceas'd Died May ye 15th 1762 in ye 99th year of her Age" (Canton Church Records.) He left no will but divided his estate among his children while living. The following extracts of deeds were copied from Suffolk Registry of Deeds:—

July 8, 1715. Thomas Tolman and wife Experience, of Dorchester, to son Timothy, deed of gift of 18 acres in the tenth lot, "Bounding on my son Thomas, on Capt. Tileston, on Obadiah Hawes and John Maxfield" (Lib. 30, fol. 219).

Jan. 13, 1719/20. Thomas Tolman. Jr. of Dorchester, Yeoman, and his wife Experience, "For the love and affection they bear to their beloved and dutiful son Thomas Tolman a part of the tenth lot in the twelve divisions, containing all that part or share that was my grandfather Tolmans share or right on said lot, with the house or building on said lot, bounded on Richard Hixon, on myself on Henry Leadbetter according to our divisional agreement dated June 15, 1714" (Lib. 38, fol. 211.)

Feb. 19, 1714/5 "Thomas Tolman of Dorchester, Yeoman, for the natural affection which I bear unto Bliss Tolman my beloved son," conveys 36 acres in Dorchester, "In the tenth lot in the twelve divisions in the new grant bounded on Timothy Jones, Joseph Hartwell and William Stone" (Lib. 38, fol. 127).

Nov. 17, 1733. Thomas Tolman of Stoughton unto his son Timothy of the same place, deed of gift. "In part of his share and portion of my estate, ... all the land that was laid out by the propriitors of Dorchester and Stoughton unto me in my own name (by them distinguished by the name of Thomas Tolman Jr.) being $37\frac{1}{2}$ acres in the seventeenth lot in the twenty five divisions so called, lying in comon and undivided with the rights of Thomas Tolman died, Thomas Tolman Senior, and widow Smith, which together with the right of Samuel Tolman which was laid out by itself, constitutes and makes up the said 17th lot of which the above granted premises are a part" (Lib. 48, fol. 190).

March, 22-1730/1. Thomas and wife Experience, of Dorchester deed of gift, "To well beloved son Nathaniel Tolman, now living in Needham, Tanner, one half of all my right or share in the 17th lot in the twenty five divisions, lying in partnership with my brothers Samuel and Daniel" (Lib. 77, fol. 126). Children, born in Dorchester:—

THOMAS,⁴ b. [] 1689; baptized Aug. 12, 1694; m. Mary Hartwell []. He died Feb. 3, 1724/5 aged 35; buried in Canton. "Thomas nathaniell Timothy thes: 3 ye sonnns of Thomas Tollman Juner wer baptised ye same daye" (Aug. 12, 1694). (Dorchester Church Records.)

"Thomas Tolman⁴ (Eldest son of Thomas Tolman and Experience Tolman) Dyed Feby 3^d 1724/5." (Dorchester Records.)

4. NATHANIEL,⁴ b. Dec. 22, 1691; m. Ann [].

TIMOTHY,⁴ b. Jan. 10, 1693; m. Elizabeth Wadsworth of Milton, May 26, 1725. She d. Feb. 21, 1787; buried in Needham. Inscription on grave stone—"In memory of M^{rs} Elizabeth Tolman (Widow of M^r Timothy Tolman of Stoughton) who died Feb^r 21st 1787 aged 86 years." "Added to the Church (in Canton) Timothy Tolman, April 14, 1727." He died July 5, 1773, in Stoughton, aged 80.

DAVID,⁴ b. Nov. 25, 1695; m. Prudence Redman, Dec. 8, 1725; d. Dec. 5, 1745, in Stoughton, aged 51; buried in Canton cemetery. Inscription on grave stone—"David Tolman Deceased December the fifth Anno Dom. 1745 in ye 51st year of his age."

MARY,⁴ b. Oct. 5, 1697; m. Joseph Hartwell Dec. 8, 1725; d. Nov. 10, 1782. He d. Feb. 6, 1786.

BLISS,⁴ b. April 8, 1704; m. first Mary [], who d. Oct. 28, 1745; m. 2dly Judith []. She d. July 31, 1748. He was in Milton March 4, 1732-3; d. [], 1775.

EXPERIENCE,⁴ b. in Canton Nov. 28, 1707; m. Deacon Silas Crane Dec. 8, 1725. He was the son of Henry and Elizabeth (Vose) Crane, and was baptized June 21, 1691. They died June 6 and 7, 1753, and are both interred in one grave in Canton cemetery.

4. NATHANIEL,⁴ (*Thomas*,³ *Thomas*,² *Thomas*¹), was b. in Dorchester Dec. 22, 1691; m. Ann []. She d. (probably) [], 1738. He d. Dec. 9, 1729, in the 38th year of his age. Buried in Needham. The stone was probably destroyed when the new cemetery wall was built, as only the marker bearing the initials N. T. can be found. April 17, 1720, Nathaniel Tolman was dismissed from the church in Dedham to the one in Needham. His widow, Ann, was married in Needham to Nathaniel Ayers, of Stoughton, April 20, 1731. They had two sons, John and Aaron Ayers, who in 1742-3 were to receive their portion of their mother's estate from their half brother, Nathaniel Tolman. The administration of the estate of her first husband,

Nathaniel Tolman, was granted to her. She "deceased without having fully administered thereon." and her son Nathaniel was appointed in her place. "Nath'l Tolman Letter of Admn. de bonis non Feb. 27, 1742. Whereas on the 16th day of February A. D. 1729 administration of the Estate of your Father Nathaniel Tolman late of Needham aford. Husdandman decesd, was granted to his Relict Widow Ann Tolman who is since deceased without having fully administered thereon" Dated at Boston the 24th day of February 1742. Children all born in Needham : —

5. NATHANIEL,⁵ b. Aug. 3, 1716; m. Mehitable Dewing.

JEMIMAH,⁵ b. June 14, 1718; m. David, son of David and Hannah Mills of Needham, July 17, 1741. He was b. April 17, 1710.

✓ EBENEZER,⁵ b. Dec. 11, 1723; m. Rhoda Mills of Needham Sept. 6, 1781.

MARY,⁵ b. March 7, 1725-6; m. Aaron Hill of Wrentham, April 17, 1751.

THOMAS,⁵ b. Dec. 17, 1727; m. Elizabeth Pike []. On Oct. 1, 1817, moved from Wrentham, Mass., to Greensboro, Vt.; d. Feb. 4, 1821.

"ABIAL⁵ Tolman, daughter of Nathaniel Tolman deceased and Ann Tolman Relict of Nathaniel Tolman deceased was born April 20, 1730; died May 8, 1730."

5. NATHANIEL,⁵ Jr. (*Nathaniel*,⁴ *Thomas*,³ *Thomas*,² *Thomas*¹), was b. Aug. 3, 1716, in Needham; m. Nov. 29, 1743, Mehitable, dau. of Henry and Mehitable Dewing, who was b. Nov. 6, 1720, also in Needham. He was a physician. He d. Aug. 30, 1775, and an inventory of his estate was taken on March 18, 1776, which is as follows :—

"Administration on estate of Nathaniel Tolman of Needham to his widow Mehitable and son Nathaniel, March 18, 1776. Inventory of the estate of Dr. Nathaniel Tolman of Needham.. House £180-0-0. Personal Estate £318-2-11. Real estate additional A right in a township lying near Ammoscoggin River valued at £40."

His widow, Mehitable Tolman, m. March 5, 1777, Henry

Plimpton of Medfield. He was Selectman in 1759-60; he died in 1804. She died in 1797, aged 76.

"Dower set off to Mehitable Plimpton, late widow of Dr. Nathaniel Tolman of Needham, deceased, April 18, 1777. Imprimis:—Set off to the aforesaid widow as and for her dower or thirds out of said Real Estate, the East End of the Dwelling house to the middle of the chimney and the cellar under the same, with liberty to pass and repass from said East end of the house to the road, with a common use of the yard between the house and the road, and a common use of the well of water, and also one half of the barn easterly of the floor way, viz:—the Northwardly half with a common use of the floorway and convenient yard room by said Barn, with liberty to pass and repass from said Barn to the same. And land set off to the aforesaid Widow as follows. viz:—the south part of the garden extending from the road north three lengths of fence on each side of said garden, from thence north to a white oak tree northwesterly to the corner of Samuel Fisher's fence as it now stands, liberty being reserved to pass and repass from the road next to Samuel Fisher's fence, to drive cattle by the other two thirds of the farm, provided that the owner or improver shall make such a fence as will keep cattle from doing damage to the Thirds. Which finishes setting off the Widows Thirds." Children of Nathaniel and Mehitable (Dewing) Tolman, all born in Needham:—

JUDITH,⁶ b. Feb. 2, 1746; d. Aug. 20, 1766, at Needham.

NATHANIEL,⁶ b. Nov. 5, 1747; m. Elizabeth Ritts Nov. 5, []. He was in the battle of Lexington.

ELIJAH,⁶ b. Sept. 8, 1749.

MEHITABLE,⁶ b. June 2, 1751; m. Samuel Fisher May 18, 1786; He was b. (probably) [], 1738 and d. Sept. 7, 1821, aged 84.

6. JOHN,⁶ b. March 18, 1753; m. Elizabeth Fisher, Jan. 12, 1778.

ELMAN,⁶ b. May 29, 1755; m. Sarah []. She d. June 2, 1811.

EXPERIENCE,⁶ b. Feb. 27, 1757; d. Dec. 2, 1757, in Needham.

SARAH,⁶ b. April 1, 1759.

ANN,⁶ b. Dec. 14, 1762.

EXPERIENCE,⁶ b. Feb. 10, 1765.

Four sons of Dr. Nathaniel Tolman, Nathaniel,⁶ Elijah,⁶ John⁶ and Elman,⁶ served in the Revolutionary War. Elman was "Serjent" in "Co'l Jona Titcombs Regiment, Captain Eben Battles Company."

The following is copied from the original document, now in the State House, Boston, which contains the signatures of Nathaniel and John Tolman.

"We whose Names are under written do hereby severally Inlist ourselves into the Service of the United American Colonies and severally promise and engage to continue in such Service until the first Day of December, 1779, unless sooner Discharged; and to furnish ourselves each with a good effective Fire Arm and if possible a Bayonet fitted thereto, or in Lieu thereof, a Hatchet or Tomahawk, a Cartridge Box and Blanket:—We also in like Manner promise and engage to obey all the lawful Commands of the Officers appointed or to be appointed over us, pursuant to the Resolves of the General Court of the Colony of the Massachusetts Bay; and under the Direction of such Officers, to march with the utmost Dispatch to Charlestown in New Hampshire and to be subject to all such Rules and Regulations in every Respect, as are provided for the Continental Army—June 1776."

6. Capt. JOHN⁶ (Dr. Nathaniel,⁵ Nathaniel,⁴ Thomas,³ Thomas,² Thomas¹), was b. in Needham, March 18, 1753; m. Elizabeth Fisher, Jan. 12, 1778. She was b. July 2, 1747, also in Needham. John Tolman responded to the first call for the defence of his country. At the battle of Lexington he was severely wounded. "John Tolman was so entirely shot through the body that the ball was extracted from the opposite side. He recovered and served through the Revolutionary War. He rose from the ranks to a field officer," "with the commission of Captain." Jan. 3, 1776, he enlisted in the company under the command of Capt. Robert Smith of Needham, Col. William Heath's regiment.

At the close of the war he returned to his old home at Needham, where he lived about fifteen years, removing from there to Winhall, Vt. In 1833 he went to Fairhaven in the same state, residing there until his death, which occurred May 20, 1835, just twenty days after the death of his wife, she having died April 30, 1835. They are buried in the oldest cemetery in Fairhaven, the stone bearing the following inscription:—

The graves of Capt: John Tolman and wife. John Tolman died May 20-1835 aged 82 years. Elizabeth Tolman died April 30-1835 aged 87 years. This 'venerable couple lived together 57 years the greater portion of which time was spent in the service of their Divine Master. During the Revolutionary Struggle as a commanding officer, he was indefatigable in his exertions, and in the memorable battle of Lexington distinguished himself as a fearless defender of his country's liberty. They were remarkable for their attachment to each other and died much lamented.

The following quaint letter was written by Capt. Tolman to his son and family, on his seventy-fifth birthday. Parts pertaining strictly to family matters are omitted.

My son, and your family, you now receive my birth day's reflections and counsel. As it respects my age, I can say as Jacob did to Phareo few and evil are the days of my pilgrimage. I am this day 75 years old. Here it will be natural for you to say within yourselves, my parents liv'd to a good old age, they have got to be old folks; that is true. You will figure to yourselves of accomplishing great things, if you were to live to that age. I ask you what time is? you have seen it describ'd by many as being a thought, a ship at sea, an eagle in its flight, a flash of lightning: they all pass onsensibly to our view, and soon forgotten: that is or will be the case with your parents. Our 75 years to us have insensibly passed away and they seem but as yesterday, our years of childhood and youth are fresh in our memories. When young I vew'd this world an object worth pursuing and that with energy. I set out in pursuit of enjoyment. I would see it almost within my grasp; on the one hand, was wealth, and honors, and before me the mansion of happiness. As soon as I had accomplished such a plan, it would be in my power, but alas! when my plans were accomplish'd, my riches, honor and happiness were only in anticipation: my object was not attained, nor my ardour abated. I discovered

it was other object: my hopes brightened, my faith strengthened, my pursuit was more energetic, the phantom just before me: it wants but one step to be mine. This was Youth. When I arriv'd to manhood a new scene opened to my view. My Country oppres'd by the strong arm of British tyranny, our liberties at stake: defence was necessary. To arms was the watch word, defend your rights. Fathers defend your children Children defend your parents in their declining years who defended you in your defenceless days. What could be more pleasing to ambition than to knock off the shackles of despotism? Freedom and independence, was the hobby I mounted, sword in hand, neck or nothing, life or death. I will be one to support my country's rights and gain its Independence. Lexington was the spot where we were first call'd to defend our rights by force of arms. The company that I belong'd to met the British troops in front, fix't as fate, to repel their force, we played the man, or rather, we meant to act the soldier, but inexperience operated against us: we were soon convinced of our error; we suffered much in consequence of our inexperience and enthusiasm. The ten fold force that we met bore us away like a mighty torrent: a number killed and wounded, myself amongst't the latter, drop'd in the field incapable of action, wallowing in my blood. It finally prov'd a seal to my father prosecuting my first intention. As soon as I was able to should'r my musket I joined the American army under the command of Gen^l. Heath (my first object was to furnish myself with a Bible as a monitor that I might lose sight of my duty to my God. Now my children choose you this day whom you will serve. If you choose to be the friend of God, and serve, love and obey him, take the Bible for the man of your counsel, read it with attention, hearken to its counsels. I am fully convinc'd that happiness is not in wealth nor honor without religion, but with religion the heart of man is satisfied with a small portion of this world's goods) afterward under the command of Gen^l Putnam, Gen^l Lovel, Gen^l Arnall, Gen^l Gates. In some instances I was favoured with retaliating that made some amends for my disappointment at Lexington. I was contented with privation if my object could be accomplished. After the war clos'd and I became a citizen, flushed with the honor of victory and independence and a free republican government. But I soon found the honor of being a soldier and living in a free republican government would not support me—having spent my own interest, and receiving government pay, a thousand of

the depreciated government bills to one of silver. Industry and economy was the only alternative, for a livelihood. I have followed a domestic life to the present time We commit, commend and leave you all in the hands of a merciful God. We remain your most affectionate parents

JN^o & ELIZA TOLMAN.

Winhall. March 18th, 1828.

Children of John and Elizabeth Tolman, all born in Needham :—

MEHITABLE⁷, b. Nov. 15, 1778.

ELIZABETH⁷, b. May 6, 1781 ; d. July 8, 1871.

7. JOHN⁷, b. Feb. 10, 1783.

JEREMY FISHER⁷, b. Dec. 17, 1784.

(*To be continued.*)

THE SCHOOLS AND TEACHERS OF DEDHAM.

BY CARLOS SLAFTER.

(*Continued from page 65.*)

Also in 1816 the Mill School was taught by Mrs. Nancy Emory. Who was Mrs. Nancy Emory? Rev. Joshua Bates seems to have been instrumental in determining her name. Here is the record: "Mr. George Emery of Dedham and Miss Nancy McIntosh of Dorchester, May 8, 1816." Thus Mrs. Emory, in spending the first summer of her married life teaching school, imitated Mrs. Richard Ellis, the centenarian; but we have no proof that she lengthened her life thereby.

Polly Richards, supposed to be the daughter of Eliakin and Lydia, born Aug. 27, 1778, taught Westfield three summers, 1816, 17 and 18. But Dr. Lamson, on June 5, 1822, pronounced her the wife of Calvin Howe of Watertown, Mass.

Henry Fiske, perhaps from Wrentham, instructed West Dedham children in the winter of 1816-17.

About this time, we cannot fix the exact date, Miss Loretta Sweet of Attleboro began to teach in Dedham, and continued for eight or ten years. She also taught in Providence, R. I.,

Waltham, Mass., and other places; in all 28 years. Finally her nervous system became disordered, and she found a home in an asylum at Worcester. During her residence there, Governor Banks on a visit to the institution, recognized her as his former teacher, gave her the credit of "starting him on the road to learning," and, on bidding her good-bye, left ten dollars in her hand.

James Hayward is said to have been the master in the Second Middle Dist. about 1816, and Josiah Caldwell from Ipswich a little later. Nothing else has been ascertained concerning them.

Elizabeth Alden taught the Second Middle School in the summer of 1817. She was the daughter of Paul and Rebecca (Newell) Alden, born in Newton, Oct. 14, 1798, and a descendant of John Alden, the pilgrim. Aug. 22, 1820, she married Amasa Hewins who, at the time, was engaged in trade in Dedham Village. He soon removed to Boston where he became well known as an artist. Of their nine children seven are now living. She died in Dedham, Oct. 1862.

In the winter of 1816-17 the Second Middle School was taught by Daniel Heyward Brailsford who graduated at Harvard the next summer. He afterward studied law, and settled in South Carolina, where he was killed in a duel about 1827.

In Clapboardtrees, 1817, the teacher was Elizabeth Whiting, daughter of Calvin and Elizabeth, who was married in 1819 to Col. Eaton Whiting of West Dedham.

Dr. Danforth Phipps Wight began to teach in Westfield District in 1813, and had charge of the Second Middle School in 1817-18. He was the son of Ebenezer Wight, born Feb. 8, 1792, graduated at Harvard, 1815, began the practice of medicine in Barnstable, Mass., and returned to Dedham in 1842, where he died June 8, 1874. He was deeply interested in history and genealogy, and published an account of the Wight Family in 1848. At his suggestion, John Langdon Sibley undertook the work which resulted in his "Harvard Graduates." Dr. Wight was also active in the cause of education, and rendered good

service in the establishment of the High School in Dedham. He was president of the Dedham Hist. Soc. 1865-68, and was the author of many interesting papers which he read at its meetings. Much more might be said of his virtues and his work.

In 1818 the Second Middle School was in charge of Miss Lucinda Alden, dau. of Paul and Rebecca Alden. She married Sauveur Francis Bonfils, of Newport, R. I., June 20, 1819. Miss Alden had taught in the Westfield school in 1814; and in the First Middle in 1817.

Horatio Gates Wheaton, a graduate of Brown University in 1820, taught the winter school in West Dedham, 1817-18. He died in 1824.

The same winter the Mill School was in the care of Jeremiah Capen.

In the Westfield District Jesse Ellis was the teacher 1817-18, the son of Joel and Azubah, born 1790. He married Julia Dean, Sept. 26, 1822. Their children were, Julia D., John, Caroline, Alfred, and Joel.

Cynthia Whiting, mistress of the Mill School in the summer of 1818, daughter of Aaron and Hannah (Mason) Whiting, was born April 8, 1791, died Feb. 6, 1841.

Benjamin Gay was the master of Westfield school 1818-19, 19-20 and 21-22, and Elizabeth Gay was mistress there, 1819 and 1820, of the summer schools.

Asa Gowen taught in the upper room of the First Middle School in 1819. He advertised for a class in penmanship from 11 to 12 o'clock, and from 4 to 5. Was his a private school?

The primary department of the First Middle School in 1818 and 1819 was under the care of Miss Rebecca Daman. She soon afterwards opened a store in Dedham village, and in 1833 became the second wife of Elisha Mackintosh, her sister Nancy succeeding her in the store.

In the winter of 1818-19 the Second Middle School was taught by John Fisher, who afterwards became an eminent physician in the city of New York.

Miss Julia Lindley taught in West Dedham, in 1818; and in the Clapboardtree School in 1825. She subsequently gave

her attention to millinery and dressmaking. She died in West Dedham, March 20, 1842, aged 46. She led a useful life and was much respected.

Mary Ellis was a popular teacher in West Dedham from 1818 to 1829, teaching there seven summers. She was the daughter of Abner and Mary Ellis, born Feb. 20, 1800; and married Theodore Gay, 2d, in 1833. She died Dec. 13, 1882.

John Parsons kept school in West Dedham three winters, 1818 to 1821, evidently a meritorious teacher; but what other creditable work he did in this world we can not state.

Julia Adam taught for 14 weeks in the same school, summer of 1819.

Mary Dean taught in Clapboardtrees the summer of 1818. We suspect this is her record by Rev. Mr. Cogswell: "Dec. 14, 1825. Dea. Dean Chickering to Miss Mary Dean, both of Dedham." It is possible, however, that she married Mr. Ellis Morse of Walpole, July 23, 1820. Her descendants must solve the doubt.

At this period, if we may judge from the pupils' reports, and certainly they ought at the age of eighty to report truly, there was in the Dedham schools much strictness of discipline, and not a little severity of punishment. A lady who was a pupil in a summer school about 1820, says that she had a little cousin visiting her, and as was a common practice, she took her to the school; and, childlike, they whispered to each other. For this offence the teacher tied them both to her chair by the thumbs, and kept them there an hour or more. Another lady assured me that it was the custom of one of her teachers to hang small boys out of the window, making them fast by letting the sash rest down on their backs heavily enough to hold them securely. The long and heavy ruler was by some teachers carried in the hand constantly, and so became a ready instrument of punishment and torture.

But on the whole, probably, the habit of obedience acquired in school more than compensated for the occasional discomfort which the pupils suffered. It should not be forgotten that young persons need much more restraint when surrounded by their

mates than when they are alone. Especially are boys easily led by a multitude into evil ways, and then it is necessary to use decisive measures to save them from ruin.

But rewards as well as punishments were used, to secure good order and improvement in learning. The "Reward of Merit" and the "Medal" were thought to be valuable helps to the teacher. The silver quarter, half-dollar, or dollar even, hung around the neck of the bright one that stood at the head of the class in spelling. It made a pleasing variety when there was a daily change, the one at the head to-day going to the foot to-morrow. Young eyes shone when rivals "got up" one or more, on their way to the head of the class. Somebody at last discovered, or thought he did, that "getting up to the head" fostered emulation; and now we see but little rivalry in our schools. Whether the cause of learning has gained by the change, is a debatable question.

Samuel Tyler of Foxboro was the teacher of the Second Middle School, about 1820. He was the brother of Mrs. Gen. Guild, which accounts for his coming to Dedham.

The treasurer of the Mill District paid A. Capen for teaching the winter school 1818-19. No other account of him has been found.

Miss Elizabeth Foord took charge of the primary department of the Village School in 1819, probably for two years. She became Mrs. Nathaniel Smith June 14, 1821, and spent her remaining days in Dedham, where her descendants are well known and esteemed.

Barnum Field, a graduate of Brown University, 1821, taught school in the South Parish two winter terms, 1819-20 and 1820-21, according to one who was his pupil there, whose name I cannot now recall. Mr. Field died in 1851.

Rebecca E. Guild, daughter of Gen. Nathaniel Guild, taught in the Second Middle School about 1820, and in the Mill School in 1825. She married the Rev. Leonard Luce of Westford, Oct. 18, 1829. Surviving her husband many years, she reached the age of ninety.

(To be continued.)

DEDHAM IN THE REBELLION.

BY JOSEPH HENRY LATHROP.

(Continued from page 83.)

THE winter quarters of the 35th were only a few hundred yards from the Confederate works, and every day more or less bullets would come into camp. Here Private George W. Folsom of Co. I was wounded. The regiment remained in its comfortable log huts until March 7, 1865, when it moved into the bomb proofs of Fort Hell. During the assault on the Confederate works on the 1st of April, by a portion of the Ninth Corps, and in the subsequent fighting, the 35th lost three men killed, and nine wounded. Petersburg was evacuated by the Confederate troops on the night of the 2d of April, and early in the morning of the 3d the Ninth Corps assembled, and leaving their intrenchments marched into the city, which had for nearly nine months defied the Union armies. The Confederate army had now retired from Richmond and Petersburg, and was making the best of its way towards the interior of the State, closely followed by the armies of the Potomac and the James. The Ninth Corps was among the last troops to leave Petersburg, and so had no share in the closing actions of the war. The marches were long, and upon the 10th the Corps was at Farmville, and there learned of the surrender of General Lee at Appomattox Court House the day before. The brigade containing the 35th remained at Farmville for ten days, and on the 20th of April the return march was commenced, reaching Petersburg on the 23d, and City Point the 24th. Here the brigade remained for two days. On the 26th took steamer for Alexandria, and landed on the 28th. On the 29th the troops marched out a few miles and went into camp. On the 22d of May the brigade left camp, marched to Alexandria and across the Long Bridge to Washington, where it went into bivouac with the other troops of the Ninth Corps. The next day the Corps took part in the grand review of the Army of the Potomac at Washington. The troops of the Ninth Corps had served together on many a tiresome march, and through many a desperate battle. It was fitting that their last service together should be in the grandest pageant this country has ever seen, and to receive the plaudits of the assembled multitudes at the Capitol of the nation. After the review the 35th returned to its camp near Alexandria, and on the 9th of June, such officers and men of the regiment whose terms of service would expire before Oct. 1, 1865, were mustered out of the United States service. The remainder of the regiment, eleven officers and about two hundred and fifty men, were transferred to the 29th Mass. Infantry, and left the same day to join that regiment. On the 10th of June what remained of the old 35th Mass. Infantry, together with the 7th Rhode Island Infantry broke camp for the last

time and started on the homeward journey, passing through Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York. On the 13th, both regiments were tendered a reception at Providence, R. I. From this city the 35th passed on to Readville, Mass., where the troops left the cars and went into camp. On the 27th the men were paid off, received their discharge papers, and the term of service of the 35th Mass. Infantry was over. Dedham would gladly have honored the arrival home of the last of her heroes, by giving them a public reception, but the ovation was modestly declined, and the members of the company went quietly to their homes. So passed into history the last of the Dedham companies to return from the seat of war. No better body of men ever left the town—none ever more bravely and faithfully upheld the honor of their country in its hour of peril. Their service had been continuous and severe in the extreme from the very first. They had been in sixteen different states, and in five of these states had been in conflict with the enemy. The flags of the regiment were filled with the names of battles in which the 35th had taken part.

Our Dedham company had been in action at South Mountain, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Jackson, Campbell's Station, Knoxville, Spottsylvania, North Anna, Cold Harbor, Petersburg, the "Crater," Weldon Railroad, Poplar Spring Church, Hatchers Run, Fort Sedgwick and the assault on Fort Mahone.

Of the 101 original members of Co. I, 35th Mass. Infantry, during its term of service, fifteen were killed or died from wounds, seven died from disease, eight were discharged on account of wounds, fifteen discharged from sickness, one resigned, six transferred to the Veteran Reserve Corps, six were promoted and left the company, two deserted, one dropped from rolls, and forty were mustered out at the expiration of their term of service. The record in detail is as follows:—

KILLED OR MORTALLY WOUNDED IN ACTION.

First Lieut. William Hill, Dedham, killed Dec. 13, 1862, at Fredericksburg, Va.
Corporal Edward E. Hatton, Dedham, killed Sept. 17, 1862, at Antietam, Maryland.
Corporal John E. McKew, Walpole, killed Dec. 13, 1862, at Fredericksburg, Va.
Corporal William C. Stimpson, Jr., Weston, killed Sept. 30, 1864, at Poplar Spring Church, Va.

PRIVATES.

George C. Bunker, East Dedham, killed Dec. 13, 1862, at Fredericksburg, Va.
 Michael Colbert, Dedham, killed July 30, 1864, at Petersburg, Va.
 Perez F. Fearing, Dover, died July 31, a prisoner, of wounds received at Petersburg, Va., July 30, 1864.
 William Henzy, Weston, killed Nov. 23, 1863, at Knoxville, Tenn.
 Ralph A. Jones, Weston, killed Sept. 17, 1862, at Antietam, Md.
 Charles H. Sulkoski, West Dedham, killed Sept. 17, 1862, at Antietam, Md.

Nathan C. Treadwell, Dedham, died Oct. 25, of wounds received at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.
 George T. Tucker, Weston, killed July 4, 1864, at Petersburg, Va.
 Patrick Walsh, Needham, killed Sept. 17, 1862, at Antietam, Md.
 Joseph P. White, South Dedham, died Sept. 19, of wounds received at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.
 George F. Whiting, West Dedham, died Oct. 7, of wounds received at South Mountain, Md., Sept. 14, 1862.

DIED OF DISEASE.

Sergeant David K. Hall, Needham, Feb. 25, 1863, at Newport News, Va.
Corporal John G. Dymond, South Dedham, Mar. 29, 1863, at Hampton, Va.
Corporal Charles H. Ellis, Dedham, Feb. 17, 1864, at Belle Isle, Va., a prisoner of war.

PRIVATES.

John H. Birch, South Dedham, Aug. 15, 1863, at Memphis, Tenn.
 Fred A. Hews, Weston, Jan. 5, 1863, at Washington, D. C.
 David Phalan, Dedham, July 30, 1863, at Milldale, Miss.
 Samuel G. Wright, Needham, Aug. 15, 1863, on steamer "Des Moines," on Mississippi River.

DISCHARGED ON ACCOUNT OF WOUNDS.

Sergeant Hiram W. Shufeldt, South Dedham, Dec. 31, 1864, of wounds received at Petersburg, Va., July 30, 1864.
Corporal Edmund Davis, East Dedham, March 10, 1863, of wounds received at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.

PRIVATES.

John L. Ayer, Weston, Oct. 18, 1862, of wounds received at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.
 Patrick Holland, Dedham, May 9, 1863, of wounds received at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.
 Florian Matz, Dedham, Dec. 30, 1864, of wounds received at North Anna River, May 24, 1864.
 Conrad Rausch, South Dedham, April 16, 1863, of wounds received at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.
 Joseph Smith, Weston, Feb. 25, 1863, of wounds received at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.
 David Sullivan, Jr., Dedham, March 5, 1863, of wounds received at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862.

DISCHARGED ON ACCOUNT OF SICKNESS.

Musician Sabin R. Baker, West Dedham, Feb. 6, 1863.
Wagoner George Sargent, Needham, Nov. 18, 1863.

PRIVATES.

Andrew C. Badger, Weston, April 26, 1863.
 George G. Cheney, Weston, Jan. 14, 1863.
 George V. Dean, South Dedham, — —, 1862.
 Jerome B. Dunlap, East Dedham, Oct. 29, 1862.
 Alfred T. Hartshorn, South Dedham, Dec. 29, 1863.
 Joseph S. Manning, Needham, Aug. 18, 1863.
 Frederick J. Neiss, Dedham, Jan. 5, 1863.
 John Nauman, Dedham, Mar. 18, 1864.
 Winslow Radcliffe, Dedham, Nov. 17, 1863.
 Conrad Schneider, South Dedham, — —, 1863.

Lemuel A. Smith, Weston, Nov. 23, 1863.
 William Willcutt, Needham, Jan. 26, 1863.
 Henry W. Woods, Dedham, Sept. 23, 1863.

RESIGNED.

Captain John Lathrop, Dedham, Nov. 14, 1863.

TRANSFERRED TO VETERAN RESERVE CORPS.

Corporal Henry Bauer, Dedham, March 16, 1864.
Musician Ephraim A. Roberts, West Dedham, Oct. 8, 1864.

PRIVATES.

Isaac Collier, Needham, — — 1863.
 Moses W. Downes, South Dedham, Feb. 3, 1865.
 Theodore F. Dunlap, East Dedham, — — 1863.
 Charles L. Roberts, Weston, July 1, 1863.

PROMOTED AND LEFT COMPANY.

Captain Sidney Willard, Boston, Major 35th Mass. Infantry, Aug. 27, 1862; killed at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862.
Sergeant John W. Fiske, East Dedham, 2d Lieut. 58th Mass. Infantry, Jan. 26, 1864. 1st Lieut. Aug. 8, 1864. Killed at Poplar Spring Church, Va., Sept. 30, 1864.
Sergeant Samuel Patch, Weston, 1st Lieut. 35th Mass. Infantry, Sept. 6, 1864. Captain Nov. 29, 1864. Transferred to 29th Mass. Infantry, June 9, 1865.
Sergeant Clinton Bagley, South Dedham, Sergeant Major 35th Mass. Infantry; 2d Lieut. Sept. 8, 1864, but declined commission.
Sergeant J. Bradford Calder, Dedham, 2d Lieut. 35th Mass. Infantry, Sept. 8, 1864. 1st Lieut. Nov. 29, 1864.
Private William M. Titcomb, Dedham, 2d and 1st Lieut. 36th U. S. C. T. in 1863. Captain 38th U. S. C. T.

PROMOTED, REMAINING WITH COMPANY.

1st Lieut. John Lathrop, Dedham, Captain Aug. 27, 1862; resigned Nov. 14, 1863.
 2d Lieut. William Hill, Dedham, 1st Lieut. Aug. 27, 1862; killed at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862.
 1st Sergeant Andrew Floyd, Weston, 2d Lieut. Dec. 14, 1862; transferred to Co. F. and dropped from Rolls May 4, 1863.
 Sergeant John D. Cobb, Dedham. 1st Lieut. Nov. 15, 1863; Acting Adjutant April 1, '64 to June 9, '65; Captain Nov. 29, 1864, but not mustered.
 Sergeant John L. Smith, South Dedham, 2d Lieut. Jan. 9, 1865. Not mustered.

DESERTED.

PRIVATES.

Charles Hammond, Dedham, Sept. 17, 1862.
 James Welch, Dover, Sept. 17, 1862.

DROPPED FROM ROLLS.

2d Lieut. Andrew Floyd, Weston, May 4, 1863.

MUSTERED OUT ON EXPIRATION OF TERM OF SERVICE.

1st Lieut. John D. Cobb,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
1st Sergeant John L. Smith,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.

<i>Sergeant</i> Henry W. Tisdale,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
" Charles D. Pond,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
" Alfred R. Ellis,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
" Henry C. Green,	Lincoln,	June 9, 1865.
" George L. Knapp,	Needham,	June 9, 1865.
<i>Corporal</i> Ferdinand Steiner,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
" Charles D. Force,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
" Samuel S. Wheeler,	Needham,	June 9, 1865.
" Elijah W. Bonnemort,	East Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
" Fisher A. Cleaveland,	Freetown,	June 9, 1865.
" Seth W. Cobbett,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
" Albert Ellis,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
" George W. Folsom,	Lincoln,	June 9, 1865.
" Benjamin Hague,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
" John Hogan,	Dedham,	July 1, 1865.
" Michael Rafferty,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.

PRIVATES

Daniel H. Adams,	Weston,	June 9, 1865.
Samuel H. Batchelder,	Dover,	June 9, 1865.
Alvan B. Chase,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
Peter Curran,	Dedham,	May 18, 1865.
Francis Donley,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
Warren Ellis,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
Henry Fisher,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
John Hayes,	Dedham,	June 27, 1865.
John Hyde, Jr.,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
Nathaniel M. Ilsley,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
Dedrick Jordan,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
Conrad Krill,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
Henry Krill,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
John Monneghan,	Needham,	June 9, 1865.
Albert G. Ober,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
William O'Connell,	East Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
Jabez N. Smith,	Weston,	June 9, 1865.
Joseph R. Smith,	Dedham,	June 30, 1865.
Charles Stoll,	Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
Henry A. Tucker,	Weston,	June 9, 1865.
William J. Wallace,	South Dedham,	June 9, 1865.
Robert White,	Dedham,	July 12, 1865.

In addition to the above, 1st Lieut. J. Bradford Calder, and Sergeant Major Clinton Bagley, both of the 35th Mass. Infantry, and former members of Co. I., were mustered out on the 9th of June.

Of the men named under the head of "Mustered Out" some were absent as returned prisoners of war, others were in hospital, sick or otherwise disabled, some were on detached service, and but little more than half the company were actually present for duty at the time of muster out.

During the year 1864 there were 41 recruits assigned to Co. I., whose names were as follows:—

William Arndt,	George Ruhe,
August Fulde,	William Sander,
Frank A. Hill,	Charles Schmidtmeier,
Weston F. Hutchins,	Emil Schmidt,
William H. James,	Gottlieb Schweitzer,
Ernst Kluter,	John W. Schuack,

Max Knupfer,
Christian Koch,
Charles Lehman,
Charles Lose,
Francis Lucas,
Stephen Maurer,
Frederick Metzger,
Frederick Miltner,
Herman Miltke,
Frederick Musche,
Richard Neumann,
Nahum F. Nickelson,
Henry Predel,
Francis Rheine,
Robert Richter,

Gustave Schwein,
Ulrich Segesser,
Robert Siedel,
Franz Sova,
John B. Steiner,
Mauritz Stetzal,
Otto Stockman,
Carl Straske,
Wilhelm Thome.
Louis Vogel,
Lothar Von Staubenrauch,
Anton Von Wymar,
August Wolf,
William Zulsdorf.

Hill was from Chelsea; Hutchins, from Duxbury; James, from Danvers; and the remainder were credited to Boston.

Of these recruits, Metzger was killed Sept. 30, 1864, at Poplar Spring Church, Va. Lucas died Jan. 16, 1865, at Salisbury, N. C., a prisoner, Schuack died Dec. 15, 1864, a prisoner, both having been captured in action at Poplar Spring Church. Hill died Aug. 5, 1864, at Portland, Me., before joining the regiment. Wolf died April 15, 1865, at Washington, D. C. Arndt was discharged May 6, 1865, Steiner, Feb. 3, 1865, Von Staubenrauch, May 25, 1865, all for disability. Sova deserted Nov. 24, 1864, and the rest of the recruits were transferred, June 9, 1865, to the 29th Reg't, Mass. Infantry.

(To be continued.)

DESCENDANTS OF ENSIGN THOMAS FULLER, OF DEDHAM.

BY FRANCIS H. FULLER, OF LINCOLN, MAINE.

(Continued from page 93.)

25. AMOS,⁴ son of Amos (14) and Esther (Kingsbury) Fuller, b. at Dedham, March 9, 1732; m. Sept. 5, 1754, Sarah, dau. of Capt. Timothy and Jemima (Ware) Kingsbury. She was b. Feb. 26, 1731 and d. May 21, 1810. He d. May 17, 1810. A copy of the sermon delivered at their funeral is now in the possession of Mr. C. C. Greenwood, of Needham, as is a copy of the one preached at the funeral of their son Jeremiah. He was a man of wealth and influence, and his books of accounts—he was a merchant—may be seen at Mr. Greenwood's, in Needham, also a book in which he kept a record of texts of sermons which he had heard. He was selectman of Needham three years and

treasurer twenty-one years; a member of Capt. Robert Smith's Company of Minute Men, and was present at the Battle of Lexington, and also at the capture of Dorchester Heights in 1776. He was a deacon of the First Church of Needham, and is said to have been Rev. Stephen Palmer's "right hand man." In 1754 he built the Newell house on Nehoiden Street in Needham, upon the site, or very near it, of the house conveyed to his father by David (15) in 1733, and he lived there until his death. Their children, all born in Needham:—

AMOS, b. Sept. 27, 1755; m. June 19, 1802, Caty, dau. of Michael and Abigail Bright, b. March 18, 1770. This notice of their marriage is taken from the *Columbian Minerva*: "After a long courtship Amos Fuller to the amiable and accomplished Mrs. Caty Bright.

Long may (Bright) hope crown this man's life
And (Fuller) joys rest on his wife;
May endless blessings on them rest
And long acquaintance prove the best."

He d. Sept. 21, 1805. Caty m. 2dly, April 30, 1806, Col. Benjamin Godfrey of Milford.

44. SARAH, b. April 18, 1761; m. Reuben Richards.

TIMOTHY, b. July 26, 1765; graduate of Harvard; a physician, settled at Needham; was Town Clerk of Needham 1796, 97, 98. Mr. Greenwood has his account book. He m. Nov. 17, 1785, Abigail Smith. He d. without issue, Jan. 12, 1799. She m. 2dly, Feb. 23, 1801, Major Reuben Newell of Dedham.

JEREMIAH, b. Oct. 11, 1773, d. unm. April 19, 1798. He was a school teacher. "His death was caused by a casualty. On the evening of the 12th of April, he went from home with a view of spending the night at a neighbor's house. Having gone about half a mile it appears that he was thrown from his horse, and being unable to help himself, he lay upon the ground through the night, which was cold and stormy. Early in the morning he walked home and appeared to be quite indisposed. But, not being able to speak, he could give no account of what had happened to him. His gloves

and some blood were found by a rock, upon which it is supposed that his head struck when he fell. Upon examination his skull was found to be much fractured. The best surgical assistance was afforded him but without the desired effect. He lay in a kind of stupor, taking but little notice of things and still remained unable to speak. In this condition he continued till the morning of the seventh day, when he expired. He was a promising youth and flattering were the prospects of life before him; but he was suddenly called into eternity. An horse is a vain thing for safety. Man cometh forth like a flower and is cut down." (Rev. Stephen Palmer's sermon at Jeremiah Fuller's funeral.—Boston Public Library.) He was engaged to Esther, dau. of Caleb Kingsbury, who afterward m. Dr. Samuel Gould.

26. *Lieut.* EBENEZER⁴, son of Amos (14) and Esther (Kingsbury) Fuller, b. at Needham Nov. 15, 1734; m. [] Meribah () Smith; d. May 1, 1777. She d. at Weston, April 19, 1816. He was selectman of Needham several years; was on the Committee of Correspondence during the Revolutionary War. Children, all b. at Needham:—

SAMUEL, b. Aug. 28, 1761. In 1803 he was loading a log into a wagon, at Middlebury, Vt., when he fell backwards and the log fell on his head, "putting an immediate period to his existence." He was of Roxbury in 1785, and conveyed his land at Needham to his brother Ebenezer in that year. He served in the Revolutionary War on several occasions. In the army rolls he is described 5 ft. 11 in. in height, dark eyes, black hair. Probably he died unmarried, as no record of his marriage or the birth of any children has been found, although diligently sought for.

45. EBENEZER, b. Sept. 18, 1764; m. Martha Bryant.

MERIBAH, b. Jan. 3, 1768; d. Nov. same year.

46. MERIBAH, b. March 26, 1769; m. Abiathar Johnson.

ESTHER, b. Dec. 4, 1771; d. unm. at Newton, Oct. 3, 1824.

47. NATHAN, b. Jan. 28, 1777; m. Lydia Brown.

27. SAMUEL⁴, son of Amos (14) and Esther (Kingsbury) Fuller, b. at Needham Sept. 16, 1737; m. at Schenectady, N. Y.,

Dec. 7, 1763, Annatje (Nancy), dau. of William Hall. He resided at Schenectady, where he d. Feb. 20, 1773. He was an architect and builder and made the plans and built Johnson Hall at Union College, the contract for the construction of which is now in possession of his descendants. The following letter, addressed "To Mr. Amos Fuller att Needham," is in the library of the New Eng. Hist. Gen. Society, and by their courtesy is inserted here :—

Schenectady, 4th of June,
1773.

Dear Brother.

I rejoice at this favorable opportunity that kind Heaven hath blessed me with that I may acquaint you with the Death of my dear husband and your Brother which was a sad and sorrowful scene to me: who am left a widow: and will no doubt give you no small distress when you hear it (if you have not heard it already) as I presume you have not—for I received a letter from Boston from your Uncle who had then not heard anything of it. He was never one Day in health after he left you until the Day of his Death, which was on the twentieth Day of February last; when he took his leave of me and the Child and prayed to God to bless all his Friends and Relatives in a particular manner and said he made his exit of this world in peace with all Mankind and forgave all who had ever Injured him and begged forgiveness for all offences that he had ever given, from his Parents first and then from all Mankind; and died in full Assurance of having Part in the first Resurrection on whom the second Death hath no Power.

My little son Jeremiah has been unwell all this summer and remains unwell still. I am very glad that my husband was with you to settle all Matters easily before he died. I am in good health at Present and hope these will find you as well as they leave me, give my kind Love to all Friends. I conclude in hopes of seeing some of you here shortly when I shall be better able to give you a more particular acc't of all Things.

I am your loving Sister and very humble Servant,
NANCY FULLER.

Their children were :—

48. JEREMIAH, b. Oct. 26, 1763; m. Mary Kendall.

ANNATJE, b. April 8, 1771; d. before June 4, 1773.

28. JOSIAH⁴, son of Amos (14) and Esther (Kingsbury) Fuller, b. Mar. 7, 1740; m. at Wrentham, Oct. 15, 1761. He resided at Medway until about March 10, 1777, when he sold his homestead there to Samuel Bullen (Suffolk Deeds, 149, 29), and removed to Rutland, Vt., where he died about 1810. He was an officer in the Revolutionary Army and was Major of a regiment of Minute men which was in service on Paul Revere's alarm April 19, 1775, and afterwards Captain of a Company which marched to Warwick, R. I., in 1778. His son Josiah was a Drum Major in 1778. His nephew Ebenezer (45) has left a record that "Josiah died at Schenectady or Rutland aged 70 years." There is no record of him to be found at either place. His wife was Abigail Whiting of Wrentham. Children all born at Medway:—

JOSIAH, b. Sept. 24, 1762.

OLIVE, b. Dec. 20, 1764.

DANIEL, b. Feb. 17, 1767.

JASON, b. Feb. 26, 1769.

29. ELEAZER⁴ son of Amos (14) and Esther (Kingsbury) Fuller, b. at Needham, May 3, 1746; m. July 27, 1772, Mary, dau. of Ebenezer and Thankful (Stratton) Richards. She was b. Dec. 2, 1752, and d. Feb. 20, 1821. He d. Mar. 8, 1828. He resided at Needham on the farm now owned by Mr. John F. Mills. He was treasurer of the First Parish eleven years, and selectman of Needham five years. He was a sergeant in Capt. Robert Smith's company of Minute Men at the Battle of Lexington, and served at other times during the war, and was on the Committee to hire soldiers. Children:—

NABBY, b. Jan. 26, 1776; d. Sept. 22, same year.

49. ENOCH, b. Nov. 14, 1777; m. Hitty Smith.

MARY, b. Oct. 16, 1780; m. Israel Whitney, and d. Jan. 18, 1858.

50. JESSE, b. Jan. 9, 1786; m. Esther M. Harris.

30. SOLOMON⁴, son of Amos (14) and Esther (Kingsbury) Fuller, b. at Needham, Oct. 23, 1749; m. June 10, 1773, Mary Colburn; d. April 11, 1806. She d. Oct. 31, 1811, aged 64. They had, all born at Needham:—

REBECCA, b. Feb. 2, 1775 ; m. June 19, 1799, George Smith of Needham ; d. Oct. 30, 1801.

JOSEPH, b. June 18, 1778 ; d. unm., Dec. 24, 1855.

51. HEZEKIAH, b. Jan. 2, 1780 ; m. Charlotte Coolidge.

52. SIMEON, b. May 26, 1782 ; m. Rebecca Kingsbury.

53. EBENEZER, b. March 14, 1788 ; m. Mary A. Smith.

54. IRA, b. Nov. 14, 1789 ; m. Hannah Bird.

31. ASA,⁴ son of Amos (14) and Esther (Kingsbury) Fuller, b. at Needham Sept. 20, 1752 ; d. Aug. 11, 1836 ; m. June 1, 1780, Melitiah Metcalf, b. Aug. 19, 1756, d. Feb. 13, 1837. They resided in Medway. Children :—

55. ASA, b. Dec. 26, 1781 ; m. Hepzibah Blake.

56. ABNER, b. Aug. 30, 1783 ; m. Lydia Rogers.

MELITIAH, b. Oct. 9, 1785 ; d. Feb. 7, 1796.

57. ELIHU, b. April 19, 1788 ; m. Rhoda Daniels.

SYLVIA, b. Nov. 24, 1791 ; m. Otis Fairbanks ; d. July 4, 1835.

58. NEWELL, b. Feb. 19, 1795 ; m. Jane Davis.

32. *Lieut.* DAVID⁴, of Dover, son of Capt. David (15) and Elizabeth (Everett) Fuller, b. at Needham, Dec. 6, 1731 ; m. March 27, 1755, Elizabeth, dau. of Thomas and Grace (Wadsworth) Dean, and great granddaughter of Capt. Samuel Wadsworth of Milton, who was killed at the head of his company in the Indian battle at Sudbury in July, 1676. She was b. Dec. 25, 1732, and d. Dec. 26, 1817. *Lieut.* David built the house on Strawberry Hill, in Dover, where all his children were born, which is now owned by the heirs of Arnold Wight. A part of the farm which he owned was bequeathed to the children of Thomas (1) by Margaret Kingsbury, and remained in the family until 1824, when it was conveyed to Arnold Wight. He was confirmed a *Lieut.* in the 4th Precinct of Dedham Military Company by the General Court. He was a member of Capt. Ebenezer Battelle's company of Minute Men, and was at the Battle of Lexington. One man in his company was killed. He also served at other times during the war. He d. April 28, 1805. Children :—

DAVID, b. Dec. 5, 1755 ; d. Oct. 6, 1760.

ELIZABETH, b. Sept. 13, 1758 ; m. Dec. 18, 1799, Wm. Freeland of Hopkinton ; d. Jan. 17, 1826.

59. DANIEL, b. Nov. 6, 1760 ; m. Abigail Eaton.

60. ABIGAIL, bapt. Nov. 13, 1762 ; m. Seth Fuller, of Frances-town.

61. DAVID, bapt. Oct. 7, 1764 ; m. Sarah Gay.

62. CATHERINE, m. Reuben Greenwood.

REBECCA, b. 1766 ; d. June 23, 1805, unm.

63. HANNAH, bapt. Oct., 1771 ; m. Thomas Kimball ; d. April, 1856.

64. JOSEPH, bapt. July 3, 1774 ; m. Achsah Greenwood.

33. *Captain* AARON,⁴ son of David (15) and Elizabeth (Everett) Fuller, b. Oct. 27, 1737 ; m. Jan. 29, 1765, Abigail Farrington ; d. March 21, 1816. She d. March 18, 1822, aged 79. He was Captain of a company of Minute Men who were at the Battle of Lexington. Selectman of Dedham sixteen years and Treasurer for a long time. He resided upon the place on the Island now occupied by Mrs. Hannah Fuller, and which was conveyed to him by William Eaton in 1761. (Suffolk Deeds, Lib. 160, fol. 180). He was deacon of the First Church of Dedham. Children :—

ABIGAIL, b. Feb. 3, 1766 ; d. unm. May 18, 1838.

AARON, b. March 1, 1768 ; d. unm. Sept. 24, 1792.

65. JESSE, b. Dec. 21, 1769 ; m. Lydia Howard.

SARAH, b. Oct. 21, 1772 ; m. Oct. 22, 1793, John Miller.

PRUDENCE, b. Sept. 28, 1775 ; m. Jason Babcock, and 2dly John Dean ; d. Jan. 13, 1864.

ELIZABETH, b. March 30, 1777 ; d. unm. Jan. 31, 1864.

REUBEN, b. Aug. 2, 1781 ; d. unm. May 7, 1830.

34. ELIPHALET⁴, son of David (15) and Elizabeth (Everett) Fuller, b. Aug. 11, 1744 ; m. Nov. 14, 1771, Lydia Parker of Needham. She d. July 25, 1810, aged 61 years. He d. "March 12, 1800, of a decline, aged 50 years" according to Dedham Church Records, page 101. Perhaps he had a brother Eliphalet who died, and this one was born in 1750, although no record of such is found. He inherited the old Fuller homestead on the Island, where he was born and lived all his life

and where all his children were born. He was the only one of the name of whom that can be said, and yet the place was owned by Thomas (1) and his descendants for more than two hundred years and occupied all that time by Fullers. Children :

LYDIA, b. Sept. 22, 1772 ; d. in infancy.

ELIPHALET, b. March 12, 1774 ; d. April 7, 1777.

LYDIA, b. Jan. 9, 1776 ; d. young.

66. ELIPHALET, b. Aug. 7, 1779 ; m. Sally Pulsifer.

67. JONATHAN, b. May 3, 1781 ; m. Rhoda Stickney.

MOLLY, b. April 8, 1783 ; d. unm. Jan. 5, 1805.

68. CALVIN, b. April 27, 1785 ; m. Abigail Rutter.

ANNA, b. Aug. 8, 1789 ; d. unm. Oct. 8, 1868.

DAVID, b. May 3, 1792 ; d. young.

(To be continued.)

EXTRACTS FROM THE AMES DIARY.

BY MARTHA ABBY SMITH.

(Continued from page 66.)

FEBRUARY, 1790.

3 Wid John Whiting buried

5 Went Boston with Betsy. Committee G Court Charles river. James Morse Major Whiting & I appeared before the Committee & had much altercation but Daws in the forenoon & Judge Sullivan in the afternoon took up all the time in denying the jurisdiction of the Gen. Court in such matters & raised my indignation so that I could not express the Ideas I had conceived

10 On intimation from Major Reed, presented a petition to Court on behalf of Meadows, with numerous signers of some principal Men in Roxbury, Dedham &c:

12 Rec^d Letter notifying my appointment of Justice of peace for County of Suffolk by Gov^r Hancock.

28 Warm debates in Congress about making discrimination of C^s & speculators.

MARCH.

13 Katy Starr died.

31 Bought Joe his freedom Breeches, Corduroy 2½ yds. 3/6 yd at Bussy's. Sal Smith making them a day & half.

APRIL.

12 Went Boston, Bo't Thos's Massachusetts Law Book 12/ Saw Jonath Bliss N Brunswick.

13 Received Commission of Justice of peace for County of Suffolk.

14 Went Boston with Betsey, took the oaths & qualified for Justice Snow fell 28th several feet deep in some places Colds or the Influenza Universal.

MAY.

10 Town Meeting, had the honor of refusing a Seat in house Commons.

31 heavy rain. Much cold, windy & backward season. Rains again
1st June cold N E wind, vegetation here a fortnight at least behind that
on Connecticut shore, where some had done weeding Corn before we
planted here, or if planted too cold to shoot

JUNE.

2 John Harris buried. planted Melons on the Rocks.
Committee of this Session of Gen Court reported that the Petition-
ers for fish have leave to bring in a Bill to Clear Charles river for a
passage & appointed another Committee to view the falls on behalf of
the meadows Kollock Reed Varnum of Dracut s^d Committee

AUGUST.

3 Needham people went to mow weeds in the river to carry off
floods & Cal Whiting & Reub Richards saw the dams clear'd away
that Night.

5 Water falls now from the Meadows not for mowing Ect grass
but raising the Dams.

27 great Rain floods Meadows and my grass standing

(To be continued.)

NEEDHAM EPITAPHS,

WITH NOTES.

BY CHARLES CURTIS GREENWOOD.

(Continued from page 94.)

Mr Jonathan Ellis died April 10, 1841 aged 74 years.

He was b. in Dedham, Dec. 17, 1766, son of David and Beu-
lah (Newell) Ellis. [Hill's Ded. Rec., p. 107.]

M^{rs} Hannah Ellis wife of Mr. Jonathan Ellis died Feb. 19 1853 aged
88 years.

She was b. Feb. 14, 1765, dau of Josiah and Hannah
(Whiting) Newell; m. Jonathan Ellis, Sept 15, 1789.

Caroline, daughter of Jonathan and Hannah Ellis died June 30, 1820,
aged 24 years.

Oh! she was gentle as the twilight breeze,
Which o'er the opening violet's bosom blows;
Patient she bowed beneath the stroke of death,
And sunk in semblance of a dying rose.

Mrs. Mary wife of Luther Morse died June 7 1845. Æt. 66.

She was b. in Medfield, 1779, dau. of Amaziah and Rachel
(Lawrence) Bullen, m. Luther Morse, April 16, 1806.

Alphonso son of Mr. Luther and Mrs. Nancy Morse Died Sept. 1,
1843, aged 1 yr. & 9 mos.

In Memory of Lucinda, daughter of Daniel and Malinda Hurd who
died Aug. 8, 1845 Aged 11 y^r & 3 mon^s [b. May 7, 1834.]

Dear parents farewell Brothers and sisters
farewell. No longer I dwell
On earth and with you.

Mrs Abigail wife of Asa Cheney died Dec. 5, 1845 Æt. 66.

This corruptible must put on
incorruption and this mortal
must put on immortality.

She was b. in Newton, May 12, 1781, dau. of Caleb and Elizabeth (Parker) Kenrick.

In Memory of Susan Frances daughter of Spencer H. and Catharine M. White, died Jan. 6, 1846, aged 6 yrs. & 4 months.

Look above thy child is in Heaven.

In Memory of M^{rs} Abigail wife of M^r Jeremiah Kingsbury who died April 30, 1846, aged 73 years.

Blessed are the dead who die in the Lord.

Jeremiah Kingsbury m. Abigail Phillips, (intention Nov. 28, 1810.) She was b. in Bellingham July 28, 1772; dau. of Joshua and Mary Phillips. She was his second wife.

Alice Kingsbury Died Sept. 6, 1846. *Æt.* 72 yrs.

For me to die is gain

She was b. Sept. 8, 1774, dau. of Jonathan and Jemima (Skinner) Kingsbury.

"In Memory of Mr. Ira Fuller who died Sept. 1, 1847 aged 58 years. And it is appointed men once to die, but after this the judgment."

He was b. Nov. 14, 1789, son of Solomon and Mary (Colburn) Fuller.

Hannah Bird Fuller. Born April 17, 1796, Died Oct. 27, 1882.

She was the dau. of Benjamin and Chloe (Smith) Bird; m. Ira Fuller, March 13, 1822.

In Memory of Benjamin B. Fuller Son of Ira and Hannah Fuller, who died Jan. 15, 1844. *Æt.* 21 y^{rs}.

Though to the silent grave he's gone,
In the first blush of manhood's dawn,
Still we can raise our tearful eyes,
To Heaven with hope, for God is wise.

He was b. in Dublin, N. H., Dec. 25, 1822.

Here lies the body of Miss Sarah Slack Died January 2^d 1847 Aged 87 years

Surviving relatives have caused this
memorial to be erected in commemoration
of one whom they loved: whose
benevolence was conspicuous through
life, and whom death found waiting
in hope of a blessed immortality.

She was b. in Roxbury, March 12, 1759, dau. of John and Elizabeth (Ruggles) Slack.

Charlotte Sophia wife of John C. Hoadley Died June 12, 1848, Aged 25 years,

Clara Anna Died Dec. 25, 1847, Aged 23 years.

Daughters of Daniel and Betsey Kimball.

All my fears are laid aside,
If I but remember only
Such as these have lived and died.

Charlotte Sophia was b. in Hingham, July 31, 1823; m. John C. Hoadley, Aug. 24, 1847. Clara Anna was b. in Hingham, Jan. 7, 1825.

Phineas Smith Died March 6, 1848, aged 73.

He was b. in Dedham, Feb. 27, 1775, son of Daniel and Joanna (Jordan) Smith. [Hill's Dedham Records, p. 116.]

Lemuel A. Pratt Died June 21, 1849. Aged 44 years.

He was b. April 27, 1808, son of Lemuel and Hannah (Smith) Pratt.

Mr. Daniel Hurd died Sept. 22, 1848, aged 45 years.

Mourn ye, dear friends, for the spirit thats gone,
And would ye recline in thus hastening on?
No, happier far is a cherub in bliss,
Than a spirit detained in a dark world like this,
Then with hearts fixed on heaven Oh, may we prepare,
To meet him in glory and happiness there!

He was b. in Rochester, N H., son of Jonathan and [] Hurd.

(To be continued.)

THE FISHER FAMILY.

BY PHILIP ADSIT FISHER.

of San Francisco, Cal.

(Continued from page 37.)

34. NATHANIEL⁵, youngest son of Captain Daniel (17) and Mary (Fuller) Fisher, was b. in Dedham, April 5, 1687; graduated from Harvard College, 1706; and was called, June, 1710, to settle as pastor in the South Precinct of Taunton which, two years later, was incorporated as the town of Dighton. He was ordained Nov. 26, 1712, and continued "not far from fifty years."

"It is a mortifying fact that one who for so long a time was the only minister of the town, 'a good man and worthy minister of the gospel,' as all transmitted accounts are ready to pronounce, should sleep in its ancient burial place without stone or slab to mark the spot of his repose. The evidence that there was such a minister in Dighton, who undertook not only to teach the people in the way of truth and holiness, but to rear a family to God, is in the graveyard: 'Here lyeth the body of Nathaniel, ye son of ye Rev. Nathaniel Fisher and Elizabeth, his wife, died Aug. 1, 1728, aged 3 years.' 'In memory of Nathaniel, ye son of Rev. Mr. Nathaniel Fisher and Elizabeth his wife, died Nov. ye 2d, 1748, in ye 15th year of his age.' 'In memory of Mrs.

Elizabeth Fisher, ye wife of ye Rev. Mr. Nathaniel Fisher, who died Sept. ye 23d, Anno Domini 1765, in ye 70th year of her age'.—Emory's *Ministry of Taunton*.

Mr. Fisher d. about 1777. Rev. John Smith was settled as colleague in 1772, and succeeded Mr. Fisher, continuing until December, 1801.

35. AMOS⁶, son of Amos (18) and Mary (Ellis) Fisher, was b. in Dedham, June 2, 1687; m. at Dorchester by the Rev. Joseph Morse, Feb. 10, 1726, Abigail, daughter of Nathaniel and Abigail (Baker) Kingsbury, who was b. in Dedham, Jan. 5, 1696-7. Both joined Dedham Church, April 18, 1742. He d. in Dedham, Dec. 30, 1762. Their children were:—

ABIGAIL⁶, b. May 31, 1727.

57. TIMOTHY⁶, b. Feb. 11, 1729; m. Lydia Metcalf, April 21, 1757.

36. JOHN⁶, son of Captain John (19) and Rebecca (Ellis) Fisher, b. in Dedham, now Needham, May 2, 1688; m. April 28, 1709, Elizabeth, dau. of John and Elizabeth (Paine) Hunting, who was b. Feb. 2, 1683. He taught school in Dedham in 1714; was town clerk, moderator, etc., in Needham, where he passed his life on a farm in the south part, bordering on the Charles River. Selectman 1732-36, 38, 45-47, 50, Representative 1735 to 1741 and 1751. He d. May 6, 1752 "of smallpox then prevailing extensively about Boston." They had:—

58. SAMUEL⁶, b. Aug. 5, 1711; m. 1st, Sarah Whiting, and 2dly Mary Chickering.

ELIZABETH⁶, b. May 3, 1713; m. Caleb Wheaton Sept. 8, 1736.

REBECCA⁶, b. February 28, 1715; d. May 19, 1716.

59. JOHN⁶, b. Jan. 30, 1717; m. Mary Fuller, May 22, 1740.

REBECCA⁶, b. Oct. 22, 1718; d. May 2, 1720.

60. EBENEZER⁶, b. May 5, 1721; m. 1st, Sarah Chubb, and 2dly, Azuba (Clark) Sanders.

61. ¹NATHANIEL⁶, b. Feb. 1, 1723; m. 1st, Mary Januarin, and 2dly, Hannah Willard.

ABIGAIL⁶, b. June 30, 1725; m. Eleazer Kingsbury, of Needham, Dec. 4, 1744; d. Mar. 13, 1744-5.

¹ Since the receipt of Mr. Fisher's manuscript, a third marriage of Nathaniel Fisher has been established, viz: Nov. 27, 1777, to Elizabeth (Newell) Whiting, of Dedham. She was born April 20, 1735, daughter of Josiah Newell of Needham: married Jonathan Whiting, Jr., of Dedham, who died Aug. 5, 1770. She "closed the scene of life, June the 10th, Anno Domini 1814, Aged 79 years," and is buried beside her first husband, in the cemetery at Dover. By this, the third marriage, there were no children.

DEDHAM HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ANNUAL MEETING, MARCH 7, 1894.

THE Annual Meeting was held in the Society's building, on Wednesday evening, March 7, the Vice-President, Erastus Worthington, in the chair. The officers elected for the ensuing year were:—Don Gleason Hill, *President*; Erastus Worthington, *Vice-President*; Don Gleason Hill, Erastus Worthington, Henry W. Richards, John H. Burdakin, A. Ward Lamson and Carlos Slafter, *Curators*; John H. Burdakin, *Librarian*; Julius H. Tuttle, *Corresponding Secretary*; Harriet T. Boyd, *Recording Secretary*; George W. Humphrey, *Treasurer*.

The following reports were made:—

REPORT OF THE CURATORS.

The Curators of the Dedham Historical Society, as required by its By-Laws, respectfully submit their annual Report for the year 1893-4.

The additions to the Cabinet Collection of the Society during the past year which call for special mention are the following:—

A very old piano made in London, and a copy of Brown's Bible, 1806, both of which came from the Dedham Poor-House, of whose history we have no information.

A powder flask carried by Capt. Lewis Colburn in the war of the Revolution, from Miss Louise Baker of West Dedham.

A wooden beer flagon, a wooden lantern and a skillet which belonged in the Onion family, from Mrs. Anna E. (Onion) Chase.

A platter formerly belonging to Mrs. Abel Everett who was married in 1779, from Miss Olive Fairbanks.

A Manuscript diary of Jeremiah Baker containing a memorial of his son Theodore, 1770-1789, from Augustus Parker, of Roxbury.

The Commission of Lieut. Col. Daniel Whiting in the Continental Army, framed, from Henry E. Fales, of Milford.

Fac-simile of the muster roll of a Company commanded by Capt. Aaron Guild, Nov. 1776, from Henry Guild, of Boston.

A framed engraving of Constable's painting "The Vale of Dedham," from Amanda Bingham.

The original profile of the Norfolk County Railroad from Walpole to Blackstone, from James Trefrey.

To our collection of portraits of Dedham people there have been added the following, viz:—

A finished photograph, framed, of Eben Shortland Fisher, who was born Aug. 30, 1823 and died April 7, 1867, from his brother George Franklin Fisher.

A fine enlarged photograph, framed, of Lewis Hall Kingsbury, who was born Sept. 28, 1814, and died Dec. 9, 1892. He was President of the Dedham National Bank for many years and a member of the Dedham Historical Society from Sept. 5, 1865 to the time of his death. From his widow and children.

We would also gratefully acknowledge the gift of \$100 from Mrs. Rebecca G. Richards and a legacy of \$100 from the Executors of the will of the late Grace Stedman Fisher, who was an interested member of the Society.

The recent addition of two portable book-cases of oak, finished like the other book-cases, supplies shelf room for about fifteen hundred octavo volumes, and relieves the other book-cases, which had become quite inadequate to hold our increasing library. For this very timely and acceptable gift the Society is indebted to Mrs. Rebecca G. Richards.

The register shows the names of two hundred and fifty-six visitors during the past year. This is less than the number of the preceding year, but the fact that nearly all these resided elsewhere, indicates that the Society's Rooms especially interest people living outside of Dedham.

The Committee of the Curators which have been charged with the duty of inviting persons from abroad to speak, or read papers before the Society, at the monthly meetings have not been able to secure the usual number during the winter. It has seemed to be the best policy for the Society to keep as nearly as possible within its distinctive lines of historical research especially including therein all matters of local history. In this field there are not many who could come from abroad upon our invitation to stimulate and enlighten us in our work. If the members could learn to rely more upon themselves to sustain the interest and usefulness of the Society by contributing facts of local or family history, or recollections of former times or persons, a new interest would be imparted to our meetings.

ERASTUS WORTHINGTON.

For the Curators.



LIBRARIAN'S REPORT.

ANNUAL MEETING, MARCH 7, 1894.

Our Society has added to its library during the past year one hundred and eighty-nine bound volumes and two hundred and thirty-eight pamphlets. The various departments have all been more or less increased, but, perhaps, the most important accessions have been those relating to the Wars of the Revolution and the Rebellion. Two valuable books in this line are Records of Connecticut Men in the Rebellion and in the Revolution, one presented through Judge L. M. Hubbard, ex-Secretary of the State of Connecticut, and the other by Mr. A. A. Folsom. We have also received the Diplomatic Correspondence of the Revolution, in six volumes, and several regimental histories. All of these books and pamphlets have been received either by gift or in exchange for our publications or duplicates, and are very valuable additions to our Library. Most of the active duties of my office have been very satisfactorily performed by the assistant Librarian, Miss Martha A. Smith.

JOHN H. BURDAKIN,

Librarian.

PRESIDENT'S REPORT.

The By-Laws of the Society make it a duty of the President to present a written report of the proceedings of the Society for the previous year. Such a report is herewith submitted :—

MEETINGS.

March 7. The Annual Meeting was held for the Election of officers, and at this meeting the reports of the president, curators and librarian were presented.

April 5. The recent death of Henry O. Hildreth, one of the founders of the Society and for many years its President, was made a subject for remarks by Messrs. Worthington, Slafter, Richards, and others, who called to mind the work of Mr. Hildreth, not only in connection with our Society, but in other important local enterprises.

May 3. The librarian, Mr. Burdakin, read a paper which he had prepared upon the subject of the Dedham Taverns.

June 7. The Camera Club connected with the Society gave an exhibition of lantern slides prepared by members of the Club, nearly

all the views being photographs of points of interest in Dedham and vicinity.

October 4. At this meeting the time was occupied by remarks of members present. Mr. Worthington called the attention of the Society to an illustrated article in the September number of the English Illustrated Magazine upon the Country of Constable and his views of Dedham, England, and the similarity of the scenery of Dedham, England, to that of our own Dedham.

No meeting was held in November.

December 6. A meeting was held. General discussion.

January 3. Rev. Calvin S. Locke read a paper upon "Some Old Cities in France."

February 7. A meeting was held. General discussion.

DEDHAM VIEWS.

During the year the Society has published an edition of Donald Ramsay's Heliotype Views of Dedham, the sale of which has given a small income to the Society. One of the important additions to the library is a collection of over one hundred Views of Dedham, presented by our Camera Club.

DEDHAM HISTORICAL REGISTER.

The Dedham Historical Register enters upon its fifth volume with no lack of material at the command of the editors, and apparently no lack of interest in the subscribers.

DEDHAM RECORDS.

It is proper to mention as a matter of historic interest, that the town has during the year published a new volume of Records, the Abstract of Births 1844-1890, being a continuation of the Record of Births from the end of the first volume of printed records through 1890.

LIBRARY.

As will be seen by the Reports of the librarian and curators, our library is steadily increasing the number of its books and pamphlets, and the two new book-cases will enable us to make a better arrangement of the volumes, so that new books can be placed in their proper position for handy reference. We now have probably shelf room for more than five thousand volumes. It will require some time to change the numbers upon the card catalogue, but the books relating to New England local and family history are arranged in alphabetical order,

while books relating to histories of States, general American history, the different wars, biographies, and proceedings and publications of historical societies, are arranged in separate divisions, so that the librarian can easily find almost any book without reference to the cards. In rearranging on this plan, space has been left, so that all new books which may be received for several years to come can be placed in their proper position.

I desire to congratulate the Society upon the progress it has made during the past year, and ask the members to continue their interest in our work, each doing what he can to increase our library and to cooperate with the officers in the general work of the Society.

DON GLEASON HILL,

President.

MRS. ELIZABETH (ALDEN) HEWINS.

On page 118 of this number of the REGISTER, Mr. Slafter refers briefly to Elizabeth Alden who taught the Middle School of Dedham in the summer of 1817. A few additional facts will prove interesting. Her ancestry in this country, it is claimed, runs back to John Alden, of Plymouth; and her parents lived at Needham. Paul Alden, her father, was born there on April 27, 1767, son of Silas and Margaret (Capron) Alden; and her mother Rebekah Newell was born at the same place on February 19, 1773, daughter of Ebenezer and Elizabeth (Bullard) Newell. The marriage of Paul and Rebekah took place on April 21, 1796. He died on December 3, 1815, and soon afterward his widow, with eight children, moved to Dedham, and made their home on School Street, in the house now owned by Mr. James Y. Noyes. There were five daughters and three sons, as follows:—*Lucinda*, (*ante*, page 119) born January 23, 1797, died March 27, 1851, married Prof. Sauveur Francis Bonfils, of Newport, R. I., June 20, 1819, who taught in Boston, Washington, Louisville, Ky., and other places; *Elizabeth*, born October 17, 1798, died October 4, 1862, married Amasa Hewins; *Roxana*, born April 26, 1800, died unmarried June 2, 1863; *Rebekah Newell*, born April 6, 1802, married Moses Gragg of Dedham; *Nancy*, born November 4, 1804, died April 18, 1856, married King Runnells, lived for a time in Dedham, afterwards in Fall River; *Paul*, born July 18, 1807, was a dry-goods merchant in Boston, member of the firm of Little, Alden & Co., afterward moved to New York, where

he died; *Silas*, born July 8, 1809, now living in New Bedford at a vigorous old age; *Ebenezer Newell*, born December 22, 1811, died young in New Orleans where he had gone on business.

Elizabeth Alden, the subject of this sketch, married on August 22, 1820, Amasa Hewins, whose native place was Sharon. When a young man he came to Dedham to seek his fortune, and opened a store on the site of Temperance Hall, recently destroyed by fire. Soon after their marriage they removed to Boston, where he continued his business, and became well known as a painter in oils. Some years were spent in New York, Baltimore, and Washington, but during most of the latter portion of his life they lived in Boston. He went abroad several times in the interests of his chosen work, and finally died at Florence, Italy, on August 18, 1855. Their family consisted of nine children:—Charles, of West Roxbury; Mrs. Elizabeth Seymour, of New York; Richard, of Philadelphia; Mrs. Esther Poor, of Brookline; Florence; Eben Newell, of Boston; George, of Dedham; Josephine; and Louise of Boston.

HANNAH WILLARD.

A TEACHER OF DEDHAM.

In "The Schools and Teachers of Dedham," [REGISTER, III, p. 117, July, 1892] Mr. Carlos Slafter writes: "Hannah Willard taught the Summer School of the First Parish for 1761, but of her previous or of her subsequent life no record is found."

After persistent research the writer is reluctantly compelled to agree with Mr. Slafter as to the "previous" life of Hannah Willard. But of her "subsequent" years definite information is here offered. The records of Needham state that on November 2, 1759, February 23, 1761, January 18, 1762, and March 10, 1763, bills were drawn in favor of "Mrs Hannah Willard, for keeping school summer past, and boarding herself." The school term generally covered six weeks.

On "June 23, 1763, Mr. Nathaniel Fisher was married to Mrs. Hannah Willard, both of Needham." Children by this marriage were *Lucy*, b. June 8, 1764, m. Sept. 23, 1784, James How, M. D., of Rochester, N. H.; *George*, b. Nov. 27, 1765, m. Jan. 1, 1789, Elizabeth Ellis of Dedham; *Susannah*, b. May 23, 1774.

In the Will of Nathaniel Fisher, drawn in 1788, no mention is made of this child, Susannah. No records of the death of either the mother or the child have been found. That the death of Hannah (Willard) Fisher occurred between 1774 and 1777 is assured by the third marriage of Nathaniel Fisher, November 25, 1777. Accurate information of the ancestry of Hannah Willard is greatly desired.

FISHER HOWE, JR.



Model

with the usage of the times in New England; with the elevated desk and seats reserved for the elders and deacons and square pews for the hearers. Within was no cushion nor carpet, no stove nor furnace nor organ to invite the worshiper. The minister was the Rev. Joshua Bates. He was highly esteemed for his intellectual and moral worth and was much admired as an able and eloquent preacher. Attendance upon the ministrations of the pulpit was the uniform custom. The audience which assembled at the morning service, gathered again in the afternoon with undiminished numbers. As the virtue of the people is one of the foundations on which rests the permanence of the Republic all the means which tend to promote it are important. Of these, public worship is the most so; and the growing indifference in regard to it, in all parts of the country, forebodes evil to our institutions.

The Episcopal Church, a plain edifice, was on Franklin Square¹. Here I make the passing remark that this ground should not have been so named. It should be called Colburn Square, in grateful remembrance of Samuel Colburn, who, in 1756, gave his farm of one hundred and thirty-four acres, of which this spot was a part, as a foundation for an Episcopal Society in this place. The old prejudice against episcopacy, handed down from the first settlers, some of whom had suffered persecution in England under Archbishop Laud, had not yet died out. This society was few in numbers, with no promise of "a better time coming," but it has come by the devoted and faithful labors of their rector, the Rev. Mr. Babcock.

In those days there was a monument in the village, known as "Pitt's Head²," of which a part only now remains. As the visitor passes along our streets, he sees a square block of granite in the north corner of the ground around the Court House and asks its meaning. The inscription on it is all the record we have of its history. The British parliament passed the Stamp Act in 1765. This kindled the colonies into a flame. It was repealed the year following, mainly by the efforts of William Pitt, Earl

¹ *Ante*, page 51; paper by W. F. Cheney.

² See REGISTER I, 140; and Proc. 250th Anniv. of town, 170-177.

of Chatham. The citizens of Dedham, to express their gratitude to him, erected this monument in 1766 and gave to it his name. The spirit which thus prompted them was the spirit of liberty, the same which, a few years later, threw the tea into the Boston docks and gave independence to the country. My recollection of this monument extends back more than sixty years, when it was where the fathers placed it and before time had impaired it. It¹ stood on the south side of High Street, opposite the head of Ames Street. This block was the pedestal; from its centre rose a round pillar of wood twelve feet in height and a foot in diameter, bearing on the summit a bust crowned by a three cornered hat. Our separation from the mother country and the busy occupation of men's minds under the new government lessened the public interest in this memento of the past. At length the pillar decayed and fell. The granite pedestal, after being long neglected, was set up where it now is. A century has passed since the erection of this monument. Preserve this remnant of it, to remind the coming centuries of the love of liberty that burned in the hearts of our citizens in the days of colonial dependence.

The Court-house² was situated in Court Street, opposite the oldest part of the present one. It is yet standing, not far from where it was, appropriated to other purposes. Then, the sitting of the Court was a very different affair to the village from what we see it. All the lawyers of the county, with all parties and their witnesses came together at the commencement of the term and remained till they had a hearing; no one knowing at what time he might be called on. This kept together a large collection of people during the session, as there were no facilities for coming and going as now. Occasionally one would hear in this house some of the most eminent lawyers in the State. Theophilus Parsons, when addressing the jury, had little action and spoke in a rather low voice, scarcely above the tone of conversation.

¹ It now stands on the original site, to which Dr. Wight here refers, the northeast corner of the church green. No mention of the "three cornered hat" can be found elsewhere.

² See REGISTER IV, 3-5; paper by Erastus Worthington.

The dullest understanding could not but feel the force of his strong, compact and lucid reasoning; nor could the youngest fail to notice the deference paid him by the Court and Bar. Samuel Dexter was a calm, earnest and persuasive speaker; and discussed the points of his argument with marked ability and logical acuteness. James Otis's voice fell upon the ear like the softest notes of an organ. With an animated and graceful manner, he had a never failing flow of glowing and eloquent language. They who heard him will be slow to assent to the remark that, as an orator, he has been surpassed since by Everett, or Choate or Phillips.

The Jail¹ was on Highland Street, opposite the residence of Mrs. Richards. It was a small wooden building of two stories, surrounded by a high fence. Generally there was a number of inmates; poverty being treated as a crime. A poor debtor, however honest, might be made to pay his debts by confinement in a prison. It is a subject of congratulation that such barbarous laws have given place to others more reasonable and more humane.

The School-house² was a large structure of brick, where the vestry of the First Church now is. It was taken down from want of a good title to the land. The branches of learning taught in the public schools were few and were confined to quite a limited range of study. These deficiencies were partly supplied by private schools. The schoolmaster, about this time, was a young man, afterwards known to fame. His name is connected with the political and diplomatic history of the country and his writings are numbered among the ablest of their class. The person alluded to was William L. Marcy³, Governor of New York and Secretary of State under President Pierce.

The most distinguished citizen in the village was Fisher Ames. His public life was closed. He had won a national reputation as an orator and statesman by his brilliant career in Congress. His time was now devoted to agricultural pursuits, in which he was much interested. He extended his acres, mul-

¹ See REGISTER I, 27, 28, Jan., 1890.

² *Ibid*, II, 123; also, I, 88, 89; paper by Carlos Slafter. ³ *Ante*, page 6.

tiplied his herds and flocks and was one of the largest farmers in town. His hospitable mansion¹ was the resort of friends at home and abroad, who gathered around him to enjoy the surpassing beauty and richness of his conversation. But his health was fast failing him and his sun was near setting.

There was much social intercourse among the people, old and young. Most of the residents were descendants of the early settlers and these, by intermarriages, made a large family relationship. There was little resort to our neighboring city for amusements; the community seeking these among themselves, rather than elsewhere. Something of the plain and simple habits of a former generation still remained. An increasing variety of the pursuits of life was a prominent feature of the times; but not to a large extent, for as yet there was no manufacturing business in the village or town. It was a period of general prosperity, all avocations finding ready employment and ample remuneration.

Our political and religious privileges are the fruit of seed sown by generations gone before. Let us hand down these blessings unimpaired to our successors in this "goodly heritage."

¹ A heliotype view of the Fisher Ames House, slightly changed from its original appearance, forms the frontispiece of this number of the REGISTER. It follows a daguerreotype made about the year 1860, now in the possession of Mrs. Emily G. Perry. An interesting account of the house appears in the Proc. (pp. 189, 190) of the 250th Anniv. of the Town, from which in the main the facts relating to the ownership of the house at different times are taken. Mr. Ames built the house in the year 1795, and lived there until his death, which took place on July 4, 1808. His widow Frances made this her home until she sold the place on April 21, 1835, to Gen. William Gibbs McNeill, of Boston (later of New York), in whose possession it remained until April 6, 1838, when he sold the property to Mr. Elisha Turner. Mr. McNeill was chief engineer of the construction of the Boston and Providence Railroad. On March 6, 1845, the estate was sold by Mr. Turner's executors to Mr. John Gardner. It was the homestead of Mr. Gardner until July 31, 1868, when he sold it to Edward Stimson, father of Frederick J. Stimson, the present owner. While in the possession of Mr. Edward Stimson it was remodeled and much enlarged. The bird's-eye view in the frontispiece extends toward the rear of the Fisher Ames property, and across the Charles River and meadows to West Roxbury.

THE DEXTER HOUSE DURING THE SIEGE OF
BOSTON, 1775-6.¹

BY ERASTUS WORTHINGTON.

THE fine old mansion now standing on the north side of High Street, owned and occupied by Mrs. E. D. Burgess, as is well known, was built by Samuel Dexter before the Revolution. Mr. Dexter was the son of the Rev. Samuel Dexter, sometime minister of the Dedham Church. He was bred a merchant, and having acquired a competency in mercantile business in Boston, he retired and removed with his family to Dedham, Nov. 4, 1762.² On March 18, 1761, two days after his forty-fifth birthday, he purchased the land, no doubt for the purpose of erecting this mansion, and it is a reasonable inference from these and other recorded facts,³ that the house was completed for occupancy in the autumn of 1762.

In the lapse of these one hundred and thirty-two years fortunately it has been in the hands of those who have cared for its improvement and repair, so that to-day it is in excellent preservation. Surrounded by well-kept grounds, and embowered in trees and flowers, it would scarcely be taken for the oldest house in Dedham Village, but it would be hard to find another house here which has stood upon its original site and preserved its identity since 1762.⁴

Its exterior has undergone some alterations but these have not been radical, so that in form and general effect it is substantially the same as a century and more ago. In its interior, the wide hall, the staircase and its elaborated balusters, the ample fire-places and their tile borders, the high panelled wainscots and the mantel-pieces, fully establish the fact that it is a fine house of the eighteenth century, and of a period when forms and styles in architecture prevailed which are now widely copied.

¹ Read before the Dedham Historical Society, Oct. 3, 1894.

² See Diary of Dr. Nathaniel Ames.

³ Moderator of Dedham Town Meeting, May 18, 1763. See Town Record, June 24, 1763. ⁴ For pen and ink sketch, see REGISTER, III, 48.

It is not, however, for its age or architecture alone that the Dexter House is worthy of special notice. Connected with it there are some associations related to historic events which occurred during the exciting period just preceding the Revolution, and during the siege of Boston.

Samuel Dexter was a leading public man in the Province from 1770 to 1776. This was a time when the courage, ability and capacity of men were subjected to the severest tests, and none but tried and proved men could hold the confidence of the people. Mr. Dexter was not only a selectman, moderator of the town meetings, and a deputy to the General Court, from Dedham. In 1766-7 he was chosen to His Majesty's Council, but owing to his active opposition to the parliamentary measures he was negatived by the royal Governor. In 1768 he was again chosen and he sat at the Council Board from 1768 to 1774 when he was again negatived.

In a diary kept by Rev. William Clark, then a clergyman of the Church of England, residing here, occurs the following entry:—

July 12, 1771. This day His Excellency the Governor, His Honor the Lieut. Governor and some of y^e Council are entertained at Mr. Dexter's in this town.

The Governor here referred to was Thomas Hutchinson, and the Lieut. Governor was Andrew Oliver, both having received their royal commissions in the preceding month. It would seem that at this time there was a temporary abatement of the popular excitement and governmental interference, since not only Mr. Dexter, but such well known popular leaders as James Otis, James Bowdoin, Joshua Henshaw and Artemas Ward were also of the Council in 1771. Doubtless some, if not all of these were the guests of Mr. Dexter on the occasion referred to. In the Dexter House, therefore, the last royal Governor before the arrival of the troops under Gen. Gage, was entertained, and at the same board with men, who a few years later were among the leaders in the revolutionary conflict.

Mr. Dexter was also an active and influential member of the Provincial Congress of the Deputies from the towns in the Province in 1774 and 1775. He was chosen by that body one of a committee for the defence and safety of the Province in 1774. In the same year he was chosen Receiver General but he declined to serve.

He was appointed upon an important committee with Hawley and Pickering, in 1775, to draw up a resolve to be prefixed to the address to Gen. Washington upon his assuming command of the army. But with the close of the sessions of the Provincial Congress, July 19, 1775, Mr. Dexter seems to have ceased his official connection with the conduct of military operations around Boston. It is commonly stated that he was opposed to concentrating an undisciplined and poorly equipped military force against the British regulars. But Gen. Washington had determined upon the speedy augmentation of the army and the siege of Boston was begun. Mr. Dexter, as is well known, soon after removed to Woodstock, Conn., a town settled by Massachusetts people and at the time having many affiliations with Massachusetts. Thenceforward the life of Mr. Dexter was spent in retirement.

The precise date of his departure from Dedham cannot be fixed. It is usually stated to have been in 1776, but there are reasons which will presently appear, for believing that it was in the autumn of 1775.

At the November session of the General Court, 1775, an act was passed by which Dedham was made the shire town of Suffolk County. Its preamble and provisions were substantially as follows:—

WHEREAS Boston . . . is now made a Garrison by the Ministerial Army, and become a common Receptacle for the Enemies of America.

Be it therefore enacted . . . That for the future, the Superior Court of Judicature, Court of Assize and General Goal Delivery, shall be held at *Dedham* . . . on the third Tuesday of *February*, and at *Braintree*, on the last Tuesday of *August*. . .

. . . The Courts of General Sessions of the Peace, and the Inferiour Courts of Common Pleas, shall be held at *Dedham*, . . . on the first Tuesday of *January*, and on the second Tuesday of *July*; and at *Braintree* on the third Tuesday of *April*, and the first Tuesday of *October*. . .

. . . *Dedham* shall be the Shire Town of the County of Suffolk for the future.

This act was repealed at the November session, 1776, but Nov. 21, 1776, the following Resolve was passed, which gives us much historical information :—

LIX.

Resolve directing the Register of Deeds in the County of *Suffolk* to keep his office at *Dedham* ; passed *November 21st, 1776*.

WHEREAS by a late Act of the General Court the Town of *Dedham* was made the Shire Town for the County of *Suffolk*, in consequence of which the Register's Office for that County with the Books and Papers thereto belonging were Removed to the said Shire Town, by which Removal two Volumns of Records were lost and several others much defaced. And whereas the Removal of the said Books of Records to the Town of *Boston*, where (by the Repeal of the said Act) the said Office and Records ought now to be kept, would be attended with much Risque and Danger in this unsettled State of public Affairs: Therefore,

Resolved, That the Register of Deeds for the County of *Suffolk*, for the Time being, be and he hereby is directed and impowered to keep said Office, together with the Records and Papers thereto belonging in the Town of *Dedham*, within the said County of *Suffolk*, until the further Order of the General Court ; any law to the Contrary notwithstanding.

The recitals in this Resolve clearly determine an interesting historical fact about which there has existed some misapprehension. The loss of the two volumes of records, which were never found, it was generally supposed occurred about the time of the evacuation, March 17, 1776, and that they were carried off to *Halifax* with the British fleet, or by *Ezekiel Goldthwaite*, the loyalist Register of Deeds up to 1775. They also show that the loss of the two volumes must have occurred in the first removal from *Boston*, as the records were in *Dedham* when the Resolve was passed.

But more interesting and pertinent to our present inquiry, is the place where these records were kept during the year and more they were in Dedham. Ever since the existence of the Act and Resolve before cited became known to the present writer in 1882, this question has often presented itself. The Dexter House has always appeared to be the only available place for their safe keeping. But it may now be asserted upon good historic evidence that from the autumn of 1775, after the removal of Mr. Dexter to Woodstock, and for more than a year after, the records of deeds for the County of Suffolk were kept in the house of Mr. Dexter.

In order fully to understand the facts which justify this assertion, we must resort to contemporaneous history. Joshua Henshaw of Boston was a Selectman from 1764 to 1770. He was intimately associated in these years with Hancock, Otis, Adams and Warren. He acted on many important Committees, and served with Dexter in His Majesty's Council. But in 1774, being upwards of seventy, and an invalid, probably a paralytic, he retired to Leicester, where his brother and son-in-law resided, and here he boarded for a short time in the family of Rev. Mr. Conklin, minister of that town. From this place he removed to Dedham, where he resided until his death in 1777. His death was thus noticed in a Boston newspaper of the time. "On Tuesday, August 5, 1777, died at the seat of the Hon. Samuel Dexter, in Dedham, from whence on the Friday following, his remains were respectfully interred, the Hon. Joshua Henshaw, for years a reputable inhabitant of this town."¹ We shall see hereafter that Mr. Henshaw was occupying a house in Dedham as early as Nov. 24, 1775, and from the description, it must have been the Dexter House.

Mr. Henshaw had a son bearing his own name. Joshua Henshaw, Jr., was in business with his father in Boston, and was chosen to succeed Ezekiel Goldthwaite as Register of Deeds, and it is said of him that "during the occupation of Boston by the royal forces, he kept his office and resided in Dedham, to

¹ N. E. Hist. and Gen. Reg. XXII, 109.

which town the public records had been seasonably removed. Upon the retiring of the troops he returned to Boston, and as was the custom of those days kept his office and records in his own dwelling house"¹ on the Corner of Orange, now Washington, and Harvard Streets. Joshua Henshaw, Jr., served as Register of Deeds until 1786.

From all these facts it may safely be inferred that in the autumn of 1775, Mr. Henshaw, the elder, who was a friend of Mr. Dexter, having served in the Council with him, began to occupy the house, its owner having removed to Woodstock, and that the records of deeds were brought there about the same time from Boston by Mr. Henshaw, the younger, who was the Register, and were kept there at least one year, but when they were returned to Boston cannot be discovered.

In the month of November, 1775, while the house was occupied by Mr. Henshaw, a death occurred there under circumstances of peculiar sadness. One of the three Connecticut regiments encamped in Roxbury was commanded by Col. Jedidiah Huntington, of Norwich, Conn. He married Faith, the eldest daughter of Gov. Jonathan Trumbull, the original "Brother Jonathan." Col. Huntington was among the first to respond to the Lexington alarm in April, although his regiment did not arrive until August. It seems that Mrs. Huntington, accompanied by some of her friends, visited her husband in camp before Boston, and she was an eye witness to the battle of Bunker Hill. Her brother, Col. John Trumbull—afterwards the well known historical painter—thus tells the story :—

About noon of that day—the day of the battle—I had a momentary interview with my favorite sister, the wife of Colonel, afterwards General Huntington, whose regiment was on the march to join the army. The novelty of military scenes excited great curiosity throughout the Country, and my sister was one of a party of young friends who were attracted to visit the army before Boston. She was a woman of deep and affectionate sensibility, and the moment of her visit was most unfortunate. She found herself surrounded, not by "the pomp and cir-

¹ *Ibid*, 109.

cumstance of glorious war," but in the midst of all its horrid realities. She saw too clearly the life of danger and hardship upon which her husband and favorite brother had entered, and it overcame her strong but sensitive mind. She became deranged and died in the following November in Dedham.¹

Upon referring to the letters of Col. Huntington published with the Trumbull Papers, we find that after the battle of Bunker Hill, Mrs. Huntington returned to Norwich. During the summer the condition of her health was a subject of anxiety as appears by the correspondence between her father and her husband, and the Governor desired that Col. Huntington would return to Norwich, on account of Mrs. Huntington's health, but the Colonel felt it would be dishonorable for him to ask a furlough, and in October proposed that his wife should meet him in Dedham.²

The rest of the sad story is found in a Journal from Aug. 5 to Dec. 13, 1775, kept by Lieut. Jabez Fitch, Jr., of the 8th Company in Col. Huntington's regiment. It was copied from the original in the Pension Office in Washington in 1885, and is printed with the Proceedings (2ds. IX, 41-91) of the Massachusetts Historical Society for May of the present year. It contains an extremely graphic and minute account of camp life as he saw it, but his account of the death and funeral of Mrs. Huntington at Dedham is all that concerns us now. The account is so full of suggestive details as to justify its being fully cited:—

The 24th [Nov., 1775]. About half after nine, we were inform'd by a messenger sent for that purpose from Dedham, that Col. Huntington's wife had made way with herself at that place. . . .

Tuesd. the 28th. After breakfast Lt. Hillyer invited Capt. Jewett and I to go with him to the funeral of Col. Huntington's wife. . . .

About 12 o'clock Capt. Jewett, Lt. Chamberlin, Mr. Hillyer and I set off for Dedham. Had considerable discourse by the way, which was bro't on by one's advancing the following proposition (*viz.*) that it is beneath the dignity of human nature to shed tears or mourn for the dead. The dispute was carried a great length and was finally

¹ Stuart's *Life of Trumbull*, 195.

² Mass. Hist. Soc. Coll. 5th series, IX, 505.

quitted and one follow'd in its room on the doctrines of predestination and free will, which lasted us quite up to Dedham. We came to Emes' (Ames) half after 2 o'clock, drank a mug of flip and went into the burying yard, where we found Doct. Emes' (Ames) tomb open'd for the reception of Mrs. Huntington's corpse. We several of us went down into the tomb, open'd the old doctor's coffin and see his corpse.¹ . . .

After sufficiently gratifying our curiosity here, we went to Mr. Henshaw's, the house where the tragical scene had pass'd and from whence the funeral was to be attended. When we came there we were led into a very genteel apartment with a very curious carpet spread on the floor, where we sat some time in profound silence, until we understood that Mr. Havens, (the parson of the parish) began a prayer in the other room, upon which we mov'd into the entry, and after prayer was over and some of the people remov'd out I went into the other room where the corpse was, where I see Col. Williams of Lebanon, and after viewing the corpse I came out of the house, soon after which the procession began in the following manner, (viz.) after the immediate mourners, those who had lived with Col. Huntington, and then the several officers of the regiment who were present, next to them the women who were assembled upon the occasion, the men bringing up the rear. When we came to the tomb, the corpse was deposited at the feet of Dr. Emes [Ames], and the procession walk'd back in the same order as before, and at the meetinghouse we parted, —our Company came down to Emes' (Ames), where we had a dinner provided for us, and we eat heartily of roast turkey, &c. A little after daylight in we set off for home and call'd in at Childs', the sign of the Peacock, where we drank some flip.² . . .

After resting ourselves here awhile, we set off for home and arriv'd in Camp about 9 o'clock, weary enough.

On the fourth day of April, 1776, after the evacuation of Boston by the British, Gen. Washington left Boston on his journey to New York, whither a portion of the army was on the march. On the same night he lodged in Dedham. This fact

¹ Dr. Nath. Ames Senr died in 1764. "My father laid in Dwights tomb." See Ames Diary, July 14, 1764.

² Peacock Tavern, kept by Capt. Lemuel Child, was located at westerly corner of Centre and Allandale Streets. See Drake's History of Roxbury, 435.

is recorded in the diaries both of Rev. William Clark and Dr. Ames, although the latter enters it on the 5th, while the former says it was the night of the 4th. Probably the last statement is correct as we know from independent historical accounts, that Washington left Cambridge on the 4th. There is but little doubt that Washington spent this night at the Dexter House. It was then occupied by Mr. Henshaw, a prominent patriot, besides having a semi-official character by reason of its being the place for records of deeds. The late Edmund Quincy informed the present writer many years ago, that it was a tradition that Gen. Washington slept in the northwest chamber of the house. This was an event so interesting that the tradition would naturally be well kept in the family of Dr. Sprague, who bought the house in 1785, and be transmitted by his neighbor, Hon. Edward Dowse.

And so it may safely be asserted that in the Dexter House was entertained the last royal Governor of Massachusetts; that in it Gen. Washington slept overnight; that during the siege of Boston, it was used as a place for the deposit of the public records; and that its owner and his tenant were both prominent among the popular leaders in the beginning of the Revolution.

THE SCHOOLS AND TEACHERS OF DEDHAM.

BY CARLOS SLAFTER.

(Continued from page 121.)

WE must begin this article with a few corrections. Polly Richards, mentioned on page 117, did not marry Calvin Howe, of Watertown. Elisha Hayward, not James, as stated on page 118, was master in the Second Middle District in the winter of 1814-15, and Josiah Caldwell, from Ipswich, in that of 1815-16. Daniel Heyward Brailsford never taught school in the Second Middle District, as stated on page 118.

Rebecca E. Guild, mentioned on page 121, was the daughter of John and Rebecca (Eaton) Guild, and did not teach in the



public schools of Dedham, but was a successful teacher of private schools both in Dedham and other towns. Samuel Tyler, mentioned on page 121, taught the Second Middle School three winters, 1807 to 1810, but not in 1820.

Rev. Jonathan Farr, H. C. 1818, was the schoolmaster in the Second Middle District soon after his graduation. He was born in Harvard, Sept. 20, 1790, and died June 12, 1845.

Amelia White spent two summers in charge of the Clapboardtrees School, 1819 and 1820.

Timothy M. Mann conducted the same school three winters, 1819 to 1821, which proves his popularity.

Joshua Fales of Dedham was the master of the East Street School in 1820-21. He married Polly Bussey, May 26, 1812; was a captain in the war of 1812. He married Harriet Tucker of Milton Aug. 4, 1822; was chorister in the Unitarian Church forty years, and deacon in the same church; was a representative in the Legislature six years, also for some years selectman and school committee. He died April 26, 1852.

Rev. Seth Chapin was born in Mendon, Mass., in 1796; graduated at Brown University in 1808; settled in the ministry at Hillsborough, N. H., Jan. 1, 1812. He resigned June 26, 1816, and turned his attention to teaching. For three winters he was employed in the Mill School, according to the record, "seventy-one days at seventy-one dollars." Afterwards he was a pastor at Hanover, Mass., then in New York, and last in West Granville, Mass. He died in 1850.

Dolly F. Curtis had charge of the Mill School 12 weeks in 1820.

Richard Green Parker, H. C. 1817, soon after leaving college began to teach in the Centre School. He was the son of Bishop Parker and was the author of several excellent school text-books. His "Aids to English Composition," "Natural Philosophy," "Outlines of History," and "Geographical Questions" were extensively used and passed through many editions. He spent most of his life as a teacher in Boston, residing several years in Dedham, and occupying Lilac Lodge, the house in which Mr. Thomas J. Baker now resides. Among the reminiscences

of his teaching one of his pupils recalls the fact that while he was absent for his nooning, some rogues used to borrow from his desk the letters which he had written to the prospective Mrs. Parker, and read them aloud to the company which lunched in the schoolroom. As Mr. Parker was the master of a good style, we may reasonably infer that many a love letter, written afterwards in Dedham, was much improved by the influence of these purloined models of a style not discussed in "Parker's Aids to English Composition." He was born in Boston, Dec. 25, 1798; died in Waltham, Sept. 25, 1869.

James Plaisted, who graduated at Brown University in 1823, was master in the Second Middle District in 1821-2 and 1822-3.

Elmer Brigham, in 1821-2, trained the youthful minds of West Dedham. The evening spelling-match experienced a boom that winter. The Ellises and the Colburns, the Fishers and the Gays, were hard "to spell down," and fought some brave battles under his command. It is said that on one occasion the tallow candles all burned out and darkness put an end to the contest before either side gained the victory.

The old-fashioned spelling school, under proper management, served a good purpose; but it has had its day, and probably will never be revived in New England.

In Clapboardtrees we find Irene F. Everett teaching in 1821 and 1822. The following publication evidently relates to her later history. "Mr. Joel Ellis and Miss Irene F. Everett, both of Dedham," Oct. 28, 1832.

A Mr. Dupee taught East Street School in the winter of 1821-2 as we learn from a diary kept by Capt. Asahel Smith.

Charlotte Farrington was mistress of the Mill School two summers, 1821 and 1822. She was the daughter of Stephen, Jr., and Lucy Farrington, born March 12, 1798; lived single to the age of 80, and in her last days was kindly cared for by her niece, Miss Mary Hodges. "Aunt Charlotte" died in Dedham, 1878.

Rebecca Kingsbury was mistress of Westfield School four summers, 1821-2-3 and 5. She was the daughter of Nathaniel,

Jr., and Lucy (Ellis) Kingsbury, born Feb. 13, 1801, and became a member of the Orthodox Church in 1828.

In 1817 a master by the name of Charles Smith in the Second Middle School was dismissed for reckless conduct in "throwing things" at his pupils. One boy was wounded; and this caused Mr. Martin Bates, the boy's guardian, to enter the schoolroom and protest in the presence of the scholars. This incident was described to me by a member of the school, after she was ninety years old.

Isaac Morrill, son of Dr. Morrill of Natick, continued the school nine weeks to complete the winter term.

March 24, 1803, Jabez Chickering, Jr., son of the Rev. Jabez Chickering of South Dedham, received sixty-three dollars for teaching the East Street School. He graduated at Harvard College in 1804, and married Miss Deborah D. F. Alleyne of Dedham, July 3, 1805.

Mr. Edward Roberts was Master of the Mill School two months in 1804. The following is found among the Intentions of Marriage in the Dedham Records: Mr. Edward Roberts and Miss Nancy Whiting, both of Dedham, April 29, 1809. Mrs. Roberts died Oct. 24, 1826, and on her tombstone is the following:—

Accept, blest shade

This last Sad tribute of Surviving love. E. R.

For two summers, 1803 and 1804, Miss Miriam Wight, daughter of Joseph Wight, was in charge of the Second Middle School. On the 18th of December, 1805, she was joined in marriage to Capt. Asa Newell of Natick. It is said that they removed to New Hampshire.

Thomas Whiting, the eldest son of Calvin and Elizabeth (Fuller) Whiting, was paid in March, 1805, for teaching five weeks in the Second Middle School. He was subsequently a merchant in Boston, finally went to engage in trade in New Orleans, La., became interested in a cotton plantation, and died of the yellow fever in 1828 at the age of thirty-two years.

Sybil Mudge, previously mentioned as teaching in the Second Middle District in 1709, was the daughter of Joseph

and Lois (Pratt) Mudge, of Wrentham, born Feb. 1, 1787. She taught in Needham and Westminster, Mass., and in Winchester, N. H. She married Col. Alvin B. Doolittle of Winchester, had one daughter, and died in Winchester, Nov. 8, 1836.

In the winter of 1816-17 the Second Middle School was instructed three months by Daniel Sanders Bullard of Sherborn. He was the youngest son of Nathaniel and Mary (Sanders) Bullard of Needham, graduated at Brown University in 1817, and was living in Andover in 1886.

(To be continued.)

THE FISHER FAMILY.

BY PHILIP ADSIT FISHER.

of San Francisco, Cal.

(Continued from page 37.)

37. JEREMIAH,⁵ second son of Captain John (19) and Rebecca (Ellis) Fisher, b. in Dedham, now Needham, Sept. 8, 1701; m. Jan. 20, 1725, Prudence Crosby, of Needham. They had:—

62. JEREMIAH,⁶ b. Feb. 2, 1727; m. Esther Reed, Mar. 26, 1755.

PRUDENCE,⁶ b. Feb. 2, 1727; m. Samuel Chubb, May 20, 1746.

REBECCA,⁶ b. May 14, 1729; m. Ebenezer Clark, Dec. 12, 1751.

HANNAH,⁶ b. Feb. 24, 1731; m. Deacon John Fisher (59), of Needham, July 17, 1760.

JOSIAH,⁶ b. Jan. 29, 1733; d. Mar. 26, 1752.

63. JOSEPH,⁶ b. Aug. 7, 1735; m. Elizabeth Farrington, Dec. 5, 1765.

64. SAMUEL,⁶ b. Feb. 4, 1737-8; m. 1st, Lydia McIntire, and 2dly, Mehitable Tolman.

WILLIAM,⁶ b. Feb. 9, 1739-40.

65. JESSE,⁶ b. Jan. 17, 1741-2; m. 1st, Hannah Battle, and 2dly, Polly Skinner.

SARAH,⁶ b. Mar. 2, 1743-4; d. Sept. 19, 1746.

ELIZABETH,⁶ b. June 28, 1746; m. John Tolman, Jan. 12, 1778.

TIMOTHY,⁶ b. Aug. 26, 1748 ; m. Abigail Pettee, Aug. 3, 1774 ; had, at Needham : *Timothy*,⁷ b. Oct. 20, 1775 ; d. Feb. 16, 1776.—*Abigail*,⁷ b. Feb. 18, 1777 ; d. Mar. 19, 1777.

38. JOSEPH,⁶ son of Captain Josiah (24) and Elizabeth (Avery) Fisher, was b. in Dedham, Jan. 14, 1712 ; m. May 11, 1738, Mary, daughter of Nathaniel and Mary (Gay) Metcalf, b. Feb. 16, 1716. He d. July 5, 1759. His widow Mary was appointed administratrix of his estate, May 23, 1760. She was appointed guardian to the children, Ichabod, Elizabeth, Ebenezer, Moses, Mary and Experience. The inventory of the estate shows land valued at only £6.13.4, and personal property amounting to £239.4.2. The widow received on the division £74.9.3 ; Joseph, the eldest son, £37.4.8, his double share, and Ebenezer, Mary, Elizabeth, Ichabod, Experience and Moses £18.12.4 each. Their children were:—

66. JOSEPH,⁷ b. May 17, 1739 ; m. Mary Everett, March 8, 1764. EBENEZER,⁷ b. April 4, 1741.

MARY,⁷ b. April 4, 1741 ; d. April, 1741.

MARY,⁷ b. Dec. 26, 1742 ; m. William Hart, of Dedham, April 3, 1764.

ELIZABETH,⁷ b. Aug. 31, 1745 ; m. Stephen Draper, 1764.

67. ICHABOD,⁷ b. Sept. 22, 1747 ; m. Sibyl Fisher, of Dedham, Dec. 6, 1770.

AARON,⁷ b. Aug. 19, 1749 ; d. Feb. 26, 1754.

EXPERIENCE,⁷ b. Aug. 7, 1751 ; m. Moses Richardson, of Roxbury, Oct. 4, 1770.

MOSES,⁷ b. July 8, 1754 ; lived in Acton and Concord, and died about Dec. 10, 1832 ; not married.

39. JONATHAN,⁶ son of Captain Josiah (24) and Elizabeth (Avery) Fisher, b. in Dedham, Aug. 5, 1713, m. 1st, Dec. 21, 1737, Mary, daughter of James and Hannah (Metcalf) Richards, who was b. Oct. 15, 1719. She d. Oct. 15, 1749, aged 30. He m. 2dly, Aug. 23, 1750, Mehitable, daughter of John and Mehitable (Savels) Metcalf, of Dedham, who was b. Sept. 17, 1723. They had:—

MARY,⁷ b. Dec. 19, 1738.

ELIZABETH,⁷ b. Sept. 11, 1740.

68. JONATHAN,⁷ b. Nov. 23, 1743 ; m. Catherine Avery, Oct. 22, 1766.

69. JOSIAH,⁷ b. July 25, 1745 ; m. Sarah Wilson, of Newton, Nov. 22, 1768.

EXPERIENCE,⁷ b. Nov. 24, 1747 ; d. Oct. 7, 1749.

EBENEZER,⁷ b. Oct. 14, 1749 ; d. Oct. 15, 1749.

JOHN⁷ (by second wife), b. May 1, 1752.

MEHITABLE,⁷ b. Mar. 15, 1754.

70. AARON,⁷ b. Mar. 3, 1756 ; m. Elizabeth Ware, Feb. 24, 1780.

GRACE,⁷ b. Aug. 6, 1759.

SARAH,⁷ b. May 24, 1762 ; d. Dec. 1, 1762.

SARAH,⁷ b. Oct. 25, 1763.

40. WILLIAM,⁶ son of Captain Josiah (24) and Elizabeth (Avery) Fisher, b. in Dedham, Sept. 3, 1724 ; m. April 30, 1747, Mary, daughter of Ebenezer and Abigail (Gay) Battelle, who was b. in Dedham, July 12, 1725. Moved to Douglas, Worcester Co., before 1763. Children, born in Dedham :—

SIBYL,⁷ b. May 23, 1749.

MICHAEL,⁷ b. July 9, 1751.

41. DANIEL, son of William (26) and Elizabeth (Daniell) Fisher, b. in Walpole, Dec. 20, 1735 ; m. Nov. 16, 1764, Amity Shepard, of Stoughton. Children, born in Walpole, were :—

AMITY,⁷ b. Feb. 13, 1766 ; m. Elijah Boyden, Nov. 19, 1791.

71. DANIEL,⁷ b. Dec. 7, 1767 ; m. Abigail Lewis, Dec. 17, 1793.

UNITY,⁷ b. Mar. 11, 1770 ; m. Jeremiah Fairbanks, of Sharon, Jan. 1, 1794.

ACHSA,⁷ b. Nov. 25, 1772 ; d. Oct. 24, 1793.

72. ASA,⁷ b. May 30, 1775 ; m. Sally Gay, Dec. 17, 1800.

HANNAH,⁷ b. Oct. 7, 1777.

73. WILLIAM,⁷ b. July 21, 1784 ; m. Nabby Capen, of Dedham, May 7, 1811.

42. DAVID,⁶ eldest son of David (27) and Deborah (Boyd) Fisher, b. in Dedham, Jan. 22, 1733 ; m. Sept. 21, 1758, Abigail, daughter of Isaac and Mary (Whiting) Lewis, of Dedham, who was b. there Dec. 4, 1738. In the final settlement of his father's estate, Feb. 15, 1781, the other heirs quitclaimed to David for £700 all their right in the estate, except that part

set to the widow Elizabeth as her right of dower. Lived on Morse Hill, in Sharon. He was a member of the South Parish Church, Dec. 5, 1762; "lived in Stoughtonham, 1776, but attended South Par. Church." Children, born in Sharon, were:—

DAVID,⁷ b. June 26, 1759; m. Mehitable Hewins, Nov. 20, 1781; removed to Francestown, N. H.

MOSES,⁷ b. April 1, 1761.

AARON,⁷ b. Dec. 16, 1762; m. Elizabeth Estey, Nov. 6, 1788.

EBENEZER,⁷ b. Aug. 27, 1765; m. Nancy Morse, Jan. 7, 1796.

CATHERINE,⁷ b. Sept. 28, 1767.

REBECCA,⁷ b. July 29, 1769; m. Lieut. Nathaniel Morse, April 27, 1796; she d. Jan 23, 1828; he d. June 1, 1816; no issue.

MARY,⁷ b. July 12, 1776; d. March 21, 1832. m. [] Gay, of Sharon.

(*To be continued.*)

DEDHAM IN THE REBELLION.

BY JOSEPH HENRY LATHROP.

(*Continued from page 127.*)

THE last meeting of the Dedham Ladies Soldiers' Aid Society was held June 30, 1865. From the report of the secretary it appears that the society was organized Oct. 12, 1861, by the election of a President, Vice-President, Secretary, Treasurer, and Board of Managers. Since that time, and up to the close of the war, meetings were held weekly, with but very few exceptions, and with an attendance varying from four to forty members. During the active existence of the society, the funds received amounted to \$3,040.96, and the expenditures were \$2,921.42. This money was raised by contributions, assessments, collections taken in the various churches in the village, and from the proceeds of concerts, theatrical entertainments, tableaux, lectures, etc. The expenditures were largely for clothing materials, which the ladies made up at their weekly meetings, and at their homes. Some also, at their own expense, gave out a part of the work to poor needle women.

During the first year of the society the supplies were sent in various directions, to the Sanitary Commission, the Union Aid Society at St. Louis, the New England Women's Aid Society in Boston, to ladies in Philadelphia for the hospitals, to the camp at Readville, to Forts Warren and Independence in Boston Harbor, to the hospitals

in Alexandria ; and on Sunday, August 31, 1862, the inhabitants of Dedham united in sending twenty-six boxes to Washington. During the second year, most of the supplies, with few exceptions, were sent to the hospitals in Philadelphia, and to the New England Women's Aid Association in Boston. From October, 1863, all contributions were sent to the latter association, excepting a few articles which went to the 9th Reg't United States Colored Troops. During these years the total number of articles forwarded was 7967, as nearly as can be ascertained. This does not include bandages, nor wines, jellies and other hospital delicacies, of which nearly every box sent out contained more or less. In addition to the above contributions, the ladies of this society rendered material aid to the Sanitary Commission in Boston, by re-rolling many hundreds of bandages sent out. At the Fair of the Sanitary Commission held in Boston, the ladies of Dedham had a table, which was well patronized.

This is the brief record of the devoted women of Dedham, as their contribution to the success of the Union cause. Each in her individual capacity of wife, mother, sister or friend, did more or less privately for her own particular soldier in the field. All honor to those noble and patriotic women, who, deprived by their sex, from taking an active part in the conflict, yet did so much by their aid and encouragement, in allaying the suffering and distress caused by the war.

With the return of the veterans of Co. I, 35th Mass. Infantry, the active interest of the town of Dedham in the war, may be said to have ceased. Nearly all of those brave men who had upheld the honor of Massachusetts on many a well fought field, had returned to their homes ; some, whose regiments were retained in the service, were still absent in their respective departments, but by the close of the year almost every Dedham soldier had taken up the peaceful life of a private citizen. During the autumn of 1864, when the prospects of the country were very gloomy, and enlistments were at a low ebb, certain patriotic citizens contributed money for the purpose of procuring recruits to fill the quota of Dedham. After the war was over, there seemed to be no reason why the town should not reimburse these gentlemen, and on August 17, 1865, the following article appeared in the call for a town meeting to be held on Monday, August 28 :—

To see if the Town will pay and refund to individuals money contributed by them in aid of and for the purpose of filling the quotas of the town, or furnishing men for the recent war, under any requisition, order, or call of the President, or War Department of the United States, during the year eighteen hundred and sixty-four; and raise or borrow money for that purpose.

At the meeting of August 28th, this article was laid over, and it was not until the Town meeting of Nov. 7, 1865, that the following vote was passed :—

Voted, That a sum not exceeding seven hundred and sixty dollars be paid from the Town Treasury to the subscribers to the Voluntary

War Loan Fund (so called), said sum having been collected in accordance with a vote of citizens held at Temperance Hall, Nov. 21, 1864; and that the Town Treasurer, under the direction of the Selectmen, is hereby authorized and directed to borrow a sum sufficient for that purpose.

In regard to the claims of members of Co. F, 18th Regt. Mass. Infantry, to be paid for the time spent in drilling, &c., prior to their acceptance by the State, as per vote of the town, May 6, 1861, and which vote was shortly after rescinded, it will be remembered that the committee, to whom this matter was referred, made a report at the town meeting of April 3, 1865, in which they stated; that in their opinion no money could be legally raised by tax for this purpose, but recommended that the Selectmen of the town petition the Legislature for leave to raise by tax, a sum sufficient to pay each member of the company, who was a resident of the town at the time of muster into the United States Service, the sum of seventy-five dollars. In accordance with this recommendation, a bill was introduced into the Legislature of 1866, and the following law (Stat. 1866, Chap. 168) was passed:—

Section One. The Town of Dedham is hereby authorized to raise by tax a sum of money sufficient to pay the members of Co. F, in the 18th Regiment Mass. Volunteers, who were residents of said town at the time of their enlistment, and were subsequently mustered into the service of the United States, and continued in said service until honorably discharged, not exceeding \$75. each, for time spent in military drill previous to being mustered into said service, in accordance with the vote of said town previous to such enlistment; provided, however, that the whole sum so raised shall not exceed \$5000, and provided further, that at a legal town meeting, called for that purpose, two thirds of the voters present and voting thereon, shall vote to raise such amount for said object.

Section Two. This act shall take effect upon its passage. Approved by the Governor, April 16, 1866.

To carry out the provisions of this Law, a warrant was issued for a Town Meeting to be held June 4, 1866, of which Article Two was as follows:—

To see if the town will pay the members of Co. F, in the Eighteenth Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers, who were residents of Dedham at the time of their enlistment (in 1861), and who were subsequently mustered into the service of the United States, and continued in said service until honorably discharged, a sum not exceeding seventy-five dollars each, for time spent in military drill previous to being mustered into said service, and raise and appropriate money therefor.

At the meeting held on the date named it was voted:—

That there be paid from the Town treasury, the sum of seventy-five dollars to each and every member of Co. F, 18th Regiment of Massachusetts Volunteers, who was a resident of Dedham at the time of his enlistment, and who was subsequently mustered into the service of the United States, and continued in said service until honorably discharged; said payments being in full for time spent in military drill previous to being mustered into said service.

That the sum of Forty Five Hundred Dollars (\$4500.) be raised by tax the present year for the purpose specified in the foregoing vote, and that the Town Treasurer be authorized to borrow in anticipation

of the taxes, (if necessary), such amount of money as may be needed to carry the above vote into immediate effect.

That a committee, consisting of Sanford Carroll, C. C. Churchill and Samuel Howard be appointed, whose duty it shall be forthwith to carefully investigate all claims that may be made against the town by said Company F, and certify to the Selectmen a list of such persons as they may find to be entitled to payment for military drill, under the statute, approved by the Governor, April 16, 1866; and the Selectmen are hereby requested to draw their orders on the Town Treasurer for the payment of those persons whose names are borne upon the list certified by said committee.

That the amount standing to the credit of any deceased soldier shall be paid to his legal representatives, in the line of widow, children, father, mother, brother and sister.

This committee held a number of meetings at which claims were proved, and the amount finally approved and paid was \$4650, and thus after a lapse of five years, the town by an act of tardy justice, partially kept faith with the surviving members of the first company of troops from Dedham.

From the Selectmen's report, it appears that the Town of Dedham furnished six hundred and seventy-two men to the military and naval service during the War of the Rebellion, and the following sums were expended :—

Co. F, 18th Regiment Mass. Infantry.—59 men.	
For outfit, uniforms, etc., under vote of May 6, 1861,	\$1,591.66
For drill, under votes of May 6, and May 27, 1861,	2,573.15
For further pay for drill under vote of June 4, 1866,	4,650.00
	\$8,814.81
Co. I, 35th Regiment Mass. Infantry.—69 men.	
For bounties under vote July 21, 1862 (\$100),	6,900.00
Co. D, 43d Regiment Mass. Infantry,— and other nine months men,—126 men.	
For bounties under votes Aug. 25, and Sept. 15, 1862 (\$200),	\$25,200.00
For expenses of enlistment,	520.00
	25,720.00
Men enlisted in other Regiments, and in Navy, including substitutes provided by individ- uals,—418 men.	
For bounties under votes of April 4, and July 25, 1864,	\$26,856.00
For expense of recruiting, estimated at	600.00
	27,456.00
Estimated amount expended in aid of Soldiers' families, exclu- sive of State Aid,	
	16,200.00
Amount of State Aid (nominally reimbursed to the town),	51,000.00
	\$136,090.81

During the year 1864, thirty four enrolled men procured substitutes in the military and naval service, at an expense to themselves of not less than \$20,000.

ROLL OF HONOR.

The Roll of Honor, comprising forty-nine names of those Dedham men, who, during the War of the Rebellion, gave up their lives for their Country, is as follows, arranged in order of regiments:—

- MICHAEL HENIHAN. Co. H, 2d Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Chancellorsville, Va., May 3, 1863, aged 25.
- CHARLES W. CARROLL. Captain Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862; died Sept. 2, 1862, aged 26.
- ROBERT R. COVEY. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862, aged 36.
- EDWARD G. COX. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., August 30, 1862; died Oct. 22, 1864, aged 25.
- HENRY C. EVERETT. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died at Washington, D. C., Jan. 19, 1865, aged 22.
- EDWARD HOLMES. Corporal Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862, aged 26.
- JOHN KEITH. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Laurel Hill, Va., May 8, 1864; died May 29, 1864, aged 29.
- JONATHAN H. KEYES. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862, aged 20.
- GEORGE O. KINGSBURY. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862, aged 19.
- DANIEL LEAHY. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862; died Dec. 21, 1862, aged 28.
- LEONARD MINOT. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died at Philadelphia, Pa., April 23, 1862, aged 20.
- HENRY D. SMITH. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862, aged 30.
- NELSON R. STEVENS. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died at Hall's Hill, Va., March 1, 1862, aged 19.
- EDMUND L. THOMAS. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862; died at Alexandria, Va., Sept. 16, 1862, aged 19.
- GEORGE N. WORTHEN. Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862; died Sept. 4, 1862, aged 24.
- HORACE S. DAMRELL. Sergeant Co. H, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died at Georgetown, D. C., March 7, 1862, aged 19.
- OSCAR S. GUILD. Co. H, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died at Hall's Hill, Va., Feb. 22, 1862, aged 17.
- JOSEPH M. JORDAN. Co. H, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Gaines' Mills, Va., June 27, 1862, aged 18.
- CYRUS D. TEWKSBURY. Co. H, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Petersburg, Va., July 5, 1864, aged 24.
- ALBERT C. BEAN. Co. I, 20th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Cold Harbor, Va., June 3, 1864; died June 8, 1864, aged 30.
- JOHN FINN, JR. Sergeant Co. B, 22d Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at North Anna River, Va., May 23, 1864; died at Portsmouth Grove Hospital, R. I., June 13, 1864, aged 23.
- WILLIAM HEATH. Co. I, 22d Reg't Mass. Infantry; accidentally shot at Hall's Hill, Va., Dec. 7, 1861, aged 25.
- DAVID FLETCHER. Co. I, 23d Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Whitehall, N. C., Dec. 16, 1862, aged 42.
- CHARLES W. PHIPPS. Co. A, 24th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Deep Bottom, Va., Aug. 16, 1864, aged 27.

- EDWARD SHEEHAN. Co. B, 28th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died at Washington, D. C., Nov. 17, 1863, aged 43.
- JOHN H. BIRCH. Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died at Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 15, 1863, aged 32.
- GEORGE C. BUNKER. Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862, aged 21.
- MICHAEL COLBERT. Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Petersburg, Va., July 30, 1864, aged 30.
- JOHN G. DYMOND. Corporal Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died at Hampton, Va., March 29, 1863, aged 28.
- CHARLES H. ELLIS. Corporal Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died a prisoner of war at Belle Isle, Va., Feb. 17, 1864, aged 30.
- EDWARD E. HATTON. Corporal Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862, aged 22.
- WILLIAM HILL. First Lieutenant Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862, aged 30.
- DAVID PHALAN. Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died at Milldale, Miss., July 30, 1863, aged 48.
- CHARLES H. SULKOSKI. Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862, aged 20.
- NATHAN C. TREADWELL. Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862, died Oct. 23, 1862, aged 19.
- JOSEPH P. WHITE. Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862, died Sept. 19, 1862, aged 25.
- GEORGE F. WHITING. Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at South Mountain, Md., Sept. 14, 1862, died Oct. 7, 1862, aged 27.
- JULIUS M. LATHROP. Captain Co. I, 38th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Cane River, La., Apr. 23, 1864, died at Alexandria, Va., Apr. 26, 1864, aged 23.
- CHARLES L. CARTER. Co. E, 39th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died a prisoner of war at Salisbury, N. C., Feb. 8, 1865, aged 23.
- JAMES J. HAWKINS. Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Infantry; accidentally killed on railroad at Readville, Mass., Nov. 4, 1862, aged 25.
- JOHN H. BANCROFT. Co. A, 54th Reg't Mass. Infantry; wounded at Fort Wagner, S. C., July 18, 1863, died July 30, 1863, aged 24.
- ANSON F. BARTON. Co. G, 56th Reg't Mass. Infantry; died at Washington, D. C., Oct. 7, 1864, aged 18.
- JOHN W. FISKE. First Lieutenant Co. B, 58th Reg't Mass. Infantry; killed at Poplar Spring Church, Va., Sept. 30, 1864, aged 23.
- WILLIAM H. TILLINGHAST. Co. E, 1st Reg't Mass. Cavalry; killed at Deep Bottom, Va., Aug. 14, 1864, aged 40.
- JOSEPH T. STEVENS. Corporal Co. I, 1st Reg't Mass. Cavalry; died at Hilton Head, S. C., March 31, 1862, aged 29.
- ALBERT O. HAMMOND. Co. M, 2d Reg't Mass. Cavalry; died a prisoner of war, at Savannah, Ga., Sept. 12, 1864, aged 28.
- JOHN E. RICHARDSON. Co. B, 4th Reg't Mass. Cavalry; died a prisoner of war, Aug. 17, 1864, aged 19.
- EDWARD HUTCHINS. Sergeant 1st Company, Mass. Sharpshooters; killed at Gettysburg, Pa., July 3, 1863, aged 36.
- GERSHOM J. VAN BRUNT. Commodore U. S. Navy; died at Dedham, Mass., Dec. 17, 1863, aged 63.

(To be continued.)

DOVER RECORDS.

BY CHARLES HUNT SMITH.

(Continued from page 37.)

BIRTHS.

Sarah Elizabeth Howe, born Jan. 17, 1821.
 Louise Battelle Howe, born March 9, 1823.
 Daughters of Isaac Howe and Betsey, his wife.
 James Otis Fisher, born June 30, 1825.
 A son of Nathan M. Fisher and Elizabeth, his wife.
 Francis Adams Bigelow, born July 22, 1820.
 William Adams Bigelow, born Aug. 31, 1821.
 Elizabeth Mercy Bigelow, born March 19, 1823.
 Francis Converse Bigelow, born Nov. 26, 1824.
 The above four children are sons and daughters of Calvin Bigelow and Elizabeth, his wife.
 Joseph Henry Bossuet, born April 30, 1825.
 A son of James Bossuet, now residing in the District of Dover.
 George Warren Baker a son of Jabez Baker Jr. and Anna his wife
 Born October 9, 1824.
 Joseph Allen Smith a son of Draper and Anna Smith born April 24, 1813.
 Daniel Mann, born April 12, 1814.
 Moses Mann, born Oct. 26, 1816.
 Lucretia Mann, born Feb. 15, 1819.
 Austin Gilbert Mann, born April 21, 1823.
 Charlotte Augusta Mann, born July 29, 1825.
 The above five children are sons and daughters of James Mann and Clarissa his wife.
 Sybil A. Wilson, born Oct. 21, 1801.
 Eleazer Wilson, born August 29, 1803.
 Isaac Wilson, born Dec. 27, 1805.
 Lucy Wilson, born Feb. 7, 1809.
 Sarah Ann Wilson, born May 30, 1817.
 Ephraim Wilson, born May 5, 1825.
 The above are children of Ephraim Wilson and Sally his wife, excepting Ephr^m Jr. who is by his 2nd wife.
 Andrew Jackson Battle, born Aug. 8, 1825.
 A son of Roger S. Battle and Betsey his wife.
 Ann Augusta Morse, born October 13, 1826.
 A daughter of Adam Morse Jr. and Anna his wife.
 Lucy Maria Newell, born Jan 31, 1826.
 A daughter of Jesse Newell and Pamela, his wife.
 Addison Richards, born November 19, 1826.
 A son of Calvin Richards and Lucinda his wife.
 William F. Smith, born December 16, 1826.
 A son of Ebenr. Smith and Rebecca, his wife.
 Abigail Mason Fisher, born Oct. 16, 1827.
 A daughter of Nathan M. Fisher and Elizabeth G. his wife.
 Caroline Frances Chickering a daughter of Daniel Chickering and Orpha his wife born February 22, 1826.

John White Sanger, born March 15th, 1824.
 Greenleaf Sanger, born March 9, 1827.
 Two sons of Ralph Sanger and Charlotte his wife.
 Maria Perry, born February 5, 1828.
 A daughter of Lowell and Harriot his wife.
 Eleazer Allen Newell, born Nov. 12, 1827.
 A son of Jesse Newell Jr. and Pamela his wife.
 Frederic Harison Wight a son of Asa Wight and Sybil his wife
 born Dec. 4, 1827.
 William Frederic Shumway, born Jan. 16, 1828.
 A son of Capt. John Shumway and Abigail his wife.
 Willard Battelle, born Jan. 2, 1822.
 Caroline Battelle, born Sept. 23, 1826.
 The above two children are a son and daughter of Ralph Battelle
 and Patty his wife.
 George Draper Everett, born June 25, 1829.
 A son of Jabez Everett and Eliza his wife.
 Irene Freeman Sanger, born Aug. 13, 1830.
 A daughter of Rev. Ralph Sanger and Charlotte his wife.
 Albert Stowe, a son of Walter Stowe and Cinthia, his wife. Born
 June 21, 1820.
 Willard Draper Mann, born July 23, 1819.
 A son of Willard Mann and Abigail his wife.
 Martha Soule, born April 2, 1825.
 Eliza Draper Soule, born December 29, 1828.
 The above two children are daughters of Alexander Soule and
 Hannah his wife.

(To be continued.)

EXTRACTS FROM THE AMES DIARY.

BY MARTHA ABBY SMITH.

(Continued from page 135.)

AUGUST, 1790.

30 Got 40 cocks hay out of Meadow by poleing out of water
 Attempted to mow but my hands refused to work so deep in water, still
 rising from the rain 27th. only got out 20 cocks more 31st, & Fisher Whit-
 ing got it in at 4 times or Loads. More distressing hay time every year
 as they add new works at the falls.

SEPTEMBER.

3 Water has fell not the 8th of an Inch this 7th day from rain.
 6 four Men mowing under water & five raking & poleing the 7th.
 9 attended Mr Kollock to vinerock bridge to Meet J Read Esqr. of
 Roxbury & the hon^{ble} Jos' B Varnum Esqr of Dracut Court's Committee
 to view obstructions in Charles River that injure the meadows, but the
 two last Gentlemen did not attend, on which we hired L^t Eliph^t Fuller
 to go to them to request their attendance as soon as possible & advanced
 him one dollar to bear his Expence he sett off the same afternoon. Major
 Whiting neglected to notify me that they would not attend.
 13 They all came viewed Dedham Mill Creek, then took a Boat at
 Vinerock bridge & viewed quite down to the great falls heard all parties
 and adjourned to next Friday but I being sick could not attend & I since
 hear nothing was done Court has risen But 18th Mr Kollock called to in-
 form me that upon a petition of Medfield Prop^{rs} s^d Kollock hon^{ble} Stephen

Metcalf Esq^r & Major Bullard of Walpole are Commissioned Sewers by the Gov^r & Council.

21 Drew petition for division of the County.

OCTOBER.

12 General Ponds Brigade paraded at Walpole 2 days.

15 Aunt Fisher died 87

17 Attended Aunt Elisa' Fisher's funeral 38 years after her husband's.

31 River fell greatly last Night I suppose Fisher's gates shut caused it. And rose again next morning without Rain. Can we suffer the Mills below to pond us up so any longer?

NOVEMBER.

6 Gov^r Bowdoin died.

DECEMBER.

31 New year begins with violent storm of snow, and I foolishly relying on the promises of my Debtors, have no wood.

JANUARY, 1791.

2 Monsieur Damouchelle french officer died at Dr Bartoldy's, buried. Team goes to break path to burying ground. Snow very deep.

FEBRUARY.

23 Went to Boston with Dⁿ Bullard before honbl^e Jos B. Varnum Lem Kollock and Major Reed absent with sickness tho' one of the same Committee on the Petition of Meadow Proprietors the other two heard the parties Simon Eliot j^r produc'd & read a Deed from William Nahaughton of puncapog of the land granted him from the town of Dedham (but without power to alienate without the consent of the Select Men of said Town for time being) but Eliot could not make it appear that said Nahaughton had such consent & moreover on reperusal we found an express reservation in said Deed of $\frac{1}{4}$ Acre of s^d land and all the right of fishing—So all title pretended by the the late Tho^s Parker & M^r Eliot under him to an Eel ware on the upper Dam was a mere delusion of the last water Sewers by Parker & said Deed availed us more than Eliot, and convinced the Committee that the Millers have no right to Dam the river and all their pretended title to the river prove to be a mere invasion of the natural rights of all the Inhabitants on the river above the falls.

28 Dⁿ Bullard has assurances from Col: Varnum & M^r Kollock that they shall report entirely in our favor as to clearing Charles river if they receive their pay for attendance in viewing.

MARCH.

Honbl^e Joseph B Varnum John Reed Lemuel Kollock, Committee of Gen. Court upon the Petition of Meadow owners having viewed Charles river the falls &c: Reported March 1791 That there are natural & artificial obstructions which cause the s^d Meadows to be flooded that might be removed without injury to the Mills so as to drain said meadows but the Laws already made are sufficient & as good as any that could be form^d to afford the Petitioners the relief they pray for.

So now we have no other resource but to apply to the Governor & Council for Sewers to be commissioned to order the necessary operations and assess the necessary expences Unless an Action on the Case by each Proprietor against the owners of the Dams, or complaint to the Sessions against them shall be thought more expedient— Under Sewers we should act as if incorporated, by the other two modes of seeking redress we act individually.

MAY.

4 Chosen again to Rep. Dedham & upon their assurance to dispense with my attendance I accepted—I consider myself as a nominal Representative only to save the Town from being fined.

25 Went Election, could not take my seat not being returned by the selectmen.

31 Attended Medical Society & General Court 1st June & went to Gov^r Hancock's & got qualified then in Court called up petition of 2^d Church Dedham & committed

AUGUST.

12 Attended Capt Hill exploring the country between Connect^c up Chickabee river along by Worcester Holden thro various Ponds & brooks into Charles river thence into Neponsett for an inland Navigation with very little digging only 50 or 60 rods in longest place, which will make water carriage all the way and he thinks is very practicable—only 3 dams to raise water 25 feet will make compleat water communication between Chickabee & Charles river.

(To be continued.)

NEEDHAM BRANCH OF THE TOLMAN FAMILY.

COMPILED BY ANNA MARIA (TOLMAN) PICKFORD.
Lynn, Mass.

(Continued from page 117.)

MEHITABLE,⁷ eldest daughter of Captain John (6) and Elizabeth (Fisher) Tolman was b. in Needham, Nov. 15, 1778. She m. 1st, July 7, 1805, Jonathan Alden, of Newton, Mass., a lineal descendant of John Alden of Plymouth Colony. He d. March 14, 1820. She m. 2dly, Cyrus Graves, of Fair Haven, Vt., March 14, 1827. He was b. in 1768 and d. in Fair Haven, March 11, 1844. She then went to live with her daughter in Sandwich, Illinois, where she d. Feb. 17, 1875, aged 96 years, 2 months and 3 days. Children of Jonathan and Mehitable (Tolman) Alden;—

JOHN TOLMAN,⁸ b. in Watertown, April 4, 1806; d. August 10, 1844.

DAVID PACKARD,⁸ b. in Charlestown, Nov. 23, 1801; d. Feb. 20, 1802.

MEHITABLE,⁸ b. in Randolph, Oct. 3, 1809; d. 1809.

ELIZABETH FISHER,⁸ b. in Randolph, June 29, 1811; d. 1811.

CAROLINE,⁸ b. in Randolph, April 23, 1813; m: May 5, 1836, Gustavus W. Southworth, of Fair Haven, Vt. She d. Aug. 7, 1844.

GILBERT,⁸ b. in Randolph, N. H., Sept. 27, 1815; d. Nov. 24, 1830.

SUSAN JANE,⁸ b. in Baltimore, Md., Nov. 3, 1819, m. Gustavus W. Southworth of Chicago, Jan. 26, 1845; d. Nov. 28, 1861.

JEREMY FISHER,⁷ second son of Capt. John and Elizabeth (Fisher) Tolman was b. in Needham, Mass., Dec. 17, 1784. He m. Betsy Leland Oct. 25, 1814. She was b. [] 1789, and d. May 3, 1849. He d. March 24, 1872, in Sandwich, Illinois, where for many years he had resided, being pastor of the Baptist Church at that place. "Shortly after his conversion he commenced preaching at Dana, Mass., in the spring of 1814, where he was licensed to preach. He supplied the Templeton church during the year 1816, but declined their urgent invitation to ordination and the pastorate, preferring a pioneer life in the then wilds of New York. He settled at Jumin, where he was ordained April 1, 1819." "Father Tolman was no ordinary man, and his influence upon the denominational history of this region has been marked. His distinguishing characteristic was *faithfulness* in whatever he undertook." (From a local paper.) He taught school in Dedham for a short time. Children:—

ALONZO,⁸ b. Dec. 2, 1815, at Barre, Mass., farmer; m. Almyra Hart, May 8, 1845; d. Jan. 23, 1887. He was deacon of the church many years.

MARIA,⁸ b. Oct. 8, 1817, in New York; m. Joseph Weeks, April 11, 1844.

JOHN NEWELL,⁸ b. Oct. 16, 1819; m. 1st, Jerusha Allen, July 18, 1847; 2dly, Nancy J. Barnes, Sept. 30, 1858; d. Jan. 23, 1887. He was a Baptist minister; preached in Brooklyn some years and afterwards in Central New York.

JOSEPH LELAND,⁸ b. Feb. 24, 1822; d. Oct. 7, 1836.

CHARLES WARREN,⁸ b. Jan. 7, 1824, farmer; m. Sarah Haigh, April 11, 1849; d. Aug. 29, 1878. He was deacon of the church. Mrs. Tolman resides at Silver Creek, Nebraska.

MARTHA ELIZABETH,⁸ b. June 19, 1826; d. May 9, 1849.

MARILLA SHERMAN,⁸ b. March 13, 1818; m. Rev. Albert M. Bacon, Dec. 5, 1866. She was teacher in Seminary for ten years and has been Secretary of the Women's

Baptist Foreign Missionary of the West for twenty years. Resides in Chicago, Illinois.

JULIA REED,⁸ b. July 30, 1830; m. L. Dunham Ingersoll, April 1, 1858; d. Nov. 15, 1869.

CYRUS FISHER,⁸ b. Oct. 25, 1832; m. Mary Bronson, Oct. 4, 1858. He is a Baptist minister, and was three years a Missionary in India. Resides in Chicago, Illinois.

HARRIET CLARISSA,⁸ b. June 5, 1835; m. 1st, William Sampler, Nov. 1, 1860; 2dly, James Densmore, Sept. 1, 1868.

7. JOHN,⁷ (*Capt. John,⁶ Nathaniel,⁵ Nathaniel,⁴ Thomas,³ Thomas,² Thomas,¹*) eldest son of Capt. John and Elizabeth (Fisher) Tolman, was b. in Needham, Feb. 10, 1783; m. Jan. 30, 1806, Lucy, dau. of Timothy and Doretha (Colburn) Broad. She was b. Feb. 7, 1784, in Needham. After living a short time in Barre, Mass., they returned to Needham, where he followed his trade of millwright. He invented several machines. "He was a fine scholar in his day; was quite well versed in Latin," and taught the Needham school. He d. Sept. 14, 1833, aged 50. She d. Nov. 7, 1848, aged 65. Buried in Needham Cemetery. Their children:—

8. JOHN BROAD,⁸ b. Dec. 30, 1806.

JAMES BARTIMEOUS,⁸ b. March 25, 1812; m. Jan. 15, 1835, Mary Ann Felton, who was b. March 2, 1813, in Needham. Mr. and Mrs. Tolman are now living in Oshkosh, Wisconsin.

8. JOHN BROAD TOLMAN,⁸ (*John,⁷ Capt. John,⁶ Nathaniel,⁵ Nathaniel,⁴ Thomas,³ Thomas,² Thomas,¹*) eldest son of John and Lucy (Broad) Tolman, was b. in Barre, Mass. Dec. 30, 1806. The following history of John Broad Tolman was compiled from sketches published in Lynn, Boston and many other papers, at different times. In 1804 he removed with his parents to Needham, where his early life was passed. At the usual age for apprenticeship he was placed in the office of Herman and William Mann, of Dedham, to learn the printing business. It was a large and well appointed establishment for the time, and afforded facilities for acquiring a good knowledge of art.

In 1828 he went to Boston as a journeyman in the book office of Isaac R. Butts, working on the *Columbian Centinel*. One week in Feb., 1830, the work on the *Lynn Record*, a weekly paper, was behind and the paper could not come out on time. The editor said to his assistant: "Ellis, don't you know some young man in Boston who can help us out?" "Yes," was the reply, "I know one I think will do so." "Then get ready forthwith and bring him here without delay." Mr. Ellis immediately started and found Mr. Tolman, then a young man of 24, alone in the printing office. Upon stating the case to him, although it was a bitter cold night, he consented to go, and they returned over the turnpike (it was before any rail road), arriving in Lynn at about 10 o'clock, P. M. He worked all night and the next day had the paper out in time. The work was done on a Franklin hand press. After several years of service as manager, not only mechanically but editorially, he purchased the office and soon did a larger business than had ever been done in any other Lynn office up to that time. He introduced the first machine press in that place, printed not only the *Record*, but a number of other papers and publications, such as the *Washingtonian*, *Pioneer*, *Puritan*, *Awl*, etc. A conspicuous trait in his character was promptness in filling engagements. He sometimes appended a notice to his advertisements stating that if a job of work was not ready for delivery at the time agreed upon no pay would be exacted. In middle life he sold out his business and engaged in less wearying pursuits.

(To be continued.)

THE FISHER AMES ESTATE.

The bird's-eye view mentioned at the foot of page 149, and which forms a part of the frontispiece, was taken from the cupola of the Court House about the year 1870. The Fisher Ames house, remodeled and enlarged about 1869, by Edward Stimson, is seen in the foreground at the right; and the large elm, said to have been planted by William Ames, a brother of Fisher, about the year 1800, appears at the left. The five houses in the middle ground are on Ames Street; and at the extreme left, crossing the Charles River, will be

seen the Ames Street Bridge. The winding path at the right runs back to the boat-landing, belonging to the estate ; and a little farther to the right is seen River Place. The river flows toward the extreme right and turns suddenly to the North, wending its way, after passing through a long stretch of meadow, to Newton, Watertown, Waltham, Cambridge and Boston. The bend forms the southeastern corner of Dedham Island, so called, which was named the "Greate Island" in the records of the town (March 23, 1636-7). See Hill's Early Records of Dedham (page 28, *et seq.*), Dedham, 1892, for mention of the name. The meadow extending into the distance was known in early times as Purchase Meadow, so called because it formed a part of purchased land. It contains several "islands," as they are named in the early records. By looking closely at the view, just north of the bend, at the right, will be seen a portion of "Mother Brook" or "Mill Creek." This canal, or wide ditch, was ordered to be dug by the town, by a vote passed at a town meeting on March 25, 1639, to connect the river with the source of East Brook. By this means more water was to be furnished to the mill privilege on the brook. For an account of "The First Dam and Mill," giving a history of Mother Brook, by Don Gleason Hill, see Proc. of the 250th Anniversary of the Town, (pages 165-170), Dedham, 1887. This heliotype view is slightly reduced from the original photograph, which was made for a stereopticon view. It covers a distance of two miles or more toward the North.

A NEW VOLUME OF DEDHAM RECORDS.

The fourth printed volume of the Ancient Records of Dedham is now in the bindery. It is a complete transcript of the Town Meeting and Selectmen's Records (1659-73) contained in Book Three of the General Records of the Town, to which is added an Appendix of nearly sixty pages, containing transcripts from the Massachusetts Archives and from the General Court Records, 1635-1673, and a list of Deputies to the General Court prior to 1696. This volume of over three hundred pages is bound in black cloth, uniform with the volumes previously published. A large part of the Appendix is devoted to the transcript of original papers relating to the settlement of praying Indians at Natick and the lawsuit between the town and the Indians with regard to the lands occupied by the Indians, as a final issue of which controversy 8000 acres of land was granted to Dedham at Pocumtuck,

now the town of Deerfield. The book, like all the preceding volumes, is edited by Don Gleason Hill, the President of the Dedham Historical Society, and contains a very interesting introduction by Rev. Edward G. Porter.

NOTES AND QUERIES.

NOTES.

5. During the past year a continued article relating to the Fuller family has appeared in the REGISTER written by Francis H. Fuller, of Jamaica Plain. He proposes now to publish a volume of about 250 pages, and he desires to receive the names of subscribers as soon as possible. The price of the volume will be \$5.00.

6. I notice an error in the REGISTER (III, 179) for Oct., 1892, where Rev. Nathaniel Fisher is said to have been an "uncle of Fisher Ames." He was not an uncle, but a *cousin*. He was a brother of my great grandfather, Col. Daniel Fisher. J. R. DAVENPORT.

7. The following corrections are to be made in my paper on "Connecticut Corner," which appears in the REGISTER (pages 40-42) for Jan., 1894:—

Under Haven Street, instead of "shop" read "tin shop."

Under Haven Street, for "E. Hunnewell," read "Elizabeth Hunnewell, crockery-ware store."

Three lines below, strike out "Jason Messenger," and after Jesse Clapp add the word "bakery." CALVIN GUILD.

8. In Mr. Slafter's very interesting serial on "The Schools and Teachers of Dedham" (*ante*, pp. 121, 158), he speaks of Rebecca E. Guild. Her mother was Rebecca, daughter of Capt. John and Desire (Smith) Eaton; and she was a sister of Miranda Guild, lately deceased. JOHN EATON ALDEN.

9. COL. JOHN JONES OF DEDHAM.—During the early part of his life Col. Jones kept a diary (1727-1762), and also recorded some interesting facts about the Danforth and Jones families. The "Book of Minits", comprising such memoranda, has recently been published by his grandson, the Hon. Amos Perry of Providence, R. I., with many notes relating to Dedham, Dover and Natick History. The illustrations are the houses of Col. Jones and of Elijah Perry, the Eliot Meeting-House at South Natick, the Badger House, and the Eliot Oak. The pamphlet (41 pages) is sold by Mr. George E. Littlefield, 67 Cornhill, Boston, for 50 cents.

QUERIES.

3. Information is desired concerning Constellation Lodge of Freemasons in Dedham from 1802 to 1850. But little is known of the history of the old Lodge, either as to its officers or members. Presumably its By-Laws are in existence, and if they are found much information will be gained. Early diplomas issued by the lodge would give the names of officers. Information of any kind relating to its history will be appreciated by the Secretary.

The names of the charter members of the old Constellation Lodge are as follows:—

Nathaniel Ames,	James Noyes,
Abijah Draper,	Francis Guild,
Jeremiah Baker,	David Dana,
Joseph Howe,	Charles Hunnewell,
Oliver Wheelock,	Enoch Harris,
	Isaac Whiting.

HENRY D. HUMPHREY,
Sec. of Constellation Lodge.

4. In the Ames Diary, printed in the REGISTER, (I, 52) for April, 1890, the following entry of Dec. 18 appears:—"Yankeys Booby hut employ'd." Who was "Yankey," and what was his "booby hut." The entry of the 17th is "Fine Slaying." J. H. T.

5. When was "Federal Hill," in Dedham, so named, and why was the name used?

6. "The Mercury and New-England Palladium" (Boston), in the issue of January 27, 1801, gives in the list of deaths the following:—

At *Dedham*, on Saturday last [Jan. 24], Doct. JOHN GOULD, *Æt.* 45.

In Mr. Slafter's Epitaphs a misprint makes the year of death given in the inscription 1807,—which should be 1801, as noted above. What was Dr. Gould's parentage and habitation? A. B. P.

CORRECTIONS.

Page 149, 3d line of note, for "1860" read 1855.

" 151, 11th line from bottom, for "month" read March.

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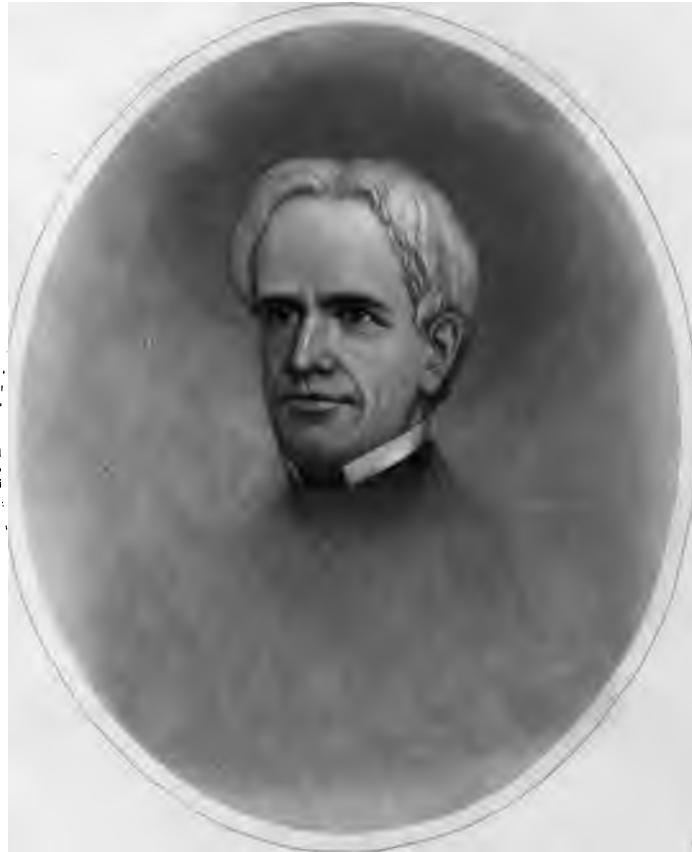
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THE DEDHAM HISTORICAL REGISTER.

VOL. VI.

JANUARY, 1895.

No. 1.

ADDRESS

BY THE REV. CARLOS SLAFTER,

JANUARY 11, 1895, THE 250TH ANNIVERSARY
OF THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE FREE PUBLIC SCHOOL
IN DEDHAM, MASS.

THE observance of an anniversary is a pleasant, and sometimes a most profitable, way of expressing our interest in past events; and, as the centuries roll on, we learn what events are sufficiently important, or have so promoted human welfare, as to call for such recognition. That we have good reason for celebrating to-day the anniversary of a Dedham Town Meeting, will, we trust, become apparent as we examine the work which was there accomplished.

On the first day of January, the eleventh month of the year 1644, as time was then reckoned, two hundred and fifty years ago to-day, the freemen of Dedham assembled in their small, half-finished, hay-thatched meetinghouse. It was the day for choosing their town officers, viz., a man to keep the Town Book and also to act as one of the Seven men; Six others to make up the Seven who had general charge of the town business and were afterwards very appropriately called Select Men; three Surveyors who had the care of the roads; and two Woodreeves, to look after the fences, the forests, and the fire-ladders, by means of which the householders were obliged to furnish ready access to the roofs of their thatched dwellings.

But before they elected these officers, they transacted the business which makes this town meeting the most remarkable in

the annals of Dedham. Though many of you here present may be familiar with the story of this meeting as it appears in the third volume of the printed records of the town, yet it seems fitting on this occasion to refresh our memory of the facts as they were recorded by the hand of Michael Powell who was chosen that day to keep the Town Book.

The record opens as follows: "1644. At a meeting the first day of the Eleventh month. Assembled those whose names are under written with other the Inhabitants of this Town".

We may remark here that it was a custom, which had been generally observed up to the time of this meeting, but which was not continued much later, to record the names of the free-men who were present at the general meetings of the town. A roll of those entitled to vote in town affairs, and whose duty it was to be present, was called over before they proceeded to business, and fines were imposed on those who were absent or tardy. On one occasion, seven years later, Sergt. Daniel Fisher was "deputed to call the Rolle of the Townsmen" to the number of eighty-four. There are only half as many recorded as present at this meeting; and as you listen to the reading of the record, if you are of the old Dedham stock, you will no doubt recognize the names of some of your ancestors. Not one of them has a middle name, as you will see; nor have they any fine titles to distinguish them: but still you will have no occasion to be ashamed of them; for we shall find that they were all of one mind in the truly creditable business they then and there transacted. The forty-two names are as follows:—

M^r Jn^o Allin past^r Jn^o Huntin^g, Eld^r: Hen: Chickering Tho Wight Jn^o Thu[rston] Anthony Fisher Jos Fisher Dan: Fisher Jn^o Lusson: M^r Ralph Wheeloc[k] Jn^o Gaye: Willm Bullard Jn^o Bullard Robt Crosman Hen Wilson Jn^o N[ewton] Edw: Coluer Hen Smith: Nath Colborne: Nath Aldus Hen Phillip[s] Sam^l Morse: Dan Morse Jn^o Morse: Jos Kingsbury Jn^o Dwite Lamb: G[enere] Edw Kemp: Edw Richards Tho Leader Geo Bearstowe: Jonath Fairba[nks] Mich Powell Mich Metcalfe: Juno^r Jn^o Metcalfe Jn^o Frary: Eli: Lusher: R[obert] Hinsdell: Pet Woodward: Jn^o Guyle Rich Euered Robt Gowing &^{cc}:

From these forty-two men a host of able men have descended. We at once call to mind five college presidents; the two Dwights of Yale, the two Wheelocks of Dartmouth, and Everett of Harvard: three governors of states; Everett of Massachusetts, and the two Fairbankses of Vermont. Fisher Ames, Dedham's most distinguished son, was a descendant of the Anthony Fisher of our list. How many other men of worth and renown sprang from this ancestry, we should doubtless be surprised to learn.

The record proceeds in the following terms:—

The sd Inhabitants takeing into Consideration the great necessity of providing some meanes for the Education of the youth in of sd Towne did with an Vnanimous consent declare by voate their willingnes to promote that worke promising to put too their hands to provide maintenance for a Free Schoole in our said Towne

This sentence is an admirable and complete expression of the motive and spirit which characterized this meeting. There was no word of dissent from the noble purpose they had in mind. They were all determined to support the School which they were about to establish. They had evidently weighed the subject and were ready to assume as citizens the responsibility of educating the children of the Town. This conclusion being deliberately and clearly announced in the foregoing preamble, the more explicit provision for the free school is expressed in the following words:—

And farther did resolue & consent testefying it by voate to rayse the some of Twenty pounds p annu: towards the maintaining of a Schoole m^r to keep a free Schoole in our sd Towne

This was a vote to raise money, and it means to raise it by taxation; and as the vote is to raise twenty pounds per annum, the action of the town was plainly intended to be continuous. Subsequent acts of the town show clearly that this was a provision for seven years.

That this sum of twenty pounds was to be raised by a general tax is distinctly implied in the next clause of the record which is as follows:—

And also did resolute & consent to betrust the sd 20℥ p annu : & certaine lands in o^r Towne formerly set a part for publique vse: into the hand of Feoffees to be presently Chosen by themselves to imploy the sd 20℥ and the land aforesd to be improved for the vse of the said Schoole: that as the profits shall arise from y^e sd land euery man may be proportionably abated of his some of the sd 20℥ aforesaid freely to be giuen to y^e vse aforesaid And y^t y^e said Feoffees shall haue power to make a Rate for the nesesary charg of improving the sd land: they giueing account thereof to the Towne or to those whome they should depute

John Hunting Eld^r Eliazer Lusher Francis Chickeringe John Dwight & Michael Powell are Chosen Feoffees and betrusted in the behalfe of the Schoole as aforesaid

Here we see a provision is made for abating proportionably every man's sum of the twenty pounds per annum, whenever the land should yield a sufficient profit. This means simply an abatement of Taxes in a certain contingency. The land had been "set apart for publique use" two years before: but there is no indication that it ever brought much income to the school. It may have paid some incidental charges; but probably it never caused any abatement of taxes.

Thus we see how in that Town Meeting held 250 years ago to-day, the freemen of Dedham established a free public school supported by general taxation. It was put into the hands of feoffees, five of the best men of the town, and they managed it for the next seven years without any interference by others.

We have good grounds for believing that it was immediately organized by the feoffees. There are in the town records occasional references to the school, just enough to indicate that it was performing quietly its appropriate functions. Before referring to these more particularly, allow me to say that through the kindness of Mr. Fisher Howe, Jr., of Chestnut Hill, there has been placed in our hands a copy of the nuncupative will of Henry Deengaine, a physician and one of the early proprietors of Dedham. He died in Roxbury on the 8th of December, 1645. On that day he made this will in the presence of the Rev. John Eliot, the well-known Apostle to the Indians. It is in the handwriting,

and bears the signature, of Mr. Eliot as witness; and also that of Gov. John Winthrop, before whom it was testified to by the said witness. In this will there is this clause: "He gave the school in Dedham 3£ to be paid out of his house & lands there."

This is the only gift known to have been made to the Dedham school before Dr. William Avery's donation of £60 in 1680. There is no record showing that the Deengaine legacy was paid over to the school; but the will is satisfactory evidence that there was a school in Dedham in 1645.

Coming back to the Town Records we find that in February, 1644, the seven men put a portion of the Training ground into the hands of the "Feoffees for y^e free Schoole in Dedham" for the use of the school "from this present day unto the last day of the Eight month which shalbe in y^e yeare 1650." This was a six years use of the land and plainly implies that the school had already begun its work. In 1648 a school house was resolved to be built; it was planned by the Select men; was erected in the Spring of 1649; and the builder, John Thurston, was paid by a Rate eleven pounds and three pence. A feoffee for the school was chosen in 1648 soon after, and because of, the removal of Michael Powell to Boston, where he was one of the founders, and afterwards the ruling elder, of the Second Church. Also at different times the school house was repaired or improved at the expense of the Town.

But in 1651, at the expiration of the seven years, the selectmen in the records speak of "the time of the Covenant in y^e Schoole keeping" as "being expired." With whom had this Covenant in the school-keeping been made, is a question no one has yet been able to answer. The records of the feoffees, which in view of the character of the men must have been carefully kept, have unfortunately been lost; but there was a covenant with some one who kept the school, and we deem it proper to say that tradition and reasonable conjecture both point to Mr. Ralph Wheelock as that master. He was resident in Dedham all those seven years, but was seldom engaged in other town business during that time as he had often been in previous years.

At the time when the selectmen were considering the plan of a schoolhouse, there is this brief, but suggestive, record under date of Dec. 12, 1648: "Mr. Wheelock's motion for advice answered." Is it not possible, and even probable, that the school master wished to be advised as to the school-house they were intending to build? It is not unreasonable, to say the least.

In 1652 Mr. Wheelock became a resident of the new town of Medfield; and in 1655 was teaching the first school of that town.

In what house or building the first years of the Dedham school were spent is not a matter of record. There is very good reason for supposing that, as in some other towns, the primitive meeting house served as the first school-house. All public meetings were held there, and except in the coldest winter weather it would be as comfortable for a school as for public worship. Perhaps in some of the severest days Mr. Wheelock might "forego the school," or entertain it at his own house, as Michael Metcalf sometimes did. In those old times school children did not expect as many comforts as the present generation require. Their own homes we should think intolerable; and of their school and meeting-houses, I do not dare to say what we should think. On the score of comfort it would be hardly safe to speculate as to the accommodations required by the school-boys of 1645.

The first school-house erected in Dedham stood near the meeting-house, on ground now occupied by the Unitarian vestry. Two, and probably three, successors held the same position, so as to be often designated in the records as "the school near the meeting-house."

But in 1651, the covenant in the school-keeping having expired at the end of seven years, the school again became the subject of Town action. The freemen assembled in the little meeting-house on the first day of January. Sergt. Daniel Fisher called the roll of eighty-four freemen, and their third vote is thus recorded:—

It is resolved that a Schoole for y^e education of youth in our Towne shall be continued & mayntayned for the whole tearme of

Seauen yeares next. and that the settled mayntenance or wages of the School m^r shall be 20*℥* p^a aⁿn at y^e leaste

A Towne stocke shall be raysed. to y^e su^me of 20*℥*. at y^e least

So we see that the school is to be continued ; and nothing less than twenty pounds must be raised and offered as pay to the school-master. How much more he might be paid, the town did not seem to care. That was left to the judgment of those intrusted with the management of the school. The Town was solicitous chiefly that too little should not be invested in their thus far successful adventure.

To rightly appreciate the action of the Town during these years, we must bear in mind that it was entering upon a new method of supporting schools. When the inhabitants of Dedham, in January, 1644, marked out so definitely this scheme of supporting a school by general taxation, it seemed to be their own original plan, dictated in a great measure by necessity. Everything in Dedham, except giving away land, had to be done by Rates ; and it was perfectly natural that taxation was the foundation on which they began to build their school system. It was clearly the controlling idea of those who shaped the action of that meeting ; and it received the earnest approval and support of all who were present. And in 1651 this system was by vote continued for another seven years.

And so, to-day, we commemorate the beginning of Dedham's free public school, which has suffered no lapse from that time to the present.

There is one matter relating to a change in the manner of raising the schoolmaster's salary which we do not feel at liberty to omit. In 1651 some of the rate-payers evidently felt that they, whose children or wards received all the direct benefits of the school, ought to contribute a larger share to the expense of its support. This subject was considered by the select men into whose hands the care of the school had come by a vote of the town ; and also a committee had been appointed "to ripen the case" and propose their thoughts to the town. The result was that on the 17th of May 1652, the select men made this record of their conclusions :—

Concerning the Schoole. these ppositions ar to be tendered to the consideration of the Towne for the mayntayning therof for 7 years

1 that all such Inhabitants in our Towne as haue Male childeren or servants in thier families betwixt the age of 4 and 14 yeares. shall paye for each such to the Schoolem^r. for the time being or to his vse at his assignment in Towne in Currant payement the sume of 5^s yearely pvided that such children be then liueing and abideing in our Towne

2 And w^t so'euer these sume fall short of the sumes of Twentie £ shall be raised by waye of Rateing vpon estates. according to the vsuall manner

This was not a charge for tuition, but a direct tax on all male children of a certain age whether they attended school or not. There is no record of the town's accepting this Rule of levying a tax on boys: yet she probably did so, and with reason; for her boys were some of her most valuable assets, and, by giving them an education, she proposed to make them still more valuable.

But supposing there were twenty of these boys,—this is certainly a generous estimate,—five pounds would be raised by this juvenile poll tax, and fifteen pounds would be levied on estates, "according to the usual manner." But in 1653, about a year after the rule was proposed, a School Rate was put on record in which over seventy persons were taxed in sums varying from twenty-one shillings seven pence to two pence ha-penny: and as the sum total of the rate fell short of what was due the school master by a little over nineteen shillings, the deficit was taken from the "overplusse" of the country Rate; so that the whole salary of that year appears to have been paid by géneral taxation.

But the Records,—and we must accept them as true,—show that for many years, in fact till near the close of the seventeenth century, the school rate was very often a mixed one; consisting of a poll tax of from three and a half to five shillings on the boys of the town amounting to a quarter or a half, of the teacher's pay, leaving the rest of the school expenses to be met by a tax on estates. The records, however, leave us no chance to doubt that since January 1, 1644, old style, not a year has passed in

which the citizens of Dedham have not taxed their estates for the support of free public schools, one or more.

I venture to say here that the action of the Town of Dedham in 1644 had no small influence on the school legislation of the Massachusetts Colony. Within three years after Dedham's decisive action, the General Court made the free public school a part of her political system. Now it is an interesting fact that Eleazer Lusher, one of the original board of feoffees of the Dedham school and probably the chief projector of the same, was a deputy, or representative, from this town to the General Court almost continuously, that is sixteen years, from 1640 to 1662, Michael Powell and Francis Chickering, two other feoffees, were also several times members of that honorable body. Who could give better advice on the subject of popular education than these men who were at the time administering the Dedham plan of a free public school? Who would be more zealous and hopeful than they who were witnesses to the success of an experiment conducted under their own hands? Public opinion, enlightened by this clear demonstration of what is possible in an intelligent community, soon shaped itself into wise legislation. It is not improbable that these Dedham delegates were at first regarded as extremists in the matter of schools—educational cranks in the parlance of the present day: they were, indeed, in advance of most, if not all, of their neighbors in solving the problem of free public school education; and for that reason we would do them appropriate honors to-day.

And while we contemplate the growth of the institution which they planted by their hard earned means, and nourished by their personal care and exertions, we are excited to still greater admiration of their enterprise, wisdom and forethought. It would be useless to attempt here an account of the growth of this institution in Dedham, keeping pace, as it did, with the increase of the population and the advance of educational ideas,—at first, one little school under the care of Ralph Wheelock, probably, and in the primitive thatched meeting-house; a few years later, a somewhat larger number gathered in the new schoolhouse which was combined with a watch-house leaning

against its chimney, and having "an aspect 4 several ways"; later still, after King Philip's war, and his tragic abdication, when the town expanded freely and rapidly without fear of savage foes, a period of migratory school-teaching, dividing the master's year among three precincts or parishes; after that, several schools in four or more sections of the broad township; still later, masters' schools in the winter, and mistresses' schools in the summer in the various districts, as convenience or necessity determined; then again, the regular school districts defined by statute, those pure and enterprising democracies, each desiring to excel the others; after that, the combination of a district and a town system, managed, sometimes harmoniously and sometimes not, by prudential and Town Committees; then, in response to an upward pressure in the district schools, the High School was added to the system in spite of much criticism and fierce opposition; a little later the total abolition of the School Districts, giving the whole system into the hands of the presumptively unerring Town Committee; and finally the appointment of a general superintendent to have expert supervision of all the educational interests of the town.

But you see that the subject is too large, spreading into too many branches, to be discussed on this occasion. We are assembled here this evening, chiefly, to commemorate the initiation of a free school established, controlled, and supported by the free-men of this town. We come here in fact to honor a band of pioneers in educational progress, who in 1644 made a bold and successful adventure. Hereafter, therefore, let the names of Lusher, Hunting, Powell, Chickering and Dwight be associated and identified with the part which Dedham acted in developing practically the idea of a free public school supported by general taxation. The ancient records of the town, carefully composed, neatly transcribed, faithfully preserved, and now being gradually put into print by a competent and painstaking editor, will constitute a permanent memorial and proof of what those earnest men designed, and of what they accomplished. And as we all now have easy access to these records, so no one

of us will be excusable if we remain ignorant of their truth and their significance.

It is indeed fortunate for the members of that little assembly, fortunate also for us who would pay them deserved honors, that a faithful and veracious scribe not only made a clear and adequate record of the work which they executed, but he has also preserved for us their individual names; and in his honest zeal for learning has most fittingly portrayed the generous spirit by which they were actuated. We certainly make no mistake in celebrating the day of their memorable achievement, and thus emphasizing our united praise of their far-reaching wisdom.

HENRY DEENGAINÉ, FIRST BENEFACTOR OF THE
FREE SCHOOL AT DEDHAM.

BY FISHER HOWE, JR.

THE document¹ reproduced in fac-simile for this number of the HISTORICAL REGISTER, is the last Will and Testament of Dr. Henry Deengainé, a signer of the Dedham Covenant, drawn up on September 5, 1636, who died at Roxbury, on the 8th of December, 1645. The records fail to make known when or whence Deengainé came, and furnish but meagre details of his life in the new world. Farmer fails to record his name in his Register, and only a brief mention of him is found in the voluminous Dictionary of James Savage.

Town and church records, however, indicate that he was an early proprietor at Roxbury (where he probably made his home), at Dedham, Watertown and Boston. While the old-time scribes adopted independent styles of orthography, as "Dingham," "Doct. Dengham," "Dingayne" or "Deengayne," they were scrupulously careful to prefix to his name the honorable title, "Mr." The name *Deengainé*, as he himself wrote it on the Dedham Covenant, may well be accepted as the correct form;

¹ Slightly reduced from a tracing. *Ante*, page 4.

for without much doubt the signers' names were correctly copied into the Town Book from the original manuscript, by some contemporary hand.

In April, 1641, he married Elizabeth, the widow and second wife of George Alcock, Physician, Deacon of the Church both at Dorchester and Roxbury, and of whom Eliot gives the remarkable testimony in the Roxbury Church records:—

He lived in a good & godly sort & dyed in the end of the 10th month, año 1640 & left a good savor behind him the pour of the Church bewailing his losse.

By his first wife (said to have been sister to Thomas Hooker), George Alcock had one son, John. The latter, in 1641 a lad of fifteen years, became the "special friend," perhaps the adopted son of Dr. Deengaine. To him were bequeathed, besides "the black suit," "all his bookes." That Dr. Deengaine imparted to the young man, who was a graduate of Harvard College in 1646, a taste for the medical profession may fairly be inferred from another record made by the then venerable Teacher of the Church:—

1667, Moneth 1, day 29. Mr John Alcock, Physician. He dyed at Boston on ye 27th day but was brought home and buried by his wife on y^e 29th day, aged 40.

Dr. Deengaine's will is as follows:—

The last will & testament of m^r Henry Ding[hain]
dyed at Roxbury, the 8^t day of the 10 month. 16[45]

He having no will written, nor being able to wright, nor desirous that any should be troubled about that litle he had to bestow: by word of mouth he declared this to be his will

He made his wife his sole executresse, & gave vnto her all he had, houses, lands, goods, debts, &c:

excepting some tokens of love he gave to some special friends, as also the particular legacys hereafter specified, requiring her also to pay all his debts.

He gave to John Alcock all his bookes, & a black suit of clothes & a coate.

He gave to his wives kinswoman his house at Boston after his

wives decease, & appoynted his wife to make it habitable, w^{ch} he had not yet done

He gave to the schoole at Dedham 3*℥* to be paide out of his house & lands there

He gave to the Schoole of Roxbury 3*℥*.

He forgave such debts as were owing to him by the poore of Roxbury & Dedham. And such as should be judged poore were to be considered of, w^h respect to y^t litle he had, & left to his wife

witnesse

JOHN ELIOT.

Testified vpon the Oath of the

sd m^r Jo: Eliott 30 (7) 1647

Before vs Jo: Winthrop, Gov^r

pd: William Hib[]ns

[Indorsed.]

Henry denghains w[ill]

The unusual phraseology of the preliminary clause in this nuncupative will of Deengaine, and the remarkable absence of even the signature of the testator, lead inevitably to the conclusion that to this man death came with rapid tread. Deprived suddenly of physical powers, yet with mental vigor unimpaired, and conscious of swiftly approaching death, he was able to convey "by word of mouth," to the trusty friend and pastor the wishes nearest the heart. By entries on the official records of Roxbury Church, which we have been privileged to examine and here transcribe, the painstaking Eliot makes the story clear.

1645. Month 10. day 2. Dorothy Jocelin, a maide servant of Mr. Dudley: . . . She was first taken wth an apopleptical sleeping & at the resolution of it it fell upon her lungs w^h w^r weake afore, wth a paine like a plurisy. . .

day 8, w^h was the Sab. Mr Henry Dingham dyed in the same maner as Dorothy Jocelin did. This was the most sad mortal weeke y^t ever Roxbury saw, to have 5 dy in one week & many more ly sick in the towne.

The widow Deengaine appears to have retained a landed interest at Dedham as late as 1652, perhaps subsequently. Upon her death the name disappears from the records and from mem-

ory, to reappear, only after the lapse of two hundred and fifty years, a wierd, unlooked for, yet surely most welcome guest at this historic anniversary of the Dedham Free School.

For the thoughtful collector of historical papers this document is of rarest value. It is entirely in the handwriting of John Eliot, the Apostle to the Indians, bears his signature as "Witnesse," and the attestation:—

Testified upon the Oath of the sd m^r Jo: Eliott 30 (7) 1647 Before vs Jo: Winthrop, Gov^r William Hib[]ns.

The last name is the exceedingly rare autograph of the honorable Assistant magistrate, whose widow, Mistress Ann Hibbins, sister of Gov. Bellingham, was executed for witchcraft in 1656, Boston's second victim to the awful delusion.

To all who by lineage or acquired residence may claim attachment to Dedham and her institutions, this Will of one of her Covenant signers must be of extraordinary interest. In the absence, for any cause, of the town record, this paper is proof of the establishment of a public school at Dedham, as well as at Roxbury, as early, at least, as 1645. It reveals the identity of the man who, first of Dedham's Proprietors, sought, by wise and far-seeing testamentary provision, to fortify the educational and charitable resources of the infant town.

To the sympathetic student of early New-England history it appeals with a force not to be limited by bounds of township or county. It brushes away from a forgotten canvas the accumulated grime of the centuries, and reveals for the first time in the memory of man a portrait direct from the hand of the Old Master, drawn from intimate knowledge of his subject, with sure and sympathetic touch, warm in color, sharp in outline. Character tells all along the lines. Here is distinctly an addition to the galaxy of names in our colonial history held in highest honor—the men who brought into their wilderness home books and knowledge; who, living and dying, did what they could to make Education the entailed inheritance of the generations to follow.

Contemporary with Henry Deengaine, his not distant neighbor, perhaps during the eventful year 1637, his friend, lived a man trained like Deengaine in the professional schools, like him wisely, eagerly alert for the future welfare of their new-found country, like him a lover of books and of his fellows, like him childless. Of each the world holds but the slightest tangible possession. The tremendous potential energy imparted to education by the bequest of John Harvard found echo, faint though it was, in the legacy of Henry Deengaine to the town and school of Dedham, seven years later. The opportunity of the one for far-reaching service greatly exceeded that of the other, the lofty motive which actuated both was the same. Delving scholars have but recently brought from oblivion to permanent fame the name of the gracious lady, first of her sex to send her bounty across the sea to spread knowledge and the desire for knowledge in the far-away New England.

This is surely Dedham's opportunity to pay the honor so long deferred. Evidence and event confront each other in manner almost sensational. Based upon this attested word of the great Apostle of the new world, jealously, mysteriously preserved by Father Time for this auspicious anniversary year, the plea is entered that henceforth may be attached, in *honorem perpetuum*, to the most vital educational force in the town, the name of the forgotten Surgeon, Henry Deengaine, lover of Letters, first benefactor of Dedham.

The next similar gift to the school at Dedham was made by a physician, as appears by this entry on the Town records :—

I Will Avery Phisition now resedent in Boston: some times of the Church of Dedham do out of my Intire loue to the Church and Towne thier frely giue the full some of sixty pound in mony thier of to be Holy for the incoragmt of a latin Schoole . . .

HORACE MANN¹.

AT this time, as we are passing another milestone in our educational history, it seems fitting to pay a tribute to the man who in his day and generation did so much to elevate the standard of public school instruction. The whole system of modern education breathes the spirit imparted by Horace Mann, who devoted the best years of his life to that noble cause. It is now more than fifty years since he gave himself heart and soul to the great work then before him; and during this period of our history educational progress has been a living monument to his memory.

Horace Mann was born in Franklin, May 4, 1796, the son of Thomas and Mary (Stanley) Mann. At the age of thirteen years his father died, and seven years later he was called to mourn the death of his mother. Although brought up on a farm, and under the influence of upright lives, he felt the "rigor" of his early lot as the poverty of his parents subjected him to continual privations. In a letter to a friend he says, "yet . . . I had a love for knowledge which nothing could repress. An inward voice raised its plaint forever in my heart for something nobler and better; and if my parents had not the means to give me knowledge, they intensified the love for it. They always spoke of learning and learned men with enthusiasm and a kind of reverence."

In September, 1816, after six months preparatory study, he entered the sophomore class of Brown University, and graduated in 1819, delivering an oration on the "Progressive Character of the Human Race," as the "first part" in the commencement exercises. He soon entered the office of Josiah J. Fiske, of Wrentham, to study law; but his chosen vocation was destined to be broken for a time. He was called to his *Alma Mater*, to fill the position of tutor of Greek and Latin; and here he remained until 1821, when he entered the law school at Litch-

¹ The frontispiece is a mezzotint engraving, used by permission of Messrs. Lee & Shepard.

field, Connecticut. As a student at the University, as a tutor there, and while at Litchfield, he showed ability of a high order. A friend said of him, "I parted from Mr. Mann at Litchfield with the conviction that his was to be one of the great names of our time."

We next find him studying law in Dedham, in the office of Hon. James Richardson, having come here in 1823; and in December of that year he was admitted to the Norfolk Bar. For several years he lived at the Norfolk House, on Court Street, then kept by Capt. Francis Alden; and he early opened a law office in the building on the corner of Court and Church streets, which was afterward the office of the Hon. Jabez Chickering, and which, in a somewhat changed form, is now owned by Mrs. Martha Weeks. He became interested in town affairs, was often chosen Moderator of the town meetings, and was early a candidate for public office.

In 1826 he was admitted as an attorney before the Court of Common Pleas, and in 1827 before the Supreme Judicial Court. On May 7, 1827, he was elected a Representative from Dedham to the General Court; and he continued to serve the town in that capacity until 1832. He served for several years as a member of the Dedham School Committee.

While a student at Brown University and during his service as tutor, Mr. Mann had been an intimate friend of President Messer and his family. He early formed an attachment for his daughter Charlotte, who was then but a girl; and after he had "attained some eminence in his profession and public life, paid the debts incurred for his education, and acquired a small competence", he was married to her on September 29, 1830. They took up their abode in the house at the corner of Church Street and Franklin Square, in Dedham, and there spent the short period of their married life. She died in Dedham on August 1, 1832, and early in 1833, through the interest of his friends, who urged him to make the change, he removed to Boston to continue the practice of his profession. Here he became associated as partner with the late Edward G. Loring, afterwards Judge

of Probate for Suffolk County. His reputation had gone before him, and in the autumn of that year he was elected Senator by the City of Boston. For three successive years he continued to fill that position, and in 1836 and 1837 was chosen president of the Senate. During his service in both branches of the Legislature he was distinguished for his able services in the cause of good legislation.

On May 27, 1837 in accordance with a law passed by the General Court on April 20 of that year, Gov. Edward Everett selected the eight members of the Board of Education established by the act. Horace Mann, who was then President of the Senate, was one of the number; and in his diary Mr. Mann says concerning the Board: "It is the first great movement towards an organized system of Common School Education, which shall at once become thorough and universal." On the 29th of the following June he was elected Secretary of the Board, and accepted on the following day, at the same time resigning his position as a member. He continued in his journal of the 30th, "Henceforth, so long as I hold this office, I devote myself to the supremest welfare of mankind upon the earth . . . and more higher qualities than mere labor and perseverance will be requisite . . . a spirit mildly devoting itself to a good cause is a certain conquerer." On July 1, his official duties began, and for more than ten years he continued to fill the position with increasing ability. In March, 1839, through his efforts, the Legislature appropriated the sum of \$10,000, to supplement a gift of the same amount made by Edmund Dwight, to be used under the direction of the Board in "qualifying teachers for our common schools." The first Normal School in America was opened at Lexington on July 3, 1839, with Rev. Cyrus Pierce as principal.

It is thus that Horace Mann became identified with the cause championed for fifteen years by a few earnest and persevering men led by James G. Carter, of Lancaster. In February, 1824, the General Court had passed an Act making some decided changes in the system of public instruction, so that afterward

the "poor boy of talent who, under the former system, would have received the elements of the best education, gratuitously, but of right, in his native town, was thenceforward obliged to find or beg his way to a private school or academy, or to remain, for ever, without a learned education." The lowering of the public school standard of instruction was a matter of common observation. During the following winter public attention was first called to the pressing need of Normal Schools for the training of teachers by Mr. Carter, in a series of articles under the signature of "Franklin," which appeared in the *Boston Patriot* during the winter of 1824-5. After twelve years of earnest effort in this direction, the General Court passed an Act establishing the Board of Education as mentioned above.

On May 1, 1843, Mr. Mann was married to Mary T. Peabody, and she proved to be a devoted helper in the cause in which he was so much interested. Of their three children, Horace was born on February 25, 1844, and died on November 11, 1869; George Combe was born December 27, 1845, graduated at Harvard College in the class of 1867, received L. L. B. at the Harvard Law School in 1871, and has been for many years principal of the Jamaica Plain High School; Benjamin Pickman was born on April 30, 1848, graduated at Harvard College in the class of 1870, and is now living in Washington, connected with the Patent Office.

It was in 1848 that Mr. Mann was called to another sphere of action. The death of John Quincy Adams, on February 23, 1848, was a great loss to the cause of liberty; and the demand for the services of a man, as fearless and persistent as he, was felt by all. Mr. Mann was elected to succeed Mr. Adams on April 3, following; but he retained for a time his position as Secretary of the Board, awaiting the choice of a successor. It is interesting to note, in this connection, that in 1824 Mr. Adams had expressed great confidence in the future career of Mr. Mann, upon reading his Fourth-of-July oration delivered at the request of the citizens of Dedham in that year.

Upon the establishment of Antioch College, at Yellow Springs, Ohio, he was elected President on September 15, 1852, and continued to fill the position with ability until his death on August 2, 1859.

Such is a brief outline of the life of Horace Mann, drawn from his life and works edited by his widow, the town records of Dedham, and the sketch of his life by Erastus Worthington, Esq., which appears in the History of Norfolk County (Philadelphia, 1884). Dedham claims him as her adopted son; for here, during some of his best years, he began his public career as a lawyer, a statesman, and an educator. To-day she cherishes for him a grateful memory, and pays him the homage due to a life nobly consecrated to the cause of popular education.

EXTRACTS FROM THE AMES DIARY.

BY MARTHA ABBY SMITH.

(Continued from Vol. V. page 174.)

1792.

By the death of wid Mary Colburn the Estate vests in the Episcopal Church in Dedham according to Sam Colburns will And Mr Montague quitting the North Church in Boston comes & is elected the Rector of Dedham Church and he authorised to make the utmost of s^d Estate pulls down old house marks off homestead into houselots & leases them promising good title from Church wardens & vestry for 999 years at an annual Rent for the first 15 years stated then for the remainder of said Term to be stated by arbitrators indifferently chosen by the parties who are to consider it as barren gravel & only to regard the local situation but we find great impediments and delay in getting the Leases executed. See Appendix to Lond: Magaz: 1787 for a table of the different bores of PUMPS to draw water equally easy from divers depths.

FEBRUARY.

7 Old Wid Mary Colburn buried.

15 Tim Fisher brot 1 Cord of old White Oak wood 16/ which not half so lasting or pleasant to burn as my own !!! See before pay for future!

24 House Rep: granted Petitⁿ, new County Dedham Shire T.

26 Great contest with the maritime towns about the division of County of Suffolk.

28 Went Boston attend Gen Court 4 days this week which makes 24 days in all.

MARCH.

The Junto outcaucus'd the Lobs' how they stare!!
 Their chief arm'd with Ink, for Peg' mounts a mare. (see April.)

3 J M L wife said to be dying.

4 Mrs. Lovel died.

6 Mrs. L carried to Boston for burial.

8 Senate nonconcur Vote of House to divide Suffolk C, & Dedham
 is proposed Shire town!!!

22 County Caucus at John Ellis's secretly known to all the world.

25 Of all the foolish things you do let marriage be the last ; is one of
 the best pieces of advice I ever heard.

28 I cannot bear to be saddled with an insolent and rapacious B.
 to seize on every penny of mony and do nothing to help me live will
 not do the service but expects the pay of more than a maid.

29 Annual Fast. Caucus Milton & Weymouth for Senators.

APRIL.

3 Discovered worse malignity in my bosom friend, than I conceived
 it possible to dwell in human shape!!! She has made it necessary that
 I sh^d avoid the only houses where I could associate with mankind—And
 that I should drink from principle as others do from brutish appetite!
 And that I should stupify my senses to become insensible of the insults
 & abuse I am made the But of!! Intending to do Business by means
 of the stage this day begining to run from Dedham to Boston daily,
 I must renounce it, because I cannot go to Gay's to take the benefit of
 it, but must grunt & wallow a stupid principle'd drunkard at home to
 drown the sorrows I must otherwise feel. I must also avoid J: Billings's
 which is not of so much consideration as Gays where I might do
 Business.

7 Boston much nettled at being outcaused in Senators & charge
 it on Gen^l Thayer.

11 Dedication of Dedham E. Church, great concourse.

12 Church Parson letting out Ch^h land.

21 Attempt to sell Ch Land.

23 I bo't piece church Land at long Lease 10/ per Ann p^r Acre.

24 Went Boston in stage. Sat on Bench of Session, 2 Criminals
 tryd.

Ben Russel's press labors to black Gen^l Thayer for outcausing
 Boston in choice of Senators for Suffolk, for it is suppos'd Boston will
 not have one because their Members oppos'd division of the County.

The Junto outcaucus'd the Lobs in distress
 Arm'd with ink, for Pegasus mount Russell's press
 Hard striving to blacken, add Laurels to Thayer
 To rule the Bluemonsters no longer they'll dare
 For the Lords of the soil in Union declare
 No such prise Rump of Senate shall longer sit there.

After long hearing Agents from Boston Hingham Roxbury Brook-
 lyn before Committee of both houses Gen Court and reading their long
 remonstrances The House of Representatives voted on the question
 whether the Petitioning Towns have leave to bring in bill for dividing
 County of Suffolk & make Dedham shire town in affirmative Majority
 72 out of 112 but then Boston moved for leave to bring in their agents
 attornies at Law & argue against it on the floor of the house after hav-
 ing reconsidered the last vote so as to clog & delay the passage up to
 the Senate but the house would not then reconsider or proceed any
 farther & many of the members swore it never should be reconsidered.

MAY.

18 Rec^d Summons from Select Men of my Election of Represen^{ve} G Court & N Kingsbury my colleague.
30 Attended election, walked home with Parson Montague.

JUNE.

7 Much delay & trouble in getting Church Wardens & Vestry to execute Leases as M^r Montague let the land.
18 One Church warden signed Lease Rector & one of the Vestry.
30 Went Boston to Gen Court two houses cannot agree about the manner of districting common wealth to chuse the federal Representatives.

JULY.

6 Went Boston Sessions did not sit, went on behalf of Dedham vinerock bridge.
15 D^r Levvie (?) play'd Dedham Organ.

AUGUST.

1 French from W Ind crowd in here give 100 dollars Rent, Ellis's house.
3 Court of Sessions ready to License me to inoculate.
30 Went Boston to find small pox laws.
31 Went Boston ditto find it very embarrassing.

SEPTEMBER.

3 Town meeting license Inoculation. Six houses of small pox Patients viz Wells's in Roxbury, Tim Whittings Ed^d Whittings Mason's, Onion's & John Bullard's to visit daily—is so fatiguing that I cannot turn out to my women patients a Nights & others as George Ellis in Clapbordtrees run over by cart &c:
7 Inoculation continues.
14 Aaron Fuller jr died sm' pox. Joe Whiting died of purple sm' pox.
15 The envious temper of Tim Gay's wife & family hindered me earning 50 dollars of Patients intending to be innoc^d under my care.
26 Sundry reports of divers persons formerly & lately inoculated having the small pox again but on enquiry prove unfounded on clear fact—tho' some who had similar appearances had afterwards the true small pox.
30 Time of innocⁿ out—all in good Way.

(To be continued.)

NOTES ON THE FOSTER FAMILY OF SALEM AND ATTLEBORO, MASS.

BY HOWARD REDWOOD GUILD.

1. JOHN FOSTER, SENIOR, of Salem, b. 1628; m. about 1646 to Martha (2) []; d. 1687-8, at Salem. Sold land in 1669 previously granted him by the Town of Salem (Essex Deeds, III. 59). Deposition 1680, aged 52 years (Essex III. 99). Will, dated Nov. 16, 1687, proved March 14, 1687-8, John Foster, senior, of Salem to eldest son John Foster, sons David, Samuel, Joseph, Jonathan, Ebenezer, daughters Mary, Elizabeth,

Martha, and wife Martha, &c. He speaks of marsh lands in the "Greate Cove" given to son John by son John's grandfather. Inventory £136.18.00 (Suffolk X. 266, 286). Issue:—

+3 JOHN, b. 1647.

4 MARY, bapt. March 24, 1650, First Church, Salem.

+5 SAMUEL, b. 1652, Salem.

6 BENJAMIN, b. July 3, 1658, Salem.

7 JONATHAN, b. Dec. 20, 1660, Salem; d. there March 28, 1662.

8 JONATHAN, b. Nov. 22, 1662, Salem.

+9 DAVID, b. Oct. 16, 1665, Salem.

10 ELIZABETH, b. Nov. 22, 1667, Salem.

11 MARTHA.

12 EBENEZER, b. Aug. 5, 1677, Salem.

+13 JOSEPH.

3. JOHN FOSTER (*John*), of Salem, b. there 1647; m. there March 18, 1672, to Mary (14) Stuard (d. 1690). Before 1693 he m. 2dly Mary []; d. June, 1714, Salem. Will, dated June 30, 1707-8, proved July 1, 1714; John Foster, senior, of Salem to my eldest son, to my wife Mary, son Benjamin, and my family of small children (Essex, Nos. 9896, 9899). Dec. 31, 1742, John Foster, of Attleboro, Gentleman, was appointed administrator, d. b. n. with will annexed of estate of his father John Foster dec., of Salem, to his son John Foster (Essex 325-225), June 1, 1674, John Foster, senior, of Salem, for love and affection, conveys land at Northfields, Salem, to his son John Foster (Essex IV, 78). Deposition, John Foster, of Salem, aged 59 years, 1706 (Essex XVI. 200). In 1687-8 John Foster, husbandman, of Salem, eldest son of John Foster, dec., late Senior, of Salem, conveys all interest in his father's estate to the widow and his brothers and sisters, excepting the legacy mentioned in the will of his father, dated Nov. 16, 1687 (Essex VIII. 8). Issue:—

16 ANNA, b. April 30, 1677. Will, dated April 12, 1746, proved Sept. 14, 1753; Anna Foster, spinster, of Boston, to my eldest brother John Foster, of Attleboro, cousins Benjamin and James Simonds of Salem, Sarah

Pickering, Anna Skerry, Esther Giles, Sister Mary Harrod, brother-in-law John Harrod and his son Benjamin Harrod (Suffolk, No. 10551).

+ 17 MARY, b. Sept. 12, 1675, Salem; m. John (27) Harrod, of Boston.

18 SARAH, b. Nov. 27, 1678, Salem; int. of m. Feb. 3, 1710, to John (28) Symonds.

+19 JOHN, b. Nov. 15, 1680, Salem.

20 JONATHAN, b. June 14, 1683, Salem.

21 EBENEZER, b. Feb. 22, 1685, Salem.

22 BENJAMIN, b. March 11, 1687, Salem.

23 MERCY, b. July 15, 1689, Salem; m. June 21, 1711, at Wrentham, to John^s (29) Guild (*John^s, John¹*).

24 JAMES, b. April 12, 1693, Salem, son by 2d wife.

25 RUTH, b. []; m. [] (30) Very.

26 PATIENCE, b. [], 1741, Patience Foster, singlewomen, of Salem, for £105, conveys to brother John Foster, blacksmith, of Attleboro, interest in estate of her father, John Foster, late dec. of Salem (Essex LXXXII. 61). Oct. 19, 1743, John and Mary Harrod, of Boston, John Guild, of Wrentham, and Ruth Very, of Mendon, convey for £150, to Anna Foster, of Boston, spinster, land in north fields, Salem, received from estate of our honored father John Foster late dec., of Salem (Essex LXXXVI. 92).

5. SAMUEL FOSTER (*John*), b. 1652, Salem; m. May 14, 1676, at Salem, to Sarah Steward. He was bapt. March 7, 1652, at First Church, Salem. Issue, born there:—

32 SAMUEL, b. May 18, 1677; d. there Feb., 1678.

33 JOHN, b. Nov. 30, 1678.

34 SAMUEL, b. July 26, 1680.

35 ANNA, b. July 26, 1683.

36 SARAH, b. Oct. 9, 1685.

37 JOSEPH, b. March 11, 1687.

38 BENJAMIN, b. March 24, 1689.

Children of SAMUEL (5) and MARGERY (39) [] FOSTER.

40 RICHARD, b. Dec. 19, 1693.

41 MARY, b. Nov. 8, 1695.

42 MARGARET, b. Feb. 3, 1697.

43 JONATHAN, b. 1699.

44 BARTHOLOMEW, b. Feb. 23, 1701-2.

9. DAVID FOSTER (*John*), b. Oct. 16, 1665, Salem; m. Hannah []. Issue, born at Salem:—

46 DAVID, b. March 19, 1688-9; int. of m., Aug. 23, 1712, to Eliza (52) Foster, both of Salem.

47 JONATHAN, b. Jan. 10, 1690-1.

48 SAMUEL, b. Dec. 24, 1692.

49 HANNAH, b. Dec. 3, 1694.

50 ELIZA, b. Dec. 27, 1696.

51 JOSEPH, b. Feb. 1, 1698-9.

13. JOSEPH FOSTER (*John*), m. Nov. 21, 1683, Anna (53), widow of Robert Wilson, Salem. Issue:—

54 Ruth, b. Oct. 18, 1684, Salem.

19. JOHN FOSTER (*John, John*), blacksmith, of Attleboro, b. Nov. 15, 1680, Salem; m. Dec. 4, 1704, at Roxbury, Margaret (55), dau. of Robert Ware; d. Dec. 24, 1759, at Attleboro. Will, 1754, proved Jan. 12, 1760, mentions wife Margaret, heirsof son Ebenezer, dec., &c., &c. (Bristol Probate). Also will of widow Margaret, proved Nov. 30, 1761, on file (see original document, Bristol Probate). She d. Nov. 4, 1761, at Attleboro, 1741, John Foster, blacksmith, of Attleboro, and Margaret, his wife, convey for £150, to Anna Foster, spinster, of Boston, land at Northfields, Salem, which our honored father, John Foster, of Salem, dec., bought of Samuel Beadle (Essex LXXXIV. 144). Issue:—

56 JOHN, b. 1706, Dorchester.

57 ROBERT, b. 1707, Dorchester.

58 EBENEZER, b. Aug. 20, 1709, Dorchester; m. Sept. 17, 1730, Desire Cushman (*Sam, Thos, Thos, Robt.*) of Wrentham and Attleboro. 1747, Ebenezer Foster, blacksmith, of Attleboro, and Desire, his wife, convey land at Attleboro (Bristol, XXIII. 317). Issue:—Desire Foster, b. Aug. 12, 1746, Attleboro; m. 1st, Nathaniel Metcalf; 2dly, March 25, 1778, Major Abijah Draper of Dedham.

Other children, b. in Wrentham :—

MARGARET (59), b. 1712; BENJAMIN (60), b. 1714; JONATHAN (61), b. 1715; SARAH (62), b. 1718; TIMOTHY (63), b. 1720; NATHAN (64), 1720; ESTHER (65), b. 1724; MICHAEL (66), b. 1724, d. 1766; MICHAEL (67), b. 1727; MARY (68), b. 1729.

ADIEU TO DEDHAM.

The poem given below is communicated to the REGISTER by Mrs. C. J. Pickford, of Lynn, a granddaughter of Mrs. Mann for whom a copy of the poem was made by J. W. Scott in 1797. Mrs. Sarah (Haynes) Mann was a daughter of William and Sarah (Chandler) Haynes, and was born June 8, 1773. She was married to Herman Mann on January 6, 1792, and died on October 27, 1825. Upon her death a trunk full of family papers, including letters, journals, poetry, &c., fell to the possession of her daughter, Sarah Chandler Mann. After the death of Miss Mann they were owned by Mrs. Lydia Sophia (Mann) Tolman, mother of Mrs. Pickford. It is not known who "S. Sewall" was, nor at present writing can anything be learned of "J. W. Scott." Possibly some readers of the REGISTER will be able to furnish some clues to the identity of these two persons.

Dedham, farewell! I leave thy smiling plains,
 Thy blooming daughters, & thy manly swains:—
 But with regret I leave the blest abode.
 Where all my pleasures so divinely flow'd
 But I must go; ye lovely *Fair* adieu!
 Yet if I live, once more I'll visit you:
 Oft peaceful village will I think on thee,
 Where I was blest with pure tranquility;
 Where sweetly flow'd the winding stream along,
 And with the landscape wak'd my tuneful song;
 Where shone all beauteous th' inspiring spring,
 And the fair nymphs conduc'd new joys to bring
 Where rosy morn beam'd forth, while orient dew,
 Glitt'ring appear'd on each sweet blushing hue;

Where the gay birds melodiously sung
 While all the woodlands with their warblings rung.
 Oh there how sweet, beneath the roseate bowers,
 To all my feelings pass'd the fleeting hours !
 My bliss is changed, I quit the much lov'd scene :
 The grove delightful & th' all changing green :
 And as to Eden's bloom I bid adieu,
 I breath a sigh & drop a tear or two.

MRS. MANN.

S. SEWALL.

Mrs. Mann, as you requested a copy of Mr. Sewall's Poetry, I have induc'd him to correct it, & with his request I send you what is here written.

Yours &c.

Boston Sept. 1797.

J. W. SCOTT.

NEEDHAM BRANCH OF THE TOLMAN FAMILY.

COMPILED BY ANNA MARIA (TOLMAN) PICKFORD,
 Lynn, Mass.

(Continued from Vol. V. page 177.)

On March 30, 1831, Mr. Tolman was married to Lydia Sophia, third daughter of Herman Mann, Esq., of Dedham. She was born in Dedham, September 7, 1805. In 1881, when Mr. and Mrs. Tolman celebrated their golden wedding anniversary, he signalized the event by donating to the Lynn Hospital the sum of \$2500. the interest of which was to be used for the maintenance of a free bed for printers.

Accompanying this munificent donation was the following letter:—

As I am interested in the project for a hospital in this city, and as the present effort to obtain a fund to establish one happens to be coincident with the 50th anniversary of my wedding, I, together with my wife, desire on this day and occasion to make it an offering expressive of our interest in it and the city in which we have so long resided. We also desire to devote the gift, in part, to the benefit of members of the printing fraternity in Lynn, as they may be in need of hospital treatment. We both have a strong regard for the occupation to which

I was brought up, and in which my wife's father and four of her brothers were engaged.

As we desire the hospital to be established on a lasting basis, even if it shall commence in a small and prudent way, we wish the income of the fund only to be used, and offer, through you, to give the hospital the symbolical sum of 50 times \$50, to be received and held on the following terms :—That the said hospital shall hold and invest the said sum forever, and devote the income arising therefrom to maintain a bed, or beds, in said hospital for the benefit of all persons under the rules and regulations of the hospital: that it shall devote said bed or beds to a sum equal to the whole income received from said fund to the use of practical letter press printers residing in Lynn (and especially to any person ever apprenticed to me) if the same shall be so required.

Later he gave \$1000. to the Home for Aged Women. In 1884 he conveyed to the Young Men's Christian Association, of Lynn, an estate on Market Street valued at thirty thousand dollars, in trust

For the suppression in said Lynn of intemperance in the use of intoxicating liquors by the cultivating of public opinion and the enforcement of laws prohibiting and restraining the manufacture and sale of the same, and by assisting in the reform of persons of intemperate habits. Also, for the education and instruction of the public, and especially the young in all practical ways by which they may be reached in regard to the moral and physical injuries arising from the habitual use of such liquors, and also of tobacco and other stimulants.

And as subordinate to this work it was further stipulated that a part of said income, as opportunity afforded, should be expended for the suppression of immoral literature, especially such as circulates among the young, the donor adding, that "his general intention is that of reform, rather than that of alleviation of the effects consequent upon intemperance," leaving the detail of work for those appointed to act under the trust.

A local paper, in speaking of this gift, says:—"Mr. Tolman was an ardent temperance advocate in early life; he was also an abolitionist, and advocated all the moral reform movements at a time when it required sound moral courage to do so," and adds

in reference to the gift: "He feels that in this act he has contributed to the relief of the poor and needy as expressly, and more effectually, than if he had ministered directly to their present necessities." The result shows the correctness of the theory, as in two and a half years the number of liquor saloons in Lynn was reduced from 203 to 76.

He also did much good in a quiet way, giving sums to the poor and needy at different times, which amounted to thousands of dollars, as found by his executors. He always refused to enter politics, but has held many important and responsible positions in connection with private and corporate interests.

The letter given below shows his feelings for the home of his boyhood. It is copied from the *Needham Chronicle*, of Saturday morning, April 3, 1876.

The following letter, which accompanied a generous donation to the Needham Library Association of seventy-five well selected books, speaks for itself:—

MR. GEO. W. SOUTHWORTH,

My dear Sir: In your issue of the 25th ultimo I see you "*Chronicle*" the recent organization of a Library Association in Needham, and the opening of a library at the same date. As my "young idea" was first taught "how to shoot" in the "old red school house" located within rifle range of the site of the new library, I feel a sympathetic interest in the success and prosperity of your new-formed association, induced by a yearning attachment for lang syne associations and time honored memories, that the half-century since spent upon life's hard fought battlefield has not weakened nor weaned.

And under the influence of such time-hallowed reminiscences I am constrained to forward to you, and through you, as Librarian, present to the Association, a few volumes from my own library, hoping not only that they may prove acceptable to the association, but also accompanied with (to me) the realizing gratification of knowing that these fire-side (book) companions (of mine) will, in "swinging round the circle" visit the homes and firesides of the descendants of those—and in some (I would it were many) cases the "old folks" themselves—who, with me, in childhood's glee and in youth's ebullieny,

sported in high carnival o'er those open fields now so thickly studded with the handiwork of man.

But I must not expect, nay, I am not allowed the flattering hope that these book messengers will go into many of those hands that once joined mine in the romp and riot of those hilarious days; for in five consecutive decades of years, the scythe of time and the sword of the destroying angel have, necessarily wrought a most wonderful revolution and terribly thinned the ranks of those who fifty years ago were then just entering upon the stage of manhood's rugged, active life; therefore, I have added a few volumes direct from the publishers, and if the descendants of my former beloved playmates, as well as the citizens of the town by adoption, shall derive pleasure and profit from the perusal of the books thus tendered to them, and to the survivors of my old associates it shall be a full and ample reward to a well-wisher for the continual growth and prosperity of good "Old Needham."

Yours for the Library's success,

JOHN B. TOLMAN.

Lynn, April 3, 1876.

John Broad Tolman died in Lynn, Aug. 15, 1891, aged 84 years, 7 months, 15 days. Lydia Sophia Tolman d. Aug. 24, 1891, aged 85 years, 11 months, 17 days. "They had lived together for more than 60 years. It did seem beautiful that having lived so long together, in death they were not divided." The following tribute to the worth of Mr. Tolman, the "philanthropist printer," was offered by the Lynn Press Association:—

In the death of John B. Tolman, the press and printers of Lynn have sustained a heavy loss, and it is fitting that they should place on record their appreciation of his many noble qualities. As an example of sterling integrity, of principle and purpose, of precept and example, he had few equals and no superiors. He was as industrious as he was honest He was an honored member of our association, to whom the craft looked for wise counsel and kindly suggestion, and always received it. His example is commended to the younger members as one they can safely follow.

Children of John Broad and Lydia (Mann) Tolman:—

FRANCIS,⁹ b. in Lynn, March 3, 1832; d. June 25, 1838.

THEODORE,⁹ b. in Lynn, June 7, 1835; d. July 31, 1838; both buried in Dedham.

ANNA MARIA,⁹ b. in Lynn, April 20, 1838; m. Charles Jarvis Pickford, Sept. 28, 1864, in Lynn. He was b. in Kennebunk, Maine, May 24, 1833. Reside in Lynn. Their child:—

ALICE TOLMAN,¹⁰ b. June 4, 1868, in Lynn; m. Louis Gardner Brockway, Oct. 29, 1891. He was b. in Essex, Conn., March 20, 1864. Reside in Lynn. Their child, *Richmal Pickford*, b. Dec. 3, 1892; d. Dec. 7, 1892. Buried in Pine Grove Cemetery, Lynn.

NINTH AND TENTH GENERATIONS.

Children of Caroline⁸ (Alden) and Gustavus W. Southworth:—

DAVID ALDEN,⁹ b. in Dorset, Vermont, Feb. 15, 1837.

GORDON AUGUSTUS,⁹ b. in Dorset, Dec. 11, 1838. He was for 20 years principal of the Prescott School in Somerville, Mass. Is now Superintendent of Public Schools in the same place.

REBECCA COE,⁹ b. in Wickliffe, Illinois, June 19, 1842.

Children of Susan Jane⁹ (Alden) and Gustavus W. Southworth (second wife):—

WILLIAM STEUBEN,⁹ b. in Chicago, Ill., Nov. 17, 1849.

GILBERT WESTON,⁹ b. in Chicago, Sept. 13, 1852.

Children of Alonzo and Almyra Tolman:—

MARGARET ADELL,⁹ b. Feb. 27, 1846; m. Herbert I. Kingsbury Aug. 17, 1862.

EDGAR JOHN⁹, b. Sept. 24, 1848; d. Aug. 31, 1850.

MARY ELIZABETH,⁹ b. Sept. 1, 1851; m. Nason M. Tenney Dec. 22, 1869.

SHERMAN LELAND⁹, b. Feb. 8, 1853; m. Ella Woodruff, Oct. 6, 1875; d. Nov. 22, 1888.

FLORENCE ANN,⁹ b. Aug. 12, 1855; m. Cyrus F. Terpenn, Sept. 24, 1874.

JOHN HENRY⁹, b. Dec. 15, 1857; m. Amy Schovil, Sept. 8, 1880.

GEORGE BURTON,⁹ b. Nov. 9, 1860; m. Anna Kilburn, Sept. 15, 1880.

ALONZO, Jr.,² b. May 5, 1866; m. Lizzie M. Langhart [].

Children of Maria (Tolman) and Joseph Weeks :—

MARY⁹, b. Dec. 10, 1853.

Children of John Newell⁸ and Jerusha (Allen) Tolman :—

HENRY LELAND,⁹ b. July 29, 1848, in Carrolton, Ill.; m. Nettie Johnson, June 8, 1869, who. d. Aug. 10, 1885. He m. 2dly, Marie Stein, Sept. 15, 1886. Occupation, microscopist.

JUDSEN ALLEN,⁹ b. July 16, 1850, in Carrolton, Ill.; m. Mary Weeks, July 19, 1875. Occupation, hardware merchant.

Children of John Newell⁸ and Nancy J. Tolman (second wife) :—

JOHN FREDERICK,⁹ b. March 29, 1854, in Upper Alton, Ill.; d. July 19, 1854.

LUELLA,⁹ b. April 1, 1856, in Decatur, Ill.

CYRUS BRONSON⁹, b. May 27, 1859, in Staten Island, N. Y.; m. Margaret Reynolds Aug. 10, 1883.

Children of Charles Warren⁸ and Sarah (Haigh) Tolman :—

AGNES E.,⁹ b. July 19, 1850, in Long Grove, Kendall Co., Ill. Resides in Silver Creek, Nebraska.

MARTHA E.,² b. Dec. 7, 1852, in Long Grove. Resides in Silver Creek, Nebraska.

EDWIN S.,⁹ b. July 19, 1855, in Long Grove; m. Jenny Patterson, Feb. 22, 1882. Resides near Silver Creek, Merrick Co., Ill. Farmer. Their children :—*Roy E.*,¹⁰ b. June 15, 1883; *Mabel*,¹⁰ b. Oct. 4, 1884; *Grace*,¹⁰ b. Feb. 22, 1888; *Mary*¹⁰ and *Marion*¹⁰, twins, b. April 22, 1892.

EDITH JULIA,⁹ b. Jan. 22, 1857, in Long Grove; m. Jan. 26, 1870, Rev. C. H. Holden, Baptist minister. Went to California the following August. Their children :—*Charles T.*,¹⁰ b. July 27, 1880, at Modesti, Cal; *Walter H.*,¹⁰ b. March 6, 1883, in Bancroft, Neb.; *Fred B.*,¹⁰ b.

Nov. 2, 1884, in Yorkville, Ill.; *Warren A.*,¹⁰ b. Nov. 3, 1886, in Chicago; *Margery T.*,¹⁰ b. Dec. 26, 1888, in Hastings, Neb. They are now at Fargo, N. Dakota, where Rev. Mr. Holden is Superintendent of Baptist Home Missions and Corresponding Secretary of Baptist State Convention for N. Dakota.

WARREN W.,⁹ b. Aug. 27, 1861 in Bristol, Ill.; m. Maud Ingersoll, April 30, 1889. Lawyer. Resides in Spokane, Washington. Their children:—*Harold W.*, b. Aug. 30, 1890, in Chicago; *Leland S.*, b. April 17, 1893, in Spokane.

WILLIAM H.,⁹ b. Aug. 27, 1865. Farmer. Resides with his mother, Sarah Haigh Tolman, in Silver Creek, Neb.

Child of Marilla⁸ (Tolman) and Rev. Albert M. Bacon:—

ALBERT,⁹ b. Jan. 7, 1872. Broker, resides in Chicago.

Children of Julia R.⁸ (Tolman) and Lerton Dunham Ingersoll:—

JULIA MAY,⁹ b. June 27, 1859; m. John M. Sheedy, June 30, 1886.

HARRY WARREN,⁹ b. Jan. 17, 1864.

MAUD EMMA,⁹ b. Jan. 17, 1864; m. Warren W. Tolman, April 30, 1889.

Children of Cyrus F.⁸ and Mary (Bronson) Tolman:—

EDGAR BRONSON,⁹ b. Sept. 5, 1859, in Nowgong, Assam, India; m. Nellie M. Brown, Oct. 10, 1882. She d. July 6, 1887. He m. 2dly, Blanche N. Stevens, April 11, 1889. He is a lawyer, resides in Chicago, Ill.

JOHN NEWELL,⁹ b. Feb. 5, 1861; m. Eva J. Armstrong, June [], 1875. Manager of a cattle ranch in Montana.

MINNIE L.,⁹ b. Dec. 3, 1863, in Lawrence, Mass.; m. Robert A. Paleston, Dec. 1, 1883.

JULIA RUTH,⁹ b. June 27, 1866, in Fort Madison, Ia; unm. Latin and Greek teacher in Lake High School, Chicago, Ill.

CYRUS T.,⁹ Jr., b. June 2, 1873, in Chicago. Superintendent in University of Chicago.

FRANK LELAND,⁹ b. Dec. 9, 1876. Student in Armour Institute.

Children of Harriet Clarissa⁸ (Tolman) and William Sampler.HARRY H.,⁹ b. July 1, 1861.MAY L.,⁹ b. Nov. 24, 1891.Children of James B.⁸ and Mary Ann (Felton) Tolman.FRANKLIN,⁹ b. Nov. 25, 1835, unm. Lives in Oshkosh, Wisconsin.LUCY ANN,⁹ b. May 9, 1841; m. Daniel H. Forbes, July 14, 1865. He d. Sept. 30, 1885, aged 51. Their child, MARY EMILY,¹⁰ b. Feb. 8, 1867. Live in Oshkosh, Wisconsin.CYNTHIA BROAD,⁹ b. in Needham, Dec. 9, 1843; d. Feb. 22, 1844.CATHARINE,⁹ b. in Needham, Sept. 10, 1851; d. Oct. 4, 1851.

WILLIAM WILLARD,⁹ b. Oct. 23, 1845; m. Sarah J. Lambert, March 17, 1870. She was b. May 17, 1852. Live in St. Edward, Nebraska. Their children:—JAMES F.,¹⁰ b. July 12, 1871; m. Hattie Hedland, Sept. 18, 1893; live in St. Edward, Nebraska: GEORGE S.,¹⁰ b. Sept. 10, 1874: WALTER FELTON,¹⁰ b. Feb. 23, 1877; d. March 5, 1879: LUCY F.,¹⁰ b. June 20, 1881: CARLTON,¹⁰ b. Sept. 27, 1883; d. July 27, 1884: EDITH FOOTE¹⁰ and ETHEL FELTON,¹⁰ twins, b. Feb. 11, 1885; d. Aug. 20 and 21, 1885: JOHN¹⁰, b. March 4, 1889.

DEDHAM IN THE REBELLION.

BY JOSEPH HENRY LATHROP.

(Continued from Vol. V. page 170.)

MEMORIAL HALL.

At the town meeting held April 3, 1865, the committee appointed at the March meeting, for the purpose of recommending some suitable memorial to commemorate the services rendered by the soldiers of Dedham during the Civil War, made their report through Ira Cleveland, Esq., the chairman of the committee, and recommended the erection, to their memory, of a "durable monument of native granite, decorated with military emblems, and provided with proper tablets for the inscription of the names, ages, and date of the death of all who have died, with the names of the battlefields on which they have fallen,

or the hospitals or prisons where they have died." For more than a year after this meeting, the subject was discussed throughout the town, in public and private; many locations were suggested for the most appropriate site for the proposed monument; Franklin Square, the Church Green, the Common at the Upper Village, and other spots had their adherents, but as the months went by, and the meetings in the old Town Hall on Bullard street became more crowded, and the building itself needed extensive repairs, it was self-evident that the wisest course for Dedham to pursue, would be to erect a suitable building for town purposes, and make it also a monument to the memory of her fallen heroes.

Recognizing the fact that if a suitable location was secured, it would influence the voters of the town in regard to the erection of a proper building, certain liberal and patriotic citizens of Dedham purchased the lot on the corner of High, Centre and Church streets, known as "Coolidge's Block," and presented it to the town under certain conditions.

In the warrant issued for a town meeting, to be held on the 2d, of April, 1866, article eleven was as follows:—

To see if the town will cause a monument, or Memorial Hall to be erected to the memory of those soldiers from Dedham who died in the service of the country during the recent war; and appropriate money for the same.

At this meeting a committee consisting of Thomas L. Wakefield, Ambrose B. Galucia, Willard Gay, Merrill D. Ellis, William Ames, 2d. Nathan Phillips, and Warren Withington, was appointed:—

To consider the propriety and expediency of erecting a Memorial Hall on the Coolidge lot, so called, opposite the Phoenix House, in Dedham Village, to commemorate the soldiers from Dedham who died in service during the recent rebellion; propose a plan and estimate of such a building; furnish such other information as they may be able to collect; and report at an adjourned meeting.

At the Town Meeting held May 7, 1866, this committee made a long report, and recommended the passage of the following votes:—

That the Town of Dedham cause to be erected a building to be called "Memorial Hall," the outer walls of the edifice to be constructed chiefly of Dedham granite, and the said building to be placed on the lot of land bounding on Church, High and Centre streets, in Dedham Village, recently owned by Charles Coolidge, if the same shall be given and conveyed to the town for such use.

The objects for which said building shall be erected are:

First, To provide a suitable place for the transaction of all the public business of the Town.

Second, To provide a suitable memorial of the soldiers of Dedham, who died in the service of our country during the late war or rebellion. The said building shall contain a hall and other suitable rooms, sufficient for the present and prospective municipal uses of the town, and also shall signify, in some prominent and enduring form, its design to perpetuate the names and memory of those who yielded their lives in the military service of our country during the late war.

That a Building Committee, to consist of five, be chosen by the town at this meeting, to carry out these objects, the said committee to

have full authority, in behalf of the town, to procure and adopt a plan and specifications for such building, and to contract for and superintend the erection of the same, until its completion; but any contracts in pursuance thereof may be made at such time, within twelve months, as said committee shall deem most advantageous for the interests of the town.

That the Town Treasurer, with the approval of the selectmen be authorized to borrow, in behalf of the town, a sum not exceeding thirty-five thousand dollars, to be expended in procuring plans and specifications, and in the construction and completion of said building; and that the Town Treasurer be authorized to pay over the same to said Building Committee, upon their written order, or the written order of a majority thereof, at such times and in such sums as they may require therefor.

At this meeting Ira Cleveland, Esq., Chairman of the Monument Committee, presented a brief report, recommending the erection of a monument forty feet in height, built of Concord granite and furnished with marble slabs, in accordance with a plan submitted, the estimated expense of which, exclusive of land, would be \$10,000. He also stated that a lot of land at the intersection of Court and Church streets, near the Episcopal Church, could be obtained, and the cost of the same, suitably graded and fenced, probably would not exceed \$1500.

Following these reports considerable discussion ensued on the question whether the town should build a Memorial Hall or a Monument, in which the friends of each project spoke earnestly, but as the town so much needed a new building for town purposes, the report of the Hall Committee was carried by a large majority, and Messrs. Waldo Colburn, A. B. Endicott, William Ames, 2d., Addison Boyden, and Merrill D. Ellis were chosen as the building committee.

The building of the Memorial Hall was now an assured fact, and the next step was the transfer of the land to the trustees representing the town. The following copy of the deed of conveyance, recorded in Norfolk Registry of Deeds, Lib. 343, fol. 124, shows the cost of the land and the names of the subscribers for its purchase.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that I, James Foord of Dedham, in the County of Norfolk, and Commonwealth of Massachusetts, as I am Trustee under a certain deed given to me by Charles Coolidge, dated August 18, 1863, recorded with Norfolk Deeds, Lib. 316, fol. 232, and we, Chauncey C. Churchill, William Bullard, 2d, John W. Thomas and Waldo Colburn, all of said Dedham, *cestui qui trusts*, under said deed, in consideration of Twenty-three hundred and fifty dollars, to us paid by William Bullard, 2d, Charles B. Shaw, C. C. Churchill, John Gardner, Reuben A. Richards, Geo. Wheaton Deans, L. H. Kingsbury, A. B. Galucia, Erastus Worthington, J. H. B. Thayer, John Cox, Jr., Lealand & Farrington, J. D. Howe, D. A. Baker & Co., A. B. Endicott, Sanford Carroll, Andrew Wiggin, Robert Campbell, Alfred Allwright, George E. Morse, Francis Guild, George W. Fisher, Baker & Mann, Amory Fisher, Field & Beattie, H. O. Hildreth, J. H. Cobb, George Marsh, Henry White Richards, Hannah Shuttleworth, F. D. Klemm, Edward Stimson, E. H. Marshall, Kennedy & McLain, Henry Smith, Ebenezer P. Burgess, Eliphalet Stone, Lewis Bullard, Edward P. Burgess, William Ames, 2d, John W. Thomas, Dr. Jeremy Stimson, Edmund Quincy, Josephus G. Taft, T. L. Wakefield, Henry W. Woods, E. C.

Daniell, Henry Cormerais, J. Cobb, George Fuller, Moses Boyd, J. E. Smith, Charles T. Starrett, J. C. Robbins, R. A. W. Nugent, George A. Guild, Edward Doherty, George F. Curtis, Calvin Guild, A. T. Pettin-gill and F. D. Ely, the receipt whereof is hereby acknowledged, do hereby give, grant, remise, release, and forever quit claim unto The Inhabitants of said town of Dedham, a lot of land situated in the village of said Dedham, containing about sixteen thousand, six hundred and ten square feet, bounded southeasterly on Centre Street, one hundred and thirty-four feet; northeasterly on High Street, eighty-nine feet and seven inches; northerly on Church Street, eighty-six feet and four inches; westerly on land of the heirs of Abner Guild, ninety feet, eight inches; and southwesterly on land of Martin Bates, one hundred and ten feet; being the same premises conveyed to said James Foord, trustee, by said Charles Coolidge, by the deed hereinbefore mentioned, with the exception of a strip four feet wide, on the southwesterly side, conveyed by said Foord, trustee, to Martin Bates. And this deed is given to said Inhabitants on the express condition that said Inhabitants shall, within three years from the day of the date hereof, erect on said lot of land, a Memorial or Town Hall, pursuant to the vote of said Inhabitants, passed at a meeting of said inhabitants, held on the seventh day of May now last past, by adjournment of the last April meeting of said Inhabitants.

To have and to hold the above described premises, with the privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging, to the said Inhabitants of the Town of Dedham, forever, upon the condition aforesaid.

In testimony whereof, we, the said James Foord, Trustee as aforesaid, Chauncey C. Churchill, William Bullard, 2d, John W. Thomas and Waldo Colburn, have hereunto set our hand and seals, this seventh day of June, A. D. eighteen hundred and sixty-six.

JAMES FOORD, Trustee, (Seal.)
CHAUNCEY C. CHURCHILL, (Seal.)
WILLIAM BULLARD, (Seal.)
JOHN W. THOMAS, (Seal.)
WALDO COLBURN. (Seal.)

Executed and delivered in presence of LUTHER WHITE, and J. FOORD, Trustee.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.

Norfolk, ss. June 7, 1866. Then personally appeared the above named James Foord, trustee, and acknowledged the foregoing instrument to be his free act and deed. Before me.

LUTHER L. WHITE,
Justice of the Peace for Suffolk County.

The original appropriation of \$35,000 was found to be insufficient for the proper completion of the hall, so at the town meeting of March 2, 1868, it was voted:—

That the Town Treasurer, with the approval of the selectmen, be authorized to borrow, in behalf of the town, a sum not exceeding twelve thousand dollars, to be expended in completing the construction of Memorial Hall, and grading the lot, and that the Treasurer be authorized to pay over the same to the building committee of said hall, upon the written order of a majority of said committee, at such times and in such sums as they may require therefor.

The building methods of the present day were not in vogue at the time of the construction of Memorial Hall, and it was rather more than two years after its commencement that the structure was completed, in the early autumn of 1868. On the evening of August 13th of that year, a meeting of citizens was held at the Town Hall to choose a committee of arrangements for the proper dedication of Memorial Hall. At this meeting Ezra W. Taft was chosen chairman, John Cox, Jr., secretary, and the following gentlemen were appointed on the committee: Ezra W. Taft, Samuel E. Pond, J. Bradford Baker, Benjamin Weatherbee, John Cox, Jr., Eliphalet Stone, William Bullard, Thomas Sherwin, Jr., Henry Onion, William J. Wallace, Ephraim Roberts, Charles E. Lewis, Samuel H. Cox, A. B. Endicott, Ellery C. Daniell, Henry O. Hildreth, Addison Boyden, and Sanford Carroll. Later, Eliphalet Stone declined to serve on the committee on account of ill health, and Thomas L. Wakefield was chosen to fill the vacancy. At a subsequent meeting of the committee, Fisher A. Baker, of New York, but formerly of Dedham, and during the war Adjutant of the Eighteenth Regiment Mass. Infantry, was invited to deliver the address at the dedication of the hall, but on account of business engagements he was obliged to decline. The committee then extended an invitation to Erastus Worthington, Esq., and it was accepted. The choice was a most excellent one. The dedication of Memorial Hall took place on the afternoon of Tuesday, September 29, 1868. The weather was bright and beautiful—a typical New England autumn day. The hall was finely dressed with bunting and flags, and the marble tablets in the vestibule were beautifully decorated with flowers and autumn leaves, by the ladies of the town, in loving memory of the dead soldiers. At 1.30 P. M. the procession was formed at Temperance Hall, in the following order:—

	Bates Cornet Band.	
	<i>Marshal</i> —William Chickering, Jr.	
	<i>Assistant Marshal</i> —Joseph H. Lathrop.	
<i>Aids.</i>	Samuel H. Cox, and Clinton Bagley.	<i>Aids.</i>
	Fire Department as escort, consisting of	
	Company No. 1.—Assistant Foreman, George F. Richards;	
	Company No. 4.—Foreman, Henry W. Weeks.	
	Union Cornet Band of South Dedham.	
<i>Aids.</i>	Amasa Guild, J. Bradford Calder, Charles H. Rogers.	<i>Aids.</i>
	Battalion of returned Soldiers and Sailors.	
	Disabled Soldiers and Sailors in carriages.	
<i>Aid.</i>	Eben N. Hewins.	<i>Aid.</i>
	Committee of Arrangements.	
	Building Committee.	
	Town Officers.	
	Invited Guests.	
<i>Aids.</i>	J. W. Chase, Cornelius A. Taft.	<i>Aids.</i>
	Citizens.	

The route of the procession was through Court and Norfolk streets, Franklin Square, School Street, Court Street, Village Avenue,

Chestnut and High streets, to the Hall, reaching that place shortly after 2 o'clock. Here the exercises consisted of

Music.

Introductory remarks by the President of the Day, Addison Boyden, Esq.
Invocation, Rev. George Hill.

Report of the Building Committee, and presentation of the keys to the Selectmen, by Waldo Colburn, Esq.

Acceptance of the keys by the Chairman of the Board of Selectmen, Ezra W. Taft, Esq.

Original Hymn, written for the occasion by Mrs. William J. Adams of Dedham, and sung by the audience to the tune of "Boylston."

Dedicatory Prayer, by Rev. Jonathan Edwards.

Music.

Dedicatory Address, by Erastus Worthington, Esq.

Music.

Original Poem, written for the occasion, and delivered by H. H. Currier, Esq.

Music.

Original Hymn, written for the occasion by William Everett, Esq., and sung by the audience to the tune of "Greenville."

Benediction, by Rev. I. J. Burgess.

The music in the hall was furnished by Gilmore's Band, of Boston. A pleasant feature of the exercises was the presentation to the town, by Mrs. Lydia E. Fisher, of Dedham, through the chairman of the board of selectmen, of the beautiful copy of Stuart's painting of Washington on Dorchester Heights, during the evacuation of Boston, in March 1776. This picture was painted by her distinguished husband, Alvan Fisher, Esq.

The address by the orator of the day was a most admirable one. He gave an interesting sketch of the services of the three companies which Dedham furnished during the war, rapidly touching on the different actions in which they were engaged, the losses which the town sustained in the death of so many of her heroic sons, and the results accomplished by the war. It was high and manly in its sentiments, and the action of the committee of arrangements, at a meeting held after the dedication of the hall, but voiced the sentiments of the audience, when it tendered an unanimous vote of thanks to Mr. Worthington for his patriotic and eloquent address.

A concert was given at the hall, in the evening, and this entertainment closed the exercises of the dedication.

The following description of the building is taken from the pamphlet published by the town in 1869, on the dedication of Memorial Hall.

The design, which was by Messrs. Ware & Van Brunt, architects, of Boston, recalls the provincial town halls of England, in outline and general character, and is carried out in the peculiar warm, yellow granite of the neighborhood, relieved by bands of blue Quincy granite. Its main exterior dimensions are 104 by 64 feet on the ground, with an elevation of 34 feet to the cornice, and 85 feet to the summit of the tower, which surmounts the middle division of the front on Centre Street. On this front in the most conspicuous place over the main entrance, is inserted a large tablet of Quincy granite, decorated with oak leaves and a crown of laurels, and bears this inscription:—

To Commemorate
The Patriotism and Fidelity
Of Her Sons
Who Fell
In Defence of The Union,
In The War
Of The Rebellion,
Dedham
Erects This Hall.
A. D.
MDCCCLXVII.

In the main vestibule, from which stairs to the right and left conduct to the hall above, in a broad niche facing the entrance, are five marble tablets in a Gothic framework of black walnut. The central tablet, which is enriched by a carved canopy supported by columns, bears this inscription:—

The
Town of Dedham
Has Caused
To Be Inscribed Upon
These Tablets,
The Names of her Sons,
Who Fell
Representing Her,
In Defence of the Union,
In The War of
The Rebellion—1861–1865,
And In Whose Honor
She Has Erected
This Hall.

The tablets on either side contain the names of forty-seven soldiers, with the rank, date and place of death in each case, arranged in order of regiments. Opening from the vestibule are the Selectmens room on the right, and the Post Office on the left. The rest of the first floor is, for the present, to be occupied by three stores on High street. The main hall on the second floor is 56 by 90 feet, with a balcony at the entrance and an ample stage opposite, from which there is ready retirement to four committee rooms, all of which are accessible from Church Street by a private entrance and staircase. The hall is capable of accomodating one thousand people. It is in contemplation to give additional finish to the hall by decorating its walls and ceiling in colors. The interior work throughout is of chestnut.

In this beautiful Memorial Hall, Dedham has erected "a durable monument of native granite," to the memory of those brave men who, on many a bloody field, nobly upheld the honor of the old Bay State. In honoring the state they honored the town, where so many of them were brought up, and whose schools inculcated that spirit of patriotism which impelled them, when their country called, to lay down their lives in her defense.

(To be continued.)

ANN EATON.

ANN WHITING was the fourteenth and youngest child of Nathaniel and Hannah (Dwight) Whiting, of Dedham, and was born January 25, 1672-3. The birth is recorded twice in the Dedham Records, but the date of her first marriage is not given. It was probably about 1694 that she was married to John Eaton, Jr., son of John and Alice Eaton, born Sept. 17, 1671. Her young husband died Oct. 28, 1694, and their child, John Eaton, was born four months after his father's death, namely April 4, 1695, thus continuing the line of John Eatons. This boy was the fourth, beginning with one of the first settlers of the town, and four others have succeeded him, bringing the line to the present day, father and son for eight generations named John Eaton; and a large number of descendants can trace their ancestry to this boy, who was born an orphan.

Ann and her boy went home and lived with her mother for six years, (see REGISTER, October, 1893, page 142), and then, according to an expression much used in old wills in Middlesex County, "it pleased the Lord to provide for her by a second marriage." The record was "John Lewis of Dorchester and Ann Eaton of Dedham, married April 4, 1700. (The above Ann Eaton, widow of John Eaton, Jr., and daughter of N. and H. Whiting.)"

They had five children, viz.

1. Mary, b. April 1, 1701. 2. John, b. Jan. 18, 1702-3. 3. Ebenezer, b. May 29, 1705. 4. Jonathan, b. Dec. 6, 1708. 5. Barachiah, b. Oct. 28, 1710. The names of the parents at these births were set down in the Dorchester Records, as follows: John Lues; John and An Lewes; John Lewes; John and Anne Lewis; John and Ann Lewes; neither entry being exactly right.

On January 11, 1710, Jonathan Whiting, of Roxbury, the boy's uncle, was appointed "guardian of John Eaton, aged 15 years or upwards, son of John Eaton, late of Dedham, deceased."

This Jonathan Whiting, son of N. and H. Whiting, was born in Roxbury (see Roxbury Records), probably in what is now West Roxbury, 9 October, 1667.

Sept. 1 (or 10), 1718, John Lewis died. He owned property in Dorchester and Dedham, of which the widow received her portion.

After seven years she married third time, and we find in the

Dorchester Records that "James Herring of Roxbury and Ann Lewis of Dorchester were married 11 August, 1725."

James Herring died March 1732, aged 76, his grave being in the cemetery near the West Roxbury Railroad station. He left a will by which he gives "to my dear and loving wife, Ann Herring, all that estate which she brought with her at our marriage. I also give unto her the use, Benefit and Improvement of the west end of my dwelling house with the income of one full third part of my whole Estate. . . . I also give her Fifty Pounds money, or if she dies . . . it is to be equally distributed amongst all her children."

The estate was valued at £788. He left no children, and gives the balance of his property to his nephew and namesake, James Herring, son of Thomas Herring, of Dedham.

Ann (Whiting) Eaton Lewis Herring lived seventeen years longer, and was then laid in the Dedham Cemetery, near her first husband, the inscription on her gravestone being :

"Here lyes buried the Body of Mrs. Ann Herring, the wife of Mr. James Herring, died March 9, 1749, in ye 77th year of her age."

JOHN EATON ALDEN.

Newton, Mass.

WRENTHAM BIRTHS.

"A REGISTER OF THOS THAT HAVE BEEN BORN IN THE TOWN OF
WRENTHAM."

Continued from Vol. IV. page 122.

Silence Hancock, dau. of Anthony and Elizabeth, July 24, 1710.
Hepzibah Fisher, dau. of Ebenezer and Abigell, June 16, 1709.
Phebe Whiting, dau. of John and Mary, June 18, 1710.
John Bacon, son of Thomas and Hannah, April 22, 1710.
Mehettabel Ware, dau. of John and Mehettabel, Oct. 6, 1710.
Hannah Whitne, dau. of Josiah and Mary, July 11, 1710.
Esther Fisher, dau. of Cornelius and Mercy, Oct. 27, 1710.
Mary Maccane, dau. of Daniell and Mary, May 25, 1710.
Eleazer Metcalf, son of Eleazer and Judeth, Nov. 21, 1710.
Jean Ware, dau. of Michaell and Jean, Dec. 16, 1710.
Ebenezer Rocket, son of Nathaniell and Joanna, Nov. 2, 1705.
Hannah Rocket, dau. of Nathaniell and Joanna, Oct. 9, 1707.
Mary Rocket, dau. of Nathaniel and Joanna, Oct. 17, 1709.
Zerviah Tomson, dau. of Peter and Abigell, March 26, 1709.
Abigaill Man, dau. of Theodore and Abigaill, Sept. 16, 1710.

Elijah Farrington, son of Daniell and Abigaell, March 14, 1709.
 Seth Heeton, son of Nathaniell and Mariah, Feb. 3, 1711.
 Hannah Man, dau. of Thomas and Hannah, March 3, 1711.
 Eliphalet Ware, son of Ebenezer and Bathyah, March 25, 1711.
 John Day, son of John and Ruth, March 1, 1708.
 Caleb Day, son of John and Ruth, April 9, 1711.
 Kezia Ware, dau. of Nathaniell and Mary, March 13, 1711.
 Stephen Johns, son of Stephen and Jean, Jan. 26, 1711.
 Eliphalet Whiting, son of John and Mary, Sept. 16, 1705. }
 Recorded Sept. 26, 1721, by Jonathan Ware, Town Clerk. }
 Phebe Gay, dau. of Edward and Rebekah, May 29, 1711.
 Joseph Cowell, son of Joseph and Martha, Feb. 14, 1711.
 Benjamin Fairbanks, son of Joshua and Hannah, May 5, 1711.
 Mary Man, dau. of William and Bethiah, March 19, 1711.
 Hezekiah Ware, son of Eleazer and Mary, April 17, 1711.
 Deborah Boyden, dau. of Thomas and Deborah, June 23, 1711.
 Joseph Blake, son of Andrew and Sarah, Aug. 13, 1711.
 Ann Jones, dau. of David and Sarah, Aug. 7, 1711.
 Sarah Lawrence, dau. of Ebenezer and Mary, May 30, 1709.
 Mary Lawrence, dau. of Ebenezer and Mary, May 25, 1711.
 Aaron Clark, }
 Leah Clark, } tweens, son and dau. of Aaron and Mary, Aug. 20, 1711.
 Mercy Shuttelworth, dau. of Benjamin and Sarah, Feb. 8, 1711.
 Ephraim Pond, son of Ephraim and Mary, Sept. 22, 1711.
 Samuel Heten, son of Samuell and Sarah, Nov. 18, 1711.
 Robert Ware, son of Robert and Elizabeth, Nov. 27, 1711.
 Penellipe Thomson, dau. of Peter and Abigail, Nov. 29, 1711.
 Daniel Haws, son of Daniel and Beriah, Oct. 24, 1711.
 Nathan Blake, son of Robert and Sarah, March 13, 1711.
 Judeth Day, dau. of Ralf and Mary, May 11, 1709.

(To be continued.)

NOTES AND QUERIES.

NOTE.

1. Mr. Slafter, in his article on the Dedham Schools which appears in the REGISTER (IV. 16) for January, 1893, says that "Capt. Hezekiah Allen was her [Elizabeth Gay's] successor, 1772-3", and, a few lines below, that he "died Aug. 16, 1775." The person who taught the school was undoubtedly Hezekiah, son of Capt. Hezekiah and Mary (Draper) Allen, who was born in Dedham, April 15, 1724. He m. at Needham, Nov. 25, 1745 Jemima, dau. of Timothy and Jemima (Ware) Kingsbury, who d. April 13, 1755; m. 2dly, at Medfield, April 7, 1757, Mary, dau. of William and Hannah Peters; d. about 1798, his will having been proved that year. Capt. Hezekiah Allen was a son of Joseph and Hannah (Sabin) Allen, and was b. at

Medfield, Nov. 3, 1692; d. in that part of Dedham, now Dover, Aug. 16, 1775. The above items seem to show that it was not "Capt. Hezekiah" who "kept the school," for he was 80 years old at that time.

FRANK A. HUTCHINSON,
Suffield, Conn.

QUERIES.

1. Hannah, dau. of Nathaniel and Hannah (Dwight) Whiting, b. Feb. 17, 1651, is reported to have m. John Fairbancks; but Dedham Records say that John Fairbanks m. Mary Whiting, March 1, 1671-2. John and Hannah Fairbanks had Hannah, b. Dec. 24, 1672; Sarah, b. Oct. 22, 1674; John, b. 1677, and others b. in Wrentham. Can any one straighten this out for me? Did two sisters marry two Fairbanckses? Which one was the son of John and Sarah (Fiske) Fairbancks.

Samuel Whiting, b. Dec. 20, 1649; m. 1676, Sarah Metcalfe, who d. June 11, 1701; m. 2dly, Mary Fairbanck, both of Dedham, April 29, 1702. In his will, dated Jan. 1, 1727-8, he speaks of beloved natural brother Jonathan Whiting, and beloved brother-in-law Jonathan Fairbanks. Who were the parents of Mary Fairbanck?

Who were the parents of Mary Whiting of Dedham, who m. Aug. 27, 1728, Jonathan Parcks of Concord.

MRS. CHARLES L. ALDEN,
4 Gale Place, Troy, N. Y.

2. On Feb. 21, 1717-18, there was granted by the town of Dedham to "Thomas Fuller, Senor, half an acre near his saw mill bounded by Charles River, East and West, land of Jabez Pond South and his own land North." Where was the land? When was the saw mill built?

On "22-4-1660," there was granted to Thomas Fuller, father of the Thomas mentioned above "Libertie to have this devident laid out in that place East of the Great Playne and at the upper end of the Mill swamp." It was between Great Plain Avenue and Charles River in Needham. Why was "Mill swamp" so named, and when?

FRANCIS H. FULLER,
Jamaica Plain.

REPLY.

1. BOOBY HUT, answer to Query No. 4, in the October number (V. 180) of the REGISTER. It was a low carriage on runners, and was sometimes called "Booby-Hutch." It was quite common in Boston until a few years past; and when one was ordered for riding the "Hut" was frequently omitted.

W. T. E.

CORRECTION.

On page 170, (Vol. V.) under Julius M. Lathrop, change "Va." to La.

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now, and how much could be affected by resolution and perseverance. In the winter, I think it was, of 1780, when, of course, he was only sixteen, the roads being obstructed by snow and the cold intense, he started for Boston with an ox-team loaded with wood, and entering on the Neponset, which was hard frozen, at Dorchester Upper Mills, he followed the course of the stream down, and, crossing over the Bay near the Castle, now Fort Independence, entered the town near the the point where Craigie's Bridge was afterwards erected. Discharging his wood, he thence crossed over to Cambridge and took a load of damaged gunpowder, which he was to carry to Canton, to be worked over at a powder-mill, then in operation there. On his return over the Neck, such was the condition of the road that he repeatedly overset,—four times, I think he stated,—and was obliged to re-load. He reached Roxbury near midnight, where he stopped till next morning. Such a youth would hardly be expected in after life to yield to trifling difficulties, or fail of his end from any lack of determination or courage.

Later on, in the winter of 1786-7, he enlisted as a volunteer in the army under Gen. Lincoln, sent out to suppress Shays's Rebellion in the western part of the state, and, as "Orderly Sergeant in the company to which he was attached," took part in the famous night march from Hadley to Petersham. "It was attended with great suffering on account of the severity of the cold and depth of the snow."

On June 14, 1787, John Endicott was married to Mary, daughter of Jonas and Sarah Humphrey, of Dedham, where he came to reside at about that time, on the homestead of her father. They were admitted to the Church on November 9, 1794, and the records of both the church and town soon indicate his decided interest in public affairs. He was chosen Moderator of the town meeting on April 6, 1801, and for many years, at irregular intervals, he often filled that position. On May 6, 1805, he was elected a Representative, with Ebenezer Fisher, to the General Court, and continued to hold the position until 1815. He was chosen again in 1816, and for 1835. He served as a Senator in 1817, 1818, 1819, and was returned in 1831, 1832, and 1833. On October 16, 1820, John Endicott, James Richardson

and William Ellis were chosen delegates to the convention to be held on November 15, for the purpose of revising and altering the Constitution of the Commonwealth. He was one of the Presidential Electors in 1824, and was the first chosen to that office from Dedham. Three Dedham men have been chosen since, James Richardson, in 1832, John Gardner, in 1852, and John Richards Bullard, in 1892. Mr. Endicott was a member of the Governor's Council in 1827, 1828 and 1830. He was made a Coroner on July 2, 1793, and was appointed a Commissioner of Highways on July 12, 1826. From 1836-1847 he was one of the Vice-Presidents of the Dedham Institution for Savings.

Mr. Endicott was a devoted attendant of the First Church; and during his connection with it, both church and parish owed "much to his steady friendship and wise counsels." He filled the office of Deacon of the Church from 1833 to 1857, the time of death, serving "with great fidelity, till the infirmities of age compelled him to withdraw" from active duties. He also remembered the Sunday School, "and when the children, many years ago, held their festival in the grove, he is remembered as adding to their enjoyment by a liberal contribution of the fruits of his farm."

The following words by Dr. Lamson indicate the character of the man:—

His influence in the affairs of the town in his best days, for half a century, I may say, was unbounded. No one who ever lived in the town wielded such power. In all the important measures he advocated, he was sure to take the majority along with him, in opposition even to the eloquence of such a man as Fisher Ames. No one ever thought of carrying a point with Mr. Endicott in the opposition; if he did, he was disappointed. By his plain, strong good sense, his calm, persuasive reasoning, without any flowers of rhetoric or any attempt at them—a smile of benignity the whole time illuminating his face—he would in all assemblies of the people rule their decisions. . . . His speeches were always short and to the point.

During this long period of public service he made numerous friends. His merits, his integrity above all suspicion, his many amiable qualities, his courteous manner and gentlemanly bearing in

debate on topics however exciting, and his plain practical good sense, his sound judgment and great clearness, gave him a high place in public confidence and esteem, and left agreeable impressions on the minds of his associates, who always continued to speak of him in terms of great kindness and respect.

He was a fine specimen of humanity—a worthy man and a christian. Full of years and of honor, the work of life faithfully performed, he has sunk to his grave, leaving an untarnished name and a pure example to quicken the hearts of survivors and encourage them in every manly and virtuous effort. He possessed sterling qualities. He won for himself an enduring place in the regard, confidence and affection of his fellow citizens. He lived much respected and happy, and his career was one of eminent usefulness. In his best days, and for more than one generation, he exerted a paramount influence in the affairs of the community of which he was a member.

In 1867, ten years after his death, the school in the district where he lived and died, and in whose welfare he always had a devoted interest, was named the Endicott School in his memory. It was earlier known as the East Street School and later as District No. 5. At this time all the schools in the town received appropriate names, and no more fitting selection could be made than from those of her distinguished citizens.

Mr. Erastus Worthington, in his statement prepared for the School Committee at the time of naming the different schools, and which is dated March 12, 1867, says: "The Committee have deemed it to be just and appropriate to perpetuate . . . the names of such men as may have heretofore, by their benefactions or their services to the town, done something worthy of being thus recognized, and especially those who have thus shown their interest in promoting public education. The records of the town disclose the names of several such men."

The following brief genealogical account will give some idea of the line of descent of the Dedham branch of the Endicott family, from Gilbert Endicott who came to Dorchester about the year 1715, probably from Boxford or Topsfield, where some descendants of Gov. Endicott were then living.

1. GILBERT ENDICOTT, from whom the family in Stoughton, Canton, and Dedham are descended, was born in 1658, and died Oct. 18, 1716; m. Hannah []. She m. John Minot on Nov. 4, 1717. For further facts about Mr. Endicott, see Hutton's History of Canton.

2. JAMES.

3. JAMES (*James, Gilbert*), born in Stoughton, 1739; m. Abigail Puffer, March 5, 1761; d. in Canton, April 4, 1799. He was one of the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas when the County was established in 1793, and was one of the Committee who had charge of the building of the Court House, begun in 1795. (REGISTER IV, 1.)

4. JOHN (*James, James, Gilbert*), b. Feb. 4, 1764; m. Mary, dau. of Jonas and Sarah Humphrey. See sketch above for further particulars. Children:—*Polly*, b. May 29, 1788; m. Timothy Stow, Jun., Jan. 26, 1815; no issue: *Sally*, b. April 19, 1792.

5. SALLY ENDICOTT (*John, James, James, Gilbert*), b. April 19, 1792; m. Jabez, 2d son of Benjamin and Lucy Weatherbee, April 13, 1815; d. 1852. He was b. 1788; d. 1822. Children:—

JESSE WEATHERBEE, b. Feb. 16, 1816; m. Louisa P. Gay, June 18, 1840. Children: Edward, b. March 6, 1842, d. Jan. 29, 1880; Frederic, b. Jan. 22, 1845, d. Feb. 6, 1880; Ellen L., b. Feb. 16, 1847; Julia, b. March 19, 1850.

JOHN E. WEATHERBEE, b. May 3, 1818; m. Harriet A. Eaton. Children: Henry Endicott, b. Aug. 24, 1862; John Herbert, b. May 19, 1865, d. April 26, 1873. He d. March 20, 1884. She d. Jan. 17, 1895.

BENJAMIN WEATHERBEE, b. August 3, 1820; m. Elizabeth Ann Johnson. Children: Jabez, b. May 19, 1849; George William, b. May 13, 1852; Sarah Elizabeth, b. June 5, 1854.

THE SCHOOLS AND TEACHERS OF DEDHAM.

BY CARLOS SLAFTER.

(Continued Vol. V. page 162.)

MISS HANNAH FERRY, said to be of Milton, was the teacher of the Second Middle School nineteen and two thirds weeks in the summer of 1813, at seven and sixpence (\$1.25) per week. This, with board, was the customary price for female teachers at that day.

Miss Sarah Hannah Boies Alleyne was a teacher in the Second Middle School for a short term in 1814. She was the daughter of Abel and Anna (Chase) Alleyne, born in Milton, Mass.; was educated in Dedham schools, and married Mr. Frederick Beck, a merchant of Boston, Jan. 2, 1816. Went to reside at 68 Warrenton Street, and there lived till she died at the age of seventy years and was buried in Forest Hills Cemetery.

Miss Abigail Prentice, the daughter of the Rev. Thomas Prentice of Medfield, taught the West Dedham School in 1815, and the Second Middle School in the summer of 1819. She was united in marriage to Capt. Jeremiah Baker of West Dedham, June 2, 1822 as his third wife. Mrs. Baker died Oct. 31, 1848, aged 57 years.

In 1817 Miss Rebecca Alden received \$33 for teaching in the Second Middle District. She was the daughter of Paul and Rebecca (Newell) Alden, born in Newton, April 6, 1802, and was united in marriage to Moses Gragg in Dedham, Jan. 6, 1820. She died in Roxbury, Dec. 1, 1865, leaving to mourn her loss, her husband and all their ten children.

In 1817, during the summer, a school was maintained on Dedham Island by the Second Middle District "According to a vote." The total expense of it was \$25. "Of this amount \$7.58 was paid to the teacher, \$11.75 to Josiah Smith for board; \$3.33 to Ez'k'l Kingsbury for room, \$1.50 to James Farrington

for wood, 84 cents for horse and chaise hire." What school-mistress rode in the chaise was not recorded.

John Fessenden, the son of Thomas and Lucy (Lee) Fessenden of Lexington, and a graduate of Harvard College, the first scholar in the class of 1818, was in charge of the Second Middle School in the winter of 1819-20. He graduated from the Cambridge Divinity School in 1821; was a tutor in Harvard College, 1825-27; and in 1830 settled in the ministry at Deerfield, Mass. He was united in marriage to Miss Nancy Baker of Dedham, Oct. 24, 1830, and came to reside in Dedham in 1840. About 1842 he opened a private school which was continued several years in Dedham Village. For many years he was an efficient member of the School Committee, and an active promoter of the High School in its early days. He died May 11, 1881, aged 77.

Miss Borridelle Whiting, the daughter of Aaron and Hannah M. Whiting, taught the Mill School in the summer of 1819. She died April 5, 1836, aged 47 years.

In the summer of 1820 the Second Middle School was taught ten weeks by Miss Eliza Gay, the daughter of Thaddeus and Charlotte (Colburn) Gay of West Dedham. She taught the Mill School in 1830, the East Street School perhaps later, and the Second Middle again in 1836. She married Sidney Perkins of Sharon, Mass., Sept. 24, 1848. She left a legacy of \$500 to establish a library at West Dedham.

In 1821 Mary Ann Sturtevant, of Needham, taught the Second Middle School twelve weeks. According to the testimony of one of her pupils she was a very earnest and efficient teacher. She is said to have married a Mr. Shepherd of Wrentham.

About 1822 Henry Sweet was master of the First Middle School. He was a person of a delicate constitution, and in a conflict with a vicious youth whom he tried to correct, he was entirely disabled for three months. He subsequently settled in the ministry at Palmer, Mass., and died about one year afterwards.

Charles Fisk of Waltham was the master in the East Street School in the winter of 1822-3. A letter written to Capt. Asahel Smith of the School Committee shows that he was a fine penman and of scholarly habits.

Nathan Metcalf was the master of the West Dedham School in the winter of 1822-3. He was the son of Nathan and Patty (Metcalf) Metcalf, born in Franklin in the Old Red House, and a descendant of Michael Metcalf, the ancient schoolmaster.

Says one who knew him intimately :—" He was an ambitious, progressive, and quite successful teacher." He taught several terms in Medway, and " for ten years or more the only teacher through the year of a school on Milton Hill near the Mills of Walter Baker." In 1835 he taught the Centre School in Milton, Mass. He subsequently engaged in trade in Boston, where he was for many years an active member of the School Committee. He was one of the founders of the American Institute of Instruction, and for years one of its curators. For his second wife " he married Mrs. Hepsibah Tilton, Jan. 8, 1892 ; died March 19, 1892."

In 1822 Thomas Phillips came from Natick to teach the Westfield School. In 1824 he married Miss Clarissa Bracket of Dedham. He built the second church edifice of St. Paul's parish in Dedham. He was a cousin of Nathan Phillips, a former well known resident of the Westfield District.

The mistress of the Second Middle School in the summers of 1822 and 1823, and of the Mill School in 1826, was Miss Rebecca, the daughter of Amasa and Rebecca (Whiting) Guild, born in Dedham, Nov. 13, 1801. She married Edward M. Richards, Nov. 22, 1827, and has always resided in Dedham. With memory still unimpaired she delights to review the days and scenes of her youth, and is not less interested in the occurrences of the present time. She has given me so much information concerning the early teachers, and has related so many anecdotes of her own school life that I desire to express here my gratitude for her kind assistance in preparing this record.

We find Samuel Plaisted teaching in the Second Middle District in 1823-4 and 1824-5. He graduated at Brown University in 1825; from the medical department of Bowdoin College in 1828; and was a physician in Waterville, Me., till he died there April 14, 1860, aged 58 years.

Eliza Newell Ellis, the daughter of Jonathan and Hannah (Newell) Ellis, taught in the South Parish of Dedham, and in other places previous to 1823. She was born in Boston in 1797, and was educated in Boston schools and academies. She was a cousin of the Reverend Drs. George E. and Rufus Ellis. She married George Bird, Jr., of Dedham, April 21, 1823; died in Newton, Mass.

George Bird, Jr., instructed the Mill School three months in the winter of 1823-4. He was the son of George and Martha (Newell) Bird, born in Needham, June 6, 1799; was educated in Dedham schools and Wrentham Academy; and married Eliza Newell Ellis, April 21, 1823. Before he married he taught school in Alabama two years. He was a paper manufacturer in East Walpole, his mill being on the Neponset River next below that of his brother, Hon. Frank W. Bird. He died in Zanesville, Ohio.

Charles Chauncey Sewall of Marblehead, son of Chief Justice Samuel Sewall of Marblehead, and great, great grandson of Chief Justice Samuel Sewall of Boston, born in 1802, taught a private school in the "Brick Schoolhouse near the Church" in 1823. He soon after married Miss Amy Peters of Medfield, and lived in the house next east of Dea. Baker's in Upper Village, Dedham, and taught there a "private and boarding school." Commodore John A. Winslow, commander of the "Kearsage" and destroyer of the "Alabama," attended his school as a boarding scholar. In 1826 Mr. Sewall entered the ministry and settled in Danvers now Peabody. A few years later he removed to Medfield where he spent the remainder of his days. He was very active in agricultural affairs, and at one time was the Chaplain of the Massachusetts House of Representatives.

Harvard College gave him the honorary A. M. in 1832. He died Nov. 22, 1889, aged 84 years.

Barzillai Frost gave instruction in the West Dedham School in 1824-5; was Instructor in History at Harvard College in 1834; and graduated from the Harvard Divinity School in 1835.

Miss Jane Little Montague, after teaching two summers, 1823 and 1824, in the Mill School, had charge of the primary department of the First Middle School several summers. She was the daughter of the Rev. William and Jane (Little) Montague, born Jan. 3, 1803, in Dedham, where she died Sept. 16, 1837.

In the winter of 1821-22 the School in West Dedham was taught by Elmer Brigham, the son of David Brigham of Westborough, born Sept. 8, 1798, who lived till March, 1871. He was educated at Bradford Academy, Mass. He was a Representative in the Massachusetts Legislature three years, a Senator one or more years, and a Councillor from the Worcester District in 1855. He was a teacher in Westborough and surrounding towns many years, and served in various town offices. He was a farmer and engaged largely in the milk business, being one of the original members of the "Westborough Milk Company," one of the first in the State. He was a brother of the Rev. David Brigham, for many years a pastor in East Randolph, now Holbrook, Mass.

Sanford Partridge Pond was the teacher of the Clapboard-trees School 1822-3. He was the son of Capt. Abner and Mercy (Partridge) Pond, born in Wrentham, where he died unmarried, March 17, 1827. "He was a well-known teacher and left behind him a reputation for intelligence and piety."

Drayton Blake taught in West Dedham the winter School of 1823-4. He was the son of Deacon Calvin Blake of Wrentham, where he is well remembered, both as a teacher and citizen. After teaching some time in Florida he returned to teach in Wrentham. Subsequently he engaged in the manufacture of straw goods. He was a deacon of the First Congre-

gational Church in Wrentham for many years and died there about twenty years ago.

Miss Lendamine Draper Guild had charge of the School in the Second Middle District four summers, 1824-1827. She is the daughter of Calvin and Lendamine (Draper) Guild, born Sept. 29, 1803, and married Ezra W. Taft, Sept. 8, 1830. Mrs. Taft was also a teacher in Roxbury, Mass., and had some interesting experiences in Rhode Island, where she taught, and "boarded round" three days for each scholar. She resides in Dedham, in firm health and able to enjoy the kind attentions of her children, grandchildren, and many relatives and friends.

David N. Fales taught in the Clapboardtrees School the winter of 1824-5. He was the son of David and Abigail Fales of Wrentham, Mass., born Aug. 2, 1805. He was for some years in business in Boston; afterwards engaged in trade in Wrentham, but finally retired to his farm, where he spent the remainder of his days, leaving two sons who now occupy the premises.

(To be continued.)

RESEARCHES CONCERNING THE COLBURN FAMILY.

BY DON GLEASON HILL.

IN the HISTORICAL REGISTER (II. 108-112) there is a partial genealogy of the Colburn Family. I have recently found in the Suffolk Probate Records two documents, which lead me to question the statements printed on page 110 of that article, regarding the families of Nathaniel and Samuel, two of the sons of the original Nathaniel and Priscilla Colburn. One of these documents (Lib. 27, fol. 437) is the will of Nathaniel Colburn of Dedham, dated March 8, 1726, and probated January 12, 1729. Mention is made in this will of the testator's daughter Priscilla Pond, his grandchildren Nathaniel, Caleb, Joshua and Daniel Pond, and he gives his wife Mary, the bed she brought, the bedstead, pillows, bolsters, sheets and coverlids, "and all and everything she brought with her to me."

The other document (Lib. 22, fol. 85), is the settlement or partition of the estate of Samuel Colburn, dated February 13, 1720. This document assigns the estate to the eldest son Ephraim, he paying his mother, Marcy Fisher, formerly Colburn, her dower right, and his sisters Mary Pond and Abiall Metcalf £16. 15s. Samuel Colburn died when his children were very young, and Ephraim, the son, was appointed his administrator in 1709, soon after he became of age; but the division of his estate was not made until many years later.

I would therefore submit the following in regard to the families of Nathaniel and Samuel:—

NATHANIEL (son of Nath. and Priscilla) Colburn, b. March 3, 1644; d. between 1726 and 1729; m. 1st, Mary Brooks, Nov. 19, 1669; she d. April 21, 1708. He m. 2dly, Mary Pelton of Dorchester, Dec. 24, 1712. Children:—

MARY, b. Aug. 23, 1670; d. Sept. 18, 1689.

NATHANIEL, b. Feb. 18, 1674–5, d. Sept. 18, 1689.

EPHRAIM, b. March 13, 1681–2; d. Nov. 14, 1686.

PRISCILLA, b. []; m. Caleb Pond before 1696. See their descendants in Harris's Pond Family (p. 15).

SAMUEL (son of Nath. and Priscilla) Colburn, b. Jan. 25, 1654; d. May 18, 1694; m. Marcy Partridge, March 12, 1682–3. Children:—

SARAH, b. Dec. 12, 1684; d. Jan. 9, 1684–5.

SAMUEL, b. Nov. 10, 1685; d. Dec. 3, 1685.

MERCY, b. Nov. 6, 1686; d. Feb. 12, 1686–7.

EPHRAIM, b. Nov. 5, 1687; m. Elizabeth Whiting.

MARY, b. Nov. 5, 1691; m. Ephraim Pond, Nov. 1, 1710; d. May 25, 1754. See Pond Family (p. 21).

ABIELL, b. Sept. 27, 1694; m. Michael Metcalf, Dec. 23, 1712, at Wrentham. See N. E. Hist. & Gen. Reg. (IV. 85, and VI. 175).

Marcy Colburn, widow of Samuel, married Cornelius Fisher, of Wrentham, on March 27, 1702. In the record of the marriage of Samuel Colburn (Ded. Rec. I. 17), the name of the wife should read Marcy, not Mary, as printed. I think the

Mary Colburn, daughter of Samuel and Mary, who died April 16, 1742 (Ded. Rec. I, 69), is the Mary who was born February 4, 1741-2 (*ibid.* p. 70). Her father being the Samuel, son of Ephraim Colburn, and not Samuel, the father of Ephraim, as given in the HISTORICAL REGISTER (II. 110).

DEDHAM IN THE REBELLION.

BY JOSEPH HENRY LATHROP.

(Continued from page 40.)

No history of the town of Dedham during the war would be complete without a list of her representatives in the army and navy. The following roll, alphabetically arranged, comprises, as far as can be ascertained, all those who were connected with Dedham by birth or residence, or were credited to the town on the quotas required, under the different calls of the President, for troops during the war. Where no rank is given, the grade of private is understood, and the first date given is that of muster into the United States service. This roll may omit some names of those who enlisted in the navy, owing to the absence of proper records, but in the main is probably as correct as can be made up at this late date. The names of those who died in the service are distinguished by an asterisk. With but very few exceptions, nearly all of those who deserted, or were rejected recruits, came from other towns or cities, entering the service for the sake of the large bounties offered.

- ADAMS, ELIAS W.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862; discharged Sept. 18, 1862, on account of wounds; re-enlisted, Co. H, 56th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 27, 1864; mustered out July 12, 1865.
- ALEXANDER, ANDREW J.—Co. C, 45th Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 26, 1862; mustered out July 7, 1863.
- ALEXANDER, WILLIAM H.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- ALGER, EDWIN H.—Co. D, 42d Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 20, 1864; mustered out Nov. 11, 1864.
- ALLEN, THOMAS R.—Co. H, 24th Reg't Vet. Reserve Corps, April 15, 1864; mustered out July 10, 1865.
- ANDREWS, JOHN D.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; Sergeant; mustered out Sept. 2, 1864.
- ANTHESIS, PHILIP—Co. I, 33d Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 5, 1862; transferred to Vet. Res. Corps Aug. 15, 1863.
- BABBITT, WILLARD—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.

- BAGLEY, CLINTON—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; wounded at South Mountain, Md., Sept. 14, 1862; Corporal, Sergeant, 1st Sergeant; Second Lieut. Sept. 8, 1864, declined commission; Sergeant Major May 1, 1865; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- BAILEY, MARTIN JR.—Co. A, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Oct. 11, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- BAKER, ADDISON G.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- BAKER, CHARLES R.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- BAKER, FISHER A.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf.; Second Lieut. July 26, 1861; First Lieut. Oct. 29, 1861; Adjutant April, 1862; Lieut. Colonel July 29, 1864, but declined commission; mustered out Sept. 2, 1864.
- BAKER, LEWIS P.—Sherman's Battery, U. S. A.
- BAKER, SABIN R.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; musician; discharged Feb. 6, 1863, for disability.
- BALL, JAMES E.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Oct. 11, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- BALLOU, WILLIAM A.—Co. C, 45th Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 26, 1862; mustered out July 7, 1863.
- *BANCROFT, JOHN H.—Co. A, 54th Reg't Mass. Inf., Mar. 30, 1863; mortally wounded at Fort Wagner, S. C., July 18, 1863; died July 30, 1863, at Beaufort, S. C.
- BARNES, ALBERT—3d Reg't Inf., U. S. A., April 18, 1864.
- BARNETT, RICHARD—Co. I, 48th Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Nov. 15, 1862; deserted Dec. 24, 1862.
- BARROWS, CHARLES E.—Seaman, U. S. N., Aug., 1863; served five years.
- BARTON, ALFRED—Co. F, 5th Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 16, 1864; mustered out Nov. 16, 1864.
- *BARTON, ANSON F.—Co. G, 56th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 19, 1864; died Oct. 7, 1864, at Washington, D. C.
- BARTON, WILLIAM A.—Co. F, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Oct. 17, 1861; deserted Dec. 15, 1861, at Readville, Mass.
- BASSFIELD, GILBERT—70th Reg't U. S. C. T., Feb. 18, 1865.
- BATEMAN, ROBERT S.—Co. G, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 12, 1861; Corporal; discharged Oct. 30, 1862, for disability.
- BAUER, HENRY—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal; transferred to Vet. Res. Corps, Mar. 16, 1864.
- *BEAN, ALBERT C.—Co. I, 20th Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 4, 1861; mortally wounded at Cold Harbor, Va., June 3, 1864; died June 8, 1864.
- BEARD, WILLIAM—Co. H, 13th Reg't U. S. Vet. Res. Corps, Sept. 16, 1864; discharged Nov. 16, 1865, by order of the War Dept.

- BENTLEY, GEORGE W.—Vet. Res. Corps, Aug. 15, 1864.
BERRY, WILLIAM J.—Hospital Steward, U. S. A., Aug. 2, 1864.
BESTWICK, ALFRED A.—18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; musician (Band); mustered out Aug. 11, 1862, G. O. War Dept. of July 2, 1862.
BESTWICK, FREDERICK L.—1st Co. Mass. Sharpshooters, Oct. 10, 1862; transferred to Co. K, 19th Reg. Mass. Inf., Sept. 3, 1864; mustered out June 30, 1865.
*BIRCH, JOHN H.—Co. I, 35th Regt. Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; died at Overton Hospital, Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 15, 1863.
BLANCHARD, BENJAMIN—Co. H, 1st Reg't Mass. Inf., May 31, 1861; mustered out May 25, 1864.
BLENUS, CHARLES W.—16th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 5, 1861; musician, (Band); mustered out Aug. 9, 1862, G. O. War Dept. of July 2, 1862.
BLOOMER, THEODORE—28th Reg't Mass. Inf., March 3, 1864; rejected March 5, 1864.
BOEHME, JULIUS—Co. B., 20th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 26, 1861; re-enlisted Feb. 23, 1864; mustered out July 16, 1865.
BONNEMORT, ELIJAH W.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal; wounded at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862, and at North Anna River, May 24, 1864; mustered out June 9, 1865.
BONNEY, HENRY C.—Co. E, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Dec. 2, 1861; Corporal; wounded at Deep Bottom, Va., Aug. 16, 1864; mustered out Dec. 4, 1864.
BOUTELL, FRANCIS—19th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 27, 1864; rejected March 1, 1864.
BOYDEN, ELBRIDGE P.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Corporal; mustered out July 30, 1863.
BOYNTON, RICHARD B.—Co. E, 51st Reg't New York Inf.; discharged for disability.
BRACKETT, WARREN—Co. K, 2d Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., Dec. 22, 1863; discharged Feb. 25, 1865, for disability.
BRADLEY, BARNEY—28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 29, 1864; rejected Mar. 7, 1864.
BRAND, DAVID—Co. E, 13th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 28, 1863; transferred April 22, 1864, to U. S. Navy.
BRANNAN, GERALD—Co. K, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Sept. 17, 1861; discharged July 30, 1862, for disability.
BRENNAN, WILLIAM—Vet. Res. Corps, April 16, 1864.
BRIGGS, WALTER R.—Co. D, 3d Battalion Mass. Rifles (3 mos.), May 19, 1861; mustered out Aug. 3, 1861.
BRIGHAM, GEORGE W.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; Corporal, Sergeant; re-enlisted Feb. 8, 1864; taken prisoner at Wilderness, Va., May 5, 1864; trans-

- ferred to Co. I, 32d Reg't Mass. Inf., Oct. 21, 1864 ;
mustered out June 29, 1865.
- BROAD, NATHANIEL W.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept.
12, 1862 ; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- BRODERICK, PATRICK—3d Reg't Inf., U. S. A., April 12, 1864.
- BROWN, JOSEPH—Co. G, 13th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 27, 1863 ; de-
serted Aug. 19, 1863.
- BRYANT, CHARLES J.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861 ;
mustered out Sept. 2, 1864.
- *BUNKER, GEORGE C.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862 ;
killed at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862.
- BURGESS, ALBINA H.—Co. E, 7th Reg't Mass. Inf., June 15, 1861 ;
discharged Mar. 23, 1863, for disability.
- BURKE, CHRISTOPHER—Co. D, 13th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 28, 1863 ;
transferred July 13, 1864, to Co. H, 39th Reg't Mass.
Inf. ; transferred June 2, 1865, to Co. H, 32d Reg't
Mass. Inf. ; mustered out June 29, 1865.
- BURNS, HENRY—Co. B, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Oct. 24, 1862 ;
mustered out July 30, 1863.
- BURNS, MICHAEL—Co. K, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861 ; re-
enlisted Jan. 1, 1864 ; transferred Oct. 26, 1864, to
Co. B, 32d Reg't, Mass. Inf. ; mustered out June
29, 1865.
- BURNS, TIMOTHY—Co. E, 2d Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., Oct. 5, 1863 ;
mustered out Sept. 3, 1865.
- BURRIS, DAVID—Vet. Res. Corps, April 23, 1861.
- BUTLER, ALONZO A.—Co. B, 13th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 28, 1863 ;
discharged Jan. 21, 1864, for disability.
- CALDER, JAMES BRADFORD—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16,
1862 ; Corporal, Color Corporal, Sergeant, 1st Ser-
geant ; Second Lieut. Sept. 8, 1864 ; First Lieut. Nov.
29, 1864 ; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- CALLAHAN, JOHN—Co. E, 13th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 31, 1862 ;
transferred to Vet. Reserve Corps Sept. 1, 1863.
- CANNON, HENRY—Co. D, 54th Reg't Mass. Inf., Nov. 28, 1864 ; mus-
tered out Aug. 20, 1865.
- *CARROLL, CHARLES W.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., First Lieut.
July 26, 1861 ; Captain, Oct. 29, 1861 ; died Sept. 2,
1862, of wounds received at Second Bull Run, Va.,
Aug. 30, 1862.
- *CARROLL, JAMES—Co. I, 30th Reg't, Mass. Inf., Dec. 7, 1861 ; died
May 26, 1862, at New Orleans, La.
- CARROLL, WILLIAM F.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept.
12, 1862 ; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- *CARTER, CHARLES L.—Co. B, 12th Reg't Mass. Inf., June 26, 1861 ;
re-enlisted ; transferred June 25, 1864, to Co. E, 39th
Reg. Mass. Inf. ; died Feb. 8, 1865, at Salisbury,
N. C., a prisoner of war.

- *CARTER, DANIEL—Co. I, 5th Reg't Mass. Cav., Mar. 26, 1864; killed June 15, 1864, near Petersburg, Va.
- CARTER, FRANK—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863; Co. F, 5th Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 16, 1864; mustered out Nov. 16, 1864.
- *CASWELL, WASHINGTON I.—Co. K, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Sept. 23, 1861; died Aug. 24, 1863.
- CHASE, ALVAN B.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- CHENEY, RUFUS F.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.) Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- CHICKERING, WILLIAM, JR.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Corporal; mustered out July 30, 1863; Second Lieut., 4th Mass. Cav., Feb. 1, 1864; First Lieut., Dec. 10, 1864; wounded at Statesburg, S. C., April 19, 1865; resigned July 12, 1865.
- CLARK, EDWARD F.—Co. H, 6th Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 16, 1864; mustered out Oct. 27, 1864.
- CLARK, RANDOLPH M.—1st Reg't Mass. Cav.; First Lieut. Dec. 26, 1861; Captain, June 6, 1863; resigned Aug. 8, 1863.
- CLEMENTS, JAMES—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; wounded at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862; discharged Aug. 28, 1863, on account of wounds.
- CLEMENTS, WILLIAM H.—Co. I, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 11, 1861; musician; discharged Aug. 22, 1862; Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; musician; discharged June 3, 1863, to re-enlist; Co. C, 2d Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., Aug. 4, 1863; Corporal; mustered out Sept. 3, 1865.
- CLIFTON, JOHN D.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- COBB, JOHN D.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Sergeant, 1st Sergeant; First Lieut., Nov. 15, 1863; Acting Adjutant, April 1, 1864, to June 9, 1865; Captain, Nov. 29, 1864, not mustered; mustered out June 9, 1865, as First Lieut.
- COBB, SAMUEL D.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Corporal, Color Corporal; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- COBB, WILLIAM A.—Co. K, 42d Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 18, 1864; mustered out Nov. 11, 1864.
- COBBETT, SETH W.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal, mustered out June 9, 1865.
- COBURN, WILLIAM C.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; Corporal, Sergeant; First Lieut. Jan. 15, 1864; mustered out Sept. 29, 1864.

- *COLBERT, MICHAEL—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; killed at the "Crater," Petersburg, Va., July 30, 1864.
- COLBURN, AUGUSTINE A.—Co. I, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Sept. 24, 1861; Corporal; transferred to Co. I, 4th Reg't Mass. Cav., Feb. 12, 1864; Sergeant; mustered out Sept. 24, 1864.
- COLE, CHARLES A.—Co. C, 45th Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 26, 1862; mustered out July 7, 1863.
- COLE, GEORGE W., JR.—Co. C, 45th Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 26, 1862; mustered out July 7, 1863.
- COLLINS, JAMES—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- COLLINS, JOHN—Co. C., 61st Reg't Mass. Inf. (1 year), Sept. 19, 1864; mustered out June 4, 1865.
- COLLINS, TIMOTHY—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; Corporal in '63; mustered out Sept. 2, 1864.
- CONLEY, JOHN—Co. B, 28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 29, 1864; discharged Aug. 23, 1865, for disability.
- CONNOR, WILLIAM—Co. H, 61st Reg't Mass. Inf. (1 year), Dec. 27, 1864; mustered out July 16, 1865.
- CONWAY, PATRICK—Co. B, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Oct. 11, 1862; deserted, Nov. 2, 1862, at Readville, Mass.
- COPELAND, ITHAMAR W.—Co. K, 44th Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; discharged Jan. 14, 1863, for disability.
- *COVEY, ROBERT R.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; killed at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862.
- *COX, EDWARD G.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862; disch. Feb. 20, 1863, on account of wounds; 1st Sergeant Co. D, U.S.C.T., Jan. 18, 1864; d. Oct. 22, 1864.
- COX, ISAAC A.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Corporal; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- COX, PATRICK—Co. D, 43d Reg. Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- COX, SAMUEL H.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- COY, ALBERT M.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- COYNE, PATRICK—Co. G, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 20, 1861; reenlisted Jan. 4, 1864; mustered out Jan. 20, 1866, in Co. D.
- CROSBY, ADIN B.—Seaman U. S. Navy, Sept. 25, 1864.
- CROSBY, CALVIN N.—Co. B, 28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 10, 1863; discharged May 18, 1865, for disability.
- CURRAN, PETER—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862;

- wounded at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862; mustered out May 18, 1865.
- CUSHING, WILLIAM G.—2d Reg't Mass. Cav., Feb. 26, 1864; rejected Feb. 28, 1864.
- DALE, JOHN—11th Reg't Inf., U. S. A., Aug. 3, 1864.
- DAM, JOSEPH—Co. K, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Sept. 14, 1861; discharged Nov. 16, 1861, for over age.
- DAMON, JAMES C.—Vet. Reserve Corps, July 23, 1864.
- *DAMRELL, HORACE S.—Co. A, 29th Reg't Mass. Inf., May 21, 1861; Corporal; discharged July 6, 1861, for disability; Co. H, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; Sergeant; died in hospital at Georgetown, D. C., March 7, 1862.
- DAMRELL, WILLIAM S.—Co. D, 13th Reg't Mass. Inf. July 16, 1861; Sergeant; Second Lieut. Mar. 6, 1863; First Lieut. Jan. 8, 1864; Captain, April 22, 1864; taken prisoner May 21, 1864, while on picket; mustered out Mar. 12, 1865, as First Lieut.
- DANFORTH, NOBLE—Co. F, 5th Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 16, 1864; mustered out Nov. 16, 1864.
- DAVIS, EDMUND—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal, Color Corporal; wounded at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862; discharged Mar. 10, 1863, on account of wounds.
- DAVIS, LEWIS F.—Co. F, 20th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 2, 1861; rejected Aug 26th, 1861.
- DEAN, GEORGE W.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; discharged in 1862, for disability.
- DELANEY, ROGER—Co. E, 28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Mar. 28, 1864; mustered out June 30, 1865.
- DILL, WILLIAM—Co. H, 24th Reg't Vet. Res. Corps, April 15, 1864.
- DOE, MARCUS—Co. L, 3d Reg't Mass. Cav., Feb. 29, 1864; transferred to Vet. Res. Corps.
- DOHERTY, DANIEL—Co. B, 28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Dec. 13, 1861; discharged Dec. 20, 1861, for disability.
- DONALDSON, ROBERT—11th Reg't Inf., U. S. A., Aug. 9, 1864.
- DONLEY, FRANCIS—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- DONNELLY, JAMES—19th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 26, 1864; rejected March 1, 1864.
- DOW, CHARLES—Co. L, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 26, 1861; discharged Jan. 16, 1863, for disability.
- DOWDS, ROBERT C.—Co. D, 22d Reg't Vet. Res. Corps, April 23, 1864.
- DOWNES, MOSES W.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; wounded at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862, and at North Anna River, May 24, 1864; transferred to Vet. Res. Corps, Feb. 3, 1865.

- DRAYTON, J. SPENCER—Co. A, 1st Batt. Mass. Heavy Art., Feb. 20, 1862; Q. M. Sergeant, discharged May 5, 1863, to accept promotion; 1st Lieut. and R. Q. M. 35th Reg't U. S. C. T., May 18, 1863; Captain July 25, 1863; resigned June 28, 1864, on account of disability.
- *DREW, ASA—Co. A, 28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Mar. 31, 1864; died Mar. 7, 1865, in Co. C, of injuries received on railroad.
- DRILL, WILLIAM—Vet. Res. Corps, April 15, 1864.
- DUBOIS, PETER—Co. K, 11th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 26, 1864; rejected Feb. 28, 1864.
- DUFFY, JOHN—13th Battery Mass. Light Art., Mar. 31, 1864; rejected April 15, 1864.
- DUNLAP, JEROME B.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; discharged Oct. 29, 1862, for disability.
- DUNLAP, THEODORE F.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; transferred to Vet. Res. Corps in 1863.
- *DYMOND JOHN G.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal; died at Hampton, Va., Mar. 29, 1863.
- (To be continued.)

THE FISHER FAMILY.

BY PHILIP ADSIT FISHER.

(Continued from Vol. V. page 165.)

43. THOMAS⁶, second son of David (27) and Deborah (Boyden) Fisher, b. in Dedham, March 10, 1735; m. Oct. 12, 1758, Mary, daughter of Samuel and Mary (Coney) Pettee, of Dedham, who was b. Feb. 26, 1742. Both joined the South Parish Church, July 13, 1760. He d. in 1781, and his widow Mary m. 2dly, April 26, 1787, Gilead Morse, of Sharon, as his 2nd wife, and d. April 27, 1825, aged 82. Children, born in Stoughton, were:—

- SETH⁷, b. June 16, 1759; m. Hannah Hewins, June 30, 1785; removed to Francestown, N. H.
- THOMAS⁷, b. March 23, 1761; m. Lucy Bullard, Oct. 24, 1785; removed to Francestown, N. H.
- MARY⁷, b. March 19, 1763; m. Jonathan Billings, Jr., Dec. 20, 1781.

LUCY⁷, b. Nov. 10, 1763; m. Capt. John, (*John*⁷ —⁶, *John*⁵, *Ezra*⁴, *Ezra*³, *John*²) Morse, Oct. 30, 1792; res. Dedham. [Morse Memorial, p.].

44. JACOB⁶, third son of David (27) and Deborah (Boyden) Fisher, b. in Dedham, June 23, 1737; m. Sept. 9, 1762, Elizabeth, daughter of Ebenezer and Sarah () Holmes, who was baptized at South Dedham, May 14, 1738. She d. May 31, 1773; and he m. 2dly, Oct. 7, 1773, Sarah Hodges, of Sharon, who d. Nov. 30, 1792, aged 38. He m. 3dly, Dec. 3, 1794, Elizabeth Brooks, of Stoughton, and d. May 31, 1811. Children, born in Sharon, were:—

JACOB⁷, b. April 30, 1776; d. Sept. 8, 1842; m. Mary [], who d. in Sharon, Dec. 8, 1848, aged 71; had *Mary*, b. in 1798; d. Oct. 19, 1849, unm.

BETSEY⁷, b. Dec. 28, 177—.

SARAH⁷, b. March 16, 1782.

45. NATHAN⁶, fourth son of David (27) and Deborah (Boyden) Fisher, b. in Dedham, Feb. 8, 1745; m. Nov. 22, 1768, Esther French, who was b. in Dedham, Nov. 21, 1747. She joined the South Parish Church Aug. 26, 1770. He moved to Francestown, N. H., about 1770, and lived on the Samuel Stevens place in that town; a Revolutionary soldier. He d. in Francestown, Oct. 11, 1824; she d. there Dec. 27, 1814.

NATHAN, bapt. in Dedham, Aug. 26, 1770.

46. OLIVER⁶, son of David (27) and Deborah (Boyden) Fisher, b. in Dedham, May 23, 1747; m. 1st, Dec. 12, 1769, to Sarah Morse. Both joined the South Parish Church, July 28, 1771. She died, and he m. 2dly, at Dedham, Oct. 9, 1780, Sarah Billings, of Stoughtonham, who d. Jan. 10, 1835. He d. May 8, 1817, aged 70. Resided in the South Parish, now Norwood; the homestead was inherited by Oliver, the eldest son, and is now owned by his descendants. Children were:—

74. OLIVER⁷, b. Jan. 16, 1771; m. 1st, Judith Fisher, and 2dly, Olive Smith.

75. LEWIS⁷, b. March 7, 1773; m. Mary []; resided in Dorchester.

- 76. BILLINGS⁷ (by second wife), b. Aug. 3, 1782; m. Hannah Parker.
- 77. JOEL⁷, b. April 11, 1783; m. Betsey Ann Nichols; resided at Orrington, Me.
- 78. LEONARD⁷, b. Jan. 4, 1785; m. Abigail Smith.
SALLY⁷, b. April 4, 1787; m. Luke Smith, of Buckston, Me., Oct. 14, 1808.
- 79. NATHANIEL PARKER⁷, b. June 13, 1792; m. Nancy Morse, Dec. 8, 1817.
LUCY⁷, b. June 28, 1796; m. Simeon Gould, of Sharon, Aug. 9, 1824.

47. NATHANIEL⁶, son of Ezekiel (29) and Susanna (Wadsworth) Fisher, was b. at Stoughton, now Canton, Sept. 29, 1740, and d. there Dec. 6, 1796, aged 56. He m. at Stoughton, by the Rev. Philip Curtis, April 22, 1763, Hannah Baker, who was b. at Sharon, Dec. 25, 1745, and d. at Stoughton, Feb. 5, 1803. His farm was on what is now known as Spring Lane, near Chapman Street, in present Canton. He had a "great forge" and "corne mill" where the east branch of the Neponset River crosses Railroad Street, in present Canton. He surveyed the town in 1794, and always spelled inch "intch." The inventory of his estate showed personal property valued at over \$3100., and real estate, \$10,065., of which the homestead of 144 acres was appraised at \$3277., mill lot of four acres and building, at \$1600., home farm of 60 acres at \$1200., etc. Their children were:—

- 80. JABIN⁷, b. March 15, 1764; m. Mary Tucker, Feb. 10, 1791.
- 81. ELIJAH⁷, b. July 30, 1765; m. 1st, Susanna Hixon, and 2dly, Mehitable W. Fadden.
- 82. ABEL⁷, b. April 26, 1767; m. 1st, Deborah White, and 2dly, Ruth Tilden.
NATHANIEL⁷, b. Aug. 24, 1769; graduated at Harvard College, Class of 1789; d. Feb. 25, 1802.
HANNAH⁷, b. March 14, 1773; m. Benjamin Lewis, April 25, 1793.

83. SAMUEL⁷, b. Nov. 14, 1776; m. Susanna Tucker, May 31, 1798.

ELIZABETH⁷, b. July 17, 1782; m. Henry Bass Curtis, Oct. 5, 1800.

(To be continued.)

EXTRACTS FROM THE AMES DIARY.

BY EDNA FRANCES CALDER.

(Continued from page 22.)

1792.

OCTOBER, 1792

5 Went all hospitals much fatigued. New driver Dedham Stage first bro't my Apollo
8 visit hospitals in Lewis's Chaise & likewise several times to pay for Caty Dean's inoculation
10 Went Milton visit small pox.
13 Barker's maid died of small pox & Sundry others in Medfield Needham. Betsy Stow died.
16 French child died small pox.
17 Herman Guild small pox natural way.
18 Aaron Whiting died S. P.
20 Fisher Ames's Oxen lay in my Corn as every year past!
28 Heman Guild died S. pox

NOVEMBER.

1 John Damon got S pox
2 T: Gay's envy & puppyism spit out in helping Dr Sprague
3 John Damon died 12 Cato's Dr got Small pox
16 David Fuller's wife Small pox natural
17 M^r Hathway got Small pox Natural
18 David Dana blustering about Small pox bro't Col. Fishers

DECEMBER.

5 Small pox near over.
6 Joseph Onion returning from Boston in Chaise fell out or got into river near new bridge & was drowned. 8 Jos Onion buried.
9 Jason Gay buried 10 Last visits to Small pox
Pollard driver of Dedham Stage bro't me one Gallon of Brandy from Sparrowhawks 9s.

JANUARY, 1793.

10 W^m Montague Rector of Dedham Church having agreed in writt ing to let me a lot of s^d church in front of my house equivalent to tha- I was to have for fifteen shillings ann Rent but was cut in two by the New road by the Church, & if we could not agree on the equivalent it was to be left to impartial men to say & divide. s^d Montague this day bro't the Church Books to my house & shewed me the Terms of s^d contract which he had wrote with and [*sic*] Ink & says he shall leave in the Vestry Book for the information of the Church wardens & vestry in his absence as to what Lots he had engaged on behalf of s^d Church.

14 Town Meeting Gen. Heath & B. Austin jr voted for Represen

30 Genl. Court sitts.

Rev. Dr. P took admin on Treasurer Ivers' Estate & cleared the public chest in Treasury so that s^d. Treasurer is deficient 5000 £ now is there not Bondsmen responsible? And must the haughty Prior fatten on his countries spoil?

FEBRUARY.

12 New Sley bro't home 9 doll^s for the woodwork—hardened steel shoes.

17 New Casimir Breeches did not last home from Boston

MARCH.

16 Bill for dividing Suffolk & making Dedham the Shire town of Norfolk passed the Senate & read first time in house of Repr.—passed into Law.

21 Went Secretarys got engrossed Bill Norfolk County.

22 Norfolk Bill passed both Houses to be enacted

25 Governor sign'd Act. County of Norfolk

APRIL.

4 Although the division of the County of Suffolk has taken place by Act of Legislature making the County part into a new County by the Name of Norfolk of which Dedham is the Shire town 25 March, yet we have frequent reports from Roxbury Milton &c: that although they finally did petition to join us, they yet intend to get the shire town to Milton or Roxbury & offer the buildings free of charge to the rest of the Towns.

MAY.

20 Dedham Stage runs again.

23 Went Boston in Jesse Richards's Hackney

JUNE.

20 Norfolk county begins to day

23 Justice or Law stagnates by the Governor not organizing the County of Norfolk. The delay of appointing officers defeats the Act which says Norfolk shall take place 20th June.

30 We in Norfolk County cannot have Justice promptly & without delay

JULY.

Parson Haven by solicitation lying and intrigue got Sam Reg^r Probate tho' I was recommended by the County

20 Before Mr Montague went away last fall he agreed that I should have the Lot fronting my house equivalent to that cut off by new road The Members of the Church last spring at their Easter Meeting unanimously told me I should have s^d lot according to Bargain with Montagu, And the Sen^r Ch^b Warden repeatedly told me I might take the whole up to Doggetts fence this year at reasonable Rent. But the other wardens took the grass trespassed on my possession did not take the Corn I had planted but by the interruption exposed it to destruction Sam Richards Cows & Oxen on three different Nights have eaten it up.

AUGUST.

2 Every obstacle in the way of the new County.

3 The meddling Priest receives some check by Sam not getting Commissioned as expected.

7 Judge Metcalf here to meet the other Judges & appoint clerk common Pleas but they would not!!!

13 went Boston Jess R Coach went Govenors who told me I am nominated Judge C C

17 Rec^d Letter from Secretary of appointm^t Judge C C

22 Gen Heath holds first probate Court in Dedham

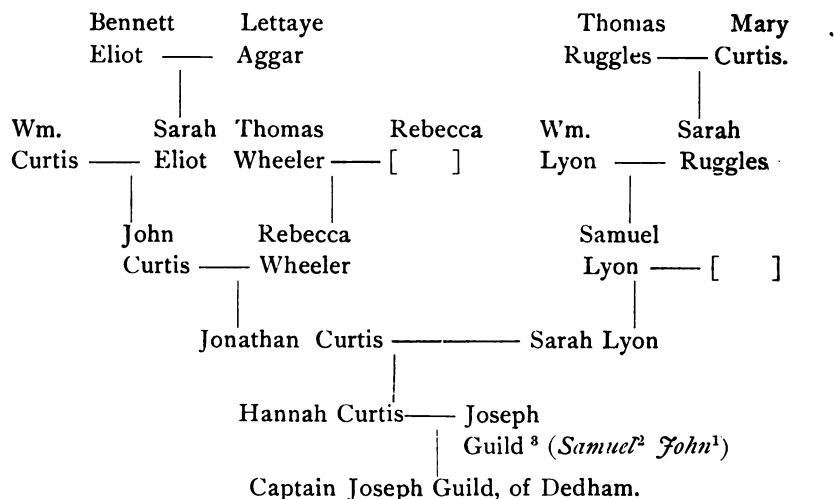
6 Receiv'd Commission of Judge C. P. Norfolk sent Letter to Secretary refusing to qualify as Judge Com Pleas
24 Court of Sessions & Common Pleas for Norfolk held here I was appointed Clerk of same

9 Gov^r Hancock dead
11 Gov^r Hancock buried with great Solemnity
16 Powars printer here fixing to sett up a Paper on Dedham
31 The Puppyism of Sam Haven or of his father conspicuous in en-
grossing Law business to himself while Clerk in H Townshend's office

23 Convention of 12 Towns agree on Remonstrance Jabez Fisher.
against dismemberment of Norfolk of the 9 Towns
27 Wid David Fales buried 28 Dr Avery's wife buried

(To be continued.)

BY HOWARD REDWOOD GUILD.



1732, 4 Dec. [Dedham B. M. D.] Joseph Guild of Dedham, m.
Hannah Curtis of Stoughton.

1730, 9 Nov. [Suffolk Probate No. 6006, original.] James Draper of Stoughton was appointed guardian of Hannah

- Curtis, minor, æt. 19, dau. of Jonathan Curtis, late of Roxbury dec. Bondsmen, John Curtis and Jonathan Curtis, her brothers.
- 1711, July, [Roxbury Records.] Hannah, dau of Jonathan and Sarah Curtis born.
- 1717, 23 Dec. [Suffolk Probate, No. 3913, original.] Sarah Curtis, widow of Jonathan Curtis of Roxbury, late dec., husbandman, was app. admix. Bondsmen were Samuel and Ebenezer Lyon, her brothers.
- 1717, 30 Dec. Widow Sarah Curtis made oath to the inventory of her dec. husband's estate,—£495.04.00.
- 1724, 29 Nov. Benjamin Smith, son-in-law of Jonathan Curtis, deceased, was app. adm. d. b. n. of said estate, as the widow Sarah Curtis had also deceased.
1729. The property of late Jonathan Curtis of Roxbury dec., being insufficient to divide properly, was assigned to John Curtis, the eldest son, who agreed in consideration of same to pay £40.10.04½ apiece to each of his brothers and sisters, viz :—Jonathan, Experience, Rebecca, Sarah, Dorcas, Rachel, Hannah and Abigail. His bondsmen were John Davis and Ebenezer Lyon.
- 1592, 12 Nov. Nazing, Essex Co., Eng. William Curtis baptized.
- 1618, 6 Aug. “ “ “ “ “ “ and Sarah Elliot married.
- 1672, 8 Dec. Roxbury, Mass. William Curtis, Dec., 1673, mar. Roxbury, Sarah [Eliot] Curtis, dec. Æt. 73 yrs.
- 1632, 22 June, Wm. Curtis left England for America in “Lion;” arrived at Boston, 16 Sept.; Freeman, 1633.
- 1629, 17 July Nazing. John Curtis, of Wm. and Sarah, baptized.
- 1661, 26 Dec. Boston. John Curtis mar. Rebecca Wheeler (Thomas¹), she b. 1643, 16, 4 mo, Boston.
- 1598, 30 Oct. Widford, Herts., Eng. Bennett Eliot m. Lettaye Aggar.
- 1599 Widford, Herts., Eng. Sarah, dau. of Bennett and Lettaye Eliot, baptized.
- 1621, 5 Nov. Proved 1628, 28 Mar.; Will of Bennett Eliot, he, yeoman, of Nazing, mentions son-in-law William Curtis.

- 1621, 16 Mar. Nazing. Lettes Elliot buried; 1621, 21 Nov. Nazing, Bennett Elliott buried.
- 1620, 1 Nov. Nazing. Thos. Ruggles m. Mary Curtis.
- 1644, 15 Nov. Roxbury. Thos. Ruggles dec. Will dated 1644, 9 Nov. Mentions wife Mary, dau. Sarah, etc. His w. Mary Curtis was b. 1587; d. 1675, 14 Feb. æt. 89, Roxbury.
- 1627-8, 7 Feb. Nazing. Sarah Ruggles born.
- 1646, 17 June, Roxbury. Sarah Ruggles was m. to Wm. Lyon; she d. 1694.
1635. Wm. Lyon came to N. E. in the "Hopewell," æt. 14 yrs.; 1655, he was adm. to full communion at the Church in Roxbury; he was buried 1692, 21 May, Roxbury.
- 1650, 10 June, Roxbury. Samuel Lyon, son of Wm. and Sarah was bapt.; he d. 1713, 7 April, at Roxbury; he m. at least twice. The parentage of his dau. Sarah is desired.
- 1711, 25 Apr. Proved 1713, 25 Apr. [Suffolk Probate No. 3456.] Will of Samuel Lyon, Senior, of Roxbury, Mason, mentions Sarah, "my present wife"; sons Samuel, Ebenezer, Abiel and Henry, dau. Sarah Curtis, dau. Margaret and Joanna, etc.

JOSEPH CARREL.

THE town of Walpole was set off from Dedham and incorporated on Dec. 10, 1724; and its volumes of records begin in that year. The following entries of births of the children of Joseph and Mary Carrel are found at the beginning of the first volume:—

Children of Joseph Carrel [Caryl on the Church record] and Mary. *Mary*, April 9, 1721; *Joseph*, March 26, 1723; *Lydia*, Sept. 14, 1725; *Priscilla*, August 24, 1728; *Rebeckah*, Jan. 29, 1732; *Fonathan*, July 15, 1734; *Hannah*, Sept. 23, 1736.

DEDHAM HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

ANNUAL MEETING, MARCH 6, 1895.

THE annual meeting was held in the Society's building on Wednesday evening, March 6, the President, Don Gleason Hill, in the Chair.

The officers elected for the ensuing year were: Don Gleason Hill, President; Erastus Worthington, Vice-President; Don Gleason Hill, Erastus Worthington, Henry W. Richards, John H. Burdakin, A. Ward Lamson and Carlos Slafter, Curators; John H. Burdakin, Librarian; Julius H. Tuttle, Corresponding Secretary; Harriet T. Boyd, Recording Secretary; George W. Humphrey, Treasurer.

The following reports were made: —

REPORT OF THE CURATORS.

The Curators herewith present their Annual Report, as required by the By-Laws of the Society, for the year 1894-95.

There have been a few contributions to the Society's collection which are perhaps deserving of special mention.

I. A Pencil Sketch of the first station building and its surroundings at the Tremont Street crossing of the Boston and Providence Railroad, in Roxbury, drawn by N. Vautin, an English artist and teacher of drawing, presented by Dr. H. P. Quincy. The precise date when this drawing was made is not known, but the name of the artist first appears in the Boston Directory of 1840. A reproduction of this drawing, in pen and ink, by T. S. Slafter, appears as the frontispiece of the July number of the REGISTER, 1894, with a paper upon the "Early Days of the Dedham Branch Railroad," contributed by our associate, Mrs. Harriet Tracy Boyd.

The drawing derives its chief interest from the fact that it shows

the primitive railroad station in the days when railroads were first built, and also the large rock which stood west of the track, and which was gradually removed during many years afterwards.

2. The Bell removed from the Court House during the summer of 1894, in the reconstruction of the north wing, and deposited with this Society by the County Commissioners.

This bell has an interest for several reasons. It bears the inscription, "Revere Boston 1796." It was therefore cast by Paul Revere of Revolutionary fame, who had a bell foundry in Boston at that time. It was first hung in the cupola designed by Charles Bulfinch, on the wooden Court House, finished in April, 1796. When the stone Court House was built (finished in 1827), this bell was placed under the roof, directly over an opening in the ceiling on the north portico. It was rung by means of a rope attached to the tongue, just before the coming in of the Court for the morning and afternoon sessions. When the new north wing was built, finished in 1862, the bell was placed in a similar position over the new portico. It continued to be rung for some time after, while Mr. Horatio Clarke was the janitor. When the practice of ringing the bell was discontinued cannot be definitely fixed, but it was at least twenty years ago. This bell is the only remaining relic which belonged to the first wooden Court House of 1796, or to the stone Court House of 1827, reconstructed in 1862.

3. Photographs of Ebenezer Gay (1792-1886), and of Ebenezer Gay born Nov. 12, 1832. Given by Rev. Ebenezer Gay of Fernandina, Florida.

The name is a familiar one in the Dedham Records. Probably the persons here referred to belonged in the South Parish, now Norwood.

4. Photographs of a lottery ticket and of a certificate of the drawing by it of one hundred and sixty acres of land in the District of Maine, dated in 1786 and 1798, respectively. Given by Charles W. Wolcott. The lottery ticket bears the signature of J. Brooks, afterwards Governor, and of Leonard Jarvis, Managers, and the certificate of the drawing is signed by John Avery, Secretary of the Commonwealth.

It was issued by the authority of an act of the General Court, passed Nov. 9, 1786, "to bring into the public Treasury, the sum of £163,200 in public securities of a part of the Eastern Lands and to

establish a Lottery for that purpose." The lands were in Lincoln County, Maine.

5. An original drawing of the Avery House, bearing date June, 1853, but the name of the artist is not known. Given by Dr. H. P. Quincy.

6. A water color sketch of an Old Barn on East Street, Dedham. Given by Alfred C. Eastman of Dedham.

The Register shows the names of three hundred and sixty-three visitors during the past year. Nearly all these came from the cities and other towns of the Commonwealth, and many from other States of the Union.

It will be remembered that in 1886 the late Joseph W. Clark made a gift by deed of the Avery Oak with a rectangular piece of land around it, bounded by East Street, and by three lines seven and one-half feet distant from the centre of the tree, with the perpetual right to allow the branches and the roots thereof to extend over and into the adjoining land, so far as is necessary to the life of the tree.

The conditions of the deed require that the tree shall be kept properly trimmed and cared for by the Society, and that the lot shall not be enclosed.

Nothing has ever been done with reference to the obligations resting upon the Society by virtue of this deed, for the protection of the tree. In view of possible contingencies which may happen, the Curators would recommend that the rectangle described in the deed be marked by stone bounds, set even with the ground and a tablet suitably inscribed be placed thereon. For these purposes a sum not exceeding \$60 may be required, which we would recommend be appropriated by the Society.

ERASTUS WORTHINGTON,

For the Curators.

REPORT OF THE LIBRARIAN.

OUR Society has been fortunate during the past year in the addition to its Library of five hundred and thirteen bound volumes and two hundred and twenty-eight pamphlets; the larger part of this accession was the gift of Dr. Henry P. Quincy, it contained many historical works, among which were the four volumes of Savage's

Genealogical Dictionary, thirty-eight volumes of the Collections of the Massachusetts Historical Society, and nine volumes of its Proceedings.

Mr. George C. Stearns of Dedham, and Mrs. L. B. Sayles of Killingly, Conn., have also made liberal donations, and a copy of the rare book, entitled "Christopher Columbus, his own Book of Privileges, 1502" was kindly sent us by Mr. Samuel D. Warren of Dedham, during a recent visit in England.

A change has been made in the office of Assistant Librarian, Miss Martha A. Smith, whose service to the Society has been of great value, has resigned, and Miss Edna F. Calder, who has been appointed her successor, appears to be well qualified to perform the duties of her office.

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN H. BURDAKIN,

Librarian.

REPORT OF THE PRESIDENT.

I submit my Annual Report as the President of this Society as required by our By-Laws. During the past year meetings of the Society have been held as follows:—

March 7. The Annual Meeting for the election of officers and the presentation of their annual reports. At this meeting Rev. Wm. H. Fish gave reminiscences of the Anti-Slavery movement in this country.

April 4. The Vice-President, Mr. Worthington, gave his reminiscences of the visit of Kossuth to this country, 1852.

June 6. General discussion of historical matters by members present.

October 3. Mr. Worthington gave a paper upon the Dexter House in Dedham during the siege of Boston, 1775-6. This paper was published in the October number of the REGISTER.

At this meeting the President announced that on the following day a hearing was to be given by the Governor and Council upon the claims of the various towns to the monument which the State proposed to erect to mark the site of the first free school established in

this Colony which was supported by general taxation, and Rev. Carlos Slafter was chosen to present the claims of Dedham therefor.

November 7. Rev. Wm. H. Fish, Jr., gave reminiscences of his visit to Dedham, England, the past summer.

December 5. Mr. Slafter gave the result of his investigations with regard to the claims of Dedham for the School Monument compared with the claims of the other towns.

January 2. Remarks were made upon the recent death of Dr. George E. Ellis, a descendant of the family of Ellis in West Dedham, after which Rev. William F. Cheney read a paper upon his recent visit to Dedham, England.

February 6. Remarks were made upon the death of Hon. Robbins Battell of Norfolk, Conn., a corresponding member of this Society and a descendant of Thomas Battell, one of our early Dedham settlers, after which Mr. Worthington read a paper upon the Codfish, as a symbol of the commercial prosperity of Massachusetts.

During the year the town has published a fourth volume of its ancient records, and also a volume of modern records—Abstract of Deaths, 1844-1890. It is also interesting to note that other towns have taken this matter of printing their ancient records under consideration.

Our Society has continued the publication of the DEDHAM HISTORICAL REGISTER, which has now entered upon its sixth year and is a very important historical publication; and I desire to urge the members of the society to do all in their power to increase the subscription list, and to give this enterprise of the Society their hearty support. All of which is respectfully submitted.

DON GLEASON HILL,

President.

March 6, 1895.

REBECCA GUILD RICHARDS.

ON page 53. Mr. Slafter speaks briefly of Miss Rebecca Guild, as a teacher in the Dedham Public Schools, and says that "with memory still unimpaired she delights to review the days and scenes of her youth, and is not less interested in the occurrences of the present time." Two days after his paper was printed and just as the last pages of the REGISTER were going to press, on April 4, she died at her home in Dedham, where she had spent her life since her marriage to Edward Metcalf

Richards, on November 22, 1827. Born in Dedham on November 13, 1801, the daughter of Amasa and Rebecca (Whiting) Guild, she had thus reached the advanced age of more than ninety-three years, remarkable at all times for her cheerful and serene disposition, and her deep interest in every worthy object, especially the Church, of which she was a devoted member and attendant. During nearly the whole period of the existence of the Dedham Historical Society her family has been closely connected with it; and beside her personal encouragement of the Society's work, her generous gifts from time to time have largely increased its usefulness and have been gratefully appreciated by the members.

NOTES AND QUERIES.

NOTE.

THESE entries are in Dedham records :—

1723	Nathaniel Farrington	died 8 May.
1723	Sarah Farrington	died 1 Dec.
1732	Sarah Farrington	died 22 March.
1732	Nath ^l Farrington	died 17 Oct.

Nathaniel Farrington was son of John and Mary (Bullard) Farrington, born August 9, 1656; Sarah Farrington was daughter of Nathaniel and Hannah (Dwight) Whiting, born Dec. 3, 1660; they were married before 1685. When did they die? Which of the above dates are theirs?

These questions have been solved by referring to wills in Suffolk Probate Records.

There is a will and Inventory of Nathaniel Farrington of Dedham, on file, but not recorded, on which is written, dated Dedham, June 3, 1723, a request "to the Judge that they may be produced this day my indisposition being such that I cannot come to Boston myself"; and signed Sarah Farrington.

The will is dated Sept. 23, 1720, and names wife Sarah, only son Jonathan, and daughters Anne White, Hannah Boocher, Sarah Farrington, Jemima Farrington, and Mary Farrington. It is endorsed by Judge Sewell that "it was presented for Probate June 3, 1723." Perhaps on account of the absence of the Executrix, the probate was never completed; certainly it was not recorded.

A will of Sarah Farrington of Dedham, widow, is recorded in Vol. 31, page 359, dated March 12, 1733, and names son Jonathan Farrington, daughters Hannah Bacher, Anne Smith, Jemima Palmer, and Mary Pamer; and was probated April 17, 1733.

These two wills make the records clear, and show that the father died May 8, 1723, and the mother died March 22, 1732,3. The Sarah who died in 1723 was evidently their daughter, for she has disappeared from her mother's will.

They show that the daughter Anne White's husband, William White, had died, and she had become Anne Smith, having married Sept. 13, 1722, second husband, Nathaniel Smith, born June 26, 1692, son of Asahel and Elizabeth Smith. On Sept. 26, 1731, a daughter, Desire Smith, was born to them, who married June 12, 1755, John Eaton⁸, born June 3, 1732, and thereby established a second connection between the Whiting and Eaton lines. (Ann Whiting, sister of Sarah (Whiting) Farrington having married John Eaton⁸ in 1694.)

The Nath¹¹ Farrington, who died in 1732, was a boy two years old, son of Jonathan and Prudence Farrington.

The unrecorded will of Nathaniel Farrington was substantially as follows:—

"I give to my dear and loving wife the one-half of my movable estate and also the service of my Indian servant during ye whole of his apprenticeships, and also to my s^d wife the use and improvement of half my land of all sorts, and my Dwelling house and land wholly at her disposal during the time she shall remain my widdow, and also such part of my barn as she shall have occasion for Item, I give to my only son Jonathan Farrington the other half of my Lands to be his own without reservation; and to my s^d son the whole of my lands and Buildings att and after the decease of Sarah my wife . . . he paying to his mother and sisters . . . the sum of £140 . . . in the space of ten years after my decease . . . To my daughters . . . I give, with what they have already had, sums to make forty-three pounds apiece . . . and the whole remainder of my movables I give to all my daughters in equal shares therein. . . And to each of my unmarried daughters I give liberty of residence in my Dwelling House so long as they remain single and unmarried, the above Grant to my son Jonathan notwithstanding.

And I do appoint Sarah my Louving wife sole Executrix to this my last will, and in testimony I put my hand and seal this 23 of September, the year of our Lord 1720 and ye seventh year of our Sovereign Lord George of Great Britain."

NATHANIEL FARRINGTON. (Seal)

In presence of
Samuel Guild,
Richard Euerett,
Sam^l. Stearns.

The Inventory was £1,103.02.0 and included land on Wigwam Plain, at Greenlodge, Purgatory, and "ten acres at the Ridge," and Common Rights.

J. E. A.
Newton, Mass.

QUERY.

3. FOSTER-WARE-METCALF. On page 25 of the January number of the REGISTER, it is stated that John Foster married, December 4, 1704, at Roxbury, Margaret Ware, dau. of Robert Ware; that she died in Attleborough, November 4, 1761, leaving a will; and that she

had been the mother of thirteen children. I have every reason to suppose that the above is correct, but in the Ware Genealogy, published in the New Eng. Hist. and Gen. Register (xlv. 28) for January, 1887, it is stated that Margaret Ware, dau. of Robert Ware, was born June 6, 1685, married 1713, Ebenezer Metcalf; and the will of Robert Ware, dated August 28, 1724, mentions dau. Margaret, then living, and her heirs, but does not give her husband's name. There seems to have been but one Robert Ware, who had a dau. Margaret. Some years since I wrote to Miss E. F. Ware, the author of the Ware Genealogy, but she then thought that the Metcalf marriage was correct. Can some one explain?

G. K. C.

REPLY.

2. Referring to "Queries" (p. 44), in January, relative to Metcalf-Fairbanks-Whiting intermarriages, it may be said, that town and church records contain so many inaccuracies that it requires a great deal of patient toil to disentangle them all, and has taxed the ingenuity of many other truth seekers besides Mrs. Alden. My own voluminous MS. records say that Michael Metcalf,² b. in England, 1620, 2d son of the emigrant, Michael Metcalf¹, and Sarah Ellwyn, m. 1644, Mary, dau. of John, or it may be, Jonathan Fairbanks, Sr. I say "may be," because "John" and "Jno." were then written for both names in many instances.

Sarah Metcalf,³ b. 1658, dau. of Thomas Metcalf and Sarah Paige, m. 1676, Samuel Whiting. Sarah Metcalf,⁵ b. 1726, dau. of Timothy Metcalf and Mary Cazneau, m. 1745, John Fairbanks. She was sister to Susanna, wife of Rev. Dr. Eben^r Daggett, and Margaret, another sister, b. 1721, m. John Whiting, 1760. After the death of the first wife, in 1766, he m. 2dly Lois Fairbanks, 1768. She was b. 1748, d. 1799, when he m. 3d wife, Meletiah (Metcalf) Ware Everett, in 1802.

Mary Metcalf,⁶ b. 1728, dau. John⁵ and Mary (Fisher) Metcalf, m. 1749, Nathan, or Nathaniel Whiting,—another instance of uncertain names, Nathan being frequently written, in old records, as an abbreviation of Nathaniel. The Mary Metcalf, wife of Nathaniel Whiting, above, was sister to the Joseph Metcalf⁶ (b. 1742) who m. 1772, Patience Clark,—who were the grandparents of the writer. Another contemporary, Joseph Metcalf,⁶ b. 1765, m. Rebecca Fairbanks, 1793; and Jonathan Metcalf,⁶ b. 1750, m. Elizabeth Whiting, who was b. 1759; and Nathaniel Metcalf,⁶ b. 1720, m. Ruth Whiting in 1739. Another Joseph Metcalf,⁶ b. 1742, m. 1776, *Lovina Clark*. Who can tell us where they settled, and whether they had issue?

MARTIN METCALF, *Battle Creek, Mich.*

Wanted.

A copy of the Chandler Genealogy, compiled by Dr. George Chandler of Worcester. Mrs. C. J. Pickford, 31 Green Street, Lynn, desires to purchase the same. She has a copy of the Mann Genealogy which she wishes to sell.

1970



Engr. by J. Andrews sc. by B. Fiske

WILLIAM STOUGHTON.

1854

quivering lips, as he stood in his pew, showed his strong feeling. He was a man of much wealth and a large land owner. He was deeply interested in education, and helped to get Harvard College out of its difficulties when it was in danger of having its charter withdrawn. In his will he says: "I have lately erected and finished an additional building to that College, with the previous grant and consent of the President and Fellows that it shall be in my liberty to make and establish an appropriation of some part of the income of that building to be for the benefit of some students in particular as I shall appoint." He directs £20 of this income shall for five years be applied to the support of Elijah, son of Rev. John Danforth of Dorchester. Afterward there shall be reserved of the income and revenue of said building £10 annually "towards the support and education of some poor scholar at the College as they shall judge most indigent and deserving—a minister's son to have the preference of others. Provided, nevertheless, when any of my own kindred, descended either from my father or my Uncle Thomas Stoughton, late of Windsor, in the Colony of Connecticut, deceased, shall happen to be a student at the College and stand in need of support, such shall be preferred in the first place," and, next, any poor scholar from the town of Dorchester.

Stoughton Hall was not strongly built, and, being shaken by an earthquake, so tradition reports, it became necessary to remove it. A hall erected in its place, by the proceeds of a lottery, bears its name. He also bequeathed the "college pasture" to Harvard College. It is in Dorchester, between Norfolk and Washington Streets, one fourth of a mile from the Town Hall. In April, 1797, it was leased for 100 years for the sum of \$835. When the lease expires it is estimated that the 20 $\frac{3}{4}$ acres and 22 rods, belonging to the College, will be worth \$140,000. The fund left by him for the salary of the Dorchester school teacher is now \$5,300.

From him the town of Stoughton was named. It was set off from the south part of Dorchester, August 26, 1726, and included Canton, Sharon, nearly all of Foxborough, and a share

of Dedham and Avon. His home was at the northeast corner of Pleasant Street and Savin Hill Avenue, Dorchester, and his grave is in the old cemetery. His funeral sermon was preached July 17, 1701, by the Rev. Samuel Willard of the Old South Church, Boston. Cotton Mather arranged and altered the Latin epitaph of Blaise Pascal for his tomb.

William Stoughton did not marry.

Thomas, the younger brother, soon removed to Windsor, Connecticut. He was one of a small colony of settlers who went to secure from the Dutch that point on the Connecticut River with its valuable fur trade. He married a Mary Wadsworth of Hartford, and it is supposed that he was a widower when he came from England. He was called "Ancient," which meant Ensign, a commissioned officer, who carried the flag. He was constable in 1631 and was fined £5 for marrying Clement Briggs and Joan Allen. The fine was afterwards remitted. The "Stoughton House," called the "Old Fort," was pulled down in 1809. In the huge chimney was inserted a stone on which were cut the letters, T S M 1666. An old helmet and armor, belonging to the house was sold to a pedler for old iron at 1½ cents a pound. One of his seven children, Capt. Thomas Stoughton, married for his second wife Mrs. Abigail Edwards Lathrop, an aunt of Rev. Jonathan Edwards (president of Princeton College), the grandfather of Aaron Burr. In 1694 Thomas² was one of a committee to pray the Honorable Court for permission to settle a minister in Windsor. In 1713 he was one of a building committee to erect a church.

Of their twelve children, Timothy, the fifth, was born January 27, 1703. His wife, Hannah Olcott, died, leaving a baby named Samuel, who was born in December, 1740. A childless couple named Risle (whence Risley and Wrisley) took the child, living for a while in Glastonbury, Conn. They removed to Massachusetts when Samuel was a young man and lived on Chestnut Hill, Montague. Mr. Risle bought about 200 acres of land on the Connecticut River of two men who had bought the land of the Indians. It was in a township, originally a part of Deer-

field (which was settled from Dedham), then of Greenfield, and in 1793 it was set off as Gill, so named for the Lieut. Governor of the Commonwealth.

On this farm is a flat, three-cornered field, which is particularly fertile. It was cleared by the Indians and used for corn. The rest of the land was wooded. A ledge of conglomerate rock runs back of this little plain, with a cleft in its face wide enough for the passage of a person at its entrance, and deep enough to furnish some shelter. This had evidently been a favorite resort of the Indians. Charred wood, fragments of pottery, arrowheads and other Indian weapons, and tools of a peculiar pattern, have been found here and near by. In the river, nearly opposite, is an island where excavations have been made in search for the treasure hidden by the pirate, Capt. Kidd. Three miles north, not far from the Moody School for Boys, is a rounded hill where the remains of an old earthwork can still be traced. On its summit there stood, until a few years ago, an aged pine tree, from the top of which King Philip used to reconnoitre for his foes. A granddaughter of Samuel Stoughton, with her husband, Mr. More, still occupies this farm. Samuel was in the battle of Saratoga, and died in Gill in 1814.

The two sons of Samuel, Asa and Ira, divided the ancestral farm which is now re-united. Urania, daughter of Ira, was the author of the popular poems: "The Praise Meeting of the Flowers," "Christ and the Little Ones," "The Mistakes of my Life have been Many," and numerous others. She and her younger sister have written for children many stories descriptive of New-England life. Timothy, another son of Samuel, married Eunice, daughter of Jeremiah Stark, who had married a Miss Morgan, who may have descended from Miles Morgan, who married Prudence Gilbert of Beverly. She walked with Morgan from Boston to Springfield, leading a horse loaded with their household possessions. The mother of Eunice died when she was six weeks old, and she was adopted by a Mr. and Mrs. Shattuck, who had a farm near Turner's Falls, into which, May 17, 1765, many Indians were driven from the top of a

high rock. This farm is celebrated as a locality in which footprints and other traces of extinct animals are found imprinted on strata of sandstone. Eunice inherited the farm, and by her marriage with Timothy it passed into the Stoughton family. It is still occupied by their son, Timothy, who, though not far from eighty years old, is still the active and energetic President of the Turner's Falls Lumber Company. His daughter, Exene, is the wife Gen. Francis A. Walker, President of the School of Technology in Boston.

Clementina, one of the daughters of Timothy⁵, married Amos Jewett Locke, descended from William Locke, who at the age of six came from England, and settled in what is now Woburn. Amos was the father of Calvin Stoughton Locke, who came to Dedham in 1854 and who married Anne Lincoln, descended from Robert Ware, to whom land was granted on Dedham Island on February 6, 1642. He was made a freeman May 26, 1647, and married Margaret Huntinge. Their son John married for second wife, Joanna, daughter of John Gay, one of the original settlers of Dedham. Anne Lincoln⁸ descended also from Stephen Lincoln, who, with his wife, came from Windham, Eng., and settled in Hingham in August, 1638. The descendants of Thomas Stoughton born in Dedham are the children of Mr. and Mrs. Locke: Mary Stoughton, Harriet Proctor Reynolds, William Ware, Henry Lincoln.

DEDHAM AS A POSTAL CENTRE.

BY C. W. ERNST.

IN 1639 all Dedham letters not carried by private conveyance were received and delivered at the Boston post-office, Richard Fairbanks, postmaster. Ship letters passed through Boston; the customary way of sending inland letters was by butchers, who made regular trips to buy and sell, and incidently conducted a certain postal, express and news business. In 1648 the elder Winthrop, writing from Boston to his son at New London, used

that conveyance (Savage's Winthrop, II. 356). Express messengers were called posts, and letters entrusted to such were occasionally endorsed, "Haste, post, haste," which meant "Haste, messenger, haste." The addresses on letters usually contained the word "present," which meant "Messenger, present this letter to the addressee named." The word "present" was the verb in the imperative mood. Letters were sealed with great care, the seal being a mark of authenticity. They were generally written on Dutch or Flemish paper, no writing paper being made in England or America until the age of William and Mary.

Dedham lay on the principal highway of this country until 1835, when the location of the Boston and Providence railroad diverted the course of traffic. So it happens that the great American mail passed through Dedham from the inception of its service, May 1, 1693, until 1835. The mail route of 1693, instituted by the great Andrew Hamilton, began at Portsmouth, N. H., and ended at Williamsburg, Va. The mailrider, starting from Boston, where he had received the Eastern mail, passed through Roxbury, Dedham, Rehoboth, Bristol and Newport, to Saybrook, where he met the mailrider from New York. It appears that the service between Portsmouth, N. H., and New Castle, Del., has never been suspended since 1693. It was generally a weekly service until 1780, daily since 1814. The Springfield route between Boston and New York was first tried in 1714, to supplement the original shore line, but was abandoned.

Regular monthly mail packets, being armed government vessels, began to run between Falmouth, England, and the West Indies in 1702. Great efforts were made to establish a regular mail service between the West Indies and the southern terminus of the American mail route alluded to. But the mail from the West Indies, which carried many government despatches, went usually by private ships to Philadelphia (see the Penn and Logan Correspondence), and thence by mailriders. Government despatches were at times sent directly to New York or New England, but by men-of-war only, as occasion offered. Private

correspondence between this country and Europe went by private ship, the customary fee being one penny to the captain for every letter he carried.

The Braddock defeat induced the King to establish the Falmouth-New York mail service. The service was monthly from 1755 to 1840. It was conducted until about 1800 in armed vessels; in government vessels until 1840. The postage on a letter carried across the ocean by a government packet was always a shilling (24 cents), and that rate continued until the beginning of 1868. It was to avoid the shilling postage that letters went preferentially by private ships until 1840, when the establishment of steamships between Boston and Liverpool left no choice.

The early mailriders were postmaster, express company, news agent, guide to travellers and much else. They carried bundles, and it was not unusual to send horses by post, that is, with the mailrider. When Bellomont was expected in Boston, and a parade was in order, Wait Winthrop writing from Boston to Fitz-John Winthrop at New London, added: "If you send the horses, let them come by this post." The people at Dedham, then, had ample facilities for communicating with New Hampshire, with New York and Pennsylvania, and since 1755 also an almost direct line to Europe. Ten years later they could send letters to Montreal and Quebec, and in 1787 they had a direct mail to Pittsburg. The mail service to the West was organized by Eben Hazard, who used to live at Jamaica Plain, and has many claims upon local and general respect.

The first stage wagon that ever went out of Boston, performing regular trips, went in 1720. It connected Boston with Bristol Ferry, and I think it passed through Dedham. But no mail coach passing through Dedham is mentioned prior to 1785. About that time Hazard organized the great mail coach service, which reigned until 1835. As early as 1815 the mail coach passing from Boston to Dedham connected at New Haven with

a steamboat to New York. The year before, the mail coach from Boston via Dedham to New York began to make daily trips, and went through in two days, giving travellers a chance for a nap in Hartford.

The railroad to Dedham was opened in 1836, but was a branch road. Of course, it connected with the main road, which was completed in 1849 to New York, in 1852 to Chicago, in 1869 to San Francisco. This latter connection completed a direct mail route around the globe, the whole distance having steam service. By this route there was a direct mail to Hong-kong. In 1866 a mail was carried also by steam from Panama to Sidney. But the real circumterrestrial mail service by steam began in 1869. On July 1, 1875, began the Postal Union, which introduced low postage all over the globe, and established in the post-office at Dedham the same law, the same rules, and even the same language which rules at Moscow, Yokohama, and the antipodes.

Up to 1693 the postal service at Dedham stood altogether under Massachusetts authority. From 1693 to 1707 the service was conducted under a royal patent for the account of Andrew and John Hamilton, Postmasters-General, and the honored founders of our general postal service. The crown ruled from 1707 to December 25, 1775, when it withdrew from our domestic postal service; but the postal rates prescribed by Queen Anne ruled from June 1, 1711, to June 30, 1845, with but slight modifications.

Few things are more wonderful than the fact that a post-card mailed at Dedham, whether for Alaska or Teheran, for Cape Town or Melbourne, is likely to go quicker and surer than a special messenger. This service which has done so much to enrich life was originated and first introduced in Europe by the Taxis family in the second half of the fifteenth century. But the earliest known document showing the transportation of private correspondence by post is dated 1500.

RACHEL, THE WIFE OF ELDER JOHN POND.

BY EDWARD DOUBLEDAY HARRIS.

THE quest for an ancestor possesses always a deep interest to the one personally concerned. To the professional genealogist the identification of an individual in a genealogical chart possesses in only a less degree the same interest. But when the searcher is influenced by the double motive, his gratification with a successful result is too complete to be selfishly enjoyed. This must be the writer's reason for giving the details of his work to those whose tastes have led them over parallel paths.

In the first half of the last century there were living in Medway Elder John Pond and his wife Rachel. The Elder himself was a grandson of Daniel, one of the early settlers of Dedham, and his history, so far as it is known, was given by the writer in the Pond Genealogy, twenty years ago. For a long time it seemed impossible to learn anything concerning the parentage of the wife Rachel. The known facts concerning her, briefly stated, were these: as Rachel Fisher she was married to John Pond in Boston, April 14, 1720, by Penn Townsend, Justice of the Peace. Her children were: 1. Rachel, b. Dec. 24, 1721, m. John Bullard. 2. John, b. Feb. 20, 1722-3. 3. Daniel, b. May 13, 1724. 4. Benjamin, b. June 15, 1726. 5. Mercy, b. Dec. 28, 1730; m. Luke Holbrook. She died Feb. 15, 1770, and was buried by her husband's side in West Medway, where the stone was standing one hundred years later, testifying that at her decease she was in her 78th year.

Town and church records of Dedham, Wrentham, Medway, Medfield and Bellingham were vainly searched over and again for a Rachel Fisher, born in 1693, or near enough to that time to render identification possible. A general study of the Fisher family was then undertaken with the hope that some unrecorded Rachel might be brought to light. Two of the name were disclosed in the files of the Suffolk County Probate Office,—one, the daughter of Jonathan and Rachel of Medway, but who is

shown later to have been the wife of Caleb Smith, and the other the widow of another Jonathan Fisher of Wrentham. As it is with this last that we have to deal, the full text of the document on file is here appended:—

I jonathan Fisher of Wrantham being very sick and think my time very short in this world but throu God's good [illegible] the right use of my understanding, do her commit my soul to God in and by Christ, and my body to y^e dust by a decent burial at the charge of those I bestow my estate upon.

As foloweth I give to Rachel my Loving wife all my movable estate except my waring cloths and twenty pound of pasibell money of new England at her demand she giving up her Rights in y^e lands. And i give my sister maryah five pounds of said money and i give to my sister Ester three pounds of like money to be paid by my natrall brothers and eldest sister Annah then they to have an equal share of my house and other estate when they have payed out all Lawfull demands being aquilly devided betwixt my naturall brothers and my eldest sistr annah this is my Last will:

Signed in presence of

december 17, 1718

us witnesses

JONATHAN FISHER [mark]

Edmund Clark

Danill Kingsbury [mark]

Ebenezer Clark [mark]

The will was presented Jan 12, 1718-19 by Isaac Fisher, "one of the natural Brothers of the Testator," the widow Rachel "taking up with her Legacies as satisfied therewith."

Here then was a widow Rachel, living in 1719, who might well have become John Pond's wife in 1720. As there was no marriage on record in the Norfolk County towns of Jonathan Fisher and Rachel, and remembering that Pond's marriage was found in Boston, recourse was had again to those records with the result of finding that Jonathan Fisher was married in Boston, Aug. 15, 1718, by the Hon. Samuel Sewall, to Rachel Clark. On the presumption, naturally enough, since she was twice married there, that she was a Boston girl, careful search was made in the local records for her Clark origin. It was wholly fruitless, serving only to satisfy the writer that she was not a member of

the Boston families of that name. Turning again to the suburban towns a toilsome study was entered upon of the Medfield and Medway Clarks. The family was prolific, and the fragmentary accounts in the then lately published histories of those towns are unsatisfactory and not always reliable. The birth of Rachel was found, recorded in Medfield, Dec. 13, 1692, the oldest child of Lieut. Theophilus and Rachel Clark, the date corresponding with the age on the grave-stone of the Elder's widow. No other Rachel Clark is found that could possibly be assigned to John Pond save this.

The Clark search resulted in shedding full light upon the strain through which Rachel descended.

JOSEPH¹ CLARK was an inhabitant of Dedham before Sept. 28, 1640, in that part set off in 1650 as Medfield, and was a member of the Church there. He was a Selectman in 1660, died Jan. 6, 1683-4, leaving a widow Alice, the mother of his children, a member of the Medfield Church, who survived until March 17, 1710. Joseph Clark made his will 24(4)1682, naming wife Alice, sons Nathaniel, Joseph, Benjamin, Ephraim and John, dau. Rebecca, wife of John Richardson, son-in-law John Adams, grandchild John Bowers. His issue were :—

1. JOSEPH, b. July 27, 1642.
2. BENJAMIN, b. Feb. 9, 1643-4. (see below.)
3. EPHRAIM, b. Feb. 4, 1645-6.
4. DANIEL, b. Sept. 29, 1647.
5. MARY, b. March 12, 1649; m. Jonathan Boyden.
6. SARAH, b. Feb. 20, 1650-1; m. John Bowers.
7. JOHN, b. Oct. 28, 1652.
8. NATHANIEL, b. Oct. 6, 1658.
9. REBECCA, b. Aug. 16, 1660; m. John Richardson.

BENJAMIN² CLARK (*Joseph*¹) was an inhabitant of Medfield and member of the Church. His house and buildings were burned in the Indian raid in 1676. He was a Selectman in 1685, and for many years afterwards. His wife was Dorcas, dau. of Joseph Morse, b. Aug. 24, 1645; d. July 14, 1725. He died Dec. 1, 1724, having made his will March 18, 1721, "being 75

years old," and naming wife Dorcas, sons Theophilus, Timothy, Edward and Seth, and daus. Hannah Mason and Tabitha Sanford. His issue were :—

1. HANNAH, b. Oct. 22, 1666.
2. BENJAMIN, b. Nov. 20, 1668. .
3. THEOPHILUS, b. Sept. 25, 1670. (see below.)
4. TABITHA, b. Dec. 10, 1672 ; m. Thomas Sanford.
5. TIMOTHY, b. Dec. 19, 1674.
6. TIMOTHY, b. May 12, 1677.
7. EDWARD, b. Nov. 11, 1679.
8. EBENEZER, b. May 12, 1682.
9. REBECCA, b. July 20, 1684.
10. SETH, b. May 1, 1687.

THEOPHILUS³ CLARK (*Benjamin*², *Joseph*¹) early settled in Medfield, where he resided until June, 1737, when he removed with the younger members of his family to Ashford, Wyndham County, Ct., disposing of his real estate in Massachusetts, in most part to Jacob Parker and Thomas Corbin of Ashford ; they in the next year sold the house lot on the north bank of Charles River to another Theophilus Clark of Medway, son of Timothy and nephew of our Theophilus¹. He married 1st Rachel², dau. of John and Magdalen Partridge, who died Dec. 1, 1717. His second wife, Elizabeth, whom he married in 1718, was living as late as April 3, 1739. His residence in Ashford was not for long, as he died there Oct. 7, 1737. His will, dated Oct. 5, 1737, is on file in Willimantic, and names wife Elizabeth, sons Ebenezer, Caleb, Theophilus and Benjamin, and daus. Rachel, Deborah, Dorcas, Mary, Abigail and Esther. His issue by Rachel were :—

1. RACHEL, b. Dec. 13, 1692 ; m. 1st Jonathan Fisher ; 2dly John Pond, and died Feb. 15, 1770, "in her 78th year."

¹ Jameson's Medway errs in confounding the two men, uncle and nephew. It is possible that it was the younger who went to Sherborn, for he sold the house lot in Medfield in 1748 to Jacob Penniman.

² Jameson still further errs in giving this dau. of Partridge to Joseph Daniels for wife, but Partridge's will, on file in Boston, effectually disposes of this fiction by making a bequest to his "son-in-law Theophilus Clark and my daughter Rachel his wife" in 1701.

2. JAMES, b. March 7, 1694 ; died same day.
3. REBECCA, b. Jan. 28, 1695-6 ; d. Aug. 13, 1718.
4. BENJAMIN, b. Oct. 10, 1696 ; d. Aug. 24, 1718.
5. THEOPHILUS, b. April 16, 1698 ; d. Aug. 28, 1718.
6. EBENEZER, b. Jan. 21, 1699-1700 ; settled at Wrentham with wife Anna.
7. DEBORAH, b. Oct. 12, 1701.
8. ZEBIAH, b. Nov. 1, 1703.
9. CALEB, b. Sept. 24, 1705 ; remained in Mass., and was living in 1737.
10. DORCAS, b. March 13, 1706-7.
11. MARY, b. May 5, 1710.
12. ABIGAIL, b. April 20, 1712.

And by wife Elizabeth were :—

13. ESTHER, b. Jan. 1, 1719 ; unmarried, living 1737.
14. THEOPHILUS, b. April 19, 1722 ; m. Bethia Billings Dec. 5, 1745 ; kept the "Clark Tavern" on Ashford Green, a famous hostelry of the day, and had sons *William, Theophilus, Benjamin and Samuel*.
15. BENJAMIN, b. March 17, 1724 ; m. Hannah Tiffany Dec. 17, 1747 ; succeeded his brother as keeper of the Clark Tavern, and was a Captain in the Militia as late as 1762.

THE SCHOOLS AND TEACHERS OF DEDHAM.

BY CARLOS SLAFTER.

(Continued from page 56.)

The winter schools in South Dedham, now Norwood, were instructed in 1810-11 and 1813-14, by Mr. Jesse Pierce, soon after known as Colonel Pierce, of Stoughton, the son of Jesse and Catherine (Smith) Pierce of that town, born Nov. 7, 1788. Being a diligent student he had acquired a good education in the common schools of Stoughton, and after some success in teaching, he added to his qualifications by a short course of

study in the Taunton Academy under the tuition of the Rev. Simeon Doggett, a graduate of Brown University in 1788. He first taught school in Stoughton, then alternating, probably, with those in Dedham, and arranging his terms accordingly; and afterwards taught the West School of Milton three years, and the school on Milton Hill two years. In 1816 he was commissioned Colonel of the Second Regiment, Second Brigade and First Division of the Massachusetts Militia. In 1819 he opened a private school in Milton, on the Bay Road near the Lower Mills Village, which continued five years and was attended by many who became well known citizens. In 1824 he married Miss Eliza S. Lillie, of Milton, and removed to Stoughton.

He immediately opened a private school for boys at his own house, which he continued till 1829, when he finally relinquished teaching, and gave his attention to his farm, and such miscellaneous work as conveyancing and the settlement of estates. He represented Stoughton in the legislature six years, and was active in the debate of many important questions. He removed from Stoughton in 1849 to the Lower Mills Village in Dorchester, where he spent the remainder of his life, occupying the house which is now the residence of his eldest son, the Hon. Henry L. Pierce. He died Feb. 3, 1856, and an obituary of him justly says: "He was for many years a distinguished teacher, and numbers among his pupils many men who now occupy prominent positions in public life. He was a man of strict integrity, high-minded and honorable, and universally beloved and respected in all the various relations of life." Col. Pierce left two sons: the Hon. Henry Lillie Pierce, best known, perhaps, as a former mayor of Boston; and the Hon. Edward Lillie Pierce, whose *Life of Charles Sumner* is a work of rare excellence.

Westfield district was favored with the instructions of Bunker Gay two winters, 1823-4, and 1824-5. He was the son of Lusher and Rebecca Gay of Dedham, born February 3, 1801, and married Miss Milly Ellis, May 14, 1829. He spent his days in West Dedham, where he died much respected July 22, 1848.

In 1825 the teacher in East Street, according to Capt. Asahel Smith's diary, was Abner Brigham. He was the son of Abner and Dorothy (Woods) Brigham of Marlboro, Mass., born June 21, 1798. He married Lucinda Maybee, and his last known residence was in Yarmouth, Canada West.

Mr. Calvin French, afterwards Deacon, of Needham, taught in Dedham several winter schools; the Mill in 1824-5, the Second Middle, 1828-9, 1829-30, and 1830-31. The Dedham Records contain the following publishment: "Mr. Calvin French of Needham and Miss Mary Fales, Dedham."

The Rev. Thomas Driver performed the marriage ceremony for Deacon French, January 7, 1836.

Lucinda Newell taught the summer school of Mill Village in 1835. The church records indicate that she came from Pembroke, N. H., about 1821, and removed to Boston in 1826. She was the daughter of Artemas and Rebecca (Mann) Newell of Needham, and is said to have never married.

Clapboardtrees indulged in a variety of masters in the winter of 1825-6. First Samuel B. Tyler was in office two weeks and a half; then a Mr. Davenport took the helm for seven weeks; then Mr. Milton Barrows, jr., completed the winter's work in six weeks. The succeeding winter Mr. Barrows taught in the East Street School. The following publishment indicates that he had no occasion to regret his visit to Dedham: Mr. Milton Barrows of Attleborough and Miss Mary Ann Guild of Dedham, Sept. 19, 1830. The marriage is not recorded in Dedham, but I am informed that it took place June 16, 1831. He was the son of Milton and Rebecca (Slack) Barrows of Attleborough, where he later engaged in manufacturing, and was a Justice of the Peace at the time of his decease.

Mr. William Harvey Spear, a graduate of Brown University, 1827, gave his popular labors to the West Dedham School three winters, beginning in 1825. He married Catherine Hinsdale Allen in Dedham, May 1, 1831. He made the law his profession and spent the later years of his life in Plymouth, Mass., where he died in 1873.

In the summer of 1826 the Westfield School was instructed by Miss Deborah E. Baker, the daughter of John and Becca (Fisher) Baker of West Dedham, whose portraits by Alvan Fisher now adorn the walls of the Dedham Historical Society. Miss Baker was born Jan. 21, 1807, and was married to Timothy Fuller by Rev. John White, April 16, 1834. Mrs. Fuller spent the years of her married life chiefly in Lincoln, Maine.

About 1825 Mr. Calvin Howe was master in the First Middle School. He was very fond of theatrical entertainments, and the time of the school was largely given to such exercises.

The Fool's Cap was a popular means of correction in his day, and when he suggested that it would be a favor if some of the girls would make one for his use, two of the bright misses volunteered that duty, and provided two caps of excellent pattern. Imagine their dismay, when for whispering they were the first to wear these tokens of disgrace.

The following is from the Dedham Records: "By Rev. Alvan Lamson. Mr. Calvin Howe of Watertown, to Miss Polly Richards of Dedham." She was a daughter of Dea. Luther Richards.

In the winter of 1825-6 the Mill School was taught by Elisha F. Fales of Wrentham, the son of David and Abigail Fales. He married Mary F. Hammett in 1838, and resided last in Norfolk, Mass., where he died May 23, 1871.

Miss Maria Osgood taught the Westfield School in the summer of 1824. She was drowned in Charles River Dec. 1, 1826.

Ephraim Peabody, a graduate of Bowdoin College, 1827, must have been a valuable guide to the pupils of the second Middle School, whom he taught in 1825-6. The following from the Memorial History of Boston (III. 479) makes this evident. "Ephraim Peabody, D. D., for the past ten years minister of King's Chapel, while able and intensely impressive as a preacher, was pre-eminently 'a man of beatitudes'; and the lapse of a quarter of a century since his death cannot have made his memory dim or less precious in the minds of many who hardly have known, or expect to know, in this world his like." Dr.

Peabody was born in Wilton, N. H., March 22, 1807; died Nov. 28, 1856.

Daniel S. Woodman was master of the Second Middle School three and one-half months in the winter of 1826-7.

Caroline Porter spent two summers in charge of the Clapboardtrees School, 1826 and 1827. She was the daughter of Lebbeus Porter of Wrentham, born May 7, 1806; married Rev. William Harlow of Plymouth, who settled first in Canton, then in Wrentham. One of her former pupils says, "she was a remarkably pleasant teacher, controlling her school by kindness." She died in Brooklyn, N. Y., Jan., 1893.

Joseph Alden was the master of the Mill School 1826-7.

In the winter of 1826-7 the East Street School was taught by Pierson Titcomb, the son of John and Elizabeth (Pierson) Titcomb, born in Newburyport, Mass., Aug. 2, 1776. In 1799 he entered the army, joining the 2d Regiment of Artillerists and Engineers: in 1801 was made First Lieutenant, and thereafter was stationed at the New England forts. He married Margaret Morrill of Newburyport, who lived but a few years. While stationed at Fort Adams, Newport, R. I., Lieut. Titcomb married Ann Maria de Les Denier, and soon after his marriage resigned his commission and went to reside in New Hampshire, first at Pelham, then in Salem where he spent fifteen years, and from there removed to Dedham. Later he removed to Lowell, Mass. This town he represented in the Legislature of 1840. In 1845 he removed to Northfield, Mass., where he remained till a short time before his death, which occurred in Dedham, Dec. 11, 1855. Lieut. Titcomb was a handsome man and gifted in many ways. He was a fine reader of Shakespeare, and at his own fireside often entertained a company by reading the effusions of his own pen.

The Westfield School was under the instruction of Miss Emily Baker in the summer of 1827. She was the daughter of Dea. Eliphalet and Nancy (Eaton) Baker, and was united in marriage to Gardner Paine of Worcester, Mass., Oct. 12, 1831.

(To be continued.)



HANNAH ADAMS.

It has been said of Hannah Adams that she was the "first woman in America who made literature a profession." She was the eldest daughter of Thomas and Elizabeth (Clark) Adams of Medfield, and was born in the year 1755. Her great great grandfather, Henry Adams, who was one of the early settlers of Medfield, was born in England in 1604, and after coming to this country he lived for a time in Braintree. Her father was a man of decided literary tastes. Owing to her delicate health when young she did not attend school, but spent much of her time in her father's library, where she became deeply absorbed in the reading of novels and imaginative works. Such was her early preparation for life. While in her earlier days some of her pastime was spent in knitting and similar work, she was obliged at the age of seventeen to earn some of her own support, which she did by weaving bobbin-lace. In her own "Memoir" of herself, published in 1832, after her death, she gives many interesting facts about her life.

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Her first publication, issued in 1784, was entitled "View of the World's Religions," and was well received, although it had a limited circle of readers. The financial success of this and her other publications was not great; and in her later years her friends gave her an annuity. Her "History of New England" also strengthened her reputation as a writer. After living in Boston a few years she went to Brookline in the fall of 1830, and died there on November 15, 1831. She was buried in Mount Auburn Cemetery, where she was the "first tenant," and to whom the first monument in that ground was erected.

This engraving probably follows a painting by Harding, owned by the Boston Athenaeum. It appeared in "The American Magazine" (Boston, 1839), Vol. III. page 237, which was edited by the late John Langdon Sibley, Librarian of Harvard College for fifty years. The cut was found lately among his effects, and came into the possession of the REGISTER.

WILLIAM S. DAMRELL.

THE following interesting anecdote is related of Wm. S. Damrell, mentioned in the April number (page 64). It is told by Mr. Charles E. Davis, Jr., in his "Three Years in the Army. The Story of the Thirteenth Massachusetts Volunteers" (Boston, 1864), pages 345, 346, although at that place the name of Mr. Damrell is not mentioned. It was at Spottsylvania Court House, on Saturday, the 21st of May, 1864, and his regiment at that time was 'a part of the grand movement of the Army by the left flank' which "began early, our corps following the Second and Sixth Corps. . . . We marched ten miles and halted about two miles south of Guiney's Bridge, which crosses the Mattaponi River, before the enemy burned the bridge. . . The officer who was captured was at that time in command of Company B, and had in his possession two hundred dollars of the company's money. Foreseeing his inevitable capture, he secreted the money in the re-enforced seat of his trousers. . . . A cavalry man, noticing that he was an officer, pursued and captured him, promptly demanding his possessions, after which he was sent back to the rebel lines, and subsequently sent to Libby Prison. The officer appreciating that the money would soon be useless unless changed to some place where there was less wear, divided it into two parts, hiding each part under a shoulder-strap, and thus preserved it. Some time after the regiment was discharged, he was exchanged and returned to Boston, and promptly offered to restore the money, but the company declined to accept it.

W. S. D.

DEDHAM IN THE REBELLION.

BY JOSEPH HENRY LATHROP.

(Continued from page 65.)

- EAGAN, PATRICK—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- ECKENROTH, CHARLES H.—Co. D, 13th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 28, 1863; transferred July 13, 1864, to Co. I, 39th Reg't Mass. Inf.; transferred June 2, 1865, to Co. K, 32d Reg't Mass. Inf.; mustered out June 29, 1865.
- EDMANDS, GEORGE W. S.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- EDSON, ROBERT S.—Seaman U. S. Navy, Nov. 1861; served three years.
- ELLIOTT, JAMES—20th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 27, 1864; rejected Feb. 28, 1864.
- ELLIS, ALBERT—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- ELLIS, ALFRED R.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal; Sergeant; wounded at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862, and at Poplar Spring Church, Va., Sept. 30, 1864; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- *ELLIS, CHARLES H.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal; taken prisoner near Campbells Station, Tenn., Nov. 15, 1863; died at Belle Isle, Va., Feb. 17, 1864.
- ELLIS, HENRY R.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., March 29, 1864; Musician; transferred to Co. K, 32d Reg't Mass. Inf., Oct. 21, 1864; mustered out June 29, 1865.
- ELLIS, JOSEPH—Co. G, 19th Reg't Mass. Inf., Nov. 19, 1864; discharged March 11, 1865, for disability.
- ELLIS, LEWIS—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- ELLIS, SUMNER A.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862; discharged March 12, 1863, on account of wounds; re-enlisted Co. F, 56th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 12, 1864; discharged June 6, 1865, by order of War Dep't.
- ELLIS, WARREN—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- EMILE, FRANK—Co. G, 2d Reg't Mass. Cav., April 9, 1864; deserted May 20, 1864.
- *EVERETT, CHARLES F.—Co. D, 57th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 25, 1864; Musician; killed at the Wilderness, Va., May 6, 1864.

- EVERETT, EMELIUS A.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Corporal; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- *EVERETT, HENRY C.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; re-enlisted Jan. 1, 1864; transferred to Co. D, 32d Reg't Mass. Inf., Oct. 21, 1864; died Jan. 19, 1865, at Harwood Hospital, Washington, D. C.
- EVERETT, ROBERT F.—Co. K, 31st Reg't Mass. Inf.; Sergeant; discharged Feb. 17, 1865, for disability.
- EVERSON, ERASTUS W.—Co. A, 3d Reg't Mass. Inf. (3 mos.), April 23, 1861; Sergeant; mustered out July 22, 1861; Co. H, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; 1st Sergeant; Second Lieut. Aug. 1, 1862; First Lieut. Feb. 25, 1863; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862, and at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862; resigned Dec. 10, 1863, to accept appointment of Oct. 28, 1863, as First Lieut. Vet. Reserve Corps; assigned to Co. D, 22d Reg't V. R. C., June 15, 1864; Brevet Captain and Brevet Major, June 25, 1866; mustered out Jan. 1, 1868.
- FAHS, WILLIAM H.—Co. H, 24th Reg't Vet. Reserve Corps, April 15, 1864.
- FAIRBANKS, JARVIS G.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- FAIRBANKS, WILLIAM P.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; re-enlisted Jan. 1, 1864; transferred to Co. D, 32d Reg't Mass. Inf., Oct. 21, 1864; mustered out June 29, 1865.
- FALES, HENRY M.—16th Battery Mass. Light Art., March 11, 1864; mustered out June 27, 1865.
- FALLON, DANIEL—Co. C, 2d Reg't Mass. Cav., Nov. 17, 1864; mustered out July 20, 1865.
- FARLEY, FRANK N.—Co. F, 56th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 12, 1864; discharged March 7, 1864, for disability.
- *FARRELL, MICHAEL—Co. H, 58th Reg't Mass. Inf., April 18, 1864; died of wounds June 8, 1864, at Cold Harbor, Va.
- FEAGAN, GEORGE—Co. B, 2d Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 19, 1864; Musician; deserted June 26, 1865.
- FELTON, DANIEL C.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; mustered out Sept. 2, 1864.
- FESSENDEN, CHARLES B.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Sergeant; Sergeant Major May 29, 1863; mustered out July 30, 1863; Captain 9th U. S. C. T. Nov. 16, 1863; mustered out Nov. 6, 1866.
- FILLEY, GEORGE W.—Co. F, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Oct. 10, 1861; mustered out Oct. 11, 1864, in Co. H.
- *FINN, JOHN, JR.—Co. B, 22d Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 11, 1861; Corporal; Sergeant; 1st Sergeant; wounded at Mal-

- vern Hill, Va., July 1, 1862. and at North Anna River, Va., May 23, 1864; died of wounds, June 13, 1864, at Portsmouth Grove Hospital, R. I.
- FISHER, EDWIN E.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- FISHER, FRANKLIN—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; discharged Dec. 31, 1863, for disability.
- FISHER, HENRY—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; taken prisoner at Poplar Spring Church, Sept. 30, 1864; exchanged in 1865; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- FISHER, HENRY G. B.—U. S. Navy, Captain's Clerk from April, 1861, to August, 1862.
- FISHER, NATHAN W.—Co. K, 42d Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 18, 1864; mustered out Nov. 11, 1864.
- *FISKE, JOHN W.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal; Sergeant; Color Sergeant; discharged March 4, 1864, to accept promotion; Second Lieut. 58th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 26, 1864; First Lieut. Aug. 8, 1864; severely wounded at Spottsylvania, Va., May 12, 1864; killed at Poplar Spring Church, Va., Sept. 30, 1864.
- FLEMING, PATRICK—20th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 20, 1864; rejected Feb. 23, 1864.
- *FLETCHER, DAVID—Co. I, 23d Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 29, 1862; killed at Whitehall, N. C., Dec. 16, 1862.
- FLETCHER, ISAAC—54th Reg't Mass. Inf., unassigned, Dec. 20, 1864; transferred to Co. B, 55th Reg't Mass. Inf.; mustered out Aug. 29, 1865.
- FLINN, JAMES—Co. A, 12th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 22, 1863; deserted Aug. 18, 1863.
- FLOOD, HENRY—Co. M, 4th Reg't Mass. Cav., March 1, 1864; mustered out Aug. 16, 1865.
- FLYNN, JOHN C.—11th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 29, 1864; rejected March 2, 1864.
- FLYNN, JOHN J.—19th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 29, 1864; rejected March 2, 1864.
- FLYNN, PATRICK H.—Co. K, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; discharged in 1862 for disability.
- FOGG, ROBERT—Co. C, 61st Reg't Mass. Inf., (1 year), Sept. 17, 1864; mustered out June 4, 1865.
- FOLEY, CORNELIUS—Co. B, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Oct. 11, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- FOLEY, PATRICK—Co. B, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Oct. 11, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- FONTAINE, STANISLAS—Co. B, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Oct. 11, 1862; deserted Nov. 2, 1862, at Readville, Mass.
- FORCE, CHARLES D.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862;

- Corporal; wounded at Weldon R. R., Va., Aug. 19, 1864; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- FOYE, CHARLES A.—12th Battery Mass. Light Art., Sept. 9, 1864; mustered out June 10, 1865.
- FRAZER, ROBERT—29th Unattached Co. Mass. Heavy Art. (1 year), Sept. 16, 1864; mustered out June 16, 1865.
- FREEMAN, EDWARD H.—Co. C, 45th Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 26, 1862; mustered out July 7, 1863.
- FRESBIE, DAVID—Co. H, 5th Reg't Mass. Cav., March 12, 1864; mustered out Oct. 31, 1865.
- FULLER, ALVIN—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Sergeant; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- GALUCIA, MELVIN A.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Musician; mustered out July 30, 1863; Co. K, 42d Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 18, 1864; mustered out Nov. 11, 1864.
- GALUCIA, WARREN B.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; 1st Sergeant; taken prisoner at Gaines Mills, Va., June 28, 1862; exchanged in Aug., 1862; discharged Nov. 18, 1862, for disability; Second Lieut. 56th Reg't Mass. Inf. Sept. 5, 1863; First Lieut. Jan. 4, 1864; Captain, June 24, 1864; wounded at Spottsylvania, Va., May 12, 1864, and at Petersburg, Va., July 24, 1864; mustered out July 12, 1865.
- GARVEY, WILLIAM R.—4th Battery Mass. Light Art., Feb. 22, 1864; mustered out Oct. 14, 1865.
- GAY, WILLIAM H.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- GEAR, SAMUEL B.—9th Battery Mass. Light Art., March 4, 1864; discharged Oct. 20, 1864, for disability.
- GERRITZEN, HENRY G.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; Corporal; discharged Feb. 12, 1863, for disability.
- GILCHRIST, BENJAMIN—Co. L, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Oct. 29, 1861; transferred to Co. L, 4th Reg't Mass. Cav., Feb. 12, 1864.
- GLEIMEN, THOMAS—Co. G, 22d Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 27, 1863; discharged April 20, 1864, to enlist in Navy.
- GOLDEN, MICHAEL—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- GOLDEN, THOMAS—Co. K, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 29, 1863; mustered out June 26, 1865, in Co. A.
- GONZALES, MORTIMER—3d Reg't Inf., U. S. A., April 14, 1864.
- GOOD, JOHN—Co. K, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 29, 1863; mustered out June 26, 1865, in Co. A.
- GOODWIN, JOHN A.—Co. B, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Sept. 12, 1861; Commissary Sergeant; Sergeant Major; Second

- Lieut. Dec. 14, 1862; First Lieut. May 13, 1863; mustered out May 15, 1865.
- GOWELL, BENJAMIN—Co. M (1 year), 3d Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 30, 1864; mustered out Sept. 28, 1865, in Co. F.
- GOWELL, FRANK B.—Co. M (1 year), 3d Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 30, 1864; mustered out Sept. 28, 1865, in Co. F.
- GRADY, PETER—Co. A, 2d Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., July 28, 1863; mustered out Sept. 3, 1865.
- GRAHAM, ROSS P.—28th Reg't Mass. Inf., May 31, 1864.
- GRANT, CHARLES E.—Co. F, 5th Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 16, 1864; mustered out Nov. 16, 1864.
- GRANT, CHARLES H.—Co. D, 1st Batt. Frontier Cav. (1 year), Jan. 2, 1865; mustered out June 30, 1865.
- GRANT, DAVID F.—Co. M. (1 year), 3d Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 31, 1864; mustered out Sept. 28, 1865, in Co. F.
- GRANT, GEORGE W.—Co. M. (1 year), 3d Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 31, 1864; mustered out Sept. 28, 1865, in Co. F.
- GRANT, ISAAC N.—Reg't Cav., U. S. A.
- GRIGGS, JAMES H.—Co. B, 5th Reg't Mass. Inf. (3 mos.), May 1, 1861; wounded and taken prisoner at Bull Run, Va., July 21, 1861; exchanged June 1, 1862; Co. D, 33d Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 5, 1862; Sergeant; discharged March 19, 1863, for disability; Commissary Sergeant 37th Reg't U. S. C. T., Jan. 18, 1864; 2d Lieut; mustered out Feb. 17, 1867.
- GROVER, FRANK D.—Co. B, 2d Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., July 29, 1863; mustered out July 12, 1865.
- GRYMES, GEORGE—3d Reg't Inf., U. S. A., April 18, 1864.
- GUILD, AMASA—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; Corporal; First Lieut. Jan. 15, 1864; mustered out Sept. 29, 1864.
- GUILD, CHARLES J.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- GUILD, CLARENCE M.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- GUILD, E. PHINEAS—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Corporal; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- GUILD, EDWARD W.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- GUILD, JOSEPH—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863; Co. K, 42d Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 18, 1864; mustered out Nov. 11, 1864.
- *GUILD, OSCAR S.—Co. H, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; died in hospital at Hall's Hill, Va., Feb. 22, 1862.
- GUILD, OTIS S.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; mustered out Sept. 2, 1864.

- GUILD, WILLIAM R.—Co. D, 42d Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 20, 1864; mustered out Nov. 11, 1864.
- HAAS, CHARLES J.—Co. B, 20th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 26, 1861; mustered out Aug. 1, 1864.
- HAGUE, BENJAMIN—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- HAHN, JOHN A.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.) Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- HALE, WILLIAM—Co. G, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 1, 1863; re-enlisted Jan. 4, 1864; transferred to Co. D; deserted Dec. 25, 1865.
- HAM, WILLIAM—Veteran Reserve Corps, April 16, 1864.
- *HAMMOND, ALBERT O.—Co. M, 2d Reg't Mass. Cav., Jan. 4, 1864; died Sept. 12, 1864, at Savannah, Ga., a prisoner of war.
- HAMMOND, CHARLES—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; deserted Sept. 17, 1862.
- HANKS, HENRY J.—Co. L, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Oct. 7, 1861; transferred to Co. L, 4th Reg't Mass. Cav., Feb. 12, 1864; mustered out Oct. 12, 1864.
- HARLEY, THOMAS—Co. K, 59th Reg't Mass. Inf., April 21, 1864; Musician; deserted May 23, 1865.
- HARRIMAN, GEORGE N.—Veteran Reserve Corps, Aug. 15, 1864.
- HARRIS, GEORGE—28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 29, 1864; rejected March 2, 1865.
- HARTNETT, WILLIAM J.—Co. I, 48th Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Nov. 15, 1862; 1st Sergeant; Second Lieut., Dec. 26, 1862; resigned March 1, 1863.
- HARTNEY, JEREMIAH—Co. F., 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; taken prisoner at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862; discharged Feb. 9, 1863, for disability.
- HARTSHORN, ALFRED T.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; discharged Dec. 29, 1863, for disability.
- HARTSHORN, CHARLES E.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; disch. Apr. 25, 1863, for disability.
- HATHAWAY, R. ELLIS—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- *HATTON, EDWARD E.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; Corporal; killed at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862.
- HAWKINS, CHARLES—Co. F., 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; Musician; transferred to Vet. Reserve Corps, March 15, 1864; mustered out Sept. 2, 1864.
- *HAWKINS, JAMES J.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 12, 1862; killed on railroad at Readville, Mass., Nov. 4, 1862.
- HAYES, THOMAS—4th Battery, Mass. Light Art., Sept. 19, 1864; transferred to 13th Battery Mass. Light Art. Jan. 17, 1865; mustered out June 16, 1865.

- HAYFORD, HARVEY L.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; re-enlisted Jan. 1, 1864; transferred to Co. E, 32d Reg't Mass. Inf., Oct. 21, 1864; mustered out June 29, 1865.
- HAYNES, FRANCIS W.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Corporal, Sergeant; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- HAYS, JOHN—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; mustered out June 27, 1865.
- HAYWARD, FRANK D.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863; U. S. Signal Corps, March 31, 1864; Sergeant; mustered out Aug. 21, 1865.
- *HEATH, WILLIAM—Co. I, 22d Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 6, 1861; accidentally shot at Hall's Hill, Va., Dec. 7, 1861.
- HECKLER, WILLIAM—67th Reg't Ohio Infantry, April 14, 1864.
- *HENIHAN, MICHAEL—Co. H, 2d Reg't Mass. Inf., May 25, 1861; killed at Chancellorsville, Va., May 3, 1863.
- HENNESSEY, EDWARD B.—Co. D, 28th Reg't Mass. Inf., March 22, 1864; discharged July 19, 1864, for disability.
- HERRING, EDWARD J.—2d Co. Mass. Sharpshooters, Oct. 1, 1861; discharged March 11, 1863, for disability.
- HEWINS, GEORGE W.—Co. F, 2d Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., Oct. 8, 1863; mustered out Sept. 3, 1865.
- *HILL, WILLIAM—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Second Lieut., Aug. 8, 1862; First Lieut., Aug. 27, 1862; wounded at South Mountain, Md., Sept. 14, 1862; killed at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862.
- HILLERY, WILLIAM C.—Co. F, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Oct. 19, 1861; discharged Jan. 13, 1863, for disability.
- HODGE, JOHN—Co. A, 57th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 20, 1864; mustered out July 30, 1865.
- *HODGE, JOHN H.—Co. G, 59th Reg't Mass. Inf., March 4, 1864; killed at Petersburg, Va., July 30, 1864.
- HODGES, FRANK F.—Co. C, 45th Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 26, 1862; mustered out July 7, 1863.
- HOGAN, EDWARD—Co. F, 38th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 13, 1862; mustered out June 30, 1865.
- HOGAN, JOHN—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; taken prisoner at Poplar Spring Church, Sept. 30, 1864; exchanged in 1865; mustered out July 1, 1865.
- HOLLAND, PATRICK—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; wounded at Antietam, Md., Sept. 17, 1862; discharged May 9, 1863, on account of wounds.
- HOLLIS, HENRY C.—Co. G, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 23, 1861; discharged Dec. 31, 1861, for disability.

- *HOLMES, EDWARD—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861 ; Corporal ; killed at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862.
- HOLMES, JAMES T.—Co. C, 61st Reg't Mass. Inf. (1 year), Sept. 6, 1864 ; Sergeant ; mustered out June 4, 1865.
- HOMER, WILLIAM A.—Co. H, 61st Reg't Mass. Inf. (1 year), Dec. 27, 1864 ; deserted Jan. 26, 1865.
- HOOKE, GEORGE E.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862 ; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- HOOKE, JAMES B.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862 ; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- HOUGHTON, JOSEPH—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862 ; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- HOUGHTON, LEWIS J.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 14, 1861 ; taken prisoner at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862 ; mustered out Sept. 2, 1864.
- HOWARD, MARTIN—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862 ; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- HOWARD, PATRICK—13th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 20, 1863 ; unassigned recruit.
- HOWE, WILLIAM—Co. F, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 16, 1861 ; mustered out Sept. 16, 1864.
- HUGHES, WILLIAM H.—Co. G, 22d Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 27, 1863 ; deserted Feb. 29, 1864.
- HUNT, SAMUEL C.—Co. C, 45th Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 26, 1862 ; mustered out July 7, 1863.
- HUNT, WILLIAM—Co. G, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Dec. 5, 1861 ; discharged Oct. 1, 1862, for disability.
- *HUTCHINS, EDWARD—1st Co. Mass. Sharpshooters, Oct. 13, 1862 ; Sergeant ; killed at Gettysburg, Pa., July 3, 1863.
- HUTCHINS, WILLIAM H.—Co. B, 1st Batt. Mass. Heavy Art., Oct. 29, 1862 ; Sergeant ; discharged Sept. 27, 1864, for disability.
- *HYDE, JOHN—Co. C, 9th Reg't Mass. Inf., June 11, 1861 ; killed at Gaines Mills, Va., June 27, 1862.
- HYDE, JOHN, JR.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862 ; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- IDE, FRANCIS P.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862 ; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- ILSLEY, NATHANIEL M.—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862 ; wounded at Cold Harbor, Va., June 5, 1864 ; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- INGALLS, WALTER—Co. A, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Oct. 11, 1861 ; discharged Sept. 2, 1862, for disability.

(To be continued.)

EXTRACTS FROM THE AMES DIARY.

BY EDNA FRANCES CALDER.

(Continued from page 63.)

1794.

JANUARY.

- 7 Court of Sessions Dedham by adjournment.
 15 Gen. Court sit. Queen of France tyrannically & inhumanly
 Guillotined.
 23 Hand Bills Duke York & Army and Toulon retaken by the French
 Republicans.
 25 The above news from France wants confirmation. Various is
 their success in their conflicts and it seems they have yet no fix'd prin-
 ciples of Liberty by their taking off heads by dozens without much cere-
 mony, mere popular prejudice is enough to shave close to the shoulders!

FEBRUARY.

- 4 Went Boston on behalf of Ct Sessions Norfolk to defend against
 the 9 towns
 15 The 9 Towns petitioning to recede from Norfolk & join Suffolk
 have leave to withdraw their Petit^a. And now think to break up the
 County by altering Shire town and Dunbar is their tool or Fool in pro-
 posing Convention.
 28 The nine Towns of Norfolk continue to make disturbance in
 hopes to break the County by altering Shire town. trying to get a con-
 vention for that purpose.

MARCH.

- 1 Because of the shortness and practicability of greatly improving the
 middle from Boston to Hartford and for the benefit it would be to
 Sundry Farms &c on s^d Road it is warmly talk'd of joining for a Line of
 Stages and to have a Post office and a printer in Dedham.
 12 Fine day. sit without fire.
 15 Gardening begins.
 17 Began tarring apple trees
 19 Numbers of our best men want to join in running a line of Car-
 riages on the middle road but we can get no answer from Judge Metcalf
 yet whose concurrence we wait. If he is as slow in deciding as some,
 others will seize the prize before us it must be profitable.
 20 William Park of Groton, Stone Cutter offers to undertake for 9s
 per day himself to build a gaol. Concord & Worcester Goals are 65 feet
 long and 3 Story high and Concord Gaol was never a quarter filled.
 Amherst Gaol built last Summer by said Park is only 32 feet long 24
 wide. He doubts not he can find Stones in our environs that will do, he
 chooses to see & order the splitting stone in order for sledding home,
 for hewing with hammer.
 23 Various attempts to break and divide the County of Norfolk
 among the 9 towns.
 29 Articles drawn for Line of Stages Middle road to Hartford.
 31 Too much of my time engrossed by public concerns

APRIL.

- 7 Gov^r S. Adams 90 vo^{es} Cushing 7 votes Dedham
 8 Tim Gay bo't Col. Fisher's place.

16 Peas appear that were planted 28th March.
 17 Public Fast.
 20 Circular Letter from Roxbury inviting a Convention to be held at Henry Vose's to break County of Norfolk.
 26 Justice Barrett took of Col^l. Draper 7-8 for writing a common Deed & taking the acknowledgmt of same at 100 Rods distance. We cannot get such Fees among the Country Justices!!!

MAY.

3 This day find Montague as Robins said a Puppy, liar, &c.
 4 To avoid losses I find it necessary to make Notes for punctually taking Clerk's fees of Sessions & Com Pleas.
 15 County of Norfolk Convention at Milton to break up S^d County but were defeated
 16 Mail established on the middle road thro' Dedham. Who will contract for it.
 19 Pease has contracted to carry it for 15 months, on purpose some suppose to discredit the road as he also carries on the Western road.

JUNE.

2 Drafted another Petition for Roxbury against their Town meeting. Roxbury & other Towns petition again to be sett back to Boston & committed to a Committee of both Houses which I admire as did not expect so much notice would be taken of their 2d Petition—but Counter Petitions fill up fast.
 7 Report of Comm^{ee} of House Rep that Weymouth return to Suffolk & the other 4 Towns withdraw Petition was rejected by above 80 against 54 so that Norfolk is further confirmed

JULY.

6 Rec^d a fine Muskmelon for a Mackarel.
 11 Father died 30 years ago from 6 o'clock this morning.
 21 Sold old red cow to Capt E Pond 14 dollars.
 31 Great fire in Boston near Fort Hill

AUGUST.

12 Josiah Fisher jr. buried
 19 Supreme Court sits here.
 20 Every moment engaged making Copies Court.
 30 The Committee of 5 called the building Com^{ee} of Norfolk are so slow & dilatory that the patience of those that are well affected to the County of Norfolk is exhausted. And try to prompt the carpenters to come forward with Estimates of the expense of Ct. house & what they will contract for.

SEPTEMBER.

12 Committee on building disappoint the County.
 By Sickness I lose my practice.
 25 By disunion our attempts to get Lumber for Ct. house abortive
 28 Scarcity of water. Wells dry. Springs low.
 30 Court sits here.

OCTOBER.

26 Violent storm penetrates thro' my house wets the back Chambers all over.
 28 Capt. Stow compleated my hearth in a workmanlike manner.

NOVEMBER.

3 Began to frame the Court house
 6 Wild geese begin to fly S.
 9 Raised 49 Bushels corn besides Potatoes on C'h'n lot.

11 No Carpenters or Masons to be hired, no teams to be hired to cart wood house open by failure of carpenters no wood comes along to sell.

15 Steer bro't home from the woods.

16 Court house framing retarded by Snow, as I told them it would be for their sluggishness.

20 Annual Thanksgiving.

21 Violent S. rain drove water across front rooms which came thro' the windows for want of paint on the putty & joints

26 Raised the Court house in part.

DECEMBER.

5 Committed J. Jones to Boston goal for theft (a stroller) known to the Gaoler by the name of Smith an old offender.
issued Warrant take Prince & Ann stealing beef.

15 Sowed Fowl Meadow among the Cornhills next the ditch in Ch^a Lot to the Maple Stump N & South.

17 hot Cause pant & sweat in motion.

25 Christmas warm as May. Glowing warm.

27 Joseph Guild Esq. died. Court house shingling.

31 Fine weather till the 30th so that it was said Decemb was wedded to April, and all business driving on without impd't except the shortness of daylight.

(To be continued.)

WEST ROXBURY SCHOOL HOUSE, 1767.

The following is copied from the original agreement now in the possession of Mr. Frank A. Hewins, of West Roxbury :—

This Agreement Made & Confirmed betwixt Nathaniel Whiting, of Roxbury, on the one Part, and Joseph Richards Ensiⁿ Jeremiah Richards, and David Weld, who are a Comitty for the School in the Westerly End of the Town of Roxbury, this Nineteenth Day of May Anno Dⁱ 1767: who are on the other Part, Viz: that the above Said Nathaniel Whiting do finde and Provid all the Stuff at his Cost and Bulde a New School-house an the Spot of Land which Captⁿ Jeremiah Richards hath Lately Given a Deed of to the Proprietors of the Said School which Shal be Twenty five feet in Length, & Twenty feet wide, the Posts Nine feet Betwixt Joints, and be finished of in or Near the Same form both in Side and ovt Side that the School hovse is, in that Part of Dedham, which is Called Springfield, on or before the Tenth Day of November Next to the Sattisfaction of the above said Committy, Excepting an Iron Mantle tree which Said Comtee is to finde, in Concideration of Fifty Povnds L M, in Cash, and his Two Sones Isaiah and Benajah Whitings being Cleered from paying anything more than what they Pay to their Father Which Said Sum of Fifty Povnds, the above Said Comtee do Promis and Ingage to Pay to the Said Nath^l Whiting Viz: the Sum of Twenty Povnds, on or before the first Day of June Next, and the other Thirty Povnds, on or

before the Twentieth Day of November Next, on Penalty of One Hundred Pound, to be Paid by Either Parties failing here of. In Testimony whereof, we the Said Nath^l Whiting, Joseph Richards, Jeremiah Richards & David Weld, Do Interchangeably Set ovr hands and Seals the Day and year above Written,

Signed Sealed and Delivered

In Presence of us.

John Draper

Nath^l Richards

JO^s RICHARDS

JEREMIAH RICHARDS ju^r

DAVID WELD

NATH^{ll} WHITING

NOTES AND QUERIES.

NOTES.

IN the April number of the REGISTER (page 53) Mr. Slafter, in speaking of Nathan Metcalf, says, "For his second wife," etc.; and the remainder of the sentence is quoted evidently from my article of a year ago. The four words "For his second wife" might have been omitted, for Nathan Metcalf was never married but once, and then to Mrs. Hepsibah Tilton, as stated. I quote a letter from my mother:—"A Mrs. Gould kept house for him a number of years in the old Red House. Mrs. Tilton kept house for him ten or twelve years in George Wadsworth's house (South Franklin.) She was his first and only wife," and was married to him only two months before his death.

FRANK J. METCALF,

1820 9th St., N. W., Washington, D. C.

4. *Barnes or Barns*.—Persons of the name are requested to furnish data concerning their family record for use in the Barnes Genealogy, now in preparation.

BYRON BARNES HORTON,
Sheffield, Penn.

REPLY.

3. In answer to Query No. 3, in the April number of the REGISTER, (page 79) I desire to say that the letter referred to was written in 1887. Since then confirmation has been received from various quarters of the theory that Margaret Ware married John Foster. The statement made in the "Descendants of Robert Ware of Dedham" that Margaret married Ebenezer Metcalf, was taken from New England Historical and Genealogical Register, Vol. VI. page 174. Whether this statement was simply an error, or whether there were two Margarets, or two marriages, remains to be discovered; but there appears to be no question of the Foster marriage.

E. F. W.

For want of space, several articles have been left for the October REGISTER.



NEAR THIS SPOT
THE FIRST
DAM AND MILL
WERE BUILT
IN
1640.

John Elderkin accepted the offer of the town, and built the mill, in 1641. Late in the following year Nathaniel Whiting bought one-half of the property, and in 1649 purchased the other half. Such was the beginning of the first mill in Dedham, and it was the beginning of other important industries on the same brook. At longer or shorter intervals this mill with the water privileges and adjacent lands, passed from one to another in the line of descent or by purchase, and remained in the possession of Mr. Whiting and his descendants for nearly two centuries.

As early as April 26, 1699, the dam at Mill Lane was begun. By a deed made on that date reference is made to a "dam now erecting by Timothy Whiting" and "further that John Lewis shall have a sufficient highway from his houselot to the highway leading from East Street to the mill which was Nathaniel Whiting's, late of Dedham, to continue as it is now laid out through Timothy Whiting's land to said highway." Reference is also made to Timothy Whiting's fulling-mill, situated near the dam. It is probable that both the grist and saw-mill were built about this time, and it may be that the buildings represented in the pictures were the original structures.

The ownership of these mills, like that of the first mill on the dam above, remained in the Whiting family for over a century. Timothy, Nathaniel, Moses, Aaron, Lemuel and William, as well as others of the same family, appear as successive owners. They were taken down about ten years ago, and there is little now to mark the sites but the race-ways and a few wheels left standing in the water.

From the bridge crossing the brook at this point the views down the stream are beautiful. One of these was reproduced

in the REGISTER (IV, 51) for April, 1893, and gives an attractive picture of what is known as the Stone Mill. Along the whole course of Mother Brook from the Charles to the Neponset Rivers there is much to attract the artist and the writer. The good judgment of the early settlers in cutting the wide ditch through to the source of the brook, has led to the existence of several valuable water privileges, and to the support of varied industries.

MOSES AND AARON LEWIS.

BY GEORGE H. LEWIS.

IN 1735 John Simpson and 52 others became petitioners "to the Great and General Court or Assembly of the Province of the Massachusetts Bay, in New England, for a grant of six miles square for a township." On what they based their claim does not appear from any record before us, but it was probably connected with the expedition under the command of Sir William Phips in 1690, in the conquest of Canada, for the purpose of securing the Colonies against the frequent incursions of the Indians, at the instigation of their French allies. The expedition proved a failure and the cost impoverished the Treasury of Massachusetts; and bills of credit were issued to pay the soldiers, and to pay other expenses. They soon depreciated so far as to become nearly worthless, and the soldiers who had received them laid claims for further remuneration. Many petitions were made under the name of "Canada," with the name of the town prefixed to which the petitioners belonged. This grant was made March 12, 1735. The name "New Boston" was given to it. The town was to be six miles square, to be laid out in 63 equal shares, one of which to be for the first settled minister, one for the ministry, and one for the schools; and that on each of the other sixty shares the petitioners shall, within three years from the confirmation of the plat, have settled one good family, who shall have a house built on his house-lot of eighteen feet square, and seven feet stud, at the least, and finished; that each

right or grant have six acres of land brought to and ploughed, or brought to English grass; and that they build and finish a convenient Meeting House for the public worship of God, and settle a learned and Orthodox minister.

The tract of land known as New Hampshire early came under the protection and government of Massachusetts, and though claims to it were often preferred, and much litigation was had, those claims were resisted until John Tufton Mason, a grandson of Capt. John Mason, who conveyed, in 1746, his interest to lands in New Hampshire, "for the sum of £1500 currency" to Theodore Atkinson, M. H. Wentworth, and 13 others. This transaction occasioned great consternation among those who had settled within the limits of this Masonian grant, because these men were in power, and it was seen that it would be hard to resist their claim. Accordingly, in 1751, after a committee of the Proprietors of New Boston had expressed to the purchasers a desire to compromise the matter with them, they voted that "Joseph Blanchard, Esq., is hereby authorized and fully empowered to agree and Compound all Claims and Demands, Differences, Disputes and Controversies, whatsoever, made, being and subsisting between the said Proprietors and the Claimers of said Tract of Land under the said Government." The foregoing action of the Masonian Heirs was in response to the action of the Proprietors of New Boston, May 15, 1751, when a standing Committee of three men was appointed to "settle with them on the best Terms they can, if they think proper."

A conference was held with Col. John Blanchard, and a charter obtained by which their former grant from Massachusetts Bay was confirmed, and the New Addition was added which continued a part of New Boston until 1772. The New Addition was a parallelogram two and a half miles from east to west, and three and a half miles from north to south. In the southwest corner of this tract was located a farm for the grantors, 400 acres; in the S. E. corner was another lot laid out for grantors, of 430 acres, with allowance for what part of the Haunted

Pond it takes in"; and in the centre Col. Joseph Blanchard's farm was located, containing 300 acres. The remaining portion was divided into 51 lots. The division was made in 1753. The New Addition remained a part of New Boston for 21 years. David Lewis (*John*, see REGISTER V. 10) was twice on the Board of Selectmen, in this way and most of the time in great harmony, the Addition belonged to New Boston.

In July 22, 1771, a petition was presented to the Legislature, signed by 31 men, asking that the New Boston Addition and a part of the Society Land adjoining might be incorporated into a town. The petition was successful and after the due formalities, this tract was incorporated as the town of Frances Town, June 8, 1772. It received its name from Frances, the wife of Gov. Wentworth, and was written "Frances Town" in the old records. These hardy men and noble women bravely did their part for liberty. Even as early as June 10, 1775, they showed their determination by choosing a committee of seven, with John Dickey as chairman, "to examine and try any person or persons that are or Shall be Suspected of being Enemies to the Country." That was pretty decided and surely vigorous loyalty. A large proportion of the men of the town were constantly in the Army, exchanging places from time to time, as appears by the record. Seven years after the Battle of Lexington they voted to raise men "to serve in the Continentle Army for the term of 3 years or during the war."

The History of Hillsboro County gives this description of Frances Town as it was at that period and before: "This country was known to hunters and explorers long before its settlement, on account of its beautiful meadows. Early in 1673 a plat had been accepted under the Government of Massachusetts purporting to cover most of the town, as now existing. This amounted to nothing, as the location was dangerously remote from any settlements; but it shows the attractiveness in those early days. These open, green, grassy meadows were like oases of beauty in dense forests. New Boston and Francetown must have seemed to be one quarter covered with water. But when, very early,

the beavers, which were then very numerous, had been destroyed by hunters for their valuable furs, the ponds drained off, and over the soft ground, long covered with water held by the dams they constructed, grass sprang up luxuriantly and was just in season for settlers. This wonderful grass crop at once attracted attention. It was of excellent quality and high as a man's head and easy to get."

In 1771, early in the spring, Moses Lewis and Aaron Lewis, his half brother, sons of Jonathan [(10), *John* (4)] of Dedham, went to New Boston and bought a farm of James Dickey of New Boston, Yeoman. In consideration of £69 lawful money, he sold to Moses Lewis, Yeoman, and Aaron Lewis, Housewright, both of Dedham, one certain lot of land in the New Addition to New Boston containing 100 acres as now laid out bearing number 30, bounded southerly by Lot 51, westerly by Lot 31 and a farm, northerly on Lot 28 and a large pond, and last on a farm, also another piece of land lying in New Addition of New Boston containing seven acres bounded south on Lot 31 from the southeast of farm formerly laid out by Col. Blanchard running west. Deed May 9, 1771; witnessed by David Lewis [*John* (8), *John* (4), REGISTER, V. 10.] (Hillsboro Co. Deeds, I. 306.)

This farm was alongside of the farm reserved by the grantors for Col. Blanchard and adjoining the Haunted Pond. After making the necessary clearing they returned to Dedham, and the next year went to the farm in the early spring. The country at that time was a dense forest with no roads or bridle paths and with their paths blazed on the trees only to guide them. On Sept. 24, 1772, Aaron Lewis married Sarah White at Sharon, Mass., and on the following Dec. 21, 1772, sold his half interest in his farm to Moses Lewis for £63. Deed witnessed by David Lewis and Thomas Lewis; signed by Aaron and Sarah Lewis (Hillsboro Co. Deeds, I. 305). On May 24, 1774, Moses Lewis sells this farm to Enoch Holmes of Walpole, Mass., for £133. 6. 8. (See Hill's Dedham Rec., I. 107, 122, for Holmes.) Deed recorded Dec. 13, 1782. (Deeds, IX. 291.) On June 1,

1774, John Styles of Lyndeboro, for £45 paid by Moses Lewis of Lyndeboro, yeoman, sells him part of the lot the Proprietors of Lyndeboro laid out to Rev. Sewall Goodridge, the second minister of Lyndeboro, in the northwest part of the town. Deed recorded Feb. 22, 1798. (Deeds, XLIV. 405.)

In 1791, Dec. 28, Greenfield was incorporated by taking the northwest part of Lyndeboro, the southwest part of Francestown and some land from Bennington, and the farm of Moses Lewis was taken into Greenfield. In 1795 a road was laid out in Greenfield through the land of Moses Lewis to a little brook in said land of Moses Lewis, thence easterly to the road that leads to Lyndeboro. (Town Records.) In the Act of Incorporation the line runs along the line of the land of Moses Lewis. On May 6, 1780, Aaron Lewis buys of Anne Clark, widow, of Salem, Mass., for £200 "lawful silver money", "all my right to two lots of land, numbers 120 and 121, 300 acres in Lyndeboro. Deed recorded March 4, 1791. (Deeds, XXVII. 281.)

THE SCHOOLS AND TEACHERS OF DEDHAM.

BY CARLOS SLAFTER.

(Continued from page 98.)

Miss NANCY JONES in the summer of 1822 had charge of the West Dedham School. I have failed to learn any facts concerning her.

Miss Rebecca Hall taught the summer school in West Dedham in 1823. She is characterized by one of her pupils as a "ladylike and most acceptable teacher," and was probably a native of Pepperell.

Walpole Corner School, in the summer of 1827, was instructed by Mary Perry of Natick. She was the daughter of Major Elijah and Mary (Jones) Perry, born March 21, 1801. She was educated in select schools in West Needham (now Wellesley) and Templeton, Mass., and taught school in Dover Centre and South Natick several terms. Nov. 29, 1827, she was united in marriage to William Richards of Dover, by the

Rev. Ralph Sanger. She died in Natick, Dec. 12, 1889, having been a member of the Congregational Church in West Needham since 1819 or 1820.

In the summer of 1827 the mistress of the West Dedham School was Miss Chloe Haven of Framingham, the daughter of Deacon Moses P. and Chloe (Eames) Haven, born June 4, 1793. She never married, and died Jan. 12, 1882, in Framingham.

For sixteen weeks in the summer of 1827, Lucia E. Adams had charge of the Second Middle School.

In the winter of 1827-8 the Mill School was in charge of Calvin Fairbanks Ellis, the son of Jason and Susan Davis (Fairbanks) Ellis of West Dedham, where he was born Oct. 30, 1806. Mr. Ellis was educated at Wrentham Academy, and devoted himself to trade in palm-leaf and palm-leaf hats, his place of business being on High Street, Boston. He married 1st, Julia Ellis Gay, May 17, 1832; 2dly, Mrs. Maria (Guild) Fairbanks, July 7, 1859. His last residence was in Dedham, where he died Feb. 23, 1875.

Nathaniel Ames, son of Hon. Fisher Ames, was in charge of the Second Middle School two months in the winter of 1827-8. He was not an acceptable teacher; and, to complete the term, Charles French continued the school a month and a half. Mr. Ames was born May 17, 1796; died Jan. 8, 1835.

Jane Foord, the daughter of James and Hannah Foord, taught the Mill School two summers, 1827 and 1828. She died Oct. 15, 1831, at the age of twenty-seven years.

The Westfield District School was under the instruction of Elijah Perry two winters, 1827-8 and 1828-9. He was the son of Major Elisha and Mary (Jones) Perry of Natick, born Nov. 14, 1807, and was educated in the Leicester Academy. He was united in marriage to Mehitabel Battelle of Dover, Nov. 29, 1832; and to Mrs. Malvina R. Wood, January, 1857. He served one term as a member of the General Court from Dover and Medfield. Was a member of the State Board of Agriculture, Guardian of the Natick Indians, an active member of the South

Natick Historical Society, and in general an intelligent and public spirited citizen. He died in Natick, Nov. 28, 1885.

In the summer of 1828, the Westfield School was taught by Miss Catherine Hinsdale Allen. She was the daughter of Nathan and Catherine (Fisher) Allen of Medfield, Mass., where she was born in 1810. Naturally gifted and refined, she had by study and reading cultivated her literary taste and intelligence. On May 1, 1831, she was married to William Harvey Spear and resided in Plymouth.

Harriet Ware of Wrentham was employed in the Clapboard-trees School two summers, 1828 and 1829. The daughter of Paul and Hannah (Brastow) Ware, she was born Jan. 5, 1799, educated in the public schools and Day's Academy of her native town, and was a teacher in several places. Nov. 19, 1838, she was united in marriage to Nathan Barrett in Boston. Her last residence was in Wrentham; but she died in Dorchester Feb. 14, 1888, in her ninetieth year. Many years ago one of her pupils mentioned to me Mrs. Barrett's excellent instruction as a thing very pleasant to remember.

In the summer of 1829 the Westfield School was taught by Sophia Perrin Baker, the daughter of Obed and Betsey (Metcalf) Baker, born in Dedham, Nov. 6, 1810. She was joined in marriage to David T. Moody of Scarboro, Maine, Oct. 24, 1855, and now resides in West Dedham.

In the winter of 1829-30, the West Dedham School was under the direction of Appleton Fay, of whom I can obtain no further account.

Thomas P. Ryder had charge of the East Street School two winters, 1828-9 and 1829-30; also of the Mill School in 1834-5 two month, for which he received sixty dollars, very high wages at that period.

Julia Ann Gay, mistress in West Dedham in 1829, was the daughter of Moses and Mehitabel (Holmes) Gay, and married Elijah Howe Nov. 2, 1834. She died Dec. 12, 1880, aged 77 years.

Francis William Bird was master of the Mill School in the winter of 1828-9, and in the autumn of 1831 opened a private school in Dedham village, but on account of failing health he left it in the spring of 1832. He was the son of George and Martha (Newell) Bird, born in Dedham Oct. 22, 1809. As early as 1807 his father was engaged in paper making in Mill Village, Dedham, and after 1818 pursued the same business in Walpole, where his son Francis spent a large part of his boyhood in his father's mill. At Day's Academy, Wrentham, he prepared to enter Brown University, from which he graduated in 1831. In 1833 he engaged in the manufacture of paper at East Walpole. This continued to be his business during a long and active life. In 1834 he was united in marriage to Miss Rebecca Hill Cooke, of Providence, R. I., and in 1843 to Miss Abby Frances Newell of Boston. Mr. Bird's political career began in 1846, and from that time till the end of his life was earnest and influential. As a member of the Legislature and the Council he served the state most faithfully and was always found in opposition to schemes that tended to waste and extravagance.

The West Dedham School was under the instruction of Obadiah Wheelock Albee, four winters, 1828-9, and from 1830 to 1833. He was the son of Moses and Lucretia (Howard) Albee of Milford, born March 24, 1808, and graduated at Brown University in 1832. In 1833 he removed to Marlboro and had charge of the Gates Academy till 1860, excepting a year, 1849-50, in which he visited California. His pupils came from many states. For six years he was in the Legislature, in the Senate two years, and was the author of the famous Personal Liberty Bill. In 1862 he was appointed Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue. He distinguished himself chiefly as a teacher having power "to compel obedience and at the same time to inspire affection." He was a valued friend and did much to mould the character of business men in his adopted town, where he died July 31, 1866.

(To be continued.)

DEDHAM BRANCH OF THE MANN FAMILY.

Compiled by

ANNA MARIA (TOLMAN) PICKFORD.

IN heraldry, the name of Mann is said to be derived from Boadie, a patriarch, or leader of one of the tribes of the ancient Britons, which tribe was about the year 61 subjected to a state of vassalage under the Emperor Nero. This patriarch leader, having taken a conspicuous part in the revolt of Boadicea, his kinswoman, who was the reigning queen of Icena, Briton (see App. Enc.), against the tyranny of Nero, was at last driven by the Romans to take refuge with a remnant of Britons, among the craggy mountains of Wales, whence they continued to annoy the enemy, who had reduced a great part of the island to a state of servitude. Among the more ancient Cambri, from whom the Britons were descended, Boadie signified "man," or "a great man," and Pea signified a large hill or mountain, which afterwards occasioned the neighboring enemy to distinguish this patriarch chief by the name of Peabodie, or Mountain Man. This tribe multiplied considerably, but long and bloody conflicts with their neighbors often reduced their numbers, and left them in great distress, until in the sixth century a compromise took place, and they began to assimilate to their neighbors. During the invasion of the kingdom by the northern Saxons and others in the reign of King Arthur, a leader or patriarch of one of the tribes, by the name of Peabodie, by his courage and exertions in the battle on the river Douglass, aided much in expelling the invaders. Having in his possession a helmet and armor on which was a Roman badge of distinction, consisting of two suns in bordure, also a miniature likeness of the Empress Poppa, wife of Nero, which had been taken in battle from a Roman officer by the first named leader Boadie, and carefully preserved by the patriarchs of that name as a trophy of honor, it was ordered by King Arthur to be registered with additions, as a reward of

fidelity and valor, so as to stand to the name of Peabodie. Some of the name and family kept the name of Boadie, which with some was afterwards anglicized, hence the name of Mann, while others kept the name of Pea, which being also anglicized, some were called Hill, others Mont and Mountain. Hence those names, and there are arms to each name but not so ancient.

The above is gathered from a history of the origin of the name of Peabody, by C. M. Endicott of Salem, and published in the April number, 1848, of the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, page 153. It there purports to be extracted from Ancient Records, Vol. II., folio 327, No. 109, and transferred to Modern Records, Vol. II. folio 65, No. 97, and is dated Heraldry office, London, Cheapside, Oct. 23, 1796. See Rec. Herman Mann, of Dedham, 1848. The English records show us that one of the earliest notices of the family name of Mann, in England, is to be found in the Domesday Book in 1086, where *Willelmus filius Manne* (William the Son of Man) is mentioned as a Landholder in the County of Hants. See English Record in Genealogy of the Mann Family by George S. Mann, dated 1884, and published by David Clapp and Sons of Boston.

R. Ferguson, London, 1864, has the following derivation in the "Teutonic Name System" (p. 57): "There are several names of which the etymological meaning is simply Mann. . . . And the words seem to be used, par excellence, as we apply the terms manly and beautiful. . . . At the head of the list is Mann, which is in a more direct manner connected with hero worship than the rest, if, as is probably the case, its use as a name is to be traced up to the Mannus of Tacitus, the fabled son of the hero or god Tuisco and the founder of the German nation."

The following five generations are compiled from Berry's Pedigree of Families, by Alrick H. Mann, of New York:—

JOHN MANN¹, m. [], dau. of [] Cornwall. Their child:—

JAMES², Gent., m. Dorothy, dau. of [] Vidal. Their child:—

JOHN³, Gent., m. Eleanor, dau. of [] Hunt; of the city of Canterbury. Their children were:—

WILLIAM⁴, m. Frances Blaverhasset.

JOAN⁴, m. George Russell.

CATHARINE⁴, m. John Neale.

ANN⁴, m. [] Vaughan.

GEORGE⁴, m. Joan Davis of Folkstone, wid. of John Torstall, of Langford. She rem. Sir Thomas Trevor, Knt.

SIR CHARLES⁵, son of William⁴ and Frances Mann, knighted June 15, 1625, by Charles I., m. 1st Affra, dau. of John Parker of Westcourt, in the parish of Liberts-well, Kt., sister and heiress of James Parker of Crayford, in same County, Gent.; m. 2dly, Mary, dau. of Thomas Morris, Esq., wid. of Goldwell Rogers. Children of Sir Charles and Affra:—

WILLIAM⁶, aged 19 in 1624; CHRISTOPHER⁶; FRANCIS⁶; JOYCE⁶ (dau).

Arms:—Or. a chev. ermine bet. three lions ramp. sa. Crest—A tower or, issuant from the top five tilling spears ppr. Motto—"Virtus Vincent invidiam."

"The name Mann appears among the early clergymen and professors of England. John Mann, A. M., was warden of Merton College, Oxford. In 1565 he was made Dean of Gloucester, and in August, 1567, was sent by Queen Elizabeth on an embassy to Spain, where he was accused of speaking irreverently of the pope and was excluded from Court. He was recalled and died in 1568. Daniel Man was professor of astronomy in Gresham College, Oxford, in 1691." (Extract from sermon of Rev. Joseph Bean of Wrentham, preached in 1773.)

A William Mann is mentioned in the list of passengers who sailed for Virginia in 1635. "6 June 1635—Thomas and John, Richard Lombard Mr. William Mann, 25". Thomas Mann was a passenger at the same time.

1. WILLIAM MANN, who early settled in Cambridge, Mass., it is said, was born in Kent County, England, about the year 1607. He was supposed to be the youngest of eleven children, but an extract from a letter written by Alrick H. Mann, says: "I am

inclined to believe that William was the eldest son of Sir Charles Mann, of Hatton Bradock, in Kent, knighted in 1625 by Charles I." Mr. Mann's house was on the road to Fresh Pond. He married first, in 1643, Mary Jarred, who was born in England []. He married for a second wife Alice Tiel, June 11, 1657; and died in 1662, leaving a will and schedule of his property without his signature. [Mid-Probate].

An extract from the journal of his son, Rev. Samuel Man (now owned by Mr. William R. Mann of Sharon), says: "My father William Man was born in the other England In the county of Kent (In what town I cannot learn) about ye yeare of Lord 1607 being ye youngest of eleven children of what age he was And in what year he came Into the land & In what Year I cannot learn, only this much he was one of ye first comers into ye Colony of ye Massachusetts." His only child was:

2. SAMUEL,² b. at Cambridge, July 6, 1647.

2. Rev. SAMUEL MANN,² (*William*¹) He was born in Cambridge, Mass., July 6, 1647. The record says "his parents were esteemed truly religious," and that they early designed their son for the ministry. He was graduated at Harvard College in 1665. On May 13, 1667, he begun to teach in Dedham, and taught five years there. He preached to the small society in the part of Dedham now Wrentham, till March 30, 1676, when the inhabitants were drawn off by reason of an "Indian war," after which the Indians burnt all the dwellings but two. He taught again in Dedham in 1676, 1677 and 1678. Nov. 13, 1677, the town of Rehoboth "voted, that an invitation might be given to Mr. Man for to be helpful in the work of the ministry for this winter." Early in the spring of 1679 he was engaged to preach at Milton, but returned to Wrentham with "divers of the inhabitants," Aug. 21, 1680. There he continued his ministerial labors till a church of ten persons was gathered. On April 13, 1692, he was ordained, and preached his own ordination sermon. Oct. 26, 1699, "in dead of night," his dwelling house, with church records, was burnt. It is said that for 25 years

before his death he did not go out of his own town, being much afflicted with bodily weakness and infirmities. He was called not only "A very good but a very great and learned man." His ordinary sermons were fit for the press, yet, such was his humility, he thought nothing of his worth publishing. His work containing advice to his children, who were soon to enter the married state, is published in the *New England Historical and Genealogical Register*, Vol. 10, p. 19.

He married in Dedham, May 13, 1673, Esther, daughter of Robert and Margaret (Hunting) Ware. She was born in Dedham Sept. 28, 1655, and died Sept. 3, 1734. He died in Wrentham May 22, 1719. "He was beloved by his people." His last sermon, preached March 1, 1719, was from *Ecclesiastes* 1. 14.—"I have seen all the works that are done under the sun, and behold, all is vanity and vexation of spirit." His will is in the Suffolk Probate (No. 4194). Children:—

MARY,^s b. April 7, 1674; m. Samuel Dearing, May 4, 1708. First blacksmith of Wrentham. Grant in centre of town to induce him to settle there. She d. March 5, 1758, aged 84.

SAMUEL,^s b. Aug. 8, 1675; m. Ziphorah Billings, Oct. 13, 1704; d. [Oct. 16], 1732, in the 63d year of his age. She m. Thos. Throope, lived to the age of 84, Bristol, R. I.

NATHANIEL,^s b. Dedham "The 9th of 2d" 1677; m. Elizabeth Georges of Dorchester, Dec. 19, 1704; d. in Wrentham, May 11, 1756, aged 80. Made a will Oct. 19, 1754, and mentioned his wife and all his children, excepting Timothy. His son Richard, executor (Suffolk Probate). She d. March 28, 1770, aged 92.

WILLIAM,^s b. Milton May 1, 1679, cordwainer; m. Bethial Rocket, Dec. 1, 1701. He was selectman in 1706; Representative in 1733.

THEODORE^s, b. Feb. 8, 1680.

THOMAS^s, b. Oct. 24, 1682 ; m. Hannah Aldin or Aldis, Nov. 27, 1709 ; d. Sept. 10, 1756, in his 74th year. She was b. Feb. 19, 1686 ; d. Oct. 27, 1756, aged 70. He settled in that part of Wrentham, now Franklin, in 1719, cutting down the forest trees to build his house. The place until recently was called "Mann's Plain." "

HANNAH^s, b. Jan. 12, 1685 ; m. Samuel Davis, April 30, 1709 (7).

BERIAH^s, b. March 30, 1687 ; m. Daniel, son of Daniel and Abiel (Gay) Hawes, of Wrentham, Dec. 20, 1710. He was b. March 30, 1684 ; d. Jan. 15, 1763. She d. Feb. 28, 1734.

LIEUT. PELTIAH^s, b. April 2, 1689 ; m. Jemima, dau. of Daniel and Abigail Farrington, Feb. 18, 1719. She was b. May 11, 1695. He was selectman in 1731. She d. Jan. 24, 1757, in the 62d year of her age. He d. Feb. 16, 1765, in his 76th year. He m. 2dly Mary.

MARGARET^s, b. Dec. 21, 1691 ; m. Nathaniel, son of John and Mary Whiting, April 18, 1711. He was b. (probably) Feb. 2, 1691, in Wrentham.

ESTHER^s, b. June 26, 1696 ; m. Isaac, son of Cornelius and Anna Fisher, Dec. 30, 1719. He was b. probably on May 19, 1694, in Wrentham. "Esther Man, dau. of Samuell and Esther, June 26, 1696, "which was a twinn, y^e other was a son & still born." (Town Rec.)

(To be continued.)

THE PURITAN ROAD.

BY C. W. ERNST.

THE Commonwealth of Massachusetts and the government of the United States are doing laudable work for roads. It seems to me that the very excellent work of the Massachusetts Highway Commission, of which Professor Shaler is a member, and of Mr. Secretary Morton, who has organized an office of Road Inquiry at Washington, should have the additional aid of those interested in the beautifying of streets and roads, and of histo-

rians or antiquaries. It is of road history that I wish to say a word.

Perhaps the history of our national highways has not received adequate attention. It is a fruitful and inspiring subject. A road is even more interesting than a habitation. It has more permanence; it has a moral character; it is one of the very few things we have in common with the founders and fathers; future generations will travel the same roads we travel, and the great men of the past travelled.

The Old State House in Boston (which should be called Town House) is justly venerated. Far more interesting than the building is the street where it stands, where Winthrop lived, where the incomparable Fathers of Massachusetts thronged, forming an ever swelling procession forward, onward, upward. The Boston streets planned by Winthrop and his associates, all stand today; time has only added to their interest, and never detracted from their general plan and purpose. Equally remarkable are the great national highways of our earliest days.

The first national post route of the country, dating from 1st of May, 1693, when the national postal service began,—a century before we were thought a nation—began at Portsmouth, passed through Newbury, Ipswich, Salem, Marblehead, Lynn, Boston, Dedham, Rehoboth, Bristol Ferry, Newport, Matunuck, New London, New Haven, New York, Brooklyn, Staten Island, Amboy, Burlington, Philadelphia, New Castle, through Maryland, to James City, Va. The route was new. In some parts it had never been travelled by white men until the mail-rider came. Indubitably it was the first of our national highways. It still exists, and is thronged by an ever swelling traffic. In interest and importance it exceeds the transcontinental roads.

The great shore road has been well traced in Dedham and beyond. From Dedham to Boston it is known of all men. From Boston it led via Charlestown to Lynn. From Lynn, as the Lynn records prove beyond a doubt, it led "over the Swampscott beaches" to Marblehead and Salem. In Rhode Island it

passed from Boston Neck, within sight of Point Judith, in front of Edward E. Hale's summer home, to Westerly and historic New London. When Winthrop came, in 1630, he passed over this road, between Salem and Boston, over the Swampscott beaches. Indeed, the road from Salem to Charlestown had become a "country highway" in 1628, as the Lynn records show. It was the road to Boston; it was the road the Puritans trod when they went forth to select a site for their New England metropolis, in 1630.

Surely, this road from Salem to Boston should be called *Puritan Road*, and should have tablets, inscriptions, monuments. In New Jersey it should be called *Hamilton Road*, in honor of Andrew Hamilton, the founder of the postal service, who lived and died in Amboy, where his monument must stand. In Virginia the road might be called *King William Road*, to honor William III, who proposed the postal service. In Rhode Island and Connecticut the name should be *Queen Mary Road*, to commemorate the good Queen, who deserved well of New England.

In many places the road needs tracing. Assuredly the mail-riders of 1693 were not confined to a beaten track. In Maryland and Virginia they exercised latitude. Perhaps they did in the Jerseys. They did not in Connecticut, Rhode Island and Massachusetts, save between Charlestown and Lynn, though Penny Ferry (Malden Bridge) became the customary way. In Swampscott, owing to the happy entry in the Lynn records, Puritan Road is most easily defined, and continues the principal highway through the Town. Like Washington street in Boston, this Puritan Road in Swampscott still shows curves and boundary lines not explicable unless one knows the story of 1630 to 1693, or later.

Here, then, is a subject in which the students from New Hampshire to Virginia should make common cause, to show our first national road—the road that did so much to unite us, to make us a Union, to make us one, to break down the fences, both literally and metaphorically; for in Massachusetts this was

the first highway from which fences were removed. The most famous of these fences across the road (put up to prevent the straying of cattle, and occurring to the present age) was Roxbury Gate,—a mere passage through the fence that kept Boston and Roxbury cattle from getting mixed up or lost. Roxbury gate and fence were the boundary between the two towns and their pasture land.

Washington street is a good name, but the great street was a national road in the great seventeenth century, and before Washington was born. It is the first road that should be fully traced, and marked and honored,—the Puritan Road of the 17th century.

SARAH (RICHARDS) LAWRENCE.



AMONG the recent gifts to the Dedham Historical Society is a reproduction of a silhouette of Sarah (Richards) Lawrence, given by Dr. Samuel Abbott Green, which was made for the private edition of the Diary and Correspondence of Amos Lawrence, (printed for the family and edited by his son, Dr. William Richards Lawrence.) The original, cut about the year 1815, and four years after the marriage of Sarah Richards to Amos Lawrence, Boston, June 6, 1811, is now in the possession of Dr. Lawrence's widow, at Longwood.

Sarah was the eldest child of Giles and Sarah (Adams) Richards of Boston and Dedham, and was born on July 25, 1790; and died at Dedham, January 14, 1819. She entered Lawrence Academy in 1807, and while there she met Mr. Amos Lawrence, and their friendship ripened into a strong attachment. Her father, "a man of great ingenuity," carried on in Boston, the manufacture of cards for preparing wool, and of buttons, and later, plated ware; but about the year 1816, he retired from business and passed the closing years of his life in Dedham,

where he died on June 3, 1829. The house and land in Dedham where he had lived, was bought of Oliver Everett in November, 1816, and was sold in March, 1830, to John Baker, two of whose children now live there. Mr. Richards enlarged the house, and it stands today as he left it. It is situated on the westerly side of High Street in the Upper Village, and faces the south-westerly corner of the Common.

The children of Amos and Sarah (Richards) Lawrence were: William Richards, born on May 3, 1812; Amos Adams, born July 31, 1814, and Susannah, born May 23, 1817; and among their grandchildren are William, the present Bishop of Massachusetts, and Amory A., two of the children of Amos Adams. It is a strange coincidence that Amos Lawrence married for his second wife, on April 16, 1821, Nancy, daughter of Robert and Mary (McGregore) Means of Amherst, N. H. She was widow of the Hon. Caleb Ellis of Claremont, Associate Justice of the Supreme Judicial Court of New Hampshire, who died on May 9, 1816, only three months after his marriage; and who was born in Dedham on April 16, 1767, the son of Enoch and Julitta Ellis. The epitaph of Mr. Ellis, with notes by Dr. Samuel A. Green appears in the New England Historical and Genealogical Register (XLV, 306) for October, 1891.

EXTRACTS FROM THE AMES DIARY.

BY EDNA FRANCES CALDER.

(Continued from page 111.)

Diary of N. A. for the less important occurrences.

JANUARY, 1795.

2 Candles a pistareen a pound here.

5 All my time taken up recording Judgm^{ts} actions of Courts of Norfolk, tedious & finish'd April term last the 13th of this month late at night.

19 Col Eliph^t Pond died as asleep.

FEBRUARY.

2 Prisoners ordered committed to the Gaol in Dedham this day. Asa Fairbanks of Franklin bro't to Gaol but escapes.

19 Thanksgiving or Festival thro' the United States.

20 Finished recording Common Pleas Actions 19th after several Months engagement in it without any assistance or instruction or inspection of other Clerk's Records.

21 Old M^r How buried.

MARCH.

1 According to my best account it requires about 30 Loads Wood to keep comfortable thro' the Winter from 1st Octob. to 1st of April, with two fires constant, & 3 part of time, and now I give M^r Onion 20s that

is 3 dollars & a third per load at my door. And Sam Bill tells me now that he remembers when Wood sold here for 8 pence a Load & then only John Fellows was a buyer! remarkable change.

16 At this Parish Meeting the Minister by his presence flattering, browbeating and false computations gained £20 to his Salary against the mind & will of many of the small party that voted for it thro' fear of his sanctimonious face tho' they had before said they would vote against raising it, knowing him to be richer than any but one in the Parish.

28 News arriv'd confirm'd that the French Republic took Amsterdam & other Cities of Holland about 19 Jan^y last. Stadholder fled to England.

31 To the glorious success of the French Republic against the British combin'd Powers, not the Justice or moderation of England or the Merits of our Envoy are we indebted for our continuance in peace with the insolent English.

APRIL.

7 Comm^{ce} on middle post road.

17 Fisher Ames house raised.

23 Earl of Abingdon in England sentenced to three months imprisonment for jeering one Sermon a Lawyer & reflecting on the Profession of Lawyers.

28 Court sits in Meeting house.

MAY.

9 Negro broke away from Gaol retaken in Walpole.

11 Three Thieves sawed out of Gaol & run off.

15 Lent E. Doggett 1 Bunch Shingles to finish the C^t House.

19 By Nat. Davis sent Vote of Sessions for Mr Bulfinch to furnish a Plan of a Turret for Court house, who bro't word that Mr. Bulfinch will attend to it, & write me.

24 Verbal return from Mr Bulfinch that he will attend to Norfolk. At May Session of Gen^l Court 1790 on the Petition for drawing Charles river for salt water Fish. Leave was given the Petitioners to bring in a Bill.

JUNE.

5 Prisoner whipped.

6 Sketch of Treaty with Britain before the President & Senate & Senate's decision thereon published.

Jay the American Ambassador to Britain that agreed to the Commercial Treaty, burnt in Effigy with his Treaty at Philadelphia & other places, it is the highest insult on the feelings of Americans of any thing that has happened this long time! That Livermore of N H should so alter from his principles at adoption of this Constitution is lamentable!!

JULY.

4 19th year of Independence completed.

Independence celebrated at Philadelphia by burning Jay in Effigy with his Treaty with Britain! Corner Stone of new State House laid.

15 Went to Lem Kollock at Major Whiting's fell from horse died. Comm^t

23 Went Boston in Dedham Stage. bot Coat, French blue cloth 7 dol. yd. The spirit of enterprise or Speculation is again risen to agitate sundry persons to run a line of Stages between Boston & Hartford thro' Dedham. Abner Ellis will venture 90£ & Col. Whiting a quarter part of the whole expense which at least will be 680£ at smallest computation if 8 Horses will do it; but if 12 or 16 Horses are required it will be worth more. 1135-12-0 if 16 Horses 2 coaches.

27 Plenty rain.

31 Meadows flooded knee deep in some places. Much rain & first of August also.

THE SMITH FAMILY OF BARRINGTON, R. I.

BY HOWARD REDWOOD GUILD.

THIS family is principally the posterity of James Smith, who came from Weymouth to Barrington in 1701, with Samuel Humphrey. At various times the names "Swanzey," "Phœbe's Neck," and "Warren," have been applied to this place. Bristol County, incorporated Feb. 17, 1746-7, originally consisted of two towns, Bristol and Warren. On June 16, 1770, Warren was divided, and the town of Barrington incorporated.

1. JAMES SMITH, Senior, of Weymouth, b. []; m. Joan [], who survived him; d. at Boston, March 21, 1676. Will, June 19, 1673; proved June 22, 1676 (Suffolk Probate); gives to my wife Joan, my sons James, Nathaniel, and grandson James,—son of my son Joshua, deceased,—dau. Hannah Narramore, etc.; witnesses, Jonas and Nathaniel Humphreys. Children:—

2. JAMES, b. []; d. 1692.
3. NATHANIEL, b. June 8, 1639, at Weymouth.
4. JOSHUA, b. []; d. before 1679.
5. HANNAH, b. []; m. [] Narramore.

2. JAMES, (*James*), b. []; m. 1st [], who d. May 2, 1659, at Weymouth; m. 2dly, at same place, Nov. 12, 1659, Mary Brandon; d. at Weymouth, 1692. Adm. on estate of James Smith, Sen. of Weymouth, dec., husbandman, to widow Mary, Dec. 1, 1692 (Suffolk Probate). Children:

MARY, b. March 22, 1663; ELIZABETH, b. Sept. 14, 1667;
HANNAH, b. March 1, 1670; SARAH.

3. NATHANIEL (*James*), b. at Weymouth, June 8, 1639; m. Experience []. Nathaniel Smith, late of Weymouth, now of Taunton, sells Aug. 12, 1695, land he inherited from his father, James Smith, Sen., of Weymouth, deceased (Suffolk Deeds). Children born at Weymouth:

NATHANIEL, b. Sept. 2, 1675; JOHN, b. August 26, 1679;
HANNAH, b. March 29, 1687.

4. JOSHUA (*James*), b. []; m. Ruth [], of Weymouth; d. Nov. 17, 1669, at Weymouth. Inventory of est. of J. S., of Weymouth, Dec. 28, 1669, who d. as before given. Ruth Smith deposed June 24, 1670, as to correctness of inventory of her deceased husband Joshua (Suffolk). Child:

5. JAMES, b. December 14, 1668.

5. JAMES (*Joshua, James*), b. Dec. 14, 1668, at Weymouth; m. Elizabeth []; d. [], 1743-4, at Barrington; R. I. John Saffin and w., of Boston, sell for £240. to Samuel Humphrey and James Smith of Weymouth, a tract of land at Phœbe's Neck, Swanzey, Mass., April 2, 1701 (Bristol Deeds). James Smith of Swanzey, witnesses a deed for Samuel Humphrey of Swanzey, Nov. 11, 1703; and with other dwellers in the West End of Swanzey, petitions the General Court, 1711. James Smith, of Barrington, conveys land to his son Joshua Smith, 1733 (Bristol Deeds, 80. 363), and mentions his son James, etc.; in 1743 he was a member of the church in that place. His will, Jan. 5, 1739-40, proved Jan. 15, 1744 (Bristol Probate), mentions wife Elizabeth, sons Ebenezer, Joshua, James (app^d executor), dau's Lydia Paine, Abigail Paine, Elizabeth Tiffany, Ruth Bicknell, etc. Children:—

EBENEZER, b. Feb. 10, 1693, at Weymouth; constable at Barrington, 1722.

JOSHUA, b. []; m. June 29, 1735, at Swansea, Hannah, dau. of Benjamin (*John*) and Hannah (Wiswall) Viall; d. 1762. Freeman at Warren, 1746; adm. on his estate given to widow Hannah, 1762, James Smith one of the appraisers.

6. JAMES, b. 1697.

LYDIA, b. []; m. Samuel Paine, May 15, 1735.

ABIGAIL, b. []; m. [] Paine.

ELIZABETH, b. []; m. [] Tiffany.

RUTH, b. []; m. Joshua Bicknell (b. 1723); d. Feb. 18, 1756, aged 29.

6. JAMES (*James, Joshua, James*), b. [], 1697; m. 1st []; 2dly, of Warren, Oct. 11, 1759, Sarah

(widow of Jonathan Drown), dau. of Joshua and Mary Toogood Kent, of Rehoboth; d. April 30, 1774, at Barrington, aged 76. Sold land to his son James, Jr., Barrington, 1773. Nathaniel Smith, exec. of last will of J. S. of Barrington, dated Nov. 1, 1773, mentions widow Sarah, and conveys land at that place in 1774. No record of this will has yet been found. In 1786, Nathaniel S. and Rachel, widow of Simon Smith, dec., sell land which N. S. and S. S. inherited, by the will just mentioned, in equal shares. In the division of the estate of Joshua Kent, of Warren, 1762, late of Barrington, dec., one quarter of the land went to eldest dau., wife of James Smith. Children :—

7. JAMES.

8. NATHANIEL, b. [], 1747.

9. SIMON, b. []; d. [], before 1786.

10. SARAH, b. []; m. March 28, 1765, at Warren, Elkanah Humphrey.

ELIZABETH, b. []; d. [], 1788, unmarried. Adm. on her estate was given to her brother N. S., Barrington, 1788.

7. JAMES (*James, James, Joshua, James*), b. []; m. 1st, Avis May, by whom he had eight children; 2dly, Sarah [], who survived him; d. July 5, 1799, at Barrington, intestate. Freeman at Warren, 1761; received land from his father, J. S., of Barrington, 1773; with w. Avis sold land to Simon Smith, mariner, 1773. Adm. on the estate of Capt. James Smith of Barrington, dec., to the widow Sarah, Aug., 1799; appraisers are Nathaniel S., J. C. Mauran and Josiah Humphreys, Jr.; N. S. and J. C. M., her bondsmen. Children, b. at Barrington :—

HANNAH, b. May 24, 1767; JOHN, b. Oct. 2, 1768; JAMES, b. Dec. 1, 1769; JOSHUA, b. Feb. 8, 1771; CALVIN, b. Dec. 29, 1772; WILLIAM, b. Feb. 14, 1774; JERUSHA, b. Feb. 8, 1776; AMEV, b. Oct. 8, 1777; m. Dec. 2, 1802, Peter Taylor, of Barrington.

8. NATHANIEL (*James, James, Joshua, James*), b. [], 1747; m. Dec. 6, 1770, at Barrington, Lillis Humphreys (*Jos.*,

Jos., Sam., etc.), who was b. May 7, 1745, at Barrington; d. 1823, at B., aged 76. Executor of will of his father, 1774; with widow Rachel sold land in 1786, left by will of J. S., equally to Nathaniel S. and Simon S.; settled the estate of his sister Elizabeth S., singlewoman; appraised the estate of brother James, 1799. Will, 1823, to dau-in-law Hannah, widow of his son James, wife Lillis, etc. Children, b. at Barrington:—

- JOSIAH, b. May 21, 1772; d. April 28, 1774.
 11. NATHANIEL, b. Jan. 23, 1774.
 BICKNELL, b. July 15, 1776; d. Oct. 4, 1777.
 12. EBENEZER, b. May 21, 1778.
 13. SIMON, b. Sept. 26, 1781.
 JAMES, b. Oct. 15, 1783; m. Hannah []; d. 1823.
 14. SARAH, b. Sept. 14, 1785.
 15. ASA, b. Feb. 18, 1788.

9. SIMON (*James, James, Joshua, James*), b. []; m. May 3, 1779, at Barrington, Rachel, dau. of Ephraim Tiffany, who was b. at Warren, Sept. 22, 1748; d. 1773–1786, at B., “Mariner”; obtained land of his father James, of Barrington, 1773; widow Rachel sells with his brother Nathaniel, 1786, land left equally to them by the will of James Smith, dec., dated Nov. 1, 1773. Child:—

16. SAMUEL, b. Nov. 23, 1779, at Barrington.

10. SARAH (*James, James, Joshua, James*), b. []: m. March 28, 1765, at Warren, Elkanah HUMPHREY (*Josiah, Josiah, Samuel, etc.*), who was b. at Barrington, Feb. 18, 1738, and d. there Oct 5, 1818. Children:—

ELKANAH, b. [], d. 1814 or later; JOSIAH, b. 1778; d. Feb. 17, 1812; SMITH, b. []; d. 1814, or later; JERUSHA, b. []; m. Dec. 4, 1788. Calvin Martin; ANNA, b. 1768, m. Sept. 16, 1790, James Ingraham; SARAH, b. []; m. [] Greenwood; SIMON, b. []; d. Dec. 21, 1813, at Barrington. (See Salem Hist. & Gen. Mag.).

11. NATHANIEL (*Nathaniel, James, James, Joshua, James*), b. Jan. 23, 1774, at Barrington; m. Sept. 21, 1794, same place,

Waite, dau. of Joseph Carlo and Olive Mauran, who was b. Aug. 27, 1776. Children:—

JOSEPH MAURAN, b. Jan. 6, 1795; OLIVE BICKNELL, b. Sept. 11, 1800; NATHANIEL, b. Oct. 12, 1811.

12. EBENEZER (*Nathaniel, James*, as before), b. May 21, 1778, at Barrington; m. Sept. 4, 1800, same place, Martha Townsend. Children:—

LOUISA, b. Aug. 23, 1800; SOPHIA, b. Aug. 19, 1804; GEORGE KNIGHT, b. July 13, 1805; ASA, b. Jan. 8, 1807,

13. SIMON (*Nathaniel, James*, as before), b. Sept. 26, 1781, at Barrington, R. I.; m. Jan. 2, 1807, same place, Lydia Bosworth. Children:—

WILLIAM HENRY, b. March 25, 1816; LEWIS BOSWORTH, b. Sept. 14, 1817, m. Anna [],—child, *George Lewis*, b. Sept. 23, 1840; LYDIA, b. Feb. 7, 1822; ELIZABETH JOY, b. Jan. 25, 1825; HARRIET, b. Aug. 1, 1827.

14. SARAH, (*Nathaniel, James*, as before), b. Sept. 14, 1785, at Barrington; m. March 28, 1805, Carlo, son of J. C. and Olive (Bicknell) Mauran. [Will, 1749-50, proved 1752, of Joshua Bicknell of Warren,—dau. Hannah, w. of Jona. Padelford, Olive Bicknell, Molly Bicknell, Joshua Bicknell, and wife Abigail. Joshua B. m. 1st, Ruth Smith, dau. of James and Elizabeth, who d. Feb. 18, 1756, aged 29; 2dly, Jerusha, widow of Peleg Heath.]

15. ASA (*Nathaniel, James*, as before), b. Feb. 18, 1788, at Barrington; m. May 1, 1808, Phebe Arnold of Woodstock, Conn. Children:—

JAMES ARNOLD, b. May 31, 1810; HENRY, b. Nov. 1, 1812; SARAH ANN, b. Nov. 30, 1814; ELIZER CHANDLER, b. Nov. 1, 1817.

16. SAMUEL (*Simon, James, James, Joshua, James*), b. Nov. 23, 1779, at Barrington; m. Aug. 18, 1805, same place, Lucy Armington. Children:—

ELIZABETH, b. Nov. 23, 1805; LUCY, b. April 4, 1808; SUSANNA KENT, b. Jan. 18, 1811; CHARLOTTE TOWNSEND, b. Oct. 3, 1813; SAMUEL WATSON, b. Jan. 23, 1816; RACHEL TIFFANY, b. Nov. 6, 1819.

DEDHAM IN THE REBELLION.

BY JOSEPH HENRY LATHROP.

(Continued from page 108.)

- JACKSON, WILLIAM—54th Reg't Mass. Inf., Nov. 28, 1864; unassigned.
- JOHNSON, JAMES—28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 29, 1864; rejected March 2, 1864.
- JOHNSON, WILLARD L.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- JONES, ASA V.—Co. K, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861.
- JONES, WILLIAM W.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; discharged Jan. 17, 1862, for disability.
- JORDAN, DEDRICK—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- JORDAN, HUBBARD E.—Co. I, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Nov. 26, 1861; Corporal; transferred to Co. I, 4th Reg't Mass. Cav., Feb. 12, 1864; taken prisoner at High Bridge, Va., April 6, 1865; released April 9, 1865; mustered out Nov. 14, 1865.
- *JORDAN, JOSEPH M.—Co. H, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; killed at Gaines Mills, Va., June 27, 1862, while serving with 9th Reg't Mass. Inf.
- KATIEZWSKY, JULIUS—Co. B, 20th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 22, 1861; discharged Feb. 21, 1863, for disability.
- *KAINE, BENEDICT F.—Co. B, 28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Mar. 25, 1864; killed at the Wilderness, Va., May 5, 1864.
- KALLIHER, FRANK—Co. D, 1st Battalion Frontier Cavalry (1 year), Jan. 2, 1865; mustered out June 30, 1865.
- KEATING, WILLIAM—Co. G, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Dec. 5, 1861; Corporal, Sergeant: re-enlisted Jan. 4, 1864; mustered out Jan. 20, 1866, in Co. A.
- KEHOE, MARK—Co. G, 59th Reg't Mass. Inf., Mar. 4, 1864; transferred June 1, 1865, to Co. G, 57th Reg't Mass. Inf.; mustered out July 30, 1865, as absent, sick.
- *KEITH, JOHN—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Infantry, Aug. 24, 1861; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862; died May 29, 1864, from wounds received at Laurel Hill, Va., May 8, 1864.
- KERRIGAN, FRANK—Co. L, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Jan. 6, 1864; mustered out June 26, 1865, in Co. G.
- KEYES, JOHN H.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862; discharged Nov. 10, 1863, to accept promotion: Second Lieut. U. S. C. T.

- *KEYES, JONATHAN H.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; killed at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862.
- KIERNAN, JOHN—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863; 14th Battery Mass. Light Art., Feb. 27, 1864; mustered out June 15, 1865.
- KILPATRICK, DAVID—Co. G, 32d Reg't Mass. Inf., May 31, 1862; discharged Jan. 8, 1864, for disability.
- KILPATRICK, WILLIAM—2d Reg't Mass. Cav., Aug. 4, 1863; unassigned recruit.
- KIMPTON, LEWIS—Co. D, 20th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 20, 1864; mustered out July 16, 1865.
- KING, WILLIAM A.—Co. A, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 24, 1861; deserted Jan. 29, 1862, at Annapolis, Md.
- KINGSBURY, ALBERT M.—16th Battery Mass. Light Art., Oct. 3, 1864; mustered out June 27, 1865.
- *KINGSBURY, GEORGE O.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; killed at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862.
- KINGSBURY, GEORGE W.—Co. B, 4th Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 21, 1863; discharged May 22, 1865, for disability.
- KINGSTON, GEORGE—Co. C, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Oct. 11, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- KITCHIN, WALTER S.—Co. G, 2d Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., Sept. 13, 1864; Sergeant; mustered out Sept. 3, 1865.
- KRILL, CONRAD—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- KRILL, HENRY—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; mustered out June 9, 1865.
- KUHN, MORRIS—Co. F, 1st Reg't Mass. Cavalry, Sept. 19, 1861; deserted Nov. 24, 1861, at Readville, Mass.
- KUPFER, CHARLES—30th Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 2, 1864; unassigned recruit.
- LANE, JOHN W.—Veteran Reserve Corps, April 16, 1864.
- LANG, JOHN—Co. F, 19th Reg't U. S. Vet. Reserve Corps, Aug. 15, 1864.
- LANG, JOHN J.—29th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 19, 1864; unassigned recruit.
- LARKIN, THOMAS—Co. G, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Oct. 5, 1861; discharged Dec. 4, 1861, by civil authority.
- LATHROP, JOHN—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf.; First Lieut. Aug. 13, 1862; Captain Aug. 27, 1862; resigned Nov. 14, 1863, on account of disability.
- LATHROP, JOSEPH H.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Sergeant; mustered out July 30, 1863; Second Lieut. 4th Mass. Cav. Jan. 25, 1864; severely injured near Petersburg, Va., July, 1864; First Lieut.,

- Jan. 5, 1865; Adjutant Feb. 3, 1865; taken prisoner at High Bridge, Va., April 6, 1865; released April 9, 1865; mustered out Nov. 14, 1865.
- *LATHROP, JULIUS M.—Co. I, 24th Reg't Mass. Inf., Nov. 4, 1861; Corporal, Color Corporal, Sergeant; discharged Aug. 28, 1862, to accept promotion: First Lieut. Co. H, 38th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 20, 1862; Captain Co. I, Feb. 27, 1863; died at Alexandria, La., April 26, 1864, of wounds received at Cane River, La., April 23, 1864.
- LAWTON, CHESTER R.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; Corporal; re-enlisted Jan. 1, 1864; discharged Sept. 22, 1864, under Gen. Order War Dept.
- *LEAHY, DANIEL—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; died Dec. 21, 1862, of wounds received at Fredericksburg, Va., Dec. 13, 1862.
- LEATH, JAMES—Co. C, 5th Reg't Mass. Cav., Sept. 19, 1864; mustered out Oct. 31, 1865.
- LEONARD, JOHN—Co. K, 56th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 25, 1864; deserted March 28, 1864.
- LEWIS, CHARLES F.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; discharged Feb. 9, 1863, for disability.
- LILLIS, JOHN—Co. A, 2d Reg't Mass. Cav., April 9, 1864; deserted May 9, 1864.
- LINCOLN, HERBERT R.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- LITTLEFIELD, ALBERT—Co. E, 28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Oct. 23, 1861; deserted Dec. 10, 1861.
- LORD, HUMPHREY—Co. K, 13th Reg't U. S. Vet. Res. Corps, Sept. 16, 1864; mustered out Nov. 30, 1865.
- LUCY, MICHAEL—Co. I, 22d Reg't Mass. Inf., Sept. 6, 1861; discharged Feb. 17, 1863, for disability.
- LUND, FERDINAND—Co. K, 33d Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 8, 1862; mustered out June 11, 1865.
- LYDON, DANIEL—Co. B, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos), Oct. 11, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- LYMAN, JOHN H.—16th Battery, Mass. Light Art., Oct. 3, 1864; mustered out June 27, 1865.
- LYNCH, CHARLES—Co. F, 19th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 30, 1863; transferred Jan. 14, 1864, to 20th Reg't Mass. Inf., unassigned.
- LYNCH, JAMES—U. S. Vet. Res. Corps, July 23, 1864.
- MACK, PATRICK—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; mustered out Sept. 2, 1864.
- MADDEN, THOMAS—Co. H, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; transferred to 6th U. S. Inf., Dec. 25, 1862; mustered out Aug. 29, 1864.

- MALONEY, ROBERT—28th Reg't Mass. Inf., March 5, 1864; rejected March 10, 1864.
- MANNING, JAMES A.—Co. D, 1st Batt. Frontier Cav. (1 year), Jan. 2, 1865; mustered out June 30, 1865.
- MARCY, CHARLES D. W.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Corporal; mustered out July 30, 1863; U. S. Signal Corps, March 31, 1864; Sergeant; mustered out Aug. 16, 1865.
- MARSH, WILLIAM—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- MARSH, WILLIAM J.—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; discharged Feb. 23, 1862, for disability.
- MARSHALL, EDWARD H.—Co. K, 42d Reg't Mass. Inf. (100 days), July 18, 1864; mustered out Nov. 11, 1864.
- MARTIN, JOHN D.—Co. H, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; re-enlisted Jan. 1, 1864; transferred to Co. C, 32d Reg't Mass. Inf., Oct. 21, 1864; mustered out June 29, 1865.
- MARTIN, RICHARD F.—28th Reg't Mass. Inf., March 28, 1864; unassigned recruit.
- MATZ, FLORIAN—Co. I, 35th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 16, 1862; wounded at North Anna River, May 24, 1864; discharged Dec. 30, 1864, on account of wounds.
- MCALLISTER, JOHN, JR.—Fireman, U. S. Navy, April 18, 1861; served three years.
- MCALLISTER, ROBERT—Fireman, U. S. Navy, April 18, 1861; served three years.
- MCALLISTER, WILLIAM F.—Co. K, 31st Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 20, 1862; transferred to U. S. Navy; Fireman U. S. Navy, March 17, 1862; served three years.
- MCCAFFREY, JOSEPH—Co. I, 19th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 30, 1865; mustered out June 30, 1865.
- MCCARTY, JOHN—Co. H, 42d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 24, 1862; deserted Nov. 1, 1862.
- MCCORMICK, WILLIAM—1st Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., Sept. 6, 1864; rejected Oct. 31, 1864.
- MCCOY, JAMES L.—Co. C, 13th Reg't Mass. Inf., July 16th, 1861; 1st Sergeant; mustered out Aug. 1, 1864.
- MCDONALD, JOHN—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; Corporal; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- MCELHINNEY, JAMES—28th Reg't Mass. Inf., March 1, 1864; rejected March 4, 1864.
- MCENTEE, THOMAS—Co. I, 2d Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., Sept. 16, 1864; transferred to Co. D, 17th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 17, 1865; discharged June 30, 1865, by order of War Department.

- McGLONE, PATRICK—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- McGRATH, THOMAS—Co. H, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Nov. 19, 1864; mustered out June 26, 1865.
- McKELVEY, ROBERT—Co. A, 56th Reg't Mass. Inf., March 10, 1864; mustered out July 12, 1865.
- McLAUGHLIN, DANIEL—4th Battery, Mass. Light Art., Feb. 22, 1864; mustered out Oct. 14, 1865.
- McMAHON, JAMES—28th Reg't Mass. Inf., March 23, 1864; unassigned recruit.
- McMAHON, JAMES—Co. M (1 year), 3d Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 30, 1864; mustered out Sept. 28, 1865, in Co. F.
- McNAMARA, CHRISTOPHER—Co. A, 3d Reg't Mass. Cav., Jan. 4, 1864; deserted Aug. 23, 1865, at Fort Kearney, N.T.
- McQUESTION, CHARLES A.—24th Reg't U. S. Vet. Reserve Corps, April 15, 1864.
- MEAGHER, PATRICK—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- MEARS, PATRICK—Co. F, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; wounded at Second Bull Run, Va., Aug. 30, 1862; transferred to Vet. Res. Corps, Jan. 16, 1864.
- MERROW, JOHN E.—1st Batt. U. S. Vet. Reserve Corps, Aug. 13, 1864.
- *MILES, FRANK—1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Sept. 23, 1861; Regimental Com. Serg't; died at Hilton Head, S. C., Oct. 10, 1862.
- *MILLER, JAMES—Co. K, 13th Reg't Mass. Inf. July 28, 1863; died at Rappahannock Station, Va., Sept. 19, 1863.
- MINCH, JAMES—Co. H, 5th Reg't Mass. Cav., March 12, 1864; discharged Dec. 15, 1864, for disability.
- *MINOT, LEONARD—Co. F, 18th Reg. Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; died in hospital at Phila., Pa., April 23, 1862.
- MITCHELL, TERENCE—Co. G, 28th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 5, 1862; Sergeant; mustered out Dec. 19, 1864.
- MOORE, JAMES M.—Co. C, 61st Reg't Mass. Inf. (1 year), Sept. 17, 1864; mustered out June 4, 1865.
- MORAN, EDWARD—Co. L, 1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Sept. 17, 1861; transferred to Co. L, 4th Reg't Mass. Cav., Feb. 12, 1864; deserted June 6, 1864.
- MORIARTY, MICHAEL—20th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 20, 1864; rejected Feb. 23, 1864.
- MORSE, A. MASON—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- MORSE, CHARLES H.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- MORSE, JOHN C.—Co. G, 2d Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., Sept. 17, 1864; transferred to Co. F, 17th Reg't Mass. Inf.,

- Jan. 17, 1865; discharged June 30, 1865, by order of War Dept.
- MORSE, JOSEPH H.—Co. G, 2d Reg't Mass. Heavy Art., Sept. 17, 1864; transferred to Co. F, 17th Reg't Mass. Inf., Jan. 17, 1865; discharged June 30, 1865, by order of War Dept.
- MORSE, JOSIAH E.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.), Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- MORSE, MARK—Co. I, 11th Reg't Mass. Inf., June 13, 1861; musician, mustered out June 24, 1864.
- MORSE, SANFORD O.—Co. D, 43d Reg't Mass. Inf. (9 mos.) Sept. 12, 1862; mustered out July 30, 1863.
- MULLIGAN, JAMES—Co. E, 18th Reg't Mass. Inf., Aug. 24, 1861; transferred to Vet. Res. Corps, Oct. 28, 1863.
- MURPHY, DENNIS—3d Reg't Mass. Cav., Feb. 26, 1864; unassigned recruit.
- MURPHY, JAMES H.—20th Reg't Mass. Inf., Feb. 29, 1864; rejected March 2, 1864.
- MURPHY, PATRICK—Seaman, U. S. Navy, Aug. 19, 1864; served one year.
- MUSSEY, GEORGE B.—1st Reg't Mass. Cav., Dec. 2, 1861; Regimental Q. M. Sergeant; discharged Nov. 16, 1862.
- MYLOD, WARREN M.—Co. K, 23d Reg't Mass. Inf., Oct. 25, 1861; re-enlisted Dec. 2, 1863; mustered out June 25, 1865.

(To be continued.)

ENDICOTT.

BY JOHN E. ALDEN.

THE Endicott genealogy in the April number (pp. 45-50) of the REGISTER, is here reproduced in fuller detail.

1. GILBERT ENDICOTT'S gravestone in the Canton Cemetery says he "died Oct. 18, 1716, age 58." A careful search of English records has been conducted by Mr. George Munroe Endicott of Canton, Mass., and he has discovered in Marlton, Devonshire, England, the following: "Gilbert Endicott son of John, born Oct. 22, 1648." This is well supposed to be the record of the emigrant Gilbert Endicott, and if so, would show his age to have been 68 years instead of 58. He married Hannah Gooch of York, Maine, the record there being, "Gilbert Endicott and Hannah Gowge were married April 28, 1686."

2. JAMES ENDICOTT of Stoughton, son of Gilbert and Hannah (Gooch) Endicott was born in Reading, Mass., March 10, 1696; married, Nov. 26, 1723, Esther, daughter of Ezra and Experience (Houghton) Clap of Milton. Esther was born Feb. 10, 1699, and died July 11, 1850. He married, 2dly, Jan. 9, 1752, Hannah (Tilden) Lyon, widow, who survived him. James died in Stoughton, in the part now Canton, and the record is a little confused; the Canton Church record of his death is Oct. 23, 1766; his gravestone says Oct. 21, 1768; whereas by Suffolk Probate Record, Vol. 66, folio 211, his son James was appointed administrator of his estate Nov. 13, 1767. The correct date of decease is doubtless Oct. 21, 1767, the 23d day by Church record probably date of burial.

3. JAMES ENDICOTT, son of James and Esther (Clap) Endicott, was born in Stoughton August 17, 1738, and died in Canton, April 4, 1799. He married, 1761, Abigail, daughter of John and Abigail (Vose) Puffer. She was born in Stoughton April 26, 1739, and died May 26, 1833; and was great granddaughter of Rachel Puffer (wife of Matthias), one of the first victims in the Massachusetts Colony of Philip's War. Rachel Puffer and her eldest son James, a boy of twelve years of age, were massacred by the Nipmuck Indians in the attack on Mendon, July 14, 1675, which was the beginning of the war in Massachusetts. A year later, in 1676, the Chief, Mattoonas, "who committed the murders at Mendon," was executed on Boston Common. (Markham's King Philip's War). Children of James and Abigail (Puffer) Endicott were:—

HANNAH, born Oct. 26, 1761; died June 3, 1860, age 98; married John Eaton, July 17, 1791.

JOHN, born Feb. 4, 1764; died Jan. 31, 1857, age 93; married Mary Humphrey, June 14, 1787.

JAMES, baptized June, 1766; died Feb. 22, 1834, age 68; married Betsey Crane.

ELIJAH, baptized July, 1768; died Nov. 4, 1844, age 76; married Mary Spur, and 2dly, Cynthia Childs.

ABIGAIL, baptized June 30, 1771; died Oct. 9, 1857, age 86; married Laban Lewis.

Continuation of Fisher Family in January Number.
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